# Structure of Budget Framework Paper

**Foreword** 

**Executive Summary** 

A: Revenue Performance and Plans

 $B \colon Summary \ of \ Performance \ by \ Department$ 

### **Foreword**

Kisoro District Local Government has prepared this Budget Framework Paper (BFP) for FY 2017/18 in line provisions of section 77of the Local Government Act, Regulation 18 of the Local Governments Financial an Accounting Regulations and in accordance with the National Development Plan II priorities. This BFP is a wide consultations with stakeholders and partners in the development in the District. A budget conference w 24/11/2016 to review performance and agree on priorities for FY 2017/18 that have been integrated in this do During the Plan period, the district will continue to deliver services in line with the decentralisation policy. upon all stakeholders in the development of this district to fulfill their various mandates as specified in this contact we attain our Vision, Mission, Goals and objectives. I wish to appreciate and extend my sincere grathed District Executive Committee (on behalf of the District Council) for their guidance on policy matters. I wilk to thank most heartily the various Planning Committees at both the District and Lower Local Government for the technical input provided during preparation of this BFP. I acknowledge the contribution that the local communities made through provision of valuable information during the various consultation meetings. The expressions will definitely contribute significantly to the attainment of our Vision of achieving "A United, Health Community".

Wilson Tibugyenda, CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER-KISORO DLG

## **Executive Summary**

#### **Revenue Performance and Plans**

	2016/17		20
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End September	Proposed
1. Locally Raised Revenues	649,255	150,579	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,213,782	803,446	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	22,347,969	5,779,924	2
2c. Other Government Transfers	518,251	70,937	
4. Donor Funding	1,362,222	13,862	
Total Revenues	28,091,480	6,818,748	2

Revenue Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The District had an annual budget of Ushs 29,453,702,000 and cumulative receipts performed at 23%. The last continued to perform poorly in a number of revenue sources especially advertisements, Local Hotel Tax, registration of business es. There is need for more effort in collection of such revenues. Central Government last continued to transfer funds promptly and performed as expected. However, Youth Livelihood Fund performed because this is the time for recovery of the revolv

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

7a Roads and Engineering

The district expects to receive funds from Local Raised Revenue, Central Government Transfers and Donors 2017-18. But there is a net reduction in the budget because of a reduction in DDEG, non existence of Tran Development Grant, Gratuity and Pension Arrears in FY 2017/18. Strategies to increase Local Revenue have put in place. New funding for UWEP will be continuing from MoGLSD. We expect Donor funding for Birth Registration of children under five years, holding Education

#### **Expenditure Performance and Plans**

	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved Budget	Actual	Proposed Budget	
UShs 000's		Expenditure by		
Cana ooo a		end Sept		
1a Administration	2,462,466	720,781	2,318,238	
2 Finance	511,345	106,743	426,831	
3 Statutory Bodies	660,736	118,706	626,046	
4 Production and Marketing	458,117	87,852	431,143	
5 Health	6,547,513	1,399,134	6,511,223	
6 Education	14,426,325	3,487,070	14,457,572	

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## **Executive Summary**

	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved Budget	Actual	Proposed Budget	
UShs 000's		Expenditure by		
USns 000 s		end Sept		
Grand Total	28,091,480	6,304,571	27,751,861	
Wage Rec't:	19,799,292	4,894,309	19,763,726	
Non Wage Rec't:	5,123,717	1,253,550	4,971,922	
Domestic Dev't	1,806,248	142,850	1,653,990	
Donor Dev't	1,362,222	13,862	1,362,222	

Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The district had an annual budget of Ushs 28,091,480,000 and the cumulative expenditure of Ushs 6,304,57 representing 21% performance of the annual budget. Out of eleven sectors, eight spent well above 80% of the implying a high absorption capacity. All departments that have hardware activities e.g. Water Sector perform because the contractors had not presented payment certificates.

### Planned Expenditures for 2017/18

The district planned expenditure during the FY 2017-18 is UGX 27,751,083,000 which implies a decrease 339,619,000 compared to the approved budget for the FY 2016-17. Departmental allocations have similarly affected.

