FOREWORD

The District Strategic direction is envisioned on extreme household poverty reduction interventions. This is focused on establishment of value chains in crop and animal potentialities as the primary growth opportunities. The supportive interventions to these initiatives include among others: establishing and maintaining the strategic infrastructures in the production value chain, build the capacity of the private sector, provision of quality and improved inclusive services for enhanced standard of living for the population.

The theory of change and life cycle value chain are the guiding principles in the planning and budgeting framework. Equally, there is need to lay emphasis on family planning to address the underlying causes of poverty at community and household level; food and nutrition support initiatives highlighting the first 1000 days of life as well as building the resilience of the population against shocks, mindset development; environment and social safeguards.

The need for increased production and productivity is the fulcrum of income growth, wealth creation and development. We need to piggyback all the wealth creation initiatives on the theory of change for increased investments, mass production, post-harvest handling, establishment of bulk storage and agro-processing facilities, branding, establishing market linkages as well as smooth consumption and savings.

The allocation function of resources would address through the mainstreamed approach gender and equity, vulnerability and inclusiveness as elements of human rights approach to planning and budgeting.

The District is to harness the population dividends by promoting youth friendly services, life skill development as well as mitigating, the effects of HIV/AIDS.

We call upon all stakeholders and duty bearers to participate in the development effort of the District without leaving anyone behind. The strategies, programmes and outputs resonate positively with aspirations of the third National and District Development Plans. We should think big but act small and start now.

Pajje Emmanuel LCV Chairperson

Title: LC V Chairperson/Mayor

Date: 10/11/2022

CC: Chief Administrative Office/ Town Clerk

SNAPSHOT OF PAST PERFORMANCE AND MEDIUM TERM BUDGET ALLOCATIONS

SECTION A: Revenue Performance and Plans by Source

Table A1: Revenue Performance and Plans by Source

	MTEF Projections				
Uganda Shillings Thousands	FY2022/23 Proposed Budget	FY2023/24	FY2024/25	FY2025/26	FY2026/27
Locally Raised Revenues	254,770	0	0	0	0
Discretionary Government Transfers	3,102,281	0	0	0	0
Programme Conditional Government Transfers	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161
Other Government Transfers	669,917	0	0	0	0
External Financing	80,000	0	0	0	0
GRAND TOTAL	26,559,129	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161

Table A2: Overview of Vote Expenditure and Medium Term Allocations (Ushs Thousands)

		MTEF Projections				
Uganda Shillings Thousands		FY2022/23 Proposed Budget	FY2023/24	FY2024/25	FY2025/26	FY2026/27
	Wage	14,930,817	13,128,988	13,128,988	13,128,988	13,128,988
	Non Wage	6,612,292	5,959,177	5,959,177	5,959,177	5,959,177
Recurrent	Local Revenue	254,770	0	0	0	0
	Other Government Transfers	669,917	0	0	0	0
Total Recurrent		22,467,796	19,088,165	19,088,165	19,088,165	19,088,165
	Government of Uganda	4,011,334	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996
Development	Local Revenue	0	0	0	0	0
Development	Other Government Transfers	0	0	0	0	0
External Financing		80,000	0	0	0	0
Total Development		4,091,334	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996
	GoU Total(Excl. EXT+OGT)		22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161
Total		26,559,129	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161

Revenue Performance in the First Quarter of 2021/22

The district cumulative revenue Performance was at 28% of the approved budget. The over performance was due to the fact that some funds were released over and above the quarterly target. This was attributed to Development grants which are released three times instead of four. General Public Pension Arrears (budgeting) and Salary arrears were released at 100%.

However, under performance was registered in Other Government Transfers which performed at 11%, this due to the fact that only received revenues from URF and RBF which performed at 14% and 16% respectively, and the rest at 0%. The poor performance was attributed to the fact that commitment as per the planned targets were not honored by various entities under this category. External Financing performed at only 4%. All the Funds which were received from the Single Treasury Account (STA) were transferred to User-Accounts including LLGs.

The cumulative wage expenditure performance was at 25% of the approved budget and all the wage allocation was transferred to user-accounts with quarterly performance at 94%.

The none-wage expenditure performance was at 32% of the allocation of the approved expenditure with 82% Quarterly level of performance. The over performance in the expenditure is due to the sector conditional grant non-wage which performed at 36% above the target due to COVID-19 supplementary budget. Equally, all these funds were transferred to the User-Account including LLG Institutions.

The Domestic Development expenditure was at 33% of the approved with quarterly performance of 10%. The underperformance was attributed to the fact that most of the planned development activities were not implemented due to delay in procurement process.

