Structure of Budget Framework Paper

Foreword

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Foreword

Bukwo District Local Government Council appreciates the importance of preparing Budget Framework Paper not only as a requirement in the guidelines Governing Local Governments planning process but as a necessary document in guiding the development partners and all other Pertinent stakeholders in improvement of service to people of Bukwo district.

This BFP takes into consideration the priorities of the people of Bukwo district that have been obtained through participatory planning which leads to accomplishment of the District Goal and therefore Vision. It has been taking into account the budget ceiling by Local government finance Commission, expected Donor funding a projected Local revenue as well as cross-cutting issues of gender, environment, HIV/AIDS, employment, posocial protection and income distribution.

I therefore take this opportunity to thank all the pertinent stakeholders who contributed in the preparation of Budget Framework Paper.

For God and my Country

Chebet Michael District Chairperson; Bukwo District Local Government

Executive Summary

Revenue Performance and Plans

	2010	20	
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End September	Proposed
1. Locally Raised Revenues	294,045	46,419	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,049,157	762,289	(
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,945,827	2,570,661	(
2c. Other Government Transfers		30,493	
4. Donor Funding	106,445	37,579	
Total Revenues	13,395,474	3,447,442	12

Revenue Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The percentage of the budget received was highest Conditional Government Transfers with 26% of the approbudget. Followed by discretional Government Transfers and Locally Raised Revenues with 25% and 16% or approved budget respectively. The lowest was in locally raised revenues due to weak enforcement measures tax payers.

Planned Revenues for 2017/18

The proposed budget reduced by 3.79% from the approved budget of FY 2016/17. Discretionary Government Transfers do not have significant increase, Locally raised decreased by 27% due reduced number of assets to disposed, Conditional Government Transfers decreased by 3.24% due to retention of some funds inline minicater presidential pledges and use retained primary health care and transitional development grant in Ministry to purchase drugs in National Medical Stores.

Expenditure Performance and Plans

7h Water

	2016/1	2016/17	
	Approved Budget	Actual	Proposed Budget
UShs 000's		Expenditure by	
USAS 000 S		end Sept	
1a Administration	1,373,533	245,269	1,087,893
2 Finance	296,935	70,729	313,478
3 Statutory Bodies	589,507	108,580	554,551
4 Production and Marketing	643,537	67,937	654,287
5 Health	2,167,775	504,758	2,159,027
6 Education	6,643,177	1,672,880	6,556,236
7a Roads and Engineering	501,081	64,080	505,485

435 438

21 502

Executive Summary

Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The total release to the departments was 3.44 billion. Out of the cumulative release, only 2.85 billion shilli spent contributing 21% of the budget spent. Internal Audit, Finance, Health, education and Natural resources performed very well in spending their releases because most of their grants are wages while the others perform poorly because the wages contribute a small percentage than the non- wage which was affected by late release to the general fund account.

Planned Expenditures for 2017/18

The expected expenditure reduced by 3.79% from that of FY 2017/18 because Discretionary Government Transfers decreased by 27% due reduced number of assets to be disposed, Conditional Government Transfers decreased by 3.24% due to retention of some funds inline ministries to capresidential pledges and use retained primary health care and transitional development grant in Ministry of purchase drugs in National Medical Stores.

Medium Term Expenditure Plans

Increase access to social services from 60.7% to 90.3%, Improve on the economic infrastructure from 20.6% Increase household incomes from 30.9% to 60.1%, Reduce environmental degradation from 74.1% to 32.4% the natural resource base sustainability, Improve on the level of functional literacy from 20.4% to 40.1 %, R prevalence rate from 2.8% to 1%.

Challenges in Implementation

The Major constrains faced in implementing district future plans are; Poor roads including un tamacked kape Suam road, No hydroelectricity power, under staffing of critical staff like Doctors, Low budget allocated to district and little locally raised revenues collected due to limited tax base, No Bank in the district leading to banking services in kapchorwa district and Disasters which distroy crops