### Medium Term Expenditure Plans

Kisoro District will endeavour to provide services to its people using the most cost effective interventions. To District's Vision is "A United, Healthy, Well-educated and Wealthy Community" which is in line with the Development plan. During the plan period, the major focus will be on the following priorities:-Administrati Ensure effective and efficient service delivery. Finance- Resource mobilisation, and general Financial Manage Statutory Bodies- Promote good governance and p

### Challenges in Implementation

Frequent changes in costs of goods and services, High staff attrition rate, Unexpected budget cuts, Failure to competent service providers/contractors, Conservativeness in adopting to change, New pests and diseases, I gravel for road works, Inadequate planning and budgeting capacity and negative climate change effects

## A. Revenue Performance and Plans

	201	6/17	2
	Approved Budget	Receipts by End	Propose
UShs 000's		September	
1. Locally Raised Revenues	649,255	150,579	
Liquor licences	38,603	6,016	
Advertisements/Billboards	26,668	0,010	1
Animal & Crop Husbandry related levies	67,320	11,955	
Application Fees	3,766	809	
Business licences		7,282	
	50,255		
Fees from Hospital Private Wings  Land Fees	8,863	24.072	
	24,037	24,973	
Local Government Hotel Tax  Local Service Tax	5,311	63	
	79,976	219	
Market/Gate Charges	99,347	38,170	
Miscellaneous	68,500	46,886	
Other Court Fees	1,075	0	
Other Fees and Charges	41,960	5,725	
Other licences	1,820	220	
ParkFees	1,776	254	
Registration (e.g. Births, Deaths, Marriages, etc.) Fees	16,890	2,205	
Registration of Businesses	2,839	0	
Rent & Rates from other Gov't Units	21,373	4,502	
Rent & rates-produced assets-from private entities	66,225	123	
Inspection Fees	3,833	978	
Property related Duties/Fees	18,821	200	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,213,782	803,446	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	246,112	61,528	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant		0	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	695,830	173,957	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)		0	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	193,085	48,271	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	2,078,756	519,689	Ī
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	22,347,969	5,779,924	
Development Grant	811,052	202,763	
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	259,198	186,350	
Gratuity for Local Governments	302,526	75,631	

### A. Revenue Performance and Plans

4. Donor Funding	1,362,222	13,862	
GLOBAL FUND	75,000	0	
Neglected Tropical Diseases	19,787	0	
PACE	2,900	0	
Strengthening Decentralisation for Sustainability (SDS)	682,486	0	
TB/LEPROSY	368	0	
UNICEF	182,847	0	
UNICEF (Birth Registration)	205,902	13,862	
UNICEF (Education Barazas)	88,100	0	
WHO	66,703	0	
WASH-PLUS	38,130	0	
Total Revenues	28,091,480	6,818,748	2

#### Revenue Performance in the first Quarter of 2016/1

### (i) Locally Raised Revenues

The District planned to receive UG X 649,255,000 from Local raised revenue (LLR) in FY 2016-17. By the end of LRR performance was at Ushs 150,579,000 denoting 23% because some Lower Local Governments had not submic collections by close of the quarter and the problem of monitoring Hotel Owners as they refuse to disclose their bootherefore difficult to determine Local Hotel Tax.

#### (ii) Central Government Transfers

The District received Central Government Transfers in form of Conditional and Discretionary Government Transfer amounting to Ushs 6,654,307,000 which gives 26 % performance

#### (iii) Donor Funding

The Donor Funds were budgeted at Ushs 1,362,222,000 and by end of September the cumulative receipts amounted 13,862,000 representing 1%. Most of the donors performed at 0% apart from UNICEF. It is not clear as to why the long their obligations. However, a number of donors give off-budget support where they do direct implementations.

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

#### (i) Locally Raised Revenues

The district expects to collect Ushs 649,255,000 in FY 2017-18 which is almost the same level as in FY 2016/17 I our revenue base has not changed and our revenue mobilization strategies are expected to yield tangible results in ofthe year.

#### (ii) Central Government Transfers

The District will receive Central Government Transfers amounting to Ushs 25,740,383.00 compared to Ushs 26,080,002.00 of FY 2016-17 giving a budget reduction of 1%. The decrease is mainly due elimination of pension

## Summary of Performance and Plans by Department

## Workplan 1a: Administration

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	2,444,256	729,691	2,185,863
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	92,022	24,077	94,360
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	718,266	204,740	718,266
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	259,198	186,350	0
Gratuity for Local Governments	302,526	75,631	0
Locally Raised Revenues	114,680	49,665	114,680
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	341,657	35,250	642,650
Pension for Local Governments	615,907	153,977	615,907
Development Revenues	18,210	2,736	132,374
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	10,103	2,526	8,293
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	8,107	210	124,081
Total Revenues	2,462,466	732,427	2,318,238
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	2,444,256	720,651	2,185,863
Wage	911,352	204,740	911,352
Non Wage	1,532,904	515,910	1,274,512
Development Expenditure	18,210	130	132,374
Domestic Development	18,210	130	132,374
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	2,462,466	720,781	2,318,238

