### **Structure of Performance Contract**

PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

Pursuant to the Public Financial Management Act of 2015, Part VII – Accounting and Audit, Section 45 (3), the A shall enter into an annual budget performance contract with the Permanent Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury.

The performance contract consists of two parts – Part A and Part B. Part A outlines the core performance requirement which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed, in two areas:

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote I understand that Central Government Accounting Officers will communicate their 5 priorities of the vote within the start of the Financial Year and the priorities for local governments will be established centrally.

Part B sets out the key results that a Vote plans to achieve in 2017/18. These take the form of summaries of Minister Statement (MPS) for central government AOs and budget narrative summaries for Local government AOs.

I hereby undertake, as the Accounting Officer, to achieve the performance requirements set out in Part A of this performance to deliver on the outputs and activities specified in the work plan of the Vote for FY 2017/18 subject to the avoid budgeted resources set out in Part B.

I, as the Accounting Officer, shall be responsible and personally accountable to Parliament for the activities of this also be personally accountable for a function or responsibility that is delegated, inclusive of all work performed or that I have authority and control over.

I understand that my performance will be assessed to ascertain whether I have met the requirements specified under

I also undertake to prepare and submit quarterly financial and physical performance progress reports to the Ministry Planning and Economic Development on the outputs set out in the workplans, and to provide quarterly workplan requests by the specified deadlines (PFM Act of 2015, Section 16(1) and 21(3)). I understand that the Ministry of Planning and Economic Development will not disburse funds unless it has received complete submissions of the a reports.

I commit to adhering to the responsibilities laid out in the letter appointing me as an Accounting Officer from the F Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury for FY2017/18.

Tunderstand that fairure to compry with these requirements will r	esuit in my appointment as an Accounting Omcer
Name and Signature:	Name and Signature:
Chief Administrative Officer/Accounting Officer	Permanent Secretary / Secretary to
Masindi District	MoFPED
Signed on Date:	Signed on Date:

### PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

Part A outlines the core performance requirements against which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #1: Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability

Preamble: All Accounting Officers are expected to perform their job responsibilities in accordance with the Public Finance (PFM) Act 2015 and the Public Procurement and Disposal Act (PPDA) 2003 along with the Constitution and other laws to Republic of Uganda.

Accounting officers will be required to perform and their performance will be assessed annually in the following areas:

- 1.1 Adherence to Budget Requirements: Adherence to key budget requirements specified by MoFPED in the various Ci budget preparation. For local governments, this also includes adherence to budget requirements agreed between local governments responsible for sector conditional and unconditional grants and the Discretionary Development Equalisation Grants
- 1.2 Complete and timely submission of budget documents: Sector Budget Framework Paper, Ministerial Policy Statement detailed budget estimates, annual cashflow plan, annual recruitment plan, annual procurement plans, accounting warrants are procurement plans that are submitted on time in accordance with the designated due date
- 1.3 Open and Transparent Procurement: Annual procurement plans and required information on tender prepared and pos procurement portal.
- 1.4 Prompt Processing of Payments: Monthly salaries, wages, invoices, certificates and pensions on time in accordance value date.

Public Accounts Committee.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #2: Achieving Results in Priority Projects and Programs

Preamble: Accounting Officers are held accountable and are expected to oversee the implementation and delivery of physic projects and programs regardless of their stage and/or status. An Accounting Officer's performance in the planning and imfive priority Programmes and projects will be assessed

Central Government Accounting Officers must identify and specify five priority programmes (recurrent) or major infrastru (capital development) for their individual Votes and list them at the beginning of this Performance Contract. The top 5 properts or programs, should be the ones that contribute significantly to the achievement of sectoral or national goals. They on the basis of their size and/or policy priority.

It is critically important for AOs to track the performance of these Projects/programmes and ensure they are managed effective and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and ensure they are managed effective and the performance of these Projects and the performance of these Projects are managed effective and the performance of these Projects are managed effective and the performance of these Projects are managed effective and the performance of the pe

For each priority Programme or Project, Accounting Officers will be assessed on performance in the following areas:

- 2.1 Alignment of plans with Policy: The alignment of priority Programmes and Projects workplans with vote, sectoral as strategies (NDP).
- 2.2 Achievement of planned results: The extent to which annual key performance indicators and targets are achieved for k programs
- 2.3 Timely and Predictable Implementation: The consistency of actual expenditures with budgeted cash flow and procure degree to which results are achieved within budget and without cost overruns
- 2.4 Procurement and Project Management: Adherence to all aspects of the PPDA Act and Regulations for procurements Programme/Project expenditure.
- 2.5 Monitoring & Follow Up: The adequacy and timeliness of information on priority Programmes and Projects in vote q and evaluation reports; follow up on performance issues identified relating to the Programme/Project identified via monitor audit and feedback processes.

