### **Structure of Performance Contract**

PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

Pursuant to the Public Financial Management Act of 2015, Part VII – Accounting and Audit, Section 45 (3), the A shall enter into an annual budget performance contract with the Permanent Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury.

The performance contract consists of two parts – Part A and Part B. Part A outlines the core performance requirement which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed, in two areas:

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote I understand that Central Government Accounting Officers will communicate their 5 priorities of the vote within the start of the Financial Year and the priorities for local governments will be established centrally.

Part B sets out the key results that a Vote plans to achieve in 2017/18. These take the form of summaries of Ministe Statement (MPS) for central government AOs and budget narrative summaries for Local government AOs.

I hereby undertake, as the Accounting Officer, to achieve the performance requirements set out in Part A of this performance to deliver on the outputs and activities specified in the work plan of the Vote for FY 2017/18 subject to the avoid budgeted resources set out in Part B.

I, as the Accounting Officer, shall be responsible and personally accountable to Parliament for the activities of this also be personally accountable for a function or responsibility that is delegated, inclusive of all work performed or that I have authority and control over.

I understand that my performance will be assessed to ascertain whether I have met the requirements specified under

I also undertake to prepare and submit quarterly financial and physical performance progress reports to the Ministry Planning and Economic Development on the outputs set out in the workplans, and to provide quarterly workplan requests by the specified deadlines (PFM Act of 2015, Section 16(1) and 21(3)). I understand that the Ministry of Planning and Economic Development will not disburse funds unless it has received complete submissions of the a reports.

I commit to adhering to the responsibilities laid out in the letter appointing me as an Accounting Officer from the F Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury for FY2017/18.

Name and Signature:

Chief Administrative Officer/Accounting Officer

Bukwo District

Signed on Date:

Name and Accounting Officer

Name and Signature:

Permanent Secretary to MoFPED

Signed on Date:

### PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

Part A outlines the core performance requirements against which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #1: Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability

Preamble: All Accounting Officers are expected to perform their job responsibilities in accordance with the Public Finance (PFM) Act 2015 and the Public Procurement and Disposal Act (PPDA) 2003 along with the Constitution and other laws to Republic of Uganda.

Accounting officers will be required to perform and their performance will be assessed annually in the following areas:

- 1.1 Adherence to Budget Requirements: Adherence to key budget requirements specified by MoFPED in the various Cirbudget preparation. For local governments, this also includes adherence to budget requirements agreed between local governments responsible for sector conditional and unconditional grants and the Discretionary Development Equalisation Grants
- 1.2 Complete and timely submission of budget documents: Sector Budget Framework Paper, Ministerial Policy Statement detailed budget estimates, annual cashflow plan, annual recruitment plan, annual procurement plans, accounting warrants are procurement plans that are submitted on time in accordance with the designated due date
- 1.3 Open and Transparent Procurement: Annual procurement plans and required information on tender prepared and pos procurement portal.
- 1.4 Prompt Processing of Payments: Monthly salaries, wages, invoices, certificates and pensions on time in accordance value date.

Public Accounts Committee.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #2: Achieving Results in Priority Projects and Programs

Preamble: Accounting Officers are held accountable and are expected to oversee the implementation and delivery of physic projects and programs regardless of their stage and/or status. An Accounting Officer's performance in the planning and imfive priority Programmes and projects will be assessed

Central Government Accounting Officers must identify and specify five priority programmes (recurrent) or major infrastru (capital development) for their individual Votes and list them at the beginning of this Performance Contract. The top 5 properts or programs, should be the ones that contribute significantly to the achievement of sectoral or national goals. They on the basis of their size and/or policy priority.

It is critically important for AOs to track the performance of these Projects/programmes and ensure they are managed effective and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and the performance of these Projects are the performance of these Projects and the performance of these Projects are the performance of these Projects and the performance of the performance

For each priority Programme or Project, Accounting Officers will be assessed on performance in the following areas:

- 2.1 Alignment of plans with Policy: The alignment of priority Programmes and Projects workplans with vote, sectoral as strategies (NDP).
- 2.2 Achievement of planned results: The extent to which annual key performance indicators and targets are achieved for k programs
- 2.3 Timely and Predictable Implementation: The consistency of actual expenditures with budgeted cash flow and procure degree to which results are achieved within budget and without cost overruns
- 2.4 Procurement and Project Management: Adherence to all aspects of the PPDA Act and Regulations for procurements Programme/Project expenditure.
- 2.5 Monitoring & Follow Up: The adequacy and timeliness of information on priority Programmes and Projects in vote q and evaluation reports; follow up on performance issues identified relating to the Programme/Project identified via monitor audit and feedback processes.

#### **NOTE:**

Accounting Officers' performance will be assessed annually. MoFPED will distribute compliance and assessment tools to Officers within three months of the start of the financial year. These tools will set out how Accounting Officers can complete requirements and how they will be assessed.

National priorities for Local Governments will be identified centrally in consultation with the Local Government Association Prime Minister, National Planning Authority and Ministry of Local Government.

#### PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Revenue Performance and Plans**

	2016	20	
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approved
1. Locally Raised Revenues	294,045	120,579	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,049,157	2,505,356	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,945,827	7,421,335	10
2c. Other Government Transfers		42,137	
4. Donor Funding	106,445	108,361	ĺ
Total Revenues	13,395,474	10,197,769	1.