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Administration Department has an annual budget of Ushs 2,462,466,000. The cumulative outturn was 732,4 representing 30%. This high performance is mainly attributed to pension arrears for FY 2015-16 which were the 1st quarter FY 2016-17 and Local revenue. The department planned to receive 615,616,000 and performed 119% because of reasons mentioned above. The overall expenditure stood at 117% because there were some that had not been anticipated during the planning proc

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Department planned revenues and expenditure for FY 2017-18 is Ushs 2,318,238,000. However, there vertically reduction in unconditional grant wage and non wage as a result of the on-going streamlining salary payment

## Workplan 1a: Administration

Pay staff salaries, Office maintenance, Pay subscriptions, staff welfare, political monitoring, mentoring and tech monitoring and support supervision, Coordination meetings, DEC meetings, Consultations with Central Government, Rent for Bunagana Town Board, procure furniture for Rubuguri Town Board, Hold National/d functions, Assets and facilities management, Carry out Annual Board of Survey, Staff training and development performance appraisal, newspaper supplement on district ach

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

The development project that the Department is undertaking is construction of the 4th Wing of the Administ Block. This is a 1 storey building which is nearing completion on ground floor, although it is accommod some departments. The rest of the activities in the department of administration are routine activities relating general administration, logistical support, human resource management, welfare and entertainment, information public relations, assets and facilities manage

# (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at Nil

- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Frequent increase in prices

Increase in Prices results in high unit cost of service delivery.

### 2. High staff attrition rate

The district faces challenges of attracting qualified staff and continues to lose staff to other districts and centra government because it is hard to reach and stay.

### 3. Low staff motivation

The purchasing power of civil servants salaries is very low resulting into lack of motivation and commitment

## Workplan 2: Finance

т-			
UShs Thousand	20:	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	492,176	113,476	409,695
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	76,588	20,157	79,258
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	251,312	71,901	251,312

## Workplan 2: Finance

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Total Revenues	511,345	114,417	426,831	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure	492,176	106,133	409,695	
Wage	251,312	71,901	251,312	
Non Wage	240,864	34,233	158,382	
Development Expenditure	19,169	610	17,136	
Domestic Development	2,033	610	0	
Donor Development	17,136	0	17,136	
Total Expenditure	511,345	106,743	426,831	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The sector had an annual budget of Ushs 511,345,000. The outturn was 114,417,000 representing only 22% due to poor performance of local revenue at 0%. The private local revenue collectors had not remitted the full sectoral Transfers to LLGs performed at 25% in this report. The department planned to receive 127,830 received 114,417,000 representing 90% and this was a result of unsteady flow of local revenue. The cumulati expenditure was 106,743,000 representing 21% an

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Department planned revenues and expenditure this FY 2017-18 is Ushs426,831,000. The District Unc Grant Non wage increased from Ushs76,588,000 for Financial Year 2016-17 to Ushs79,258,000 for Financial Year 2017-18 because of changes in indicative planning figures. The PAF monitoring and accountability grant has remained the same. The local revenue increased due to supplement IFMS running costs. However the overall was due to multi-sectoral transfers to LLGs.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Finance staff were paid, Final accounts were prepared and submitted consultations were carried out, Transport paid. Internet data purchased and subcounties monitored.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Finance Department plans to Develop an up-to-date, efficient and effective data bank for decision making; De updated Revenue Enhancement Plan; Sensitise Tax Payers about taxation; Enumerate, assess, collect taxes at the collected revenues; Promptly pay for services provided to enhance an efficient, effective and economic systems better service delivery; Ensure cordial relationship between service providers and service users for a United, I

## Workplan 2: Finance

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Unexpected budget cuts and/or late release of funds

Communication of budget cut is done toward end of financial year (Central Government) and also sometime release of funds especially donors which all affect implementation of planned projects

#### 2. Failure to attract competent service providers

Most of the independent/private revenue managers do not have capacity to meet their mandate which affects trevenue collections and therefore planned expenditure

#### 3. Negative attitude towards taxes

Domestic Development

Donor Development

The Local Service Tax is based on incomes of persons in gainful employment. However, it is difficult to ass persons outside established payrolls. The mode of collecting Local Hotel Tax is difficult due poor record k Hotel Operators.