#### **NOTE:**

Accounting Officers' performance will be assessed annually. MoFPED will distribute compliance and assessment tools to Officers within three months of the start of the financial year. These tools will set out how Accounting Officers can complete requirements and how they will be assessed.

National priorities for Local Governments will be identified centrally in consultation with the Local Government Association Prime Minister, National Planning Authority and Ministry of Local Government.

#### PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

## **Executive Summary**

#### **Revenue Performance and Plans**

	2010	2016/17		
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approved	
1. Locally Raised Revenues	972,957	605,813		
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	3,447,197	2,933,401		
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	14,106,232	10,649,744	1	
2c. Other Government Transfers	2,569,179	215,618		
4. Donor Funding	342,266	386,955	İ	
Total Revenues	21,437,831	14,791,530	2	

### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

The Districts' resource envelope for FY 2017/2018 has increased by 4.56% as compared to the current FY 2 The increase in the resource envelope is mainly attributed to; increase in Central Government funding by 5. overall and by 189.95% of the General Public Service Pension Arrears. Locally raised revenue has also incre 2.73%, due to planned sale of old stores. However, Donor funding has reduced by 39.19% as a result of som winding up their activities.

### **Expenditure Performance and Plans**

	2016/1	2017/18	
	Approved Budget	Actual	Approved Budget
UShs 000's		Expenditure by	
Cons dod s		end of March	
1a Administration	4,813,071	2,022,075	5,573,275
2 Finance	445,123	409,037	403,785
3 Statutory Bodies	613,080	430,320	564,880
4 Production and Marketing	1,429,247	652,047	972,329
5 Health	4,122,505	2,770,599	4,188,909
6 Education	7,179,621	5,174,492	7,137,230
7a Roads and Engineering	903,705	554,940	917,390
7b Water	340,146	190,448	474,231
8 Natural Resources	333,432	189,945	323,780
9 Community Based Services	831,103	313,214	1,483,947

## **Executive Summary**

Planned Expenditures for 2017/18

In the FY 2017/18, the Districts' expenditure will be centred on: Salaries, Pension and Gratuity, production mandatory documents, procurement of, Office consumables, Agricultural inputs, drugs and medical supplies. Construction/Rehabilitation/completion of, Maternity ward, Classrooms, staff houses, latrines, Roads, Mark Water facilities will also be areas of focus. Others are; demonstration sites establishment, property valuation, to Youth (DYLSP) and NUSAF III Sub projects.

## A. Revenue Performance and Plans

## Conditional, Discretionary Transfers and other Revenues to the Local Government

	2010	6/17	2
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approve
1. Locally Raised Revenues	972,957	605,813	
Educational/Instruction related levies		830	
ParkFees	11,462	8,849	
Other licences	41,207	18,467	
Other Fees and Charges	60,450	25,089	
Miscellaneous	7,695	8,772	
Market/Gate Charges	197,252	137,051	
Locally Raised Revenues	17,387	17,387	
Local Service Tax	180,000	167,625	
Property related Duties/Fees	3,000	0	
Inspection Fees	2,410	160	
Local Government Hotel Tax	3,208	0	
Court Filing Fees	2,100	0	
Business licences	64,021	42,139	
Application Fees	4,738	1,278	
Animal & Crop Husbandry related levies	190,941	123,163	
Agency Fees	49,140	2,175	
Advertisements/Billboards	1,681	0	
Advance Recoveries	2,200	0	
Liquor licences	10,292	6,303	
Registration (e.g. Births, Deaths, Marriages, etc.) Fees	9,695	2,884	
Registration of Businesses	5,855	6,223	
Rent & Rates from private entities	23,280	10,551	
Sale of (Produced) Government Properties/assets	30,151	8,419	
Sale of non-produced government Properties/assets	1,200	601	
Tax Tribunal - Court Charges and Fees		0	
Unspent balances – Locally Raised Revenues		0	İ
Land Fees	50,969	17,850	
Refuse collection charges/Public convinience	2,625	0	İ