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

The approved budget will increase by 1.77% from the approved budget of FY 2016/17. Discretionary Govern Transfers reduced by 1.7%, Locally raised will be increased by 9% due increased number of assets to be dis Conditional Government Transfers increased by 3.3% due to increase of funds to pay pensioners and PHC not However by the time of preparing this budget only Fiefoc have shown interest to support the district with 4 shillings.

#### **Expenditure Performance and Plans**

	2016/1	17	2017/18
	Approved Budget	Actual	Approved Budget
UShs 000's		Expenditure by	
USHS 000 S		end of March	
1a Administration	1,373,533	877,431	1,858,340
2 Finance	296,935	212,940	321,121
3 Statutory Bodies	589,507	334,946	554,551
4 Production and Marketing	643,537	484,204	570,653
5 Health	2,167,775	1,521,024	2,162,716
6 Education	6,643,177	4,904,412	6,620,795
7a Roads and Engineering	501,081	306,665	414,882
7b Water	435,438	162,714	334,646
8 Natural Resources	116,611	59,445	169,434
9 Community Based Services	473,708	313,904	460,020

### **Executive Summary**

Planned Expenditures for 2017/18

The expenditure will increase by 1.77% from that of FY 2016/17. These funds will be used to fund wealth of activities like mini irrigation schemes, Completion of Bukwo town council hall, construction of district counternity ward, Latrines, classrooms, Gravity flow schemes, rehabilitation and maintenance of roads and paysalaries and pension

### A. Revenue Performance and Plans

### Conditional, Discretionary Transfers and other Revenues to the Local Government

	2010	6/17	20
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approved
1. Locally Raised Revenues	294,045	120,579	
Local Service Tax	57,705	36,716	
Animal & Crop Husbandry related levies	4,128	0	
Application Fees	10,680	5,737	
Business licences	26,585	3,223	
Ground rent		40	
Local Government Hotel Tax	2,025	222	
Market/Gate Charges	9,000	525	
Miscellaneous	27,729	11,155	
Other Fees and Charges	63,823	5,364	
ParkFees	1,500	1,910	
Registration (e.g. Births, Deaths, Marriages, etc.) Fees	10,470	1,650	
Registration of Businesses	400	2,325	
Royalties		0	
Sale of (Produced) Government Properties/assets	80,000	51,062	
Land Fees		650	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,049,157	2,505,356	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	1,460,125	1,095,094	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	50,180	37,635	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	510,170	382,627	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	850,864	850,864	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	154,728	116,046	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	23,090	23,090	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,945,827	7,421,335	1
Development Grant	451,738	451,738	
Salary arrears (Budgeting)		0	
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	80,570	80,570	
Gratuity for Local Governments	54,933	41,200	
Pension for Local Governments	104,799	78,599	İ

### A. Revenue Performance and Plans

FIEFOC Funding		0	
United Nations Population fund /GoU Joint programme on Female	80,200	10,639	
Genital Mutilation/Cutting		·	
Strengthening decentralisation for sustainability		11,334	
Total Revenues	13,395,474	10,186,125	1

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

#### (i) Locally Raised Revenues

The approved budget for locally raised revenues is 323.159 million shillings representing 9% increase from the appudget of 2016/17. However though some sources like Other Fees and Charges, Business licenses of (Produced) C Properties/assets are expected to reduce, most sources of revenue likeLocal Service Tax, Market/Gate Charges, Roy expected to increase

#### (ii) Central Government Transfers

The approved budget for FY 207/18 will increase by 2.1% from the approved budget of 2016/17. This was because though Discretionary Government Transfers will decrease by 1.8% of the approved budget of FY 2016/17, Conditional Covernment Transfers increased by 4,3% due to increase General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting), Pen Local Governments, Gratuity for Local Governments and introduction of Arrears (Budgeting).

#### (iii) Donor Funding

At the time of prepairing the final performance contract only FIEFOC haven shown interest to support the local go So currently we the donor revenues have reduced by 62.4%. This fund is to support environment related activities.

### Summary: Department Performance and Plans by Workplan

### Workplan 1a: Administration

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	1,126,843	894,682	1,618,980
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	46,420	117,967	62,232
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	143,995	77,718	143,995
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	80,570	80,570	285,765
Gratuity for Local Governments	54,933	41,200	176,114
Locally Raised Revenues	104,000	62,993	143,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	592,124	435,635	601,861
Pension for Local Governments	104,799	78,599	138,743
Salary arrears (Budgeting)		0	67,270
Development Revenues	246,690	273,603	239,360
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	120,445	120,445	126,517
Donor Funding	26,245	26,245	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		493	12,843
Other Transfers from Central Government		26,420	
Transitional Development Grant	100,000	100,000	100,000
Total Revenues	1,373,533	1,168,285	1,858,340
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	1,126,843	751,902	1,618,980
Wage	655,882	452,873	655,881
Non Wage	470,961	299,028	963,099
Development Expenditure	246,690	125,529	239,360
Domestic Development	220,445	99,284	239,360
Donor Development	26,245	26,245	0
Total Expenditure	1,373,533	877,431	1,858,340

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 1.37 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 1.17 million shillings and three outturn was 335.4 million shillings contributing 85% of the approved budget and 89% of the plan for respectively. The general performance was good with the cumulative outturn performing above the expected the approved budget. This was due to some work plan revenues for instance, General Public Service Pension

### Workplan 1a: Administration

is now in advert stage and weak enforcement measures to enforce tax payers.