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

- UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
O Shis Thousana			
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	658,515	139,465	626,046
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	250,747	57,114	272,566
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	273,706	51,112	273,706
Locally Raised Revenues	79,773	15,170	79,773
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	54,288	16,069	
Development Revenues	2,221	0	0
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	2,221	0	
Total Revenues	660,736	139,465	626,046
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	658,515	118,706	626,046
Wage	273,706	51,112	273,706
Non Wage	384,809	67,594	352,340
Development Expenditure	2,221	0	0

2,221

0

0

0

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

273,706,000 is District un conditional grant (Wage) reflecting 43.7% and Shs. 272,566,000 is the District unconditional grant (Non-Wage). On the other hand there is an increase of shs. 21,819,000 of unconditional (Non-Wage).

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

2 District Land Board meetings held and 8 land inspections.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

8 District Land Board meetings held, 30 Land inspections held. District Council and Standing Committees District Service Commission meetings held, District PAC meetings held, Land Inspection carried out, Consultation made, Bills paid

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

The District Council will deliberate and approve District priority investment projects which are included in Procurement of office equipements: Tyres, Computers, Catridges, Stationery,

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at Nil
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. late release of funds

This affects timely execution of activities that have deadlines

2. Lack of equipments and tools

Generally the departmennt lacks computers and other accessories

3. lack of books of Laws

lack of books of Laws hinders staff, members of Boards and Councillors to pass and implement Lawful reso

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	TO 1	10 4	<b>TO 1</b>

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

Cons 11	nousand 20	2016/17	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wag	e) 550	0	723
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	319	0	
otal Revenues	458,117	111,451	431,143
8: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
8: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure  Recurrent Expenditure	406,053	87,852	382,271
		87,852 81,336	382,271 325,342
Recurrent Expenditure	406,053	•	
Recurrent Expenditure Wage	406,053 325,342	81,336	325,342
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage	406,053 325,342 80,711	81,336 6,517	325,342 56,929
Recurrent Expenditure Wage Non Wage Development Expenditure	406,053 325,342 80,711 52,064	81,336 6,517 0	325,342 56,929 48,871

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The total annual budget was Ush. 458,117,000 and the cummulative outturn was 111,451,000 representing low performance was due to 0% local revenue resulting from non-payment by the tenderers. Other causes of the performance include Multisectoral transfers to LLGs and District unconditional grant (non-wage), which had outturn of 0%. The planned expenditure for the quarter was 111,529,000 but the outturn was 111,451,000 representing 97%. This was a result of payment of salaries to

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Kisoro PMG for FY 17/18 has reduced by Ugx. 2,257,640 compared to 16/17. The recurrent expenditure be on staff salaries, monitoring, supervision, law enforcement, livestock market inspection, extension, animal movement control, data collection, and active disease surveillance. The Development fund, DDEG and Cofus shall go to laboratory building renovation, landing site construction, procurement of boats, procurement of largests and consumables and construction of small

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

7000 Chicken vaccinated against Newcastle disease, 300 dogs against rabies; 8301 animals inspected in live markets; 1200 animals slaughtered in slaughter slabs. 4 BBW surveillance visits, 3 followup visits to apple 14 lodges inspected around national parks, 90% compliant with the standards.

### Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Pests and diseases detected and controlled; laws and regulations enforced; data collected; farmers technically production, post-harvest handling and marketing. Government programmes supervised and monitored, 1 lan

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

the Emmmerging Pandemic Threats programme phase 2 (EPT2) shall handle 5 zoonotic diseases namely Ravalley Fever, Ebola, Anthrax and Brucellosis around Bwindi Impenetrable National Park.

#### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Unpredictable weather patterns.

With the impending climate change, rainfall has become unreliable and the normal seasons for crop producti pasture availability as well as high fish harvesting are no longer regular. This strongly reduces crop and anim production.

#### 2. Emerging crop and livestock pests and diseases.

The eucalyptus bug has negatively affected eucalyptus production while Rift Valley Fever has detected in an Kisoro district reduces returns. The zoonosis causes abortion storm in animals and may progress to a hemo fever in man.

### 3. Heavy riverbank and lakeshore encroachment.

The recommended 200m lakeshore on lake Mutanda and Mulehe and 100m on L. Kayumbu & Chahafi has encroached on to the extent that less than 1 metre is remaining. Almost no river bank remains hence silting. reduces fish prduction volume.