A. Revenue Performance and Plans

	2010	6/17	2
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End September	Propose
1. Locally Raised Revenues	294,045	46,419	
Local Service Tax	57,705	20,385	
Animal & Crop Husbandry related levies	4,128	0	
Application Fees	10,680	80	
Business licences	26,585	0	
Ground rent		40	
Local Government Hotel Tax	2,025	0	
Market/Gate Charges	9,000	0	
Miscellaneous	27,729	1,345	
Other Fees and Charges	63,823	754	
Park Fees	1,500	0	
Registration of Businesses	400	425	
Sale of (Produced) Government Properties/assets	80,000	23,100	
Land Fees		220	
Registration (e.g. Births, Deaths, Marriages, etc.) Fees	10,470	70	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,049,157	762,289	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	23,090	5,773	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	50,180	12,545	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	1,460,125	365,031	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	510,170	127,542	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	850,864	212,716	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	154,728	38,682	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,945,827	2,570,661	
Development Grant	451,738	112,935	İ
Transitional Development Grant	140,171	30,037	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	7,276,539	1,819,135	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	1,837,076	488,050	
Pension for Local Governments	104,799	26,200	
Gratuity for Local Governments	54,933	13,733	
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	80,570	80,570	
2c. Other Government Transfers		30,493	
YLP_operational		4,073	
NuSAFIII		26,420	

A. Revenue Performance and Plans

The local revenues collected was 46.4 million shillings contributing to 16% of the planned revenue to be collected million shillings), because there was sensitization of the community on local revenue collection and also contractic collection of local revenues was going on. The sources of revenues like Local Service Tax which performed at 35% approved budget for local service tax to be collected. Sale of government assets performed at 29% because payment disposed assets is sti

(ii) Central Government Transfers

The actual funds received in quarter one was 3.3 billion shillings which contributes 25.6% of the approved budge government transfers (13.03 billion shillings. This was because, though most revenues received performed as plant of the budget), several like, Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage) and General Public Service Pension Arrears (B was released more than the target.

(iii) Donor Funding

The Approved donor budget is 106.45 Million shillings and of these we have received 37.6 million shillings contractions of the approved budget. These are from strengthening decentralization for sustainability (SDS) programme and SDS released more than the district target to cater for HIV outreaches.

Planned Revenues for 2017/18

(i) Locally Raised Revenues

The proposed budget for locally raised revenues is 213.16 million shillings representing 27.5% decrease from the a budget of 2016/17. This was because the Local Revenue is anticipated to decrease relative to 2016/17 approved b Other Fees and Charges, Business licenses due to exaggeration by the LLG the financial year. Sale of (Produced) C Properties/assets is expected to reduce by 100% because there are no assets for sale next financial year.

(ii) Central Government Transfers

The proposed budget for FY 207/18 is expected to decrease by 2.46 from the approved budget of 2016/17. This wa of though Discretionary Government Transfers have no significant increase, Conditional Government Transfers red 3,24 % due to retention of funds in the center to cater for presidential pledges and also use part of retained primary to procure drugs in national Medical stores.

(iii) Donor Funding

At the time of prepairing the Budget framework paper, no implementing partner have shown interest to support the government. So currently we the donor revenues have reduced by 100%

Summary of Performance and Plans by Department

Workplan 1a: Administration

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	1,126,843	341,408	957,607
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	46,420	15,272	62,232
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	143,995	21,252	143,995
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	80,570	80,570	0
Gratuity for Local Governments	54,933	13,733	0
Locally Raised Revenues		0	43,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	592,124	149,059	603,581
Pension for Local Governments	104,799	26,200	104,799
Unspent balances - Locally Raised Revenues	104,000	35,322	
Development Revenues	246,690	212,099	130,286
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	120,445	83,143	110,182
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		0	20,104
Transitional Development Grant	100,000	23,451	
Unspent balances – Conditional Grants		26,420	
Unspent balances - donor	26,245	26,245	
Unspent balances – Other Government Transfers		26,420	
Unspent balances – UnConditional Grants		26,420	
Total Revenues	1,373,533	553,507	1,087,893
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	1,126,843	218,884	957,607
Wage	655,882	152,555	655,881
Non Wage	470,961	66,329	301,725
Development Expenditure	246,690	26,385	130,286
Domestic Development	220,445	140	130,286
Donor Development	26,245	26,245	0
Total Expenditure	1,373,533	245,269	1,087,893

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual budget is 1.37 billion shillings and the cumulative outturn was 500.6 million shilling contributing about 36% of the approved budget. In quarter one the sector planned to receive 291.96 million and the quarterly outturn was 500.67 million shillings comprising of 171% of the plan for quarter. The fund

Workplan 1a: Administration

The sector will conduct four monitoring visits, generate four monitoring reports, undertake four capacity bui sessions, Complete construction of district council hall, Bukwo Town council hall, pay retension for five stalatrine and

implement LG capacity building policy and plan.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Monitoring and co-ordination of Council activities in order to realize efficient and effective use of resources. A logistical support to all departments

Develop capacity of 70 % of the staff Awareness of Government policies and regulations and to ensure complex conducted to all stake holders by Mid 2018

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Low local revenue base

The local government in Bukwo has limited area of revenue collection especially service tax and hotel tax leading to high dependency on central government transfers.