## A. Revenue Performance and Plans

Total Revenues	21,437,831	14,721,311		
UNICEF - Health	52,000	0		
Unspent VODP		0		
Unspent CES		0		
UNICEF Community	18,442	0		
World Health Organisation (WHO)	20,000	188,659		
PACE	18,000	0		
Negleted Tropical Diseases/ENVISION	35,000	62,534		
Infectious Disease Institute (IDI)	25,000	25,249		
GAVI	16,000	0		
CARTER Centre	52,000	0		
Donor Funding	57,824	57,824		
UNICEF Planning	48,000	0		
4. Donor Funding	342,266	334,266		
Income Enhancement and Forest Conservation (FIEFOC II)		0		
Northern Uganda Social Action Fund (NUSAF III)	2,035,419	25,580		
Uganda National Examinations Board (UNEB)	7,000	7,100		
Uganda Wild Life Authority (Gate Fees)	137,000	141,200		
Uganda Women Entreprenuership Program (UWEP)		0		
Unspent Balance NUSAF III		0		
Unspent Balance YLP		0		
Youth Liveihood Programme	389,759	24,207		
MoES (EMIS and Head Count)		0		
2c. Other Government Transfers	2,569,179	198,087		
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	293,270	293,270	Ī	
Gratuity for Local Governments	344,629	258,472		
Development Grant	474,893	474,893		
Pension for Local Governments	1,288,068	966,051		

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

### (i) Locally Raised Revenues

In comparison to FY 2016/2017, local revenue is anticipated to increase by 2.73% in the FY 2017/2018. The increase local revenue is as a result of planned sale of old stores, property valuation and continuous enumeration of tax pay. Local Service Tax.

### (ii) Central Government Transfers

## Summary: Department Performance and Plans by Workplan

### Workplan 1a: Administration

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	2,608,108	2,004,463	3,313,074
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	91,327	68,495	79,284
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	301,345	201,329	415,434
General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting)	293,270	293,270	850,359
Gratuity for Local Governments	344,629	258,472	344,629
Locally Raised Revenues	127,485	80,273	139,034
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	161,984	133,102	143,637
Other Transfers from Central Government		3,471	
Pension for Local Governments	1,288,068	966,051	1,340,697
Development Revenues	2,204,963	168,886	2,260,201
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	79,543	79,543	114,430
Locally Raised Revenues	3,000	3,000	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	87,000	60,763	65,999
Other Transfers from Central Government	2,035,419	25,580	2,079,772
Total Revenues	4,813,071	2,173,349	5,573,275
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	2,608,108	1,907,571	3,313,074
Wage	301,345	201,329	415,434
Non Wage	2,306,763	1,706,241	2,897,640
Development Expenditure	2,204,963	114,504	2,260,201
Domestic Development	2,204,963	114,504	2,260,201
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	4,813,071	2,022,075	5,573,275

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

By the end of Third quarter, a 45% performance in receipt against the annual budget was recorded. Under per in receipts was mainly attributed to limited releases under Other Government Transfers (NUSSAF III) as the for approval of proposals for funding was still ongoing. On the Expenditure side, the department spent 42% the annual budget. Notable expenditure was on wage, which stood at 66.81% and none wage at 73.97% and development was at 5.19% against the annual appropriations

## Workplan 1a: Administration

	20	16/17	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 1381 District and Urban Administration				
%age of staff trained in Records Management	29	0	23	
No. of computers, printers and sets of office furniture purchased	2	0	14	
No. of existing administrative buildings rehabilitated	2	1	2	
No. of vehicles purchased	1	1	0	
%age of LG establish posts filled	80	90	80	
%age of staff appraised	95	98	99	
%age of staff whose salaries are paid by 28th of every month	97	98	98	
%age of pensioners paid by 28th of every month	98	98	98	
No. (and type) of capacity building sessions undertaken	8	3	9	
Availability and implementation of LG capacity building policy and plan	Yes	Yes	Yes	
No. of monitoring visits conducted	4	4		
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	4,813,071 4,813,071	2,022,075 2,022,075	5,573, 5,573,	

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Government programs monitored, printed pay slips for staff, submitted pay change reports and pension files Paid pension arrears and gratuity, 4 radio programmes held and staff appointed and confirmed in services.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The major planned outputs for the sector are; Rehabilitated Education Hall, Renovated District Headquarters Pension and gratuity arrears for retired staff paid, Pension and gratuity paid for retired staff, Monitored Gove programs. Other outputs shall include but not limitted to; staff capacity built, Staff salaries paid, appraised among others.