## Workplan 5: Health

Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	5,611,871	1,396,602	5,599,662
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	3,805	1,080	4,390
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	6,596	2,626	6,596
Locally Raised Revenues	14,787	0	14,787
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	10,484	1,328	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	643,244	158,329	640,934
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	4,932,955	1,233,239	4,932,955
Development Revenues	935,642	18,389	911,561
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	5,640	1,410	4,630
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	705	0	561
Donor Funding	906,371	1,842	906,371

22,926

15.137

## Workplan 5: Health

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The department had an Annual budget of Shs 6,547,513,000 with quarterly out turn of shs 1,414,991,000 representing 22% which was a fair performance. Locally raised revenue performed at 0% due to competing defrom other department which do not get conditional grants. Donor funding stands at 0% because NGOs has system of sending money direct to the implementers of a number of activities using mobile money transfers. department had planned to receive Shs: 1,636,878,000 and the qu

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Health Sector expects to receive Ushs 6,511,223,000/= which is less than what had been budgeted for 2016-17. This decrease is due to the reduction of PHC Development and DDEG. The PHC-Non wage increased of the new PHC allocation formula for 2017/18. Donor funds have increased due to additional funding UNICEF.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Outpatients attended to, deliveries done, consultations made, monitoring done,

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Planned outputs are increased Deliveries in health centres up to 70%, OPD utilization up to 100% and imprimmunization coverages of DPT3 of 100%, Measles 90%, Latrine coverage to 77%. Renovation of health s and buildings such DHOs office, Buhozi HC III In Patient and Rehabilitation of Chibumba HC II

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

The medium term plans will include activities such as Treatment of common dieases, disease prevention acremitment of health workers, renovation of OPD and maternity wards, constructions of health structures and such Staff houses and VIP Latrines. All these are in the five year DDP.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

The off budget activities will include the following; Treatment of NTDs in the district, care and treatment of HIV/AIDS, provision of HIV/AIDS basic kits, social mobilization for health services by CHC through radio shows, training of health workers in Family planning, Reproductive Health, newborn, Child Health, Helpin to breath and other mentorships which will be conducted in the district.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Inadequate Staff Houses

Due to shortage of staff houses at health facilities, many health workers stay far from their work places. This

## Workplan 6: Education

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	13,790,038	3,544,692	14,058,429
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	5,442	3,540	5,898
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	103,825	23,000	103,825
Locally Raised Revenues	8,294	0	8,294
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	35,631	734	
Other Transfers from Central Government	14,811	0	16,288
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	1,381,851	457,373	1,683,941
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	12,240,185	3,060,046	12,240,185
Development Revenues	636,287	125,744	399,143
Development Grant	237,743	59,436	290,788
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	24,354	5,939	19,502
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,970	0	754
Donor Funding	88,100	0	88,100
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	83,119	10,368	
Transitional Development Grant	200,000	50,000	
Total Revenues	14,426,325	3,670,436	14,457,572
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	13,790,038	3,481,314	14,058,429
Wage	12,344,010	3,083,046	12,344,010
Non Wage	1,446,028	398,268	1,714,419
Development Expenditure	636,287	5,756	399,143
Domestic Development	548,187	5,756	311,043
Donor Development	88,100	0	88,100
Total Expenditure	14,426,325	3,487,070	14,457,572

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The sector planned to receive Ushs.3,606,581,000 and the cumulative out turn was Ushs.3,679,436,000 rep 25%.UPE capitation grant,USE capitation grant and tertiary capitation grant all performed well. However, t poor performance in local raised revenue due to low capacity base for the district. The sector planned to receius Ushs.3,606,581,000 in the quarter but actually received Ushs.3,670,436 representing 102% because more te accessed hard to reach and the 15% increament

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

## Workplan 6: Education

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The department had planned to construct pitlatrines but reversed the plan under the instructions by the MOF use money for SFG to purchase a vehicle to facilitate the district education officer execute his duties effective 50% of the capitation grant for UPE and USE has been disbursed to schools.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

-Construction of pitlatrines, Rehabilitation of classrooms and mounting of lightening arrestors on classroom 20 schools.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

-Mounting of lightening arrestors in schools that are most prone to lightenings.

#### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

- 1. Absenteeism and late coming to school by many teachers.
- -Many teachers still posses low morale despite the government's effort to increase salaries and hard to reach a
- 2. Inadequate support to education by the communities and parents
- -The communities ,parents and other stake holders have not yet gained enough charisma to support education especially in providing lunch and other school related in puts for the child to be confertable at school.
- 3. Inadequate classrooms and sanitation facilities.
- -The problem of classrooms still persists especially to the schools that have began of recent .