2. Hard to reach and work communities

During rainy season, all roads are impassable hindering effective monitoring and supervision of Government programmes and leading to break down of machinary and therefore high cost of repairing.

3.

Workplan 2: Finance

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:	Budget	end Sept	Budget
Recurrent Revenues	280,435	70,938	313,478
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	25,000	8,523	55,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	94,697	23,674	94,697
Locally Raised Revenues		0	30.012

Workplan 2: Finance

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Total Revenues	296,935	70,938	313,478	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure	280,435	70,729	313,478	
Wage	179,743	44,936	179,743	
Non Wage	100,692	25,793	133,735	
Development Expenditure	16,500	0	0	
Domestic Development	16,500	0	0	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Fotal Expenditure	296,935	70,729	313,478	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual budget is 296.9 million and the cumulative outturn was 70.9 million which is equal to one outturn representing 24% of the approved budget and 103% of quarter one budget. This was because more revenues was reallocated to cater for preparation and submission of final accounts and Multi-Sectoral Transfet LLGs realized was less than planned for quarter because sensitization of tax payers. The cumulative expendence of the property of the prope

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved sector budget is 313.478 million shillings which represent 5% increase from the approved bud FY 2016/2017. This is due to introduction of IFMS system at the district, Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LL increased by 2% due to Change of priorities by the lower local governments

Local raised revenues allocations increased to cater for the Sector Management, Monitoring and collection of raised revenue, purchase of one book shelve for accounts section.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The Annual Performance Report was submitted on 29/07/2016, collected LG service tax collection 20,385, Other Local Revenue Collections 24,704,344=, presented draft Budget and Annual work plan to the Counci 07/03/2016, submitted annual LG final accounts to Auditor General 31/08/2016...

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The sector will submit Annual Performance Report on 15/07/2018; approve annual workplan by council on February, 2018; present draft Budget and annual workplan to the council on 7th March, 2018; submit annual accounts to Auditor General on 31st August 2017, collect Hotel tax amounting 2 million, LG service tax are

Workplan 2: Finance

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Low revenue base

There is a challenge in collecting local revenue from some local revenue sources because their are no enablin to collect.

2. Distance Banking.

The bank is 80km away from the district. This increases the cost of carrying out activities which intend affective implementation of government programmes

3. Lack of transport means

The department lacks motor cycles to monitor government programmes and mobilise local revenue.

Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	589,507	126,918	554,551	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	283,513	65,325	263,259	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	208,612	52,153	208,612	
Locally Raised Revenues		0	35,385	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	48,253	9,440	47,295	
Unspent balances – Locally Raised Revenues	45,385	0		
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	3,744	0		
Total Revenues	589,507	126,918	554,551	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	589,507	108,580	554,551	
Wage	212,356	53,089	212,356	
Non Wage	377,151	55,491	342,195	
Development Expenditure	0	0	0	
Domestic Development	0	0	0	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	589,507	108,580	554,551	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

Budget for locally raised decreased due to Low revenue base,

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The department cleared 5 and applications (registration, renewal, lease extensions) because the applications of conducted 1 land board meetings, no reviewed Auditor Generals queries, discussed one report by council a PAC reports discussed.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Conduct 6 council sittings and 6 standing committee meetings, 4 LG PAC reports discussed by Council, 4 meetings, 6 Contract committee meetings and 4 evaluation committee meetings, review 4 Auditor general's 4 Land board meetings and 100 land applications cleared.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

By FY 2017/18 the sector expects to achieved the following; 6 Council meetings are conducted as planned, Policies formulated for effective implementation, Make 15 bye laws, Approve workplans and Budgets of var Departments, Effective implementation of all on-going Projects to ensure value money, 12 Standing Committees of Council sit and make 50 recommendations to Council for

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities.

- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Poor local revenue mobilization and enforcement

The District Councilors are not doing their mandatory roles of mobilization and enforcement of tax payers.

