Structure of Performance Contract

PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

Pursuant to the Public Financial Management Act of 2015, Part VII – Accounting and Audit, Section 45 (3), the A shall enter into an annual budget performance contract with the Permanent Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury.

The performance contract consists of two parts – Part A and Part B. Part A outlines the core performance requirement which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed, in two areas:

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote I understand that Central Government Accounting Officers will communicate their 5 priorities of the vote within the start of the Financial Year and the priorities for local governments will be established centrally.

Part B sets out the key results that a Vote plans to achieve in 2017/18. These take the form of summaries of Minister Statement (MPS) for central government AOs and budget narrative summaries for Local government AOs.

I hereby undertake, as the Accounting Officer, to achieve the performance requirements set out in Part A of this performance to deliver on the outputs and activities specified in the work plan of the Vote for FY 2017/18 subject to the avoid budgeted resources set out in Part B.

I, as the Accounting Officer, shall be responsible and personally accountable to Parliament for the activities of this also be personally accountable for a function or responsibility that is delegated, inclusive of all work performed or that I have authority and control over.

I understand that my performance will be assessed to ascertain whether I have met the requirements specified under

I also undertake to prepare and submit quarterly financial and physical performance progress reports to the Ministry Planning and Economic Development on the outputs set out in the workplans, and to provide quarterly workplan requests by the specified deadlines (PFM Act of 2015, Section 16(1) and 21(3)). I understand that the Ministry of Planning and Economic Development will not disburse funds unless it has received complete submissions of the a reports.

I commit to adhering to the responsibilities laid out in the letter appointing me as an Accounting Officer from the F Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury for FY2017/18.

Signed on Date:

Vote: 559 Kaabong District

Name and Signature:

Chief Administrative Officer/Accounting Officer

Kaabong District

Name and Signature:

Name and Signature:

Permanent Secretary to MoFPED

PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

Signed on Date:

Part A outlines the core performance requirements against which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote

PERFORMANCE AREA #1: Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability

Preamble: All Accounting Officers are expected to perform their job responsibilities in accordance with the Public Finance (PFM) Act 2015 and the Public Procurement and Disposal Act (PPDA) 2003 along with the Constitution and other laws to Republic of Uganda.

Accounting officers will be required to perform and their performance will be assessed annually in the following areas:

- 1.1 Adherence to Budget Requirements: Adherence to key budget requirements specified by MoFPED in the various Ci budget preparation. For local governments, this also includes adherence to budget requirements agreed between local governments responsible for sector conditional and unconditional grants and the Discretionary Development Equalisation Grants
- 1.2 Complete and timely submission of budget documents: Sector Budget Framework Paper, Ministerial Policy Statemen detailed budget estimates, annual cashflow plan, annual recruitment plan, annual procurement plans, accounting warrants are procurement plans that are submitted on time in accordance with the designated due date
- 1.3 Open and Transparent Procurement: Annual procurement plans and required information on tender prepared and pos procurement portal.
- 1.4 Prompt Processing of Payments: Monthly salaries, wages, invoices, certificates and pensions on time in accordance value date.

Public Accounts Committee.

PERFORMANCE AREA #2: Achieving Results in Priority Projects and Programs

Preamble: Accounting Officers are held accountable and are expected to oversee the implementation and delivery of physic projects and programs regardless of their stage and/or status. An Accounting Officer's performance in the planning and imfive priority Programmes and projects will be assessed

Central Government Accounting Officers must identify and specify five priority programmes (recurrent) or major infrastru (capital development) for their individual Votes and list them at the beginning of this Performance Contract. The top 5 properts or programs, should be the ones that contribute significantly to the achievement of sectoral or national goals. They on the basis of their size and/or policy priority.

It is critically important for AOs to track the performance of these Projects/programmes and ensure they are managed effective and ensure the ensure that ensure the ensure the ensure that ensure

For each priority Programme or Project, Accounting Officers will be assessed on performance in the following areas:

- 2.1 Alignment of plans with Policy: The alignment of priority Programmes and Projects workplans with vote, sectoral as strategies (NDP).
- 2.2 Achievement of planned results: The extent to which annual key performance indicators and targets are achieved for k programs
- 2.3 Timely and Predictable Implementation: The consistency of actual expenditures with budgeted cash flow and procure degree to which results are achieved within budget and without cost overruns
- 2.4 Procurement and Project Management: Adherence to all aspects of the PPDA Act and Regulations for procurements Programme/Project expenditure.
- 2.5 Monitoring & Follow Up: The adequacy and timeliness of information on priority Programmes and Projects in vote q and evaluation reports; follow up on performance issues identified relating to the Programme/Project identified via monitor audit and feedback processes.

NOTE:

Accounting Officers' performance will be assessed annually. MoFPED will distribute compliance and assessment tools to Officers within three months of the start of the financial year. These tools will set out how Accounting Officers can complete requirements and how they will be assessed.

National priorities for Local Governments will be identified centrally in consultation with the Local Government Association Prime Minister, National Planning Authority and Ministry of Local Government.

PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

Executive Summary

Revenue Performance and Plans

	2010	20	
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approved
1. Locally Raised Revenues	338,386	180,424	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	4,467,262	4,094,435	ĺ
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,910,014	8,261,499	1
2c. Other Government Transfers	4,159,528	4,633,627	
4. Donor Funding	4,589,057	1,340,107	j ,
Total Revenues	23,464,247	18,510,092	25

Planned Revenues for 2017/18

The total revenue is expected to increase by 25% majorly due to increased allocation of Other Government T (NUSAF3), Conditional Government Transfers, Sector Conditional Grant (Wage), Sector Conditional Grant Wage), Pension for Local Government and General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) and new allocations arrears (Budgeting). There is however a decline in YLP, Locally Raised Revenue and Donor Fundamental Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting).