The cumulative expenditure was 877.4 million shillings and quarter three expenditure was 312.9 million shillings on the approved budget and 83% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 290.9 m shillings only for capital projects and payment of arrears for pensioners.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved sector budget is 1.86 billion shillings which represent 26.1% increase from the approved budge 2016/2017. This was due to increase in General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) which was not primarical year, Gratuity for Local Governments, Pension for Local Governments and introduction Domestic as (Budgeting), and increase in development grant due to change of priorities.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1381 District and Urban Administration			
%age of LG establish posts filled		0	82
%age of staff appraised		0	99
%age of staff whose salaries are paid by 28th of every month		0	99
%age of pensioners paid by 28th of every month		0	99
No. (and type) of capacity building sessions undertaken	1	0	2
Availability and implementation of LG capacity building policy and plan	yes	Yes	yes
No. of monitoring visits conducted	4	2	4
No. of monitoring reports generated	4	2	4
No. of administrative buildings constructed	2	1	2
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,373,533	877,431	1,858,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	1,373,533	877,431	1,858,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Conducted two monitoring visits and produced two monitoring reports. Availability and implementation of capacity building plan.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

### Workplan 1a: Administration

#### 1. Low local revenue base

The local government in Bukwo has limited area of revenue collection especially service tax and hotel tax leading to high dependency on central government transfers.

#### 2. Hard to reach and work communities

During rainy season, all roads are impassable hindering effective monitoring and supervision of Government programmes and leading to break down of machinary and therefore high cost of repairing.

3.

### Workplan 2: Finance

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	,	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	280,435	213,029	321,121
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	25,000	33,177	55,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	94,697	71,023	94,697
Locally Raised Revenues	29,012	16,768	40,012
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	131,726	92,061	131,412
Development Revenues	16,500	500	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	500	500	
Locally Raised Revenues	16,000	0	
Total Revenues	296,935	213,529	321,121
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	280,435	212,940	321,121
Wage	179,743	134,808	179,743
Non Wage	100,692	78,132	141,378
Development Expenditure	16,500	0	0
Domestic Development	16,500	0	0
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	296,935	212.940	321,121

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

### Workplan 2: Finance

realized was less than planned for quarter because sensitization of tax payers.

The cumulative expenditure was 212.9 million shillings and quarter outturn was 66.3 million shillings cont 72% of the approved budget and 94% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 589 thousand shillings bank charges and purchase of furniture in fourth quarter.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget is 321.1million shillings which represent 7.5% increase from the approved budget of 2016/2017. This is due to introduction of IFMS system at the district, Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs in 2% due to Change of priorities by the lower local governments Local raised revenues allocations increased to the Sector Management, Monitoring and collection of locally raised revenue, purchase of one book shelve for section

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 1481 Financial Management and Accountability	ty(LG)			
Date for submitting the Annual Performance Report	15/07/2016	15/04/2017	15/07/20	
Value of LG service tax collection	57705000	34695000	5500000	
Value of Hotel Tax Collected	2025000	222000	5000000	
Value of Other Local Revenue Collections	56036000	71621931	1169590	
Date of Approval of the Annual Workplan to the Council	15/02/2017	15/02/2017	15/02/20	
Date for presenting draft Budget and Annual workplan to the Council	07/03/2016	07/03/2016	07/03/20	
Date for submitting annual LG final accounts to Auditor	31/08/2016	29/9/2016	31/08/20	
General				
Function Cost (UShs '000)	296,935	212,940	321,	
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	296,935	212,940	321,	

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

The Annual Performance Report was submitted on 15/04/2017, collected LG service tax collection 34,695, =,Other Local Revenue Collections 71,621,931=, presented draft Budget and Annual work plan to the Cou 15/02/2017, submitted annual LG final accounts to Auditor General 29/9/2016.

### Workplan 2: Finance

No off budget activies.

#### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Low revenue base

There is a challenge in collecting local revenue from some local revenue sources because their are no enablin to collect.

#### 2. Distance Banking.

Total Expenditure

The bank is 80km away from the district. This increases the cost of carrying out activities which intend affective implementation of government programmes

#### 3. Lack of transport means

The department lacks motor cycles to monitor government programmes and mobilise local revenue.

### Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	589,507	343,957	554,551
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	283,513	132,403	263,259
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	208,612	156,459	208,612
Locally Raised Revenues	45,385	15,410	35,385
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	48,253	39,684	47,295
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	3,744	0	
Total Revenues	589,507	343,957	554,551
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	589,507	334,946	554,551
Wage	212,356	159,267	212,356
Non Wage	377,151	175,679	342,195
Development Expenditure	0	0	0
Domestic Development	0	0	0
Donor Development	0	0	0

589 507

### Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

costs incurred in payment of salaries.

The cumulative expenditure was 334.946 million shillings and quarter expenditure was 100.869million shill only contributing 57% of the approved budget and 93% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 9.0 million shillings (2% of the approved budget) for ex-gratia to pay political leaders.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget for FY 2017/18 is 554.55 million shillings which represents a decrease 6% from the approved of FY 2016/17, because Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage) much of it was allocated to administration Sectoral Transfers to LLGs decreased due to changes in priorities lower local government, Budget for locally raised decreased due to Low revenue base,

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1382 Local Statutory Bodies			
No. ofland applications (registration, renewal, lease extensions) cleared	150	83	100
No. of Land board meetings	4	3	4
No.of Auditor Generals queries reviewed per LG	4	3	4
No. of LG PAC reports discussed by Council	4	3	4
No of minutes of Council meetings with relevant resolutions	6	2	6
Function Cost (UShs '000)	589,507	334,946	554,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	589,507	334,946	554,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

The department cleared 83 land applications, 3 LGPAC meeting held, 2 minutes of Council meetings with resolution, 3 Auditor Generals queries reviewed per LG and 3 Land board meetings.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Conduct 6 council sittings and 6 standing committee meetings, 4 LG PAC reports discussed by Council, 4 meetings, 6 Contract committee meetings and 4 evaluation committee meetings, review 4 Auditor general's 4 Land board meetings and 100 land applications cleared.

### Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

### 2. No Transport means

The departments lacks motor vihecles for monitoring and evaluation of Government programmes by the di councilors.

3. Un induction of newly elected district councillors,

The newly elected district councilors have not been inducted on their roles and responsibilities as a district of

### Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	301,757	222,163	302,997
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	47,300	35,424	47,300
Locally Raised Revenues	8,000	1,897	8,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		0	494
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	21,764	16,323	22,510
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	224,693	168,519	224,693
Development Revenues	341,780	307,747	267,656
Development Grant	13,402	13,402	15,083
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	18,757	18,757	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	309,622	275,588	252,572
Total Revenues	643,537	529,910	570,653
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	301,757	211,943	302,997
Wage	271,993	196,113	271,993
Non Wage	29,764	15,830	31,004
Development Expenditure	341,780	272,261	267,656
Domestic Development	341,780	272,261	267,656
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	643,537	484,204	570,653

### 2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 643.5 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 529.9 million shillings are three outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings contributing 82% of the approved budget and 41% of the plan for outturn was 97.4 million shillings are proved budget and 97.

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved sector budget is 1.78 billion shillings which represent 22.7% increase from the approved budget 2016/2017. This was due to increase in General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) which was not financial year, Gratuity for Local Governments, Pension for Local Governments and introduction Domestic a (Budgeting), and increase in development grant due to change of priorities.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	16/17	2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0181 Agricultural Extension Services			
Function Cost (UShs '000)	235,013	163,905	488,
Function: 0182 District Production Services			
No. of livestock vaccinated	160000	3229	180000
No. of livestock by type undertaken in the slaughter slabs	5000	1018	5000
Function Cost (UShs '000)	401,995	317,481	<i>76</i> ,
Function: 0183 District Commercial Services			
No of awareness radio shows participated in	2	1	4
No. oftrade sensitisation meetings organised at the district/Municipal Council	48	12	42
No of businesses inspected for compliance to the law	60	12	60
No ofbusinesses issued with trade licenses	60	12	60
No of cooperative groups supervised	20	12	20
No. of cooperative groups mobilised for registration	5	3	10
No. of cooperatives assisted in registration	5	1	6
No. oftourism promotion activities meanstremed in district development plans	1	0	0
No. and name ofhospitality facilities (e.g. Lodges, hotels and restaurants)	6	0	0
No. and name of new tourism sites identified	3	0	0
No. of opportunites identified for industrial development		0	3

### Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

,				_
		20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator		Approved Budget	Expenditure and	Approved
		and Planned	Performance by	and Plani
		outputs	End March	outputs
	Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	643,537	484,204	570,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Vaccinated 3,229 livestock, 1,018 livestock by type was undertaken to slaughter slabs, 12 trade sensitization meetings organized at the district, businesses inspected for compliance to the law and businesses issued with licenses, cooperative groups supervised, 3 cooperative groups mobilized for registration and 1 cooperative a registration

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Prepare 4 workplans, 4 progress reports and submitte to MAAIF, hold 4 staff meetings, pay staff salaries for months, Prepare specifications for Agricultural technologies. Assist farmers to diagnonise diseases for pets, diseases attacking their crops and train them on how to manage. 2000 Pets to be vaccinated against Rabies, Livestock, undertaken in the slaughter slabs, Four streams treated with Copper Sulphate to control Leaches

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off-budget activies
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Thin Staffing

inadequate wage bill

- 2. Inadequate Transport means
- 4 sub counties lack Motorcycles
- 3. Climate change

Low farm out puts

### Workplan 5: Health

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand 2016/17 2017/18

<b>Orkplan 5: Health</b> District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	113,685	113,685	108,770
Donor Funding	113,003	11,334	100,770
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	17,000	17,000	1,108
Transitional Development Grant	13,823	0	
tal Revenues	2,167,775	1,656,727	2,162,716
: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
	2.022.266	1 496 210	2.052.929
Recurrent Expenditure	2,023,266	1,486,219	2,052,838
Recurrent Expenditure Wage	1,814,075	1,332,079	1,814,075
Wage Non Wage			1,814,075 238,763
Recurrent Expenditure Wage	1,814,075 209,191	1,332,079 154,140	2,052,838 1,814,075 238,763 109,877
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage Development Expenditure	1,814,075 209,191 144,508	1,332,079 154,140 34,804	1,814,075 238,763 109,877

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With approved annual sector budget of 2.167 billion, the cumulative funds received were 1.657 billion shilling quarter outturn was 526.3 million shillings comprising of 76% of the approved budget and 91% of quarter the budget. This is because the department did not realize Locally Raised Revenues and Multi-Sectoral Transfer performance was low due to low locally raised revenues collected which was affected by weak enforcement. Transitional Development Grant was not released by ministry of health and the cause to why is being invest. The cumulative expenditure was 1.52million shillings and quarter expenditure was 512.89 million shillings comprising of 70 % of the approved budget and 89% of the plan for quarter respectively leaving unspent balancements.

of the approved budget for capital projects.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget decreased by 0.23% from the approved budget of 2016/17, because of a decrease in Norrecuurent and Domestic development grant and Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs due to change of priorities. Development Grant & most of the projects supporting the district are closing out this financial year and chargovernment policy which involved merging and coming up with new sources of funds.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Performance by	Approved and Plant outputs