2. No Transport means

The departments lacks motor vihecles for monitoring and evaluation of Government programmes by the di councilors.

3. Un induction of newly elected district councillors,

The newly elected district councilors have not been inducted on their roles and responsibilities as a district of

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

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Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Development Revenues	341,780	138,696	351,234	
Development Grant	13,402	3,350	15,088	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	18,757	0	5,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	309,622	135,346	331,146	
Total Revenues	643,537	214,015	654,287	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure	301,757	67,937	303,053	
Wage	271,993	65,371	271,993	
Non Wage	29,764	2,567	31,060	
Development Expenditure	341,780	0	351,234	
Domestic Development	341,780	0	351,234	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	643,537	67,937	654,287	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved budget is 643.5 million and the cumulative outturn is 214.0 million which is equal to quarter comprising of 33% of the approved budget and 284% of the plan for quarter. This was because the department to receive development revenues (Development Grant, Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs, and District in this but changed to quarter one by the sub counties to implement livelihood of programmes. The cumulative expenditure

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved sector budget is 654.3 million shillings which represent 9.8% increase from the approved bud 2016/17. local raised revenues allocations increased to cater for the reduction of sector conditional Grant (No.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

1 Work plan prepared, 1progress report prepared and submitted to MAAIF and 900 livestock by type under the slaughter slabs

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Prepare 4 workplans, 4 progress reports and submitte to MAAIF, hold 4 staff meetings, pay staff salaries for months, Prepare specifications for Agricultural technologies. Assist farmers to diagnonise diseases for pets, diseases attacking their crops and train them on how to manage. 2000 Pets to be vaccinated against Rabies, Livestock, undertaken in the slaughter slabs. Four streams treated with Copper Sulphate to control Leaches

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Thin Staffing

inadequate wage bill

- 2. Inadequate Transport means
- 4 sub counties lack Motorcycles
- 3. Climate change

Low farm out puts

Workplan 5: Health

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	2,023,266	504,790	2,025,532	
Locally Raised Revenues		0	1,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	3,106	0	6,030	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	205,085	51,271	204,427	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	1,814,075	453,519	1,814,075	
Unspent balances - Locally Raised Revenues	1,000	0		
Development Revenues	144,508	11,334	133,495	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	113,685	0	130,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	17,000	0	3,495	
Transitional Development Grant	13,823	0	0	
Unspent balances - donor		11,334		
Total Revenues	2,167,775	516,124	2,159,027	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	2,023,266	493,423	2,025,532	
Wage	1,814,075	445,360	1,814,075	
Non Wage	209,191	48,063	211,457	
Development Expenditure	144,508	11,334	133,495	
Domestic Development	144,508	0	133,495	
Donor Development	0	11,334	0	
Total Expenditure	2.167.775	504.758	2.159.027	

Workplan 5: Health

recuurent & Domestic development grant and Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs. Transitional Development Donor funding and development reduced to 0% because there is no allocation to Transitional Development of most of the projects supporting the district are closing out this financial year and change og government politinvolved merging and coming up with new sources of funds

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

There were 183 Deliveries conducted in the District/General Hospitals, 10781 Patients visited the Outpatient department in the District/General Hospital, 872 Patients visited the Inpatient department in the District/General Hospital, 47 Deliveries conducted in the NGO Hospital Facility, 1861 Patients visited the Outpatient department in the NGO Hospital Facility, 562 patients visited the Inpatient department in the NGO Hospital Facility, 232 Patients visited the Outpatient department in Govt.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

About 8,000 outpatients, and 2,000 inpatients will visit NGO Basic health facility, 112,828 outpatients, 1,2 inpatients will visit health facilities, 250 deliveries, 340 children immunized with pentavalent vaccine in NG facility, 800 deliveries in Govt health facilities, train 100 health workers in health centers, hold 124 health retraining sessions. Have 75% of the approved positions filled and finally 4000 children immunized with Pent Vaccine

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

By Mid FY 2018/19 we intend to achieve the following; Scaling up the proportion of deliveries conducted in Govt. health facilities to 800, scaling up of in-patient service uptake in Govt. health facilities to 1,200. Imm of 4,000 children with Pentavalent vaccine, completion of one maternity, scaling up of out-patient service up District Hospital facility to over 32,650, increasing of health related training sessions to 320.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The implementing Partners will facilitate Virol Load & CD4 Sample refferals, HCT outreaches, Sputum Sarrefferal, CB-DOTS & Child days Plus