Expenditure Performance and Plans

	2016/	2017/18	
	Approved Budget	Actual	Approved Budget
UShs 000's		Expenditure by	
03hs 000 s		end of March	
1a Administration	1,716,918	1,095,531	1,874,983
2 Finance	419,872	266,135	406,280
3 Statutory Bodies	681,926	400,450	631,933
4 Production and Marketing	3,899,972	398,694	6,885,745
5 Health	5,537,787	2,888,881	5,484,754
6 Education	5,849,267	3,880,491	6,885,271
7a Roads and Engineering	1,006,417	502,610	1,005,114
7b Water	1,166,337	212,541	1,159,690
8 Natural Resources	158,905	64,073	2,220,356
9 Community Based Services	2,551,321	772,641	2,240,722
10 Planning	421,246	111,611	462,373

Executive Summary

Funds will be spent for various activities and projects in the sectors. Save for Finance, Statutory Bodies, He Water, Community Based Services and Internal Audit, the rest of the Sectors have increased allocations of N Sectoral Transfers to LLGs following the introduction of the new DDEG guidelines that support investments promoting wealth creation. Education sector specially has an allocation of Transitional Development Grant for construction of Ik SEED Secondary School.

A. Revenue Performance and Plans

	201	2016/17		
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approv	
1. Locally Raised Revenues	338,386	180,424		
Royalties	3,063	1,028	İ	
Land Fees	313	965		
Local Service Tax	38,659	37,013	Ī	
Other Fees and Charges	59,645	8,491		
Agency Fees	65,640	10,250		
Locally Raised Revenues	171,067	122,677	T.	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	4,467,262	4,094,435		
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	40,848	40,848	İ	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	78,029	89,015	T	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	62,857	47,143	1	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	2,014,807	2,014,807		
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	1,516,974	1,337,312	T	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	753,747	565,310		
b. Conditional Government Transfers	9,910,014	8,261,499		
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	32,394	32,394	Ť.	
Fransitional Development Grant	65,466	26,348		
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	6,890,237	5,622,701		
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,140,183	1,468,808	İ	
Salary arrears (Budgeting)		0		
Pension for Local Governments	51,256	142,062	İ	
Development Grant	638,916	638,916		
Gratuity for Local Governments	91,563	330,270		
2c. Other Government Transfers	4,159,528	4,633,627	İ	
Other Government Transfer - UWEP	393,509	86,472	İ	
TDG (Health)		9,779	Ī	
Other Government Transfers - YLP	1,008,308	388,791	T _	
Other Government Transfers - UNEB		3,607		
Other Government Transfers - Regional Pastoral Livelihoods		0	1	

A. Revenue Performance and Plans

PRLPR	600,000	72,730	
UN - FAO	100,000	6,486	
UNFPA	337,777	265,442	
UNICEF	3,016,880	668,731	
United Nations - Women		0	
WHO	200,000	212,774	
United Nations Childrens' Fund (UNICEF)		0	Í
Total Revenues	23,464,247	18,508,802	2

Planned Revenues for 2017/18

(i) Locally Raised Revenues

The revenue is expected to decrease by 16% majorly due to the reduction in the development grants to the district w results in few projects that attract few bidders

(ii) Central Government Transfers

The revenue is expected to increase by 35%, majorly due to: - Increased allocation of NUSAF3 Funding, General P Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) and Pension for Local Governments; New funding of Transitional Developm for the construction of Ik SEED S.S and Salary arrears (Budgeting) and increased allocation of Sector Conditional (Wage). There is however a reduction in the allocation of Discretionary Development Equalization Grant, both Di Urban.

(iii) Donor Funding

The revenue is expected to decrease by 12% majorly because PRLPR which mistakenly treated as Donor Funding is 2016/17 is now treated as Other Government Transfer. There is however new Donor Funding of UN – Women.

Summary: Department Performance and Plans by Workplan

Workplan 1a: Administration

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	1,299,033	1,036,465	1,664,553
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	210,093	146,680	144,255
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	715,257	234,206	794,019
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	32,394	32,394	172,606
Gratuity for Local Governments	91,563	330,270	91,563
Locally Raised Revenues	61,635	26,451	31,383
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	126,734	90,272	99,634
Pension for Local Governments	51,256	142,062	189,416
Salary arrears (Budgeting)		0	132,089
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	10,101	34,130	9,589
Development Revenues	417,885	415,065	210,431
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	123,761	92,821	104,423
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	294,124	322,243	106,008
otal Revenues	1,716,918	1,451,530	1,874,983
3: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	1,299,033	723,608	1,664,553
Wage	725,358	268,336	803,608
Non Wage	573,675	455,272	860,944
Development Expenditure	417,885	371,922	210,431
Domestic Development	417,885	371,922	210,431
Donor Development	0	0	0
Fotal Expenditure	1,716,918	1,095,531	1,874,983

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

Revenue Performance was 85% because:- General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) was all release outturn in Pension for Local Governments, Gratuity for Local Governments, Urban Unconditional Grant (W Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. There was however low outturn in Locally Raised Revenues and D Unconditional Grant (Wage). Expenditure performance was 64% of the total annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Workplan 1a: Administration

Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1281 Local Police and Prisons			
Function Cost (UShs '000)	0	404,607	205,
Function: 1381 District and Urban Administration			
%age of LG establish posts filled	60	69	70
%age of staff appraised	99	60	99
%age of staff whose salaries are paid by 28th of every month	99	99	99
%age of pensioners paid by 28th of every month	99	34	99
No. (and type) of capacity building sessions undertaken	10	2	10
Availability and implementation of LG capacity building policy and plan	Yes	No	Yes
%age of staff trained in Records Management	99	99	99
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	1,716,918 1,716,918	1,095,531 1,095,531	1,669, 1,874,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