Function: 0881 Primary Healthcare

No. and proportion of deliveries in the District/General

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Number of outpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	9000	4660	8000	
Number of inpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	1800	732	2000	
No. and proportion of deliveries conducted in the NGO Basic health facilities	240	141	250	
Number of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine in the NGO Basic health facilities	320	540	340	
Number of trained health workers in health centers	84	70	100	
No oftrained health related training sessions held.	124	82	124	
Number of outpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	112828	78334	112828	
Number of inpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	1200	642	1200	
No and proportion of deliveries conducted in the Govt. health facilities	700	588	800	
% age of approved posts filled with qualified health workers	65	62	75	
% age of Villages with functional (existing, trained, and reporting quarterly) VHTs.	70	26	50	
No of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine	3650	3528	4000	
No ofnew standard pit latrines constructed in a village	3	0	0	
No of maternity wards constructed	0	0	1	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,397,489	869,796	1,303,	
Function: 0882 District Hospital Services				
%age of approved posts filled with trained health workers	70	52	72	
Number of inpatients that visited the District/General Hospital(s)in the District/General Hospitals.	2300	2695	2500	

500

460

640

### Workplan 5: Health

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

There were 143 Deliveries conducted in the District/General Hospitals, 9339 Patients visited the Outpatient department in the District/General Hospital, 910 Patients visited the Inpatient department in the District/General Hospital, 35 Deliveries conducted, 255 Children Immunized with Pentavalent vaccine, 1239 Patients visited Outpatient department & 282 patients visited the Inpatient department in the NGO Hospital Facility, 23418 visited the Outpatient department, 189 Patients visited the Inpatient department, 208 Deliveries, and 1071 Communized with Pentavalent vaccine in Govt. Health Facilities.

#### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

About 8,000 outpatients, and 2,000 inpatients will visit NGO Basic health facility, 112,828 outpatients, 1,2 inpatients will visit health facilities, 250 deliveries, 340 children immunized with pentavalent vaccine in NG facility, 800 deliveries in Govt health facilities, train 100 health workers in health centers, hold 124 health retraining sessions. Have 75% of the approved positions filled and finally 4000 children immunized with Pent Vaccine.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The implementing Partners will facilitate Virol Load & CD4 Sample refferals, HCT outreaches, Sputum Sarrefferal, CB-DOTS & Child days Plus

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Low staffing level

There is severe shortage of critical cardres like the Medical officers, Midwives, Lab. Personnel. This has trer affected delivery of services as planned. he current staffing level is at 60% against national 75%

### 2. Underfunding

The health sector still recieves little funding both for recurrent and development grants and this was hard-hit F/Y

budget cuts of PHC non wage. The small wage bill has also failed the department to recruit the critical cadre mentioned above

### 3. Inadequate transport

The department has only one vehicle for the District Health officer. The Current Vehicle for the hospital for coordination of HSD & Administration requires high repair and maintenance costs

### Workplan 6: Education

Workplan 6: Education				
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	1,500	0	1,461	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	1,143,134	726,812	1,189,724	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	5,237,771	3,928,328	5,237,771	
Development Revenues	204,450	203,359	135,516	
Development Grant	129,755	129,755	125,662	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	22,360	22,360	2,200	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	52,335	51,244	7,655	
otal Revenues	6,643,177	4,927,074	6,620,795	
otal Revenues	0,043,177	4,721,014	0,020,793	
	0,043,177	4,727,074	0,020,773	
	6,438,727	4,722,083	6,485,278	
3: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:		, ,		
3: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure	6,438,727	4,722,083	6,485,278	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure  Wage	6,438,727 5,284,093	4,722,083 3,990,766	6,485,278 5,284,093	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure  Wage  Non Wage	6,438,727 5,284,093 1,154,634	4,722,083 3,990,766 731,317	6,485,278 5,284,093 1,201,185	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure  Wage  Non Wage  Development Expenditure	6,438,727 5,284,093 1,154,634 204,450	4,722,083 3,990,766 731,317 182,328	6,485,278 5,284,093 1,201,185 135,516	

#### 2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved sector budget is 6.6 billion, the cumulative outturn was 4.9 billion shillings and quarter was 1.8 billion shillings comprising 75% of the approved budget and 105 % of the plan for quarter. District Unconditional Grant (Wage) increased by 85% due to poor budgeting for salaries. Multi-Sectoral Transfers t was not realized due to weak enforcement measures to enforce tax payers.

The cumulative expenditure 4.9 billion shillings and quarter expenditure was 1.8 billion shillings contributed of the approved budget and 103% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 86.3 million shillings of the approved budget) for capital projects

#### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The sector approved budget is 6.6 billion shillings which represents a minor decrease from the approved budginacial year 2016/17. This is because of decreased in allocation of development grants to schools due to chapriorities.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	16/17	2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Performance by	Approved and Plant outputs