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Low staffing level

There is severe shortage of critical cardres like the Medical officers, Midwives, Lab. Personnel. This has trenaffected delivery of services as planned. he current staffing level is at 60% against national 75%

2. Underfunding

Workplan 6: Education

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	6,438,727	1,673,218	6,358,006	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	46,322	20,813	46,322	
Locally Raised Revenues		0	10,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	1,500	0	1,461	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	1,143,134	342,212	1,062,452	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	5,237,771	1,309,443	5,237,771	
Unspent balances – Locally Raised Revenues	10,000	750		
Development Revenues	204,450	32,439	198,230	
Development Grant	129,755	32,439	125,722	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	22,360	0	22,360	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	52,335	0	50,148	
Total Revenues	6,643,177	1,705,656	6,556,236	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	6,438,727	1,672,880	6,358,006	
Wage	5,284,093	1,330,256	5,237,771	
Non Wage	1,154,634	342,625	1,120,235	
Development Expenditure	204,450	0	198,230	
Domestic Development	204,450	0	198,230	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	6,643,177	1,672,880	6,556,236	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

With the approved sector budget is 6.6 billion, the sector received 1.7 million shillings comprising of 26% approved budget and 100% of the plan for quarter. There was a high out turn for Development Revenues (34 plan for quarter) because at the district planned to receive and spend this funds in third quarter but the minist released them in first quarter. District Unconditional Grant (Wage) increased by 80% due to poor budgeting salaries. The overall expenditure was 1.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget of 6.56 billion shillings which represents 1.3% decrease from the approved budget for year 2016/17 budget. This is because of budget cuts on Domestic Development, Multi-Sectoral Transfers to Non-Wage Recurrent, Removal of hard to reach allowances for teachers and transfer of District development equalization Grant to sub counties respectively

Workplan 6: Education

inspect 104 primary schools, 15 secondary schools and 1 tertiary institution at least once in a quarter and pr provide one inspection report to council

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Reducing pupil Teacher Ratio from 1:73 to 1:50, Reducing Pupil Classroom Ratio from 1:73 to 1:50, Reducing pupil drop-out rate from 25% to 15 %, Reducing the pupil Stance ratio from 1:140 to 1:100, Reducing pupil ratio from 1:6 to 1:4, Reducing pupil Desk Ratio from 1:8 to 1:5

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at The sector has no off budget activities.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Inadequate support from parents

Some parents do not want to send their children to school and they retain them at home to do domestic wor are

also not willig to provide sholastic materials and mid day meals to the children.

2. Inadequate transport equipment and logistics

The sector lacks adequate transport equipment and logistics to do monitoring and supervision of schools. To coupled with the difficult terrain and poor roads which leads to regular break down of equipment hence hiking of injection.

3. Inadequate accomodation for teachers

Teachers houses are indaquate and teachers have to traverse long distances to schools.

Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	490,741	94,403	494,485
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	64,592	16,638	64,592
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	29,016	6,129	32,760
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	397,133	71,636	397,133
Development Revenues	10,340	0	11,000

Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual sector budget is 501.081 Million and the cumulative funds received at end of quarter we Million which is equal to annual outturn comprising of 19% of the approved budget and 92% of quarter one due low locally raised revenues collected by sub counties since sensation was going on. The cumulative expresses was 60.080 Million which is equal to 13% and 63% of the approved annual and quarter budget respectively 6% of the funds unspent due t break down of t

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

out of the proposed budget of 505.49 million shillings, 32 million shillings are from district descretional development grant for road opening by the sub counties and Town counil, 397.1 million shillings are from Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)/Uganda road fund for road rehabilitation, maintenance and repair of grader.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The sector conducted routine maintenance of 4 Kms of Urban unpaved roads.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The plans to remove 28 bottle necks from CARs, maintain 17 Kilometers of Urban unpaved roads routinely maintained, periodically maintain 2 kilometers Urban unpaved roads, routinely maintain 82 Kilometers of d roads and finally maintain 1kilometer of district roads.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Routine road maintance of 180km, Periodic maintenace of 340km, Rehabilitation of roads 120km of the disnet work. This will make all this roads fair to goof and 90% of the communty is networked by Mid 2018

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. High rate of Road Detoriation