4 adverts run, 8 Evaluation Committee meetings conducted (3 open bid contracts and 67 selective bidding a Implementation of government programmes coordinated and supervised; 61 staff paid salaries; Balance for the that were trained was paid; Supervision and backstopping of LLG done; Public information collected and disseminated; Office of CAO fully maintained and functional.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Implementation of gov't programmes coordinated and supervised; 70% of established posts filled; 3 carrier deskills trainings undertaken; 3 basic functional skills undertaken; Exposure visit by the district councilors undertaken; Staff due for retirement mobilized and sensitized; Mentoring in perf. management appraisal and ROM undertaken; 2 adverts for contracts run; Central Gov't policy guidance offered; Lawful Coresolutions implemented.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The department does not expect any off-budget activities that will be undertaken by NGOs, Donors and Cen Government

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

Workplan 1a: Administration

3. Several Cases Involving the District

The district is involved in several court cases, some of which the district has lost and so the district must parties and this affects the already meager funds

Workplan 2: Finance

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand 2016/17		2016/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved	
	Budget	March	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	298,525	202,220	348,612	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	43,978	32,984	70,000	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	140,703	110,590	182,798	
Locally Raised Revenues	51,362	12,636	39,250	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	52,963	38,828	47,045	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	9,519	7,182	9,519	
Development Revenues	121,347	121,928	57,667	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	35,128	26,346	15,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	86,219	95,582	42,667	
otal Revenues	419,872	324,148	406,280	
3: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	298,525	201,745	348,612	
Wage	150,222	117,772	192,317	
Non Wage	148,303	83,973	156,296	
Development Expenditure	121,347	64,390	57,667	
Domestic Development	121,347	64,390	57,667	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	419,872	266,135	406,280	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was 77% majorly because of high outturn of:- District Unconditional Grant (Wage) for wage increments and arrears; Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Rec't due to increased allocation at LLGs was however low performance in Locally Raised Revenues due to poor revenue outturn. The expenditure per was 63% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Workplan 2: Finance

	and Planned outputs	Performance by End March	and Plan
Function: 1481 Financial Management and Accountability	$\overline{ty(LG)}$		
Date for submitting the Annual Performance Report	30/08/2016	31/3/2017	30/8/201
Value of LG service tax collection	38659	16151444	45659
Value of Other Local Revenue Collections	299727	0	299727
Date of Approval of the Annual Workplan to the Council	31/10/2017	31/3/2017	31/03/20
Date for presenting draft Budget and Annual workplan to the Council	01/01/2017	31/3/2017	15/3/201
Date for submitting annual LG final accounts to Auditor General	30/08/2016	31/3/2017	31/8/201
Function Cost (UShs '000)	419,872	266,135	406,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	419,872	266,135	406

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

1 laptop computer supplied; Warranting and invoicing done; Responses submitted to Auditor General's Offi paid for 26 staff; 1 vehicle maintained.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Sensitization, mobilization and collection of Locally Raised Revenue; Overseeing the performance of Reven Enhancement Committees at all levels; Ensuring efficient and effective Financial management; Coordinating preparation of quality district plans, budgets and performance reports.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The department does not have any off budget activities being undrtaken by NGOS, Donors and the central C

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Understaffing

The department lacks the senior staff such as the Chief Finance Officer, Principal Accountant and Senior Accountant and Senior Accountant makes the SAAs over loaded with all the responsibilities of the missing officers.

2. Low Revenue Collections

There is limited revenue base and viable economic activities in the district to attract taxes. This makes the depend on the Central Government Transfers

Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

	Budget	March	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	675,406	412,048	631,933	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	283,524	194,294	235,859	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	224,189	122,070	217,714	
Locally Raised Revenues	47,253	6,626	44,610	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	113,224	79,616	126,534	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	7,216	9,442	7,216	
Development Revenues	6,520	4,250		
Donor Funding		750		
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	6,520	3,500		
Total Revenues	681,926	416,298	631,933	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	675,406	396,200	631,933	
Wage	231,405	131,512	224,930	
Non Wage	444,001	264,689	407,003	
Development Expenditure	6,520	4,250	0	
Domestic Development	6,520	3,500	0	
Donor Development	0	750	0	
Total Expenditure	681,926	400,450	631,933	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was 61% majorly because not all the budgeted Locally Raised Revenues was received low revenue turnout and a number of Political Leaders did not receive all their salaries due to late access to the payroll. There was also poor performance in Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't due to the reduced allow the LLG levels. There was however over performance in Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage) because the IPF lower than the actual wage earned. The expenditure performance was 59% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Revenue is expected to decrease by 7% due to the reduction in the allocation of District Unconditional Grant Wage) and Local Revenue and non-allocation of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. The expenditure v majorly be conducting council meetings, procurement management, staff recruitment, land management, LG accountability, political and executive oversight and Standing Committee meetings, payment of salaries and councilors' allowances, repair of the vehicles, IT equipments and payment of salaries.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

2017

Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No. of land applications (registration, renewal, lease extensions) cleared	100	25	90
No. of Land board meetings	6	0	4
No.of Auditor Generals queries reviewed per LG	5	0	4
No. of LG PAC reports discussed by Council	4	0	4
No of minutes of Council meetings with relevant resolutions	7	5	7
Function Cost (UShs '000)	681,926	400,450	631,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	681,926	400,450	631,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

4 Council and 4 Standing Committee meetings conducted; 7 Contracts Committee and 2 Evaluation Commeetings conducted; 2 motor vehicles and 1 motorcycle repaired and serviced; 23 staff paid salaries.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

6 council meetings conducted, Small office equipment purchased; 2 motor vehicles and 1 motorcycle repaire serviced; 27 staffs paid salaries,4 Contract Committee meetings conducted, 4 reports produced,4 DSC quarte meetings conducted, DPAC meetings conducted.12 meetings/workshops attended by the DEC, District Spe vice Speaker,6 Standing Committee meetings conducted. The planned outputs will be achieved as per the p activities and attached budgets.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector are induction of councillors on relevant laws and other statutory instruments etc.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Inadequate funding

Inadequate funding becomes a challenge to the department because all the planned activities cannot be achieved

2. Inadequate staffing

Most Boards and Commissions do not have substantive staffs appointed to manage them. For example, the