The expenditure performance of external financing was 4% and 60% quarterly. The underperformance was due to the fact that some planned donor funds were not released during the quarter.

Planned Revenues for FY 2022/23

The total District revenue estimate for FY2022-2023 is Ugx 26,559,129,000 of which Ugx 14930,817,000 is for wage, Ugx 7,536,979,000 is for Nonwage recuurent, Ugx 4,011,334,000 is for Domestic Development and Ugx 80,000,000 is for external financing.

The wage component constitutes 56.2% of the total revenue estimates which is meant to cater for monthly salaries for staffs on the payroll. The non-wage component constitutes 28.4% of the total revenue. This is slightly lower than the previous year revenue estimate by 0.01%. The decline arose from Locally Raised Revenues where the revenue sources were affected with COVID-19 lockdown, General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting), and Salary Arrears where IPFs were not allocated. Majority of these funds are capitation grant transfers to schools, health facilities and LLGs for routine activities.

The domestic development component constitutes 15.1% of the total revenue, of which majority of these funds are transfers to LLGs; construction of classrooms & pit latrines in the schools, Construction of the administrative block at the District and Surveying of the Government institutional land. The external financing component constitutes of 0.3% of the total revenue. These funds are meant to facilitate the immunization activities in the district.

Revenue Forecast for FY 2022/23

Locally Raised Revenues

The District expects to collect Ugx 254,770,000 (0.96%) of the District forecasted revenue of Ugx 26,559,129,000. The collection estimate has remained the same as of current year and the key contributors will continue to be market/gate charges at 19%, Local Service Taxes at 18%, Other Charges at 14% and Business Licenses at 14%.

Central Government Transfers

The forecast for Central Government transfer is Ugx 26,224,359,000 (98.7%) of the total forecasted reveunes of Ugx 26,559,129,000) broken down into: Discretionary Government Transfers of Ugx 3,102,281,000 (11.8%), Conditional Government Transfers of Ugx 22,452,161,000 (85.6%) and Other Government Transfers of Ugx 669,917,000 (2.6%) where the IPFs for URF, UWEP, UNEB and RBF funds has been forecasted to be the same as current year budget.

External Financing

The forecast for external financing has remained as for FY2021/2022. This is attributed to the fact that some donors did not issue their IPFs and IFPs for Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (GAVI) has remained Ugx 80,000,000 as of current year budget.

Medium Term Expenditure Plans

- 1) Develop value chains in maize, mangoes and coffee for increased food security and household income
- 2) Procure and distribute improved animal breeds, planting materials, fish fry for demonstration and multiplication
- 3) Develop roadside markets, fish ponds and value addition facilities in crop and animal products
- 4) Establish agro-processing and industrial hub for Budaka and Iki-Iki counties
- 5) Provide education infrastructural facilities and equipment to facilitate inclusive improved learning processes
- 6) Establish seed secondary schools in those sub-counties/Town councils without Government support Secondary schools i.e., Nansanga, Mugiti and Kaderuna
- 7) Establish ECD services in all Government aided primary schools
- 8) Provide primary care services as per the minimum health care package including youth friendly services, family planning, nutrition support, HIV/AIDS response initiative
- 9) Upgrade Budaka HCIV into a general hospital, upgrade Iki-Iki HCIII into HCIV, upgrade Butove HCII and Kebula HCII into HCIII
- 10) Support community mobilization and mindset change for caregivers, service recipients and other critical stakeholders
- 11) Promote urbanization services for effective service delivery
- 12) Promote and strengthen the physical planning function; security, utilisation access, and ownership of land as a vital component

Table A3: Past Expenditure Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Programme and Department

	2022/23
Uganda Shillings Thousands	Proposed Budget
AGRO-INDUSTRIALIZATION	
Production and Marketing	2,071,525
Total for the Programme	2,071,525
TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	
Trade, Industry and Local Development	1,000
Total for the Programme	1,000
NATURAL RESOURCES, ENVIRONMENT, CLIMATE CHANGE, LAND AND WATER	
Water	630,317
Natural Resources	157,613
Total for the Programme	787,930
PRIVATE SECTOR DEVELOPMENT	
Trade, Industry and Local Development	50,579
Total for the Programme	50,579
INTEGRATED TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE AND SERVICES	
Roads and Engineering	705,926
Total for the Programme	705,926

	2022/23
Uganda Shillings Thousands	Proposed Budget
HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT	
Health	3,464,808
Education	15,331,650
Total for the Programme	18,796,458
PUBLIC SECTOR TRANSFORMATION	
Administration	2,199,127
Total for the Programme	2,199,127
COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION AND MINDSET CHANGE	
Community Based Services	208,811
Total for the Programme	208,811
GOVERNANCE AND SECURITY	
Administration	143,906
Statutory bodies	517,256
Total for the Programme	661,161
DEVELOPMENT PLAN IMPLEMENTATION	
Finance	327,694
Planning	697,649
Internal Audit	51,268
Total for the Programme	1,076,611
Total for the Vote	26,559,129