The loose soils colapses and silt the roads easly

2. Lack of good quality gravel

The gravel is full of dead mater hence poor bonding of the road and the material

3. Lack of complete road equipment

Workplan 7b: Water

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	11,964	3,478	11,964
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	11,719	2,505	11,019
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	37,202	9,300	34,738
Development Revenues	374,553	82,646	425,693
Development Grant	308,582	77,146	327,712
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	43,971	0	77,343
Transitional Development Grant	22,000	5,500	20,638
Total Revenues	435,438	97,929	483,414
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
	60.005	15.256	57.701
Recurrent Expenditure	60,885	15,256	57,721
Wage	21,983	5,983	21,983
Non Wage	38,902	9,273	35,738
Development Expenditure	374,553	6,246	425,693
Domestic Development	374,553	6,246	425,693
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	435,438	21,502	483,414

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual sector budget is 435.438 Million and the cumulative funds received at end of quarter we Million which is equal to annual outturn comprising of 22% of the approved budget and 107% of quarter on because low locally raised revenues collected by sub counties due to weak enforcement measures. The cumulative was 21.502 Million which is equal to 5% and 24% of the approved annual and quarter budget reand 21.96% of the funds received in the quart

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The budget is expected to increase by 48.0% from approved budget of FY 2016/17 due to increase in development and also increased allocation of District Descretional Development Equalisation Grant by sub counties for graft flow scheme extension from various sources. The grants will be used also to pay staff salaries, super works, conducting water quality testing, monitoring of projects and implementation of sanitation activities i district.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The sector conducted 1 supervision visits for construction of Tasakya GFS

Dlang for 2017/19 by Vota Function

Workplan 7b: Water

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Poor operation and maintenance

Neglegency by water user committes in performing their roles, in operation and maintenance of water and satisfacilities

2. Inadquate exemplary leadership

Community leaders don't have sanitary facilities e.g pit latrines.

3. Limited environment health staff

Development Expenditure

Donor Development

Inadquate sensitisation and follow ups in the communities.

Workplan 8: Natural Resources

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	66,514	16,515	69,814	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	63,304	15,837	63,304	
Locally Raised Revenues		0	2,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	500	0	1,700	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,710	677	2,810	
Development Revenues	50,096	0	60,142	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	43,195	0	43,195	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	6,901	0	16,947	
Total Revenues	116,610	16,515	129,956	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	66,514	15,900	69,814	
Wage	63,304	15,837	63,304	
Non Wage	3,210	63	6,510	

50,096

50,096

0

60.142

60,142

Workplan 8: Natural Resources

The proposed budget is expected to increase by 13.3 million from the approve budget of FY 2016/17. This to increase in the budget by sub counties from district descretiona development grant. The grants will be use staff salaries, monitoring environmental compliance and procurement of tree seedlings for distribution to comp

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

No outputs achieved

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The sector intends to formulate 1 Water Shed Management Committees and undertake one monitoring and compliance survey. Due to budget policy change and little funding to the department at higher local government of the activities are implemented by the sub counties and Town council.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Conservation of the environment for sustainable development, Sufficient tree cover of about 200 Square kilor Reduction in soil erosion; wetland salutation and encroachment by 20%, Minimize pollution on the environment 10%.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of transport facilities

The department is made of sectors that are field based yet there is only one motorcycle and inadequate funding

2. Low staffing levels

Sector of lands and physical planning do not have staff e.g surveyor, physical planner, cartographer.

3. Inadequate office space

Staff are growded in a small office.

Workplan 9: Community Based Services

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	20	2016/17	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	D 1 4	10 4	D 1 4

Workplan 9: Community Based Services

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
Unspent balances – Conditional Grants		4,073	
Unspent balances - donor	80,200	0	
Unspent balances – Other Government Transfers		4,073	
Unspent balances – UnConditional Grants		4,073	
al Revenues	473,708	75,905	288,534
^ 11 TT7 1 1 TT 10.			
Overall Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure	280,446	59,202	260,895
	280,446 212,036	59,202 52,665	260,895 212,036
Recurrent Expenditure			
Recurrent Expenditure Wage	212,036	52,665	212,036
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage	212,036 68,410	52,665 6,537	212,036 48,858
Wage Non Wage Development Expenditure	212,036 68,410 193,262	52,665 6,537 0	212,036 48,858 27,639