## (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

None

(iv) The three higgest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### Workplan 1a: Administration

3. Staffing Gaps

This still remains a big challenge across all sectors

### Workplan 2: Finance

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	417,242	268,025	397,454
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	57,578	43,184	55,941
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	127,096	92,837	134,057
Locally Raised Revenues	55,580	30,164	55,864
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	176,988	101,840	151,592
Development Revenues	27,880	157,959	6,332
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	10,878	10,878	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	17,003	147,082	6,332
Total Revenues	445,123	425,984	403,785
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	417,242	262,016	397,454
Wage	127,096	91,400	134,057
Non Wage	290,147	170,615	263,396
Development Expenditure	27,880	147,022	6,332
Domestic Development	27,880	147,022	6,332
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	445,123	409,037	403,785

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

By the end of quarter three, receipts performance stood at 95.7% against annual budgeted receipts. The over performance was as a result of Multisectoral transfers especially under development revenues. In terms of expenditure was due to the expenditures controlled by LLGs that was incurred under Multisectoral Transfers

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The resource envelope for FY 2017/2018 is anticipated to decrease by 9.28% as compared to 2016/17. This result of change in policy of DDEG (PRDP) funding. The department expects to spend 98% on recurrent expects to spend 98% on recurrent expects.

## Workplan 2: Finance

	outputs	End March	outputs
Function: 1481 Financial Management and Accountabilit	ty(LG)		
Date for submitting the Annual Performance Report	30 6 2017	15 06 2017	30/6/201
Value of LG service tax collection	180000000	126271120	1800000
Value of Hotel Tax Collected	0	0	1000000
Value of Other Local Revenue Collections	775571000	324020299	77557100
Date of Approval of the Annual Workplan to the Council	15 05 2017	15 05 2017	15 03 201
Date for presenting draft Budget and Annual workplan to the Council	15 03 2017	29 03 2017	31 03 201
Date for submitting annual LG final accounts to Auditor General	30 08 2017	30 08 2017	30 08 203
Function Cost (UShs '000)	445,123	409,037	403,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	445,123	409,037	403,

#### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

In the third quarter, the following were notable achievements; carried out revenue mobilization and collection responded to internal audit queries, third quarter Budget performance report prepared, prepared six months achievements presented the report to the Accountant General's office

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The department's major outputs shall include: Annual Budget performance report prepared, End of year Fina Statements produced, Half year financial statements produced, Revenue mobilized and collected, budget desk conducted, Tax Payers and Business registers updated, Books of accounts posted and reconciled.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Training of Accounts staff by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development in professional Support from USAID-GAP in financial management and accountability.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Transport

The department lacks a sound vehicle at the District Headquarters and motorcycles at the lower local govern for revenue mobilisation and follow up.

### 2. IFMS network failure.

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	603,080	415,509	555,380
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	187,675	140,756	175,867
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	222,171	127,625	171,297
Locally Raised Revenues	122,183	83,407	130,183
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	71,051	63,720	78,034
Development Revenues	10,000	15,932	9,500
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra		0	6,500
Locally Raised Revenues	10,000	10,000	3,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		5,932	
Total Revenues	613,080	431,441	564,880
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	603,080	414,388	555,380
Wage	222,171	126,505	171,297
Non Wage	380,909	287,884	384,084
Development Expenditure	10,000	15,932	9,500
Domestic Development	10,000	15,932	9,500
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	613,080	430,320	564,880

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

A 70% performance, against annual budget was recorded in quarter three. Under performance in receipts was due less releases on wage due lack of a substantive District Service Commission Chairperson. Out of the to receipts, the sector was able to spend 70% its annual planned expenditure. Expenditure on wage stood at 57% wage at 76% against the annual budget.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The sector budget for FY 2017/2018 has Slightly decreased by 7.86% as compared to the previous FY 2016 this has been as a result of some staff salaries transferred to administration vote as per the new staff structure. sector expects to spend 28% of its revenue on wages and 72% on none wage.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget	<b>Expenditure</b> and	Approve	
	and Planned	Performance by	and Plan	