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

UShs Thousand	UShs Thousand 2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved	
	Budget	March	Budget	
: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	301,355	226,001	297,587	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	35,923	26,723	33,636	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		204	1,999	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	69,950	52,462	66,470	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	195,482	146,612	195,482	
Development Revenues	3,598,617	4,353,038	6,588,158	
Development Grant	69,333	69,333	64,819	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	53,474	40,105		
Donor Funding	700,000	78,466		
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	18,100	20,156	488,094	
Other Transfers from Central Government	2,757,711	4,144,978	6,035,246	
tal Revenues	3,899,972	4,579,038	6,885,745	
Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	301,355	118,698	297,587	
Wage	231,405	73,879	229,118	
Non Wage	69,950	44,819	68,469	
Development Expenditure	3,598,617	279,996	6,588,158	_
Domestic Development	2,898,617	202,562	6,588,158	
Donor Development	700,000	77,434	0	
tal Expenditure	3,899,972	398,694	6,885,745	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The cumulative revenue performance was 117% majorly because:- More than the budgeted Other Governmer Transfers (NUSAF 3) were released; Development Grant was all released by Q3; There was increased allocat Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. There was however poor performance in Donor Funding as there lo of funds by UN-FAO. The expenditure performance was only 6% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Revenue has increased by 77% majorly due to increased allocation of: - Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs as new DDEG guidelines that require investments that promote wealth creation and (NUSAF3) due to expans investments and creation of additional water shades. There is however no allocation of DDEG at the district expenditure will focus on Production infrastructure development, improvement of the genetic potential of the breeds marketing and promotion of saving culture, crop and livestock improved technologies interventions,

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

	2016/17		2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 0181 Agricultural Extension Services			•	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	213,582	55,663	685,	
Function: 0182 District Production Services				
No. of livestock vaccinated	150000	180759	210000	
No. of livestock by type undertaken in the slaughter slabs	2555	2819	3000	
No. offish ponds stocked	3	0	1	
Quantity of fish harvested	2000	0	0	
Number of anti vermin operations executed quarterly	4	3	4	
No. of parishes receiving anti-vermin services	14	11	8	
No. oftsetse traps deployed and maintained	480	500	500	
No ofplant clinics/mini laboratories constructed	0	0	01	
No of plant marketing facilities constructed	2	2	0	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	3,656,670	330,911	6,182,	

Function: 0183 District Commercial Services

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No of awareness radio shows participated in	2	1	1
No. oftrade sensitisation meetings organised at the district/Municipal Council	1	01	1
No ofbusinesses inspected for compliance to the law	250	100	300
No ofbusinesses issued with trade licenses	250	0	300
No of awareneness radio shows participated in	2	1	1
No ofbusinesses assited in business registration process	50	0	50
No. of enterprises linked to UNBS for product quality and standards	3	0	2
No. of producers or producer groups linked to market internationally through UEPB	0	0	01
No. of market information reports desserminated	4	3	04
No of cooperative groups supervised	14	14	12
No. of cooperative groups mobilised for registration	9	4	08
No. of cooperatives assisted in registration	12	8	08
No. oftourism promotion activities mean stremed in district development plans	2	1	02
No. and name ofhospitality facilities (e.g. Lodges, hotels and restaurants)	20	9	10
No. and name of new tourism sites identified	2	0	02
No. of producer groups identified for collective value addition support	10	10	0
No. of value addition facilities in the district	30	0	0
A report on the nature of value addition support existing and needed	Yes	NO	No
No. of Tourism Action Plans and regulations developed	1	1	01
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	29,720 3,899,972	12,120 398,694	17, 6,885,

Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

Action Plan and regulation developed; Food security assessment conducted in all the 19 LLGs in the district LLGs supervised, monitored and mentored; Q1 and Q2 progress reports submitted to MAAIF; 1vehicle reparaments salaries paid; Community facilitators supervised; 10 Community facilitators paid monthly facilitation allowance for 3 months; bio-data collected from beneficiary households; EPRA selection process conducted; projects generated, approved and endorsed.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

210,000 livestock vaccinated, de-wormed and sprayed; 3000 carcasses inspected for human consumption; 1 in Sangar Subcounty stocked with fish; 1 plant clinic constructed at the district headquarter and 5000 tablets trypanacidals procured, 5 notice boards for display of market information procured for Kaabong T/C and four trading centres of Karenga, Kapedo, Kalapata and Kathile; Oxen and ox-ploughs under procured NUSAF 3; shows conducted for trade development and promotion; Cooperative mobilization and outreach services cond 600 tsetse traps procured and deployed.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Construction of dams, procurement of one four wheel vehicle for production department, procurement of 19 motorcycles for extension staff, procurement of 150,000 doses of pour on acaricide for control of tsetse flies, procurement of 150,000 doses of trypanacidal for control of nagana in livestock and procurement of 300,000 assorted vaccines for livestock.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Under staffing

There are only 5 staff out of the required 15 for the district and only 12 of the required 38 for the LLGs

2. Transport

There is only 1 vehicle which is also in a bad mechanical condition and only 1 functional motorcycle

3. Drought

In the last season, the ditrict received less than 20 rainy days. This affected crop performance and most of the seedlings dried up

Workplan 5: Health

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved Outturn by end	Approved

rkplan 5: Health Donor Funding	2,014,335	831,070	2,010,335
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	233,076	247,944	36,122
Other Transfers from Central Government	,	9,779	
Transitional Development Grant	39,118	0	
al Revenues	5,537,787	3,640,714	5,484,754
Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	3,131,259	2,019,845	3,308,297
	3,131,259 2,724,120	2,019,845 1,730,724	3,308,297 2,850,123
Recurrent Expenditure			
Recurrent Expenditure Wage	2,724,120	1,730,724	2,850,123
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage	2,724,120 407,139	1,730,724 289,121	2,850,123 458,175
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage Development Expenditure	2,724,120 407,139 2,406,528	1,730,724 289,121 869,036	2,850,123 458,175 2,176,457