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	640,552	120,453	628,647
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	17,333	5,025	9,760
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	139,458	30,256	139,458
Locally Raised Revenues	11,738	960	11,738
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	4,333	5,337	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	467,690	78,875	467,690
Development Revenues	103 690	49 199	62 374

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Total Revenues	744,242	169,653	691,021	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure	640,552	78,117	628,647	
Wage	139,458	30,256	139,458	
Non Wage	501,094	47,861	489,189	
Development Expenditure	103,690	41,206	62,374	
Domestic Development	103,690	41,206	62,374	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	744,242	119,323	691,021	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The department had an Annual budget of Shs 744,242,000 with quarterly out turn of shs:169,653,000 repre 23% which was a fair performance. Locally raised revenue performed at 93% which was good performance as the boarding off of unserviceable items. District unconditional grant non wage preformed at 29% because it is according to priority and administration block is the priority for the district however sector unconditional gwage performed at 17% which was a

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Out shs: 691,021,000, Shs:139,458,000 will be for payment of wages, Non wage of shs: 489,189,000 will be maintenance and domestict dev. Of Shs: 62,374,000 will be for part completion of Kisoro district Admn. By Spot Improvement of district roads.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The department carried routine manual road maintenance of district feeder roads covering 25% as per quarter workplan, Kabatera - Gasovu - Mupaka was regraded using district equipment.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Under road Maintenance, the department intends to maintain 252 km of district feeder roads by use Routine under Road Gang System and by use of District equipment under routne mechanised, removal of Bottleneck community Access roads covering thirteen Sub- counties. Part completion will be carried out on Kisoro Dis Administration Block Phase IV and spot Improvement of gasovu - Nyabwishenya road. The department will maintenance of district vehicles and district equipment

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

There is no gravel with haulage distance of the 10km especially in the southern and nothern parts of the dis Gravel is only available in some parts east constituency with haulage distance of more than 40km

#### 2. Weak & Old Equipment

The recently acquired grader is very weak and breaks time and again thus can not deliver the required output was taken to the regional Mechanical workshop for repairs in Mbarara. The old grader was acquired way back and it is very old.

#### 3. Old inspetorate vehicles

Most of motorcycles for our field technicians are very old and nolonger effective considering our terrain. The made pickup is weak for our mountanous terrain and aresult it breaks time and again hence hindering service

## Workplan 7b: Water

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	85,806	20,213	79,943	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	648	0	673	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	39,971	9,671	39,971	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	3,016	0		
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	42,171	10,543	39,299	
Development Revenues	586,648	137,129	648,087	
Development Grant	526,518	131,629	589,319	
Donor Funding	38,130	0	38,130	
Transitional Development Grant	22,000	5,500	20,638	
Total Revenues	672,454	157,343	728,030	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	85,806	17,427	79,943	
Wage	39,971	9,671	39,971	
Non Wage	45,835	7,757	39,971	
Development Expenditure	586,648	17,970	648,087	
Domestic Development	548,518	17,970	609,957	
Donor Development	38,130	0	38,130	
Total Expenditure	672,454	35,397	728,030	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

## Workplan 7b: Water

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Procurement process had not been concluded

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The planned out puts are: Salaries and wages paid, Consultations between stake holders made, on going as supervised, water user committees established and trainined, Hygiene and sanitation promoted, old water rehabilitated. The physical performance are: Established water user committees, Springs protected, rain water harvesting tanks constructed and piped water systems constructed and/or extended.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Provision of access to safe water and sanitation facilities within easy reach by the communities is among the priorities in the District Development Plan.

(iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Construction of rain water harvesting tanks by the Diocese of Muhabura Water and Sanitation Programe.

- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Operation and maintenance problems and inadequate funding

The beneficiaries have continued to neglect their responsibility of mantaining water and sanitation facilities pand this has therefore affected sustainability of these facilities coupled with low safe water coverage.

2. Difficult terrain

The nature of the terrain makes unit costs of the planned facilities, monitoring and supervision costs very his opposed to other districts located in flat areas. Going to and from the protected springs is difficults for commentat stay on hills

3. Absence of natural sources

The bigger part of the district has no natural water sources especially in the southern area, some parts of east northern. This leaves the communities to depend on rain water harvesting that is still inadequate

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	300	0		
Total Revenues	211,055	46,013	205,626	
Recurrent Expenditure  Recurrent Expenditure	206,508	41,009	202,061	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Wage	176,600	39,949	176,600	
Non Wage	29,908	1,060	25,460	
Development Expenditure	4,547	0	3,565	
Domestic Development	4,547	0	3,565	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	211.055	41,009	205,626	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Natural Resources department has a total budget of Shs 211,055,000. A total of Shs.52,764,000 was budgethe first quarter. In the quareter total funds received was Shs 46,013,000 which accounted for 87%. Recurrent planed for for the quarter were Shs. 51,627,000 and 88% of these funds were receipted. Development revenut for the quarter were Shs. 1,137,000 and the receipted funds were Shs 522,000 which accounted for 46%. Reexpenditure was 41,009,000 (79%) and