### Workplan 6: Education

	20	016/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plan outputs
No. ofteachers paid salaries	512	500	512
No. of qualified primary teachers	512	500	512
No. of pupils enrolled in UPE	34274	34274	34274
No. of student drop-outs	2000	500	2000
No. of Students passing in grade one	19	35	19
No. of pupils sitting PLE	2406	0	2406
No. of classrooms constructed in UPE	2	0	0
No. of classrooms rehabilitated in UPE	0	0	4
No. of latrine stances constructed	10	5	5
Function Cost (UShs '000)	4,645,250	3,369,944	4,256,
Function: 0782 Secondary Education			
No. of students enrolled in USE	5870	5870	6270
No. ofteaching and non teaching staffpaid		105	112
No. of students passing O level		0	114
No. of students sitting O level		0	305
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,905,562	1,346,943	2,241,
Function: 0784 Education & Sports Management and Inst	pection		
No. of primary schools inspected in quarter	104	104	104
No. of secondary schools inspected in quarter	15	12	15
No. oftertiary institutions inspected in quarter	1	0	1
No. of inspection reports provided to Council	1	0	1
Function Cost (UShs '000)	89,364	187,525	119,
Function: 0785 Special Needs Education			
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	3,000 6,643,177	<i>0</i> 4,904,412	3, 6,620,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

500 teachers paid salaries, 529 qualified primary teachers, 34274 pupils enrolled in UPE, 500 student drop-or-

### Workplan 6: Education

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at The sector has no off budget activities.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Inadequate support from parents

Some parents do not want to send their children to school and they retain them at home to do domestic wor are

also not willig to provide sholastic materials and mid day meals to the children.

### 2. Inadequate transport equipment and logistics

The sector lacks adequate transport equipment and logistics to do monitoring and supervision of schools. To coupled with the difficult terrain and poor roads which leads to regular break down of equipment hence hikin of injection.

### 3. Inadequate accomodation for teachers

Recurrent Expenditure

Wage Non Wage

Teachers houses are indaquate and teachers have to traverse long distances to schools.

### Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	490,741	306,665	407,582
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	64,592	49,915	64,592
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	29,016	20,693	32,760
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	397,133	236,057	310,229
Development Revenues	10,340	10,340	7,300
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	10,340	10,340	7,300
otal Revenues	501,081	317,004	414,882

490,741

89,108

401,633

306,665

68,302

238,363

314,729

### Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

than the target because lower locally raised revenues collected are low due to weak enforcement measures to tax payers and Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage) released by the sector ministry was lower than planne cumulative expenditure was 306.7 million shillings and quarter three expenditure was 105.8 million shilling contributing 61% of the approved budget and 71% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 10.3 mi shillings (2% of the approved budget) road rehabilitation.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget will decrease by 17.2 m shillings from the approved budget of FY 2016/17 to cater for maintenance of the grater in ministry of works. About 32 million shillings are for road opening; 397.1 milli shillings are from Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)/Uganda road fund for road rehabilitation, maintenance of grader

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	2	016/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0481 District, Urban and Community Access Ro	ads		
No of bottle necks removed from CARs	28	28	30
Length in KmofUrban paved roads periodically maintained		0	34
Length in Kmofurban unpaved roads rehabilitated		0	17
Length in Kmof Urban unpaved roads routinely maintained	17	13	
Length in KmofUrban unpaved roads periodically maintained	2	1	
Length in Kmof District roads routinely maintained	60	30	74
Length in KmofDistrict roads periodically maintained	1	1	1
Function Cost (UShs '000)	428,081	279,919	341,
Function: 0482 District Engineering Services			
Function Cost (UShs '000)	73,000	26,745	73,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	501,081	306,665	414

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

### Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. High rate of Road Detoriation

The loose soils colapses and silt the roads easly

2. Lack of good quality gravel

The gravel is full of dead mater hence poor bonding of the road and the material

3. Lack of complete road equipment

There is need for dozer, wheel loader, surface vibretar and water boozer

### Workplan 7b: Water

Development Expenditure

Domestic Development

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	60,885	45,850	58,164
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	11,964	10,434	11,964
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	11,719	7,514	11,019
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	37,202	27,901	35,181
Development Revenues	374,553	380,328	276,482
Development Grant	308,582	308,582	251,186
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	43,971	49,746	4,658
Transitional Development Grant	22,000	22,000	20,638
Total Revenues	435,438	426,178	334,646
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	60,885	39,680	58,164
Wage	21,983	17,949	21,983
Non Wage	38,902	21,732	36,181

374,553

374,553

123,033

123,033

276,482

276,482

### Workplan 7b: Water

of little locally raised revenues collected due to weak enforcement measures to enforce tax payers.

The cumulative expenditure was 162.7 million shillings and quarter three expenditure was 71.7 million shill contributing 37% of the approved budget and 47% of the plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 263 mil shillings (61% of the approved budget) for capital projects

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget will decrease by 23.1% from approved budget of FY 2016/17 due to decrease in devel grant and non wage grant, and also change of priorities for sub counties. The grants will be used also to pay salaries, supervision of works, conducting water quality testing, monitoring of projects and implementation sanitation activities in the district.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	16/17	2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0981 Rural Water Supply and Sanitation			
No. of supervision visits during and after construction	60	15	60
No. of water points tested for quality	55	13	60
No. of District Water Supply and Sanitation Coordination Meetings	4	3	4
No. of sources tested for water quality	3	2	
% of rural water point sources functional (Gravity Flow Scheme)	95	0	85
% of rural water point sources functional (Shallow Wells )	98	0	90
No. of water pump mechanics, scheme attendants and caretakers trained	50	0	60
No. of water and Sanitation promotional events undertaken	4	2	0
No. of water user committees formed.	40	20	40
No. of Water User Committee members trained	240	120	120
No. of private sector Stakeholders trained in preventative maintenance, hygiene and sanitation	40	0	60
No. of advocacy activities (drama shows, radio spots,	1	0	0