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved Sector annual budget is 473.7 million shillings and the cumulative outturn was 67.8 million which is equal to quarter out turn comprising of 14% of the approved budget and 76% of the plan for the quamillion shillings). The department only realized Recurrent Revenues of 62.6 Million and Development Rev Million shillings. This was because development revenues will be allocated in third quarter. This leaves un balances of 8.6 Million shillings which i

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The proposed budget is expected to reduce by 39.% due to removal of transitional development grant and characteristics by the sub counties and the town council. The Grants will be used to pay salaries, support people disabilities, train adult learners and monitoring implementation of activities.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

P1 women councils supported, 3 assisted aids supplied to disabled and elderly community, 520 FAL Lear Trained and 1 Youth councils supported

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The sector intend to train 520 FAL learners, support one youth council, supply assisted aids to 12 disables elderly community, support 1 one women council and procurement of a motor cycle for the office of district c development officer.

Workplan 9: Community Based Services

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Transport

There is no transport means at the district and at the sub county

2. Office Pace

There is Limited office space. All the staff using one small office.

3.

Workplan 10: Planning

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	87,540	17,504	83,995
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	43,000	10,750	45,355
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	38,640	6,754	38,640
Unspent balances - Locally Raised Revenues	5,900	0	
Development Revenues	5,630	0	5,000
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	5,630	0	5,000
Total Revenues	93,169	17,504	88,995
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	87,540	8,104	83,995
Wage	38,640	6,754	38,640
Non Wage	48,900	1,350	45,355
Development Expenditure	5,630	0	5,000
Domestic Development	5,630	0	5,000
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	93,169	8,104	88,995

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual budget is 93.2 million shillings and the cumulative outturn was 17.5 million shilling contributing about 19% of the approved budget. In quarter one the sector planned to receive 21.7 million shillings comprising of 81% of the plan for quarter. The funds realize

Workplan 10: Planning

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Three staff paid salary, 3 copies of Minutes of TPC meetings produced

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The unit expects 4 staff in the department and prepare 12 sets of Minutes of Technical planning Committee (meetings, 12 senior management meeting, prepare one annual work plan, one statistical abstract and mit-ter Five year development plan.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Quarterly performance reports submitted for times to relevant ministries, 50% of the subcounties report times of the planned projects are implemented, 100% of the planned DTPC meetings are conducted.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of transportt

The department is unable to conduct it activities effectively due to lack of transport.

2. No reliable power supply.

The department depends generator power which is costly to run hence affecting operation

3.

Workplan 11: Internal Audit

Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	60,504	14,360	66,565
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	11,580	2,508	14,580
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	34,851	11,852	34,851
Locally Raised Revenues		0	6,000

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Workplan 11: Internal Audit

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
Total Revenues	61,004	14,360	66,565
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure	60,504	14,360	66,565
Wage	44,435	11,852	44,435
Non Wage	16,069	2,508	22,130
Development Expenditure	500	0	0
Domestic Development	500	0	0
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	61,004	14,360	66,565

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The approved annual budget is 61.0 million shillings and the cumulative outturn was 14.4 million shilling equal to quarter Outturn of contributing 95% of the plan for the quarter 15.14 million shillings) and 24% of the approved budget. This was because little locally raised revenues were realized due to weak enforcement mean enforce tax payers and also there was sensitization of tax payers regarding collections of these revenues. Distributionary Development Equalization G

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The proposed budget for FY 2017/18 is expected to increase by 5.6 million shillings only from the approve of FY 20116/17 to cater for vehicle repair. This revenue will be spent on salaries, management of internal and auditing of departments, sub counties, and other government institutions like health facilities, Governm schools.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The sector conducted one Internal Department Auditst and submitted Quaterly Internal Audit Reports on 24

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The Audit department intents to achieve 4 quarterly internal audit reports out of audit exercises in 11 sub courses 49 primary schools, 9 secondary schools, 16 Health facilities, 9 District departments, conduct special audit as directed by CAO and carry out project verification and inspection. The department will also submit quart internal audit reports to the office of the chief Administrative Officer with a copy to Auditor General's Office, the district chairperson a

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Workplan 11: Internal Audit

the district public accounts committee. Gaps identified in the reports are not given the necessary timely action

2. Low staffing levels

The department is mandated to have 7 personnel but intead only two are substansively filled (district internal and internal auditor) and one on assignment of duty, this has reduced the effectiveness of the department

3.