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Natural reosurces Department has planed for a total of Ushs 205,625,000= from Conditional Grants, Unconditional Grants and Locally raised Revenue for expenditure in F/Y 2017-18. the recurrent expenditure 202,061,000/=, wage will be 176,600,000/= and no wage will 25,460,000/=.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Nil

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Administration: payment of allowance to 9 staff in the department, purchase of stationery

F

planting of 10 ha of trees on public land, establishemnt of nursery bed to raise 60,000 seedlings, establishment agroforestry demostration, 80 people trained in fuel saving technologies, 8 forestry compiance monitoring an inspection, 200 community members trained in tree

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

of Kafuga forest. Under Central government Ministry of Water under the Integrated Water Resources Manage the process of developing Ruhezamyenda Catchment Manage

#### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Undefined natural resource ownership

The public lands are not surveyed and titled and this has led to enchroachment, grabing and conflicts.

#### 2. Lack of office equipments

The department lacks office equipments like computors, printers, camera, GPS, Cartographic equipments and it connection which makes work very difficult.

#### 3. Natural resources degradation.

The natural resources (wetlands, lakeshores, river banks, forests, hills among others) have been degraded thre cultivation and this is due to increased population who depend of agriculture for their livehood.

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	377,701	71,749	364,512	
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	3,630	3,405	5,769	
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	257,325	52,207	257,325	
Locally Raised Revenues	1,762	1,620	1,762	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	19,362	3,025		
Other Transfers from Central Government	49,654	0	49,654	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	45,969	11,492	50,002	
Development Revenues	582,307	74,950	572,432	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	10,103	2,526	8,293	
Donor Funding	106,584	0	106,584	
Locally Raised Revenues	3,769	0	3,769	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	3,717	400		
Other Transfers from Central Government	453,786	70,937	453,786	
Transitional Development Grant	4,348	1,087		
Total Revenues	960,008	146,699	936,944	

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

representing 15%. donor funding performed at 0% as no funds were extended because SDS had suspended fur the district, Local raised revenue and unconditional non wage quarter outturn performed well. These were from the facilitate youth to attend the national youth day that had not been planned, other transfers from cent government performance stood at 16% because the centre did

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Community Based Services expects to receive a total budget Ushs of 936,944,000= from conditional Unconditional Grants, Donors and Local Revenues which is a increament as compared to the previous 2016/budget of 848,128,000=. There is an increament of Ushs 88,816,000= compared to FY 2016/17. However was a new grant on UWEP of 78,000,000=.for wemen project, donor funding of 106,584,000=, wages of 257,325,000=, and GoU funding of 465,848,000= The rest of revenue and expe

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

21 women groups were supported under UWEP, 18 youth groups were supported under Youth livelihood production 1, youth council meeting held, 1 women council meeting held, 1 women executive meeting held, 1 cultural meeting held, 6 home visits to OVC made, 5 batwa settlements monitoired.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

4 CBS staff coordination meetings held, 60 social welfare cases managed, 4 DOVCC meetings held, 14 suppose supervision visits to OVC service providers done per quarter, 4 quarterly reports on PWD, FAL compiled a submitted to MGLSD and CDD to MoLG, 4 Batwa stakeholders's coordination workshops conducted, 39 per communities mobilised to participate in government programmes, 11 motorcycles for CDOs procured, FAL updated, 156 FAL instructors incentives paid, 8 of each of women/youth

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Community Services staff coordination, management of social welfare cases, support supervision to OVC serproviders, coordinate Batwa stakeholder IPs, communities mobilization, procurement and maintenance of motorcycles, FAL MIS data updated, payments of FAL instructors, women/youth and disability councils excommittee meetings held, FAL classes monitored and supported with learning materials, official days celebrated women's day, disability day, youth day, literacy day and labour da

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Education to the minority Batwa children at primary and secondary level and Functional Adult Learning to Buying land and construction of shelter to Batwa, capacity building of Batwa on group formulation and functional Batwa stakeholders', Batwa leaders and Batwa Implementing Partners meetings at the district level by UOB CARE - Uganda, ADRA - Uganda, MBIFCT, The Gorrilla Organization among others, supporting Income