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No. of LG PAC reports discussed by Council	6	5	6
No of minutes of Council meetings with relevant resolutions	8	6	7
No. ofland applications (registration, renewal, lease extensions) cleared	600	177	200
No. of Land board meetings	8	6	8
No.of Auditor Generals queries reviewed per LG	1	0	1
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	613,080 613,080	430,320 430,320	564, 564,

#### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

2 Schedules of committee meeting prepared (District headquarters), Conducted 2 Committee meetings (2 set council minutes recorded prepared (District headquarters) -56 contracts awarded (District headquarters- Central division) -47 market tenderers identified (District headquarters- central division) -50 contract agreements District headquarters-central division) -10 evaluation reports prepared (District headquarters, 50 applicants she (District headquarters-central division) -47 Staff appointed on probation (District headquarters- central division -12 Staff promoted (District headquarters- central division) -2 Staff disciplined (District headquarters- central division -01 set of Land Board minutes submitted to Ministry of Land, Housing and 30 land registration, 20 land renewals, 21 lease extensions. In the sub counties of Bujenje, Pakanyi, Miirya,

#### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Municipality, Budongo.

128 Private service providers identified, 128 contracts awarded and agreements signed, 7 Council and 18 Co minutes produced, 4 adverts placed in the print media, 70 firms for frame work contracts prequalified, 100 St appointed on probation, Staff promoted, Submitted 700 Applications for freehold and lease holds titles, 5 qu Internal Audit and 1 Auditor General's reports reviewed by LGPAC, 12 DEC meeting conducted and Printer purchased.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector an

None

(iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

3. delays in confirmation of commission members

it takes a lot of time to have appointed members to be reaffirmed by the Ministry hence delays in service del the members of DSC

### Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	602,107	443,114	611,343
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	189,504	143,466	202,438
Locally Raised Revenues	13,717	2,794	19,717
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	9,191	4,583	6,031
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	59,849	44,887	53,310
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	329,846	247,385	329,846
Development Revenues	827,140	623,713	360,986
Development Grant	61,067	61,067	55,033
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	333,547	333,547	
Donor Funding		0	5,657
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	432,525	229,098	300,296
Total Revenues	1,429,247	1,066,827	972,329
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	602,107	295,718	611,343
Wage	519,350	243,454	532,284
Non Wage	82,757	52,264	79,059
Development Expenditure	827,140	356,329	360,986
Domestic Development	827,140	356,329	355,329
Donor Development	0	0	5,657
Total Expenditure	1,429,247	652,047	972,329

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

By close of the third quarter the department's cumulative out turn receipts stood at 75%. Save for Locally rarevenue and Multisectoral Transfers that are determined by Lower Local Governments, the rest of the planned item receipts performed as planned. The Department's expenditure stood at 46% of which broadly 47% was 63% on non Wage and 43% on Development. The department's low expenditure is mainly attributed to Lo

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 0181 Agricultural Extension Services				
Function Cost (UShs '000)	10,300	8,543		
Function: 0182 District Production Services				
No. of Plant marketing facilities constructed	8	6	6	
No. of livestock vaccinated	695000	421500	780000	
No oflivestock by types using dips constructed	9000	7600	7000	
No. of livestock by type undertaken in the slaughter slabs	60000	47000	60000	
No. of fish ponds construsted and maintained	1	0	1	
No. offish ponds stocked	3	0	2	
Quantity of fish harvested	1500	939	1000	
Number of anti vermin operations executed quarterly	20	15	10	
No. of parishes receiving anti-vermin services	20	20	10	
No. oftsetse traps deployed and maintained	424	198	350	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,393,900	625,731	950,.	