### Workplan 7b: Water

Function, Indicator		Approved Budget and Planned outputs	and Planned Performance by	
	Function Cost (UShs '000)	11,519	7,514	11,
	Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	435,438	162,714	334,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

15 supervision visits during and after construction done, 13 water points tested for quality done, 3 District V Supply and Sanitation Coordination Meetings done, 2 sources tested for water quality, 2 water and Sanitati promotional events undertaken, 20 water user committees formed, 120 Water User Committee members train Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The sector will conduct 60 supervision visits during and after construction, test 55 water points for quality, 4 District Water Supply and Sanitation Coordination Meetings, test 3 sources for water quality, rehabilitate point, train 40 water pump mechanics, scheme attendants and caretakers, conduct 4 water and Sanitation pro events, train 240 water user committees train 40 private sector Stakeholders in preventative maintenance, hy sanitation, conduct 1 advocacy activities (drama shows, radio spots, public campaigns) on promoting water, sanitation and good hygiene practices and rehabilitate 1 piped water supply system(GFS)

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Poor operation and maintenance

Neglegency by water user committes in performing their roles, in operation and maintenance of water and satisfacilities

2. Inadquate exemplary leadership

Community leaders don't have sanitary facilities e.g pit latrines.

3. Limited environment health staff

Inadquate sensitisation and follow ups in the communities.

### Workplan 8: Natural Resources

Workplan 8: Natural Resources					
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	500	0	1,700		
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,710	2,032	2,789		
Development Revenues	50,096	50,096	99,641		
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	43,195	43,195	48,195		
Donor Funding		0	40,000		
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	6,901	6,901	11,446		
otal Revenues	116,610	99,641	169,434		
Recurrent Expenditure	66,514	49,545	69,793		
Wage	63,304	47,512	63,304		
Non Wage	3,210	2,032	6,489		
Development Expenditure	50,096	9,901	99,641		
Domestic Development	50,096	9,901	59,641		
Donor Development	0	0	40,000		
Cotal Expenditure	116,611	59,445	169,434		

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 116.6 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 99.6 million shillings and three outturn was 66.6 million shillings contributing 85% of the approved budget and 306% of the plan for respectively. The general performance was good with the cumulative outturn performing above expected 75% approved budget (85% of the approved budget) and quarter outturn 306% of the plan for quarter. These was be District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant received was 100% of the plan for quarter because it planned to be implemented in fourth quarter when procurement process is complete but the fund was received quarter. The cumulative expenditure was 59.4 million shillings contributing 51% of the approved budget and the plan for quarter was spent leaving unspent balance of 40.2 million shillings for tree seedlings.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget will increase by 52.8m shs from the approve budget of FY 2016/17. This was due to it the budget by sub counties and district for tree planting in district discretional development grant and Firefo The grants will be used to pay salaries monitoring environmental compliance and procurement of tree seedli

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Performance by	Approved and Plant outputs

### Workplan 8: Natural Resources

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Area (Ha) oftrees established (planted and surviving)	15000	0	47000
Number of people (Men and Women) participating in tree planting days	100	0	150
No. of Agro forestry Demonstrations		0	2
No. of Water Shed Management Committees formulated	1	0	1
No. of community women and men trained in ENR monitoring		0	1
No. of monitoring and compliance surveys undertaken	4	3	4
Function Cost (UShs '000)	116,611	59,445	169,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	116,611	59,445	169,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Three Monitoring and compliance surveys undertaken

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The sector intends to formulate 1 Water Shed Management Committees and undertake two monitoring and compliance survey, trained 1 community women and men in ENR monitoring, conduct one Agro Forestry demonstrations and plant 47,000 trees

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of transport facilities

The department is made of sectors that are field based yet there is only one motorcycle and inadequate funding

2. Low staffing levels

Sector of lands and physical planning do not have staff e.g surveyor, physical planner, cartographer.

3. Inadequate office space

Workplan 9: Community Based Services				
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			<u></u>	
Recurrent Revenues	280,446	191,072	260,664	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	43,045	31,252	43,045	
Locally Raised Revenues		0	4,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	207,352	137,283	185,228	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	30,049	22,537	28,390	
Development Revenues	193,262	130,743	199,356	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	7,500	7,500	16,000	
Donor Funding	80,200	10,639		
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	101,214	96,037	183,356	
Other Transfers from Central Government		12,220		
Transitional Development Grant	4,348	4,348		
otal Revenues	473,708	321,815	460,020	
: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	280,446	191,081	260,664	
Wage	212,036	157,995	212,036	
Non Wage	68,410	33,085	48,628	
Development Expenditure	193,262	122,824	199,356	
Domestic Development	113,062	112,195	199,356	
Donor Development	80,200	10,629	0	
Cotal Expenditure	473,708	313,904	460,020	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 473.7 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 322.3 million shillings are three outturn was 175.6 million shillings contributing 68% of the approved budget and 123% of the plan for respectively. The cumulative performance was below three quarters because Donor Funding received was 13% delayed release of funds by implementing partner since most of the activities are scheduled to be implemented fourth quarter. Unspent balances – Locally Raised Revenues was not received due to weak enforcement meas enforce tax payers. However, the Other Transfers from Central Government was received though it was not befor to cater for monitoring of youth Livelihood projects. Development revenues received in the quarter was helplanned because it was planned to be received and spent in quarter but all development funds was received in quarter. The cumulative expenditure was 313 million shillings and quarter outturn was 177.8 million shilling contributing 66% of the approved budget and 124% of the Plan for quarter leaving unspent balance of 8.4 millions which contributes 2% of the approved budget for furniture and stationery.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget will reduce by 2.9% due to removal of transitional development grant and change of providing the contraction of the contractio

#### Workplan 9: Community Based Services Function: 1081 Community Mobilisation and Empowerment 520 No. FAL Learners Trained 520 No. of children cases (Juveniles) handled and settled 4 1 No. of Youth councils supported 1 No. of assisted aids supplied to disabled and elderly 12 9 community No. of women councils supported 1 1 Function Cost (UShs '000) 473,708 313,904 460. Cost of Workplan (UShs '000): 473,708 313,904 460.