SECTION B: DEPARTMENT PAST EXPENDITURE OUTTURNS AND PROPOSED BUDGET ALLOCATIONS

Table B1: Expenditure Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Department

	MTEF Projections				
Uganda Shillings Thousands	FY2022/23	FY2023/24	FY2024/25	FY2025/26	FY2026/27
Administration	2,343,033	1,014,796	1,014,796	1,014,796	1,014,796
Finance	327,694	0	0	0	0
Statutory bodies	517,256	0	0	0	0
Production and Marketing	2,071,525	2,071,525	2,071,525	2,071,525	2,071,525
Health	3,464,808	3,344,808	3,344,808	3,344,808	3,344,808
Education	15,331,650	15,306,650	15,306,650	15,306,650	15,306,650
Roads and Engineering	705,926	0	0	0	0
Water	630,317	630,317	630,317	630,317	630,317
Natural Resources	157,613	17,928	17,928	17,928	17,928
Community Based Services	208,811	53,006	53,006	53,006	53,006
Planning	697,649	0	0	0	0
Internal Audit	51,268	0	0	0	0
Trade, Industry and Local Development	51,579	13,130	13,130	13,130	13,130
Grand Total	26,559,129	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161	22,452,161
o/w: Wage:	14,930,817	13,128,988	13,128,988	13,128,988	13,128,988
Non-Wage Recurrent:	7,536,979	5,959,177	5,959,177	5,959,177	5,959,177
Domestic Development:	4,011,334	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996	3,363,996
External Financing:	80,000	0	ø	0	0

SECTION C: BUDGET OUTPUTS, PIAPS AND INDICATORS

Department	050 Health					
Service Area	10 Primary HealthCare	0 Primary HealthCare				
Programme	12 HUMAN CAPITAL DEVI	ELOPMENT				
SubProgramme	02 Population Health, Safety a	02 Population Health, Safety and Management				
Budget Output	320033 Outpatient Services					
PIAP Output	1203010503 Emergency medi	cal service and referral system	;			
Indicator Name	Indicator Measure Base Year Base Level Y1 Target					
No. of EMS cadre recruited	Percentage 2021 5 30					

SECTION D: VOTE CROSS CUTTING ISSUES

i) Gender and Equity

OBJECTIVE	To reduce GBV cases in the community through community sensitization and women empowerment
Issue of Concern	Increased cases of gender-based violence in communities
Planned Interventions	Strenghening community sensitization and awareness creation Strenghening refferal networks conducting Community dialogs on GBV
Budget Allocation (Million)	15
Performance Indicators	GBV cases reduced in the communities

ii) HIV/AIDS

OBJECTIVE	Strengthen the capacities of DAC, SAC, PAC and VAC to coordinate the multi- sectoral response to HIV. Strengthen Coordination, linkages, networking and collaboration within and across sectors and at the community levels.			
Issue of Concern	 High HIV incidence rate Sexual harassment High stigma among community members Limited awareness on HIV /AIDS 			
Planned Interventions	 Strengthen access and uptake for ART services. Increase correct and consistent condom use during risky sexual encounters Promote safer sexual behaviour among key/target population (commercial sex workers) Strengthen Behaviour change communicat 			
Budget Allocation (Million)	15			
Performance Indicators	HIV/AIDS concerns addressed			

iii) Environment

OBJECTIVE	Increase forest cover through distrubtion of tree seedlings to prive tree farmers in the LLGs and Monitoring complaince to the wetland regulation in LLGs			
Issue of Concern	 Increased degradation and polluting of environment by the communities Increasing land disputes and evictions which affect mostly widows, the poor, PWDS and Children and indigenous populations and internally Displaced Persons Cases of manipulation of 			
Planned Interventions	Awareness creation on environmental issues,			
Budget Allocation (Million)	20			
Performance Indicators	20% of the Land area covered with trees			

iv) Covid

OBJECTIVE	Prioritze interventions that provide for improved coordination and control of COVID-19 by reducing the morbidity and mortality through Coordination meetings (DTF, case management, Surveillance and community education), Community Health education and sensitization, Inspection of institutions
Issue of Concern	Increased community infections
Planned Interventions	Vaccinating all the eligible community members and enforcement pf the SOPs in the communities and institutions
Budget Allocation (Million)	300
Performance Indicators	99% of the eligable persons are vaccinated