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

Revenue performance was 66% majorly because of non-release of Transitional Development Grant and low red Donor Funding and Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Re't. There was however high performance in Sector Conditional Grant (Wage) and high allocation of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. Expenditure performance only 52% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Revenue has decreased by 1% due to low allocation of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't due to the in of new DDEG guidelines that support investments promoting wealth creation and non-allocation of Transition Grant. There is however increased allocation of Wage and DDEG. Funds will be used for construction of state accommodation and rehabilitation of solar power, Reproductive Health activities, immunization campaigns, HIV/AIDS, Nutrition, ICCM and YFS.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget	Expenditure and	Approved
	and Planned	Performance by	and Plani
	outputs	End March	outputs

Function: 0881 Primary Healthcare

Workplan 5: Health

	20	16/17	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Value of essential medicines and health supplies delivered to health facilities by NMS	697499045	470597539	69749904	
Value of health supplies and medicines delivered to health facilities by NMS	697499045	470597539	69749904	
Number of health facilities reporting no stock out of the 6 tracer drugs.	30	30	30	
Number of outpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	13925	8647	17803	
Number of inpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	452	757	452	
No. and proportion of deliveries conducted in the NGO Basic health facilities	675	140	963	
Number of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine in the NGO Basic health facilities	599	592	<mark>766</mark>	
Number of trained health workers in health centers	210	157	230	
No oftrained health related training sessions held.	8	6	8	
Number of outpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	154952	131487	154316	
Number of inpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	4155	8714	6696	
No and proportion of deliveries conducted in the Govt. health facilities	7876	2910	7484	
% age of approved posts filled with qualified health workers	70	60	70	
% age of Villages with functional (existing, trained, and reporting quarterly) VHTs.	99	99	99	
No of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine	6983	4048	74072	
No of staff houses constructed	0	0	1	
No of OPD and other wards rehabilitated	2	0	0	

Workplan 5: Health

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
%age of approved posts filled with trained health workers	70	60	70
Number of inpatients that visited the District/General Hospital(s)in the District/ General Hospitals.	8000	10090	9128
No. and proportion of deliveries in the District/General hospitals	700	529	590
Number of total outpatients that visited the District/ General Hospital(s).	12500	28367	10500
Function Cost (UShs '000) Function: 0883 Health Management and Supervision	1,201,689	841,370	1,249,
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	2,182,878 5,537,787	779,172 2,888,881	2,224, 5,484

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Value of essential medicines and health supplies delivered to HFs by NMS was 470,597,539; 30 health facility reported no stock out of the 6 tracer drugs; NGO HFs had 8,647 out patients; 757 inpatients visited the NGO HFs; 140 deliveries conducted in the NGO Basic HFs; 592 children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine in Basic HFs; 157 health workers in trained in HFs; 6 health related training sessions held; 131,487 outpatient the Govt. HFs; 8,714 inpatients visited the Govt. HFs; 2,910 deliveries conducted in the Govt. HFs; 60 % approved posts filled with qualified health workers; 99 % of Villages with functional (existing, trained, and a quarterly) VHTs; 4,048 children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine in Govt. HFs; 10,090 inpatients visit District Hospital; 529 deliveries conducted in the District Hospital; 28,367 outpatients visited the District Hospital

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

4 quarterly support supervisions to lower HUs conducted; Patients attended to; Immunization done; ANC, I laboratory services, surgeries in the hospital and HC IV conducted; 1 staff house constructed at Kakamar HC power rehabilitated at the doctors house in the maternity of Karenga HCIV

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Equipment for some health facilities will be procured by Mercy Corps. Italian Cooperation will construct statin Lokolia HC III, Kalapata HC III and Kapedo HC III.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

Workplan 5: Health

3. Lack of Ambulaces

Ambulances of the district are now more than 5 years old, break down frequently and their maintenance costs unaffordable

Workplan 6: Education

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	4,671,687	3,791,119	5,141,435
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)		0	10,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	63,263	47,447	64,936
Locally Raised Revenues	16,436	5,700	8,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	9,433	19,518	20,103
Other Transfers from Central Government		3,607	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	611,921	407,850	738,741
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	3,970,634	3,306,997	4,299,655
Development Revenues	1,177,580	783,401	1,743,836
Development Grant	193,664	193,664	192,952
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	150,000	112,500	245,000
Donor Funding	425,216	88,209	425,216
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	408,700	389,028	28,001
Transitional Development Grant		0	852,667
Total Revenues	5,849,267	4,574,520	6,885,271
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	4,671,687	3,481,457	5,141,435
Wage	4,033,897	3,050,859	4,364,591
Non Wage	637,790	430,599	776,844
Development Expenditure	1,177,580	399,034	1,743,836
Domestic Development	752,364	321,710	1,318,620
Donor Development	425,216	77,324	425,216
Total Expenditure	5,849,267	3,880,491	6,885,271

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was at 78% majorly because: - More than the expected Sector Conditional Grant (V

Workplan 6: Education

Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. Funds will be spent on the construction of classrooms, staff houses and latrines, p ECD activities, improving on retention and completion rates, building the capacity of SMCs, support super monitoring, school inspection and co-curricular activities.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plan outputs	
Function: 0781 Pre-Primary and Primary Education			•	
No. of teachers paid salaries	529	520	783	
No. of qualified primary teachers	518	470	783	
No. of pupils enrolled in UPE	45725	47672	45725	
No. of student drop-outs	2000	2355	2000	
No. of Students passing in grade one	50	71	70	
No. of pupils sitting PLE	1150	1190	1420	
No. of classrooms constructed in UPE	4	4	4	
No. of latrine stances constructed	7	7	2	
No. of teacher houses constructed	4	0	12	
No. ofteacher houses rehabilitated	0	0	00	
No. of primary schools receiving furniture	3	3	0	
Function Cost (UShs '000) Function: 0782 Secondary Education	4,603,063	3,102,906	4,610,	
No. of students enrolled in USE	1571	1538	1600	
No. ofteaching and non teaching staffpaid	60	22	60	
No. of students passing O level	60	180	65	
No. of students sitting O level	90	200	95	
No. of classrooms constructed in USE	0	0	4	
No. of Administration blocks rehabilitated	0	0	1	
No. of ICT laboratories completed	0	0	1	
No. of science laboratories constructed	0	0	1	
			the state of the s	