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

520 FAL Learners trained, 1 Youth council supported, 9 assisted aids supplied to disabled and elderly com and 1 women council supported.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The sector intend to support one youth council, supply assisted aids to 1 disables and elderly community, s women council and procurement of a motor cycle for the office of district community development officer.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off Budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Transport

There is no transport means at the district and at the sub county

2. Office Pace

There is Limited office space. All the staff using one small office.

3.

### Workplan 10: Planning

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

*UShs Thousand* **2016/17 2017/18** 

Workplan 10: Planning				
Total Revenues	93,169	45,604	103,358	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	87,540	39,974	92,116	
Wage	38,640	20,263	38,640	
Non Wage	48,900	19,711	53,476	
Development Expenditure	5,630	0	11,242	
Domestic Development	5,630	0	11,242	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	93,169	39,974	103,358	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 93.2 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 45.6 million shillings and three outturn was 15.0 million shillings contributing 49% of the approved budget and 67% of the plan for quespectively. The general performance was poor with the cumulative outturn performing less than expected 5 approved budget (49% of the approved budget) and quarter outturn was less than expected 100% because District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage) was used to cater for payment of salaries. These because District Unconditional Grant (Wage) and District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage) allocated to the departments was lower than plate to respectively budgeting for recruitment of assistant statistical officer which have been removed in the new J structure. Locally raised revenues received were higher than planned to cater for District Unconditional Grant Wage) which was not received in the quarter. District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant received quarter was higher than planned because all development grants were received in the quarter. The cumulative expenditure was 39/97 million shillings contributing 43% of the approved budget leaving unspent balance of million shillings for capital projects.

#### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Approved budget will increase by 10.19 million due to increase in District Unconditional Grant (Non-Vector for Monitoring costs and discretional development equalization grant to cater for retooling of the depart The grants will be used to pay salaries, review of five year development plan, conducting district technical properties are the properties of projects and sector work plans

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Performance by	Approved and Plani outputs

### Workplan 10: Planning

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The unit expects 4 staff in the department and prepare 12 sets of Minutes of Technical planning Committee meetings, 12 senior management meeting, prepare one annual work plan, one statistical abstract and mit-ter Five year development plan.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at No off budget activities
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of transportt

The department is unable to conduct it activities effectively due to lack of transport.

2. No reliable power supply.

Recurrent Ernanditure

The department depends generator power which is costly to run hence affecting operation

3.

### Workplan 11: Internal Audit

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

2016/17		2017/18	
Approved	Outturn by end	Approved	
Budget	March	Budget	
	,		
60,504	46,858	66,565	
11,580	6,511	14,580	
34,851	35,555	34,851	
	0	6,000	
14,073	4,792	11,134	
500	500		
500	500		
61,004	47,358	66,565	
	Approved Budget  60,504 11,580 34,851  14,073 500 500	Approved Budget         Outturn by end March           60,504         46,858           11,580         6,511           34,851         35,555           0         14,073           4,792         500           500         500           500         500	

60.504

16 252

66 565

### Workplan 11: Internal Audit

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

With the approved budget of 61.0 million shillings, the cumulative outturn was 47.36 million shillings and three outturn was 14.7 million shillings contributing 78% of the approved budget and 97% of the plan for querespectively. The performance of quarter three -outturn was not 100% because District Unconditional Grant (Wage) was not allocated to the department because it was used to cater payment of salaries; District Discret Development Equalization Grant was received this quarter though it was not planned because all development were released in the quarter. However multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs was low (68% of the plan for quarter weak enforcement measure to enforce tax payers. The cumulative expenditure was 46.8 million shillings con 94% of the approved budget leaving unspent balance of 500 thousand shillings only.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The approved budget for FY 2017/18 will increase by 5.6 million shillings only from the approved budget 20116/17 to cater for vehicle repair. This revenue will be spent on salaries, management of internal audit offic auditing of departments, sub counties, and other government institutions like health facilities, Government aschools.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

			1
	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1482 Internal Audit Services			
No. of Internal Department Audits	4	1	4
Date of submitting Quaterly Internal Audit Reports	25/07/2016	25/04/2017	25/07/20
Function Cost (UShs '000)	61,004	46,858	66,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	61,004	46,858	66,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

The sector conducted one Internal Department Auditst and submitted Quaterly Internal Audit Reports on 25 Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The Audit department intents to achieve 4 quarterly internal audit reports out of audit exercises in 11 sub courses 49 primary schools, 9 secondary schools, 16 Health facilities, 9 District departments, conduct special audit as directed by CAO and carry out project verification and inspection. The department will also submit quarterinternal audit reports to the office of the chief Administrative Officer with a copy to Auditor General's Office,

### Workplan 11: Internal Audit

the district public accounts committee. Gaps identified in the reports are not given the necessary timely action

#### 2. Low staffing levels

The department is mandated to have 7 personnel but intead only two are substansively filled (district internal and internal auditor) and one on assignment of duty, this has reduced the effectiveness of the department

3.