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

ministry

#### 3. Ever changing rates on resource inputs

This affects the achievement of the targeted outputs especially while procuring the livelihood inputs for PWI others as well as the late release of quarterly funds

## Workplan 10: Planning

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	20	16/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	138,189	29,414	125,359
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	42,367	11,872	42,367
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	61,003	16,707	61,003
Locally Raised Revenues	21,989	0	21,989
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	12,831	835	
Development Revenues	227,687	17,336	220,668
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	15,155	3,789	12,439
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	1,894	0	2,327
Donor Funding	205,902	12,020	205,902
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	4,735	1,527	
Total Revenues	365,876	46,750	346,027
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	138,189	25,384	125,359
Wage	61,003	16,707	61,003
Non Wage	77,186	8,677	64,356
Development Expenditure	227,687	12,199	220,668
Domestic Development	21,785	179	14,766
Donor Development	205,902	12,020	205,902
Total Expenditure	365,876	37,584	346,027

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The Planning Unit had an annual budget of Ushs 365,876,000. The cumulative outturn was 46,750,000 rep 13%. There was high performance in District Unconditional Non Wage to compensate for the nil performance Locally Raised Revenue allocation. The department planned to receive Ushs 91,469,000 in the quarter but p at only 51% because of locally raised revenue (0%). The expenditure for the quarter stood at 10% because we operating a cash budget and funds were released late.

## Workplan 10: Planning

printing birth notifications carried out.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

The Planning Unit is mandated to provide an Integrated Planning Services covering Sectoral Economic Plan Policies, and monitoring and Evaluation of the effectiveness of implementation of those plans and policies. T will coordinate the reviewing of Five Year District and Subcounty Development Plans, Prepare and consolid Budget Framework Paper, 14 LLGs internally assessed, 1 District Internally assessed, 14 LLGs supported in planning, 12 TPC meetings held, 1 M&E plan reviewed,

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

Coordinated planning based on evidence generated from the regular collected and processed data. Coordinate monitoring and evaluation of development interventions and service delivery. Update District Statistical Absorbulation Action Plan. Consultations with the centre and line departments. Procure assorted items. Monitoring implementation of development projects. Assess whether the plan implementation is according to the schedulent Mentor LLGs, Backstop LLGs in development planning

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at Nil
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Limited Planning capacity in other departments and LLGs

These centers never do what is expected of them according to the stipulated timelines. They cause a lot of do LLGs do not have CDOs who are responsible for planning at that level

2. Ever changing Unit costs

The central Government releases and Local revenue inflow static and yet the unit cost of service delivery has from time to time. This affects implementation of activities in the work plan.

3. Lack of a harmonised Management Information System

It's not easy to get information from one stop centre

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed
	Budget	end Sept	Budget

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by	Proposed	
	Budget	end Sept	Budget	
Total Revenues	71,343	20,795	73,161	
B: Overall Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	71,343	20,599	73,161	
Wage	50,691	17,520	50,691	
Non Wage	20,652	3,079	22,470	
Development Expenditure	0	0	0	
Domestic Development	0	0	0	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	71,343	20,599	73,161	

Revenue and Expenditure Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

The unit has an annual budget of Shs.71,343,000 and the cummulative release were Shs.29,795,000 denoting. The unit to receive an allocation of Shs.17,836,000 but the actual release was 20,797,000 representing 117 local revenue the unit had planned to receive Shs.2,962,000 and the actual release was zero representing 0% the unit had been allocated more funds than planned for the quarter out of the unconditional grant.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The internal audit unit planned revenue and expenditie for financial year 2017/2018 Shs 73,161,000 compr 71,347,000. The was no reduction in wage. However there was an increase in unconditional grant to cater incasedcosts of intensifying audit inspections. The local revenue allocation remained the as the prvious year.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

Physical Performance in the first quarter of 2016/17

Annual Internal audit workplan 2016/2017 submitted to Kampala, 1 quaterly audit repor 2015/2016 1 visi Kampala and in other districts to attend meetings made. Audit inspection in 13 sub-counties and nine directions are considered as a constant of the counties and nine directions.

Plans for 2017/18 by Vote Function

Production of individual Internal audit reports and quarterly audit reports.

Medium Term Plans and Links to the Development Plan

The DDP emphasis timely, accountabilty, compliance and internal control efficient and effective, implimental completion of activities, value for money and sustainabilty of constructed pojects which internal audit unit

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

3. Recommendations not adquately addressed and no follow up

This prevents management from following up the recommendations made by this unit