201 538

Function Cost (UShs '000)

Workplan 6: Education

	2016/17		2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No. of primary schools inspected in quarter	62	52	62
No. of secondary schools inspected in quarter	3	3	3
No. of tertiary institutions inspected in quarter	1	1	1
No. of inspection reports provided to Council	4	3	4
Function Cost (UShs '000)	575,895	176,630	<i>596,</i>
Function: 0785 Special Needs Education			
No. of SNE facilities operational	1	1	1
No. of children accessing SNE facilities	5	5	10
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,000	0	5,.
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	5,849,267	3,880,491	6,885,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

520 Primary Teachers paid salaries; 470 qualified primary teachers; 47,672 pupils enrolled in UPE; 2,355 p dropped out of primary schools; 71 pupils passed in grade one; 1,190 pupils sat PLE; 4 classrooms construct UPE; 7 latrine stances constructed; 3 primary schools received furniture; 1,538 students enrolled in USE; 2 and non-teaching staff of Secondary Schools paid salaries; 180 students passed O'level; 200 students sat O'l Instructors of the Technical Institute paid salaries; 137 students in tertiary education; 52 primary schools in secondary schools inspected; 1 tertiary institution inspected; 3 inspection reports provided to Council; 1 SN operational; 5 children accessed SNE facilities.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

4 classrooms constructed in, Lomunyen and Pajar primary schools; 4 unit staff houses constructed with one Women teachers in each school in Lokasangate, Lomanok and Narengepak Primary Schools; 2 stance line la constructed for girls in Kakamar Primary Schools and construction of the Seeds Secondary school (4 classro Administrative block, 10 latrine stances, kitchen and store) in Kamion Sub county in IK Land.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

GBS campaign and education Barazas for improvement of enrollment and better performance especially of gived education, operationalization of ECD policy and its activities, building capacities of staff, building of dormit girls in boarding schools, WASH activities in schools, scholarship for bright children, grant aiding and cod Community Primary Schools.

Workplan 6: Education

There are 16 Community Primary Schools to have all school going age children access quality education ne villages instead of walking for long distances in search of formal schools where girls can be abused easily. T coded not grantt aided

3. High illiteracy rate especially among the female population

The enrollment of children especially girls is very low as there is high dropout rate of girls from P.4. The li in the district is at 10% and for girls is 6%. This means the percentage of the school going age at home is h

Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved	
	Budget	March	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	1,006,417	673,037	950,177	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	52,143	33,226	86,348	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	9,444	6,926	6,513	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	931,256	624,833	843,795	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	13,575	8,052	13,521	
Development Revenues		0	54,937	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		0	54,937	
Total Revenues	1,006,417	673,037	1,005,114	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	1,006,417	502,610	950,177	
Wage	65,718	41,723	99,870	
Non Wage	940,699	460,887	850,308	
Development Expenditure	0	0	54,937	
Domestic Development	0	0	54,937	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	1,006,417	502,610	1,005,114	

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was 67% majorly because less than all the planned revenues were received (the performance was poor because the District and Town Engineers were on interdiction and on half pay). The expenditure performance was only 50% of the annual budget.

On automost Paragraph and Error diture Allocations Plans for 2017/19

Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0481 District, Urban and Community Access Roa	uds .		
No of bottle necks removed from CARs	18	13	18
Length in Km. of urban roads upgraded to bitumen standard	0	1	0
Length in Kmof Urban unpaved roads routinely maintained	12	6	8
Length in Kmof Urban unpaved roads periodically maintained	6	3	6
Length in KmofDistrict roads routinely maintained	239	45	190
Length in KmofDistrict roads periodically maintained	12	5	44
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	1,006,417 1,006,417	502,610 502,610	1,005, 1,005,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

13 bottle necks removed from CARs; 1 Km. of urban roads upgraded to bitumen standard; 5 Km of District periodically maintained; 6 Km of Urban unpaved roads routinely maintained; 3 Km of Urban unpaved roads periodically maintained; 45 Km of District roads routinely maintained; Road equipment repaired and mainta Road gangs recruited and working on routine maintenance; 8 staffs were paid salaries.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

190 kms of district roads routinely maintained; 44 kms of district roads periodically maintained; 18 road bo in Community Access roads removed. Road equipment maintained, Community and Urban Uganda Road to Sub Counties and Town Council accordingly.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Central Government may undertake the opening of at least 35 kms of road (18 kms of Timu to Oropoi road kms of Kalapata, Lokwakaramoe to Koumate to Kenya border road). And Uganda National Road Authority, Station to implement the Rehabilitation of 65 km of Kalapata-Kuamate-Kenya Boarder road and 44 km of K Lolelia-Lowakuj-Karenga road.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1 Unredictable budget cuts

Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

3. Restriction to only maintenance of existing district roads

The district has a lot of pressure to increase its current road networks due to the prevailing peace but because Road Fund only restricts funding to maintenance of existing roads, it is a very big challenge to connect new communities.

Workplan 7b: Water

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	87,581	64,714	82,039
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	21,510	16,135	18,386
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	2,984	1,444	3,081
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	55,346	41,510	52,321
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	7,740	5,626	8,251
Development Revenues	1,078,757	495,395	1,077,651
Development Grant	375,919	375,919	338,987
Donor Funding	662,850	77,074	662,850
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	17,987	20,402	55,176
Transitional Development Grant	22,000	22,000	20,638
Total Revenues	1,166,337	560,109	1,159,690
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	87,581	62,406	82,039
Wage	29,250	21,761	26,637
Non Wage	58,330	40,645	55,402
Development Expenditure	1,078,757	150,135	1,077,651
Domestic Development	415,906	73,061	414,801
Donor Development	662,850	77,074	662,850
Total Expenditure	1,166,337	212,541	1,159,690

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was 48% majorly because of low release of Donor Funding by UNICEF and low all of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Rec't. There was however high performance in Development and Transfers to LLGs-Dev't due to increase allocation by the LLGs. Expenditure performance was only 18% of the annual budget.