Function: 0183 District Commercial Services

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

<u> </u>	, 		_
	2	2016/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budge and Planned outputs	t Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No of awareness radio shows participated in	6	3	4
No. oftrade sensitisation meetings organised at the district/Municipal Council	4	3	4
No of businesses inspected for compliance to the law	50	82	50
No ofbusinesses issued with trade licenses	100	75	25
No of awareneness radio shows participated in	2	2	2
No ofbusinesses assited in business registration process	50	70	50
No. of enterprises linked to UNBS for product quality and standards	10	4	10
No. of producers or producer groups linked to market internationally through UEPB	4	0	0
No. of market information reports desserminated	4	3	0
No of cooperative groups supervised	12	10	12
No. of cooperative groups mobilised for registration	10	8	10
No. of cooperatives assisted in registration	10	7	10
A report on the nature of value addition support existing and needed	Yes	Yes	Yes
No. of Tourism Action Plans and regulations developed	1	0	0
Function Cost (UShs '000)  Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	25,046 1,429,247	17,773 652,047	22, 972,

### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Among many the following out puts were achieved, procured; I Maize mill, 4 Motorized Spray pumps, Ap packaging materials (450 Jars) and 1 Computer with accessories. Other achievements were; inspected 6 fish and check points, Disease surveillance and crop pest managed, Inspected 50 aquaculture sites, Foot and Mo disease vaccinations, 12 gazetted cattle markets inspected and enforced animal quarantines.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Emphasis will be on Control of pests and disease in crops and livestock, delivery of improved technologies planting materials. Livestock breeds and fisheries), and Tsetse control activities. SACCOs. Tourism developments

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

### 1. Periodic outbreak of pests and diseases

The out breaks of pests and diseases is appearing beyond managable leves by the affected farmers causing lov production and productivity in crops and livestock.

### 2. Use of counterfeight agro-inputs on the market

There is high demand for improved seed which is tempting un trusted dealers to fake the in-puts leading to larmers.

### 3. Climate change and poor enterprise selection

Weather is becoming un predictable and seasonal changes are affecting timely activites.

### Workplan 5: Health

Development Expenditure

Domestic Development

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	3,512,510	2,621,602	3,547,329
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,433	1,825	2,342
Locally Raised Revenues	15,703	4,838	15,703
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	9,564	1,332	19,136
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	291,312	218,484	316,651
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	3,193,498	2,395,123	3,193,498
Development Revenues	609,995	692,454	641,580
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra		0	110,000
Donor Funding	268,472	379,602	202,462
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	15,000	12,852	129,118
Transitional Development Grant	326,524	300,000	200,000
Total Revenues	4,122,505	3,314,056	4,188,909
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	3,512,510	2,225,964	3,547,329
Wage	3,193,498	2,002,715	3,193,498
Non Wage	319.012	223.250	353,831

609,995

341,524

544,635

233,606

641,580

439,118

## Workplan 5: Health

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The overall resource envelope for the FY 2017/2018 has slightly increased by 1.6% as compared to FY 2016 to a slight addition to sector and transitional Development Grant. Out of the estimated sector budget, 85% vertices recurrent and 15% development. Out of the recurrent budget, 90% is wage, 10% Non-wage. 10% is domestic development and 5% donor development. Out of the anticipated revenue, 85% will be spent as recurrent and development.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20:	2016/17		
unction, Indicator	Approved Budget	Expenditure and	Approved	
	and Planned	Performance by	and Planı	
	outputs	End March	outputs	
	unction, Indicator	Cunction, Indicator  Approved Budget and Planned	Tunction, Indicator  Approved Budget Expenditure and and Planned Performance by	

Function: 0881 Primary Healthcare

# Workplan 5: Health

	20	16/17	2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Value of essential medicines and health supplies delivered to health facilities by NMS	900000000	573780817	6000000
Value of health supplies and medicines delivered to health facilities by NMS	900000000	464935037	3000000
Number of health facilities reporting no stock out of the 6 tracer drugs.	28	20	28
Number of outpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	16000	11949	18000
Number of inpatients that visited the NGO Basic health facilities	0	0	500
No. and proportion of deliveries conducted in the NGO Basic health facilities	0	0	200
Number of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine in the NGO Basic health facilities	240	144	550
Number of trained health workers in health centers	168	268	245
No oftrained health related training sessions held.	1040	327	144
Number of outpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	198329	182184	193543
Number of inpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	6240	2512	5000
No and proportion of deliveries conducted in the Govt. health facilities	2260	1984	9607
% age of approved posts filled with qualified health workers	80	78	95
% age of Villages with functional (existing, trained, and reporting quarterly) VHTs.	95	35	95
No of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine	12600	5811	8700
No of staff houses constructed	0	0	1
No of maternity wards constructed	0	0	2