Workplan 7b: Water

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0981 Rural Water Supply and Sanitation			
No. of supervision visits during and after construction	10	5	13
No. of water points tested for quality	107	24	107
No. of District Water Supply and Sanitation Coordination Meetings	4	2	4
No. of Mandatory Public notices displayed with financial information (release and expenditure)	4	2	4
No. of water points rehabilitated	0	2	0
No. of water and Sanitation promotional events undertaken	16	7	16
No. of water user committees formed.	25	12	25
No. of Water User Committee members trained	25	27	225
No. of private sector Stakeholders trained in preventative maintenance, hygiene and sanitation	1	1	1
No. of advocacy activities (drama shows, radio spots, public campaigns) on promoting water, sanitation and good hygiene practices	1	1	1
No. of public latrines in RGCs and public places	1	1	1
No. of deep boreholes drilled (hand pump, motorised)	0	0	7
No. of deep boreholes rehabilitated	10	7	16
No. of piped water supply systems constructed (GFS, borehole pumped, surface water)	1	0	0
No. of piped water supply systems rehabilitated (GFS, borehole pumped, surface water)	2	2	0
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	1,166,337 1,166,337	212,541 212,541	1,159, 1,159,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

5 approximate visits conducted during and often constructions 24 years points tosted for qualitys 2 District W

Workplan 7b: Water

5 boreholes drilled; 16 boreholes rehabilitated; 2 water system rehabilitated; Post construction to 45 WSCs district supported formation of 25 WUCs water quality monitoring of 107 boreholes; 20 villages triggered; stance lined latrine constructed. 13 supervision visits made 4 coordination meetings conducted

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

KAPDA is to rehabilitate 20 boreholes; Goal plans to drill 4 boreholes; GIZ with Karamoja Umbrella Org. rehabilitate Kathile and Kalapata water systems; UNICEF will undertake the construction of Lokolia water s scheme; MoW&E will provide mini-water supply scheme in Kalapata and drilling of 12 boreholes in all the tanks under KALIP.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Practice on HWF usage is still low 9%

There is still negative attitude of some communities towards good sanitation and hygiene

2. Low latrine coverage at 26%

There is low involvement of local leaders in the mobilization and sensitization of communities on the imposanitation at household levels

3. High rate of breakdown of facilities

The dry spells always make animals take water from boreholes and as a result there is a lot of usage resulting facilities breaking down.

Workplan 8: Natural Resources

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	43,620	33,019	53,722
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)		0	8,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	27,253	19,654	30,220
Locally Raised Revenues		0	2,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	4,309	4,460	2,263
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	6,771	5,079	5,998
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	5,287	3,826	5,240

Workplan 8: Natural Resource	res		
Total Revenues	158,905	93,694	2,220,356
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditur	res:		
Recurrent Expenditure	43,620	27,768	53,722
Wage	32,540	23,480	35,460
Non Wage	11,081	4,288	18,262
Development Expenditure	115,285	36,305	2,166,635
Domestic Development	80,885	33,700	2,132,235
Donor Development	34,400	2,606	34,400
Total Expenditure	158,905	64,073	2,220,356

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was only 59% majorly because of poor outturn of the Donor Funding and low allow Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. There was however more than the budgeted allocation of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Rec't. The expenditure performance was only 40% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The revenue is expected to increase by 2197% due to new allocations of District Unconditional Grant (Non-Locally Raised Revenues and Other Transfers from Central Government (NUSAF3). There is also increased of District Unconditional Grant (Wage) for the recruitment of the DNRO and Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLG given the new DDEG guidelines that demand for investments that promote wealth creation. Funds will be sestablishment of wood lots, tree nurseries and trainings.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

No of monitoring and compliance surveys undertaken

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0983 Natural Resources Management			
Area (Ha) of trees established (planted and surviving)	4	1	500
No. of monitoring and compliance surveys/inspections undertaken	4	0	0
No. of Water Shed Management Committees formulated	4	0	4
No. of community women and men trained in ENR	200	0	0

Workplan 8: Natural Resources

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Seedlings in the community nurseries produced; Wood lots established at the LLGs with funds for watersh NUSAF3; Training in Wetlands management conducted.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The department does not expect any off-budget funds from NGOs, Donors and Central Government except t small grants for project monitoring and supervision of three projects.

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Understaffing

There are only 3 staff, Environment Officer, Physical Planner and Land Supervisor for Kaabong T/C. This context is existing staff and service delivery in the district.

2. Transport

The only mode of transport available is use of motor cycles (3 motorcyles). This hamphers the implentation activities.

3. Underfunding

The conditional grant that the department receives is for wetlands and this leaves the land management sector funding

Workplan 9: Community Based Services

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	326,757	229,435	371,189
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)		0	10,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	202,882	145,502	237,344
Locally Raised Revenues	4,109	0	2,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	38,579	23,452	46,839
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	66,747	50,061	60,827
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	14,439	10,421	14,179
Development Revenues	2 224 564	860 318	1 869 533

Workplan 9: Community Based Services Total Revenues 2,551,321 1,089,753 2,240,722 B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure 326,757 194,793 371,189 Wage 217,321 155,923 251,523

Total Expenditure	2,551,321	772,641	2,240,722
Donor Development	615,152	94,026	760,631
Domestic Development	1,609,412	483,822	1,108,902
Development Expenditure	2,224,564	577,848	1,869,533
Non Wage	109,435	38,870	119,666
Wage	217,321	155,923	251,523
Recurrent Expenditure	326,757	194,793	371,189