## Workplan 5: Health

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No of Hospitals rehabilitated	1	0	1
%age of approved posts filled with trained health workers	85	77	95
Number of inpatients that visited the District/General Hospital(s)in the District/ General Hospitals.	14000	7909	13800
No. and proportion of deliveries in the District/General hospitals	4200	3134	4200
Number of total outpatients that visited the District/ General Hospital(s).	76000	25408	75000
Function Cost (UShs '000) Function: 0883 Health Management and Supervision	1,680,662	1,092,192	1,611,
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	<i>523,651</i> <b>4,122,505</b>	484,674 2,770,599	442, 4,188,

### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Major capital investments under taken included renovation works at Masindi Hospital, OPD at Kijunjubwa completion of renovation works of OPD at Kimengo HCIII and the Maternity ward at Pakanyi HCIII. Other outputs realized were under recurrent & Notable ones include; Support supervision conducted, Staff salaries HMIS monthly reports made, procured drugs and medical supplies, routine immunization carried out

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The major planned out puts are; salaries for the 405 health workers paid, trained 33 Health Unit Managemer Committees, Supported Lower Health Units, Mass immunization conducted, Drugs and medical supplies Disease surveillance conducted, HMIS monthly and Quarterly reports produced, 2 maternity wards and 1 statements completed.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Some activities will continue to be undertaken by implementing partners especially in the areas of disease comanagement including Malaria, TB, Neglected Tropical Diseases, HIV/AIDS care and Treatment. World H Organization, UNICEF and GAVI are expected to support Child survival and nutrition activities.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

## Workplan 5: Health

district cannot handle much of the work.

### 3. Underfunding

The funding to the sector has been reducing for the last couple of years despite the increasing costs of service. The funding has not matched the increasing population growth and hence less services can be procured with funds.

## Workplan 6: Education

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	6,828,608	5,024,156	6,756,719
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	15,164	11,373	14,594
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	76,016	52,501	59,668
Locally Raised Revenues	20,350	12,496	20,350
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	3,863	1,440	8,199
Other Transfers from Central Government	7,000	7,100	10,600
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	895,485	581,198	832,577
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	5,810,730	4,358,048	5,810,730
Development Revenues	351,013	302,818	380,511
Development Grant	183,905	183,905	186,153
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra		0	60,440
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	125,108	76,913	133,918
Transitional Development Grant	42,000	42,000	
Total Revenues	7,179,621	5,326,975	7,137,230
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	6,828,608	4,994,604	6,756,719
Wage	5,886,746	4,388,096	5,870,398
Non Wage	941,862	606,507	886,320
Development Expenditure	351,013	179,888	380,511
Domestic Development	351,013	179,888	380,511
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	7,179,621	5,174,492	7,137,230

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

No of secondary schools inspected in quarter

# Vote: 534 Masindi District

## Workplan 6: Education

capitation grant. 5% of the expenditure constitutes domestic developments for the sector.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approve and Plan outputs	
Function: 0781 Pre-Primary and Primary Education			<u>'</u>	
No. ofteachers paid salaries	846	846	930	
No. of qualified primary teachers	846	846	930	
No. of pupils enrolled in UPE	43499	43499	39605	
No. of student drop-outs	85	60	80	
No. of Students passing in grade one	230	238	230	
No. ofpupils sitting PLE	2700	2700	2700	
No. of classrooms rehabilitated in UPE	2	1	2	
No. of latrine stances constructed	5	1	24	
No. ofteacher houses constructed	1	0	1	
No. ofteacher houses rehabilitated	1	1	0	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	5,703,646	4,186,981	5,759,	
Function: 0782 Secondary Education				
No. of students enrolled in USE	2859	2859	2675	
No. of teaching and non teaching staffpaid	83	83	89	
No. of students passing O level	247	230	365	
No. of students sitting O level	288	270	395	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,052,728	761,265	1,020,	
Function: 0783 Skills Development				
No. Oftertiary education Instructors paid salaries	45	45	45	
No. of students in tertiary education	434	434	450	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	180,992	90,415	192,	
Function: 0784 Education & Sports Management and I	Inspection			
No. of primary schools inspected in quarter	96	200	180	