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The revenue performance was only 43% and this was majorly because no was received at all, low outturn of Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Rec't and very low outturn of Donor Funding and Other Transfers from Central Government. However, Transitional Development Grant was all released. The expenditure performance was of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Planned revenue has decreased by 12% due to non-allocation of Transitional Development Grant and the red allocation to YLP funding and Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage). Expenditure will be in: - Gender equation women empowerment; Youth Livelihood Programme; Community mobilization; Adult learning; Special grant PWDs; Conditional transfers to Women, Youth and Disability Councils; GBV and child protection.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

No. of Youth councils supported

No. of assisted aids supplied to disabled and elderly

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 1081 Community Mobilisation and Empowern	nent			
No. of children settled	80	67	80	
No. of Active Community Development Workers	19	19	19	
No. FAL Learners Trained	3696	1879	4598	
No. of children cases (Juveniles) handled and settled	36	46	50	

4

16

2

0

Workplan 9: Community Based Services

parish community dialogues conducted on key family practices focusing on nutrition and ECD; 1 women co supported; 19 Community Development Workers were active; 20 staff paid.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Social protection undertaken; Gender equality and women empowerment promoted; GBV reduced; Grants expouth groups through various grants in the department i.e. special grant for PWDs; Communities mobilized participate in development programmes and projects; Women, youth and disability councils supported; Adulearning activities undertaken; YLP funds transferred to at least 100 beneficiary groups; 38 community group and supported with UWEP funds.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development through the Social Assistance Grant for the Elderly is a to support the department to provide social security to 1,400 older persons (100 per LLG) across the district will be additional 1,289 (100 per LLG, but Loyoro only raised 27 and Lolelia raised only 62).

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Untimely Absorption of Funds

Youth Groups are very slow in responding to requests for proposals to access YLP grants. It delays the time disbursement of funds to LLGs and subsequently to the groups.

2. Staffing Gaps

The departments staffing level is low. However, most of these staffs have been assigned responsibilities as A SASs. This has also compounded the problem of low absorption of funds due to less community mobilization result of few staff.

3. Limited Transport

Transport is still a challenge for the district level staff and new Subcounties . All the 14 old Subcounties no motorcycles. We have one vehicle which is becoming old and expensive to maintain. It breaks down most of

Workplan 10: Planning

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget

A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:

Workplan 10: Planning			
Total Revenues	421,246	233,034	462,373
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	74,141	34,934	104,002
Wage	21,421	15,789	38,718
Non Wage	52,720	19,145	65,284
Development Expenditure	347,105	76,677	358,372
Domestic Development	210,000	46,751	221,267
Donor Development	137,105	29,926	137,105
Total Expenditure	421,246	111,611	462,373

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

The cumulative revenue performance was only 55% of the annual budget majorly due to poor outturn of Loc Raised Revenue and non-receipt of Donor Funding in 3rd quarter from UNICEF (as a result of adjustment of plans and budgets to cater for the new rates of allowances) and UNFPA (due to the budget cuts by the donor expenditure performance was only 26% of the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Revenue has increased by 10% majorly due to increased allocation of District Unconditional Grant (NWR) at to the Sector. There is however decreased allocation of Locally Raised Revenues as the general collection by district has drastically reduced. The Sector will undertake:- Fencing of Lopedo Airstrip; Designing of the C Chambers; Renovation of Planning Unit Office block; Completion of the dormitory and fencing in Kaabong Training School; Coordination of planning, data and information management; Monitoring and reporting.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1383 Local Government Planning Services			
No ofqualified staffin the Unit	3	2	3
No of Minutes of TPC meetings	12	9	12
Function Cost (UShs '000)	421,246	111,611	462,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	421,246	111,611	462,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Workplan 10: Planning

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The department has not yet got any information regarding off-budget activities since some partners have not interest

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. Under Staffing

The department has only 2 substantive staff, the Population Officer and Assistant Statistical Officer and this effective service delivery difficult

2. Limited Funding

Planning Unit being the coordination office has no conditional grant for information management, coordination planning, reporting monitoring and evaluation of service delivery and programme implementation in the dis

3. Duplication of AWPs Budgets and Reports

Due to poor coordination at the centre, numerous work plans, budgets and reports are submitted using different formats. MoFPED/OPM should coordinate other MDAs so as to have one comprehensive tool for work plant preparation and reporting.

Workplan 11: Internal Audit

(i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	38,643	23,594	44,503
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)		0	10,000
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	12,429	10,397	12,437
Locally Raised Revenues	8,218	0	4,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	7,844	5,594	7,551
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	10,153	7,603	10,515
Development Revenues	15,634	12,134	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	14,000	10,500	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	1,634	1,634	
Total Revenues	54,277	35,728	44,503

Workplan 11: Internal Audit

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

he revenue performance was 66% majorly because there was no transfer of Locally Raised Revenues to the de There was however high performance in District Unconditional Grant (Wage) because low wage had been pla and also increased allocation of Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't at 100%. The expenditure performance also at 66% of the annual budget as all the released funds were spent.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The expected revenue shows 18% decrease majorly as a result of reduced allocation of Locally Raised Reven allocation of District DDEG and Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs-Dev't. There is however new allocation of Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage). The expenditures will basically be for recurrent activities in the managem Internal Audit Office and Internal Audit activities.

(ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1482 Internal Audit Services			
No. of Internal Department Audits	4	3	4
Date of submitting Quaterly Internal Audit Reports	30/10/2016	30/04/2017	31/10/20
Function Cost (UShs '000)	54,277	35,728	44,.
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	54,277	35,728	44,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

45 Primary Schools, 15 Lower Level Health Facilities, 1 Secondary School and 1 Technical Institute audite quarterly audit reports submitted to the relevant offices; Drugs and Assets Audit conducted; 3 staff paid salar productions of 2017/10

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

12 district departments, 62 Primary Schools, 24 Health Facilities, 18 LLGs and all the projects to be imple by the district audited

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

There are no details of any off-budget activities that will be undertaken by NGOs, Donors and Central Government

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

Workplan 11: Internal Audit

3. Untimely implementation of Internal Audit recommendations

Management does not act timely on the recommendations of the deprtment more often than it is required