### Workplan 6: Education

trained in Kids Athletics, 10 Community sensitization meetings were held in both Primary and Secondary S and 98% pass rate registered in 2016 primary Leaving Examination.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The planned activities for 2017/18 include: Rehabilitation of a classroom block at Murro P/S, Construction house at Kitwetwe P/S, Construction of 5 stance lined latrine at Rwempisi P/S, Installation of lightening construction in Rwempisi, Kasongoire, Miduuma, Ntooma, Nyakyanika and Bokwe P/S. Construction of a 2 stance pit block at teachers quarters of Alimugonza, Kinuumi, Kihagani, Kikingura, Kimanya Upper, Kinywamurara at Kiwetwe P/S. 210 schools will be inspected termly.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at None
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Low community participation in school affairs

Parents have not fully supported their children with scholarstic materials and mid day meals. There is high a drop out and absenteeism abeted by parents for doing domestic work.

2. Inadequate funding from school to district level

Some activities are not implimented because of low IPFs that limit execution of some activities in the sector Sports and Special Needs

3. Absentism by teachears

Lack of close supervision by School Management Committees

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:  Recurrent Revenues	0	465 261	0
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	787,900	465,361	716,318
	16,634	12,475	16,009
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	110,675	69,468	111,040
	23,463	9.322	23,463

#### Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering 903,705 917,390 **Total Revenues** 581,167 B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures: 787,900 Recurrent Expenditure 443,034 716,318 69,468 111,040 Wage 110,675 Non Wage 677,224 373,565 605,278 115,806 Development Expenditure 111,906 201,072 115,806 111,906 201,072 Domestic Development Donor Development 903,705 554,940 917,390 **Total Expenditure**

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

By the close of third quarter, receipts performance stood at 64% out of the planned annual budget. The underperformance was as a result of Sector conditional grant non-wage due to less funds released from the cer less release on District unconditional grant wage as replacement and planned recruitment of staff had not yet done. The Departments' expenditure was 61% against the annual budget. Law expenditure was as a result of expenditure that was made towards Road Gangs as many had not yet completed their assignments.

### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The resource envelope for the FY 2017/18 as compared to FY 2016/2017 has slightly increased by 1.5%. T increment is due to the increased funding under DDEG by 73.6%. Expenditure in the department will mainly incurred on; Routine maintenance of the District roads (Road Gangs), Spot improvement, Periodic maintenance rehabilitation of roads, staff salaries and repair of road plants.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	2016/17		2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0481 District, Urban and Community Access Re	oads		
No of bottle necks removed from CARs	5	5	0
No. of bottlenecks cleared on community Access Roads	0	0	5
Length in KmofDistrict roads routinely maintained	350	350	350
Length in KmofDistrict roads periodically maintained	8	11	15
No. of bridges maintained	3	1	0

### Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

Bugembe Regional Mechanical Workshop, Assessed 15 vehicles & 45 motorcyles, Supervision of 20 builds *Planned Outputs for 2017/18* 

Routine maintenance of 350kms of District Roads, Periodic maintenance of 8.3 Kms (Biraizi – Kilanyi), Spimprovement of Rwamahungu & Buseera on Kisindizi - Kinumi road and Ntooma - Tura road 2Km, , Me maintenance of Boaz road 2.6km, Rehabilitation of Katagurukwa - Kinumi (9km). Repair and Service of roa equipment and District vehicles.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at None
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Inadquate funding to the department.

The department receive insufficient sector development Grant

2. Incomplete and aging roads equipment unit

The allocated equipments are only for light works while the whole road unit equipment set is still required to maintenance of works under the force account moadality.

3. Limited Plant Operators

Operators with minimum qualification of O`level education are not readily available on market.

### Workplan 7b: Water

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	88,226	50,120	69,415
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	45,720	18,370	30,905
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	172	0	117
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	42,333	31,750	38,393
Development Revenues	251,921	251,921	404,816
Development Grant	229,921	229,921	324,178
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra		0	60.000

Workplan 7b: Water				
Total Revenues	340,146	302,040	474,23	<mark>31</mark>
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	88,226	46,040	69,4	<del>15</del>
Wage	45,720	16,948	30,90	05
Non Wage	42,505	29,093	38,51	10
Development Expenditure	251,921	144,407	404,8	<u>16</u>
Domestic Development	251,921	144,407	404,8	<mark>16</mark>
Donor Development	0	0		0
Total Expenditure	340,146	190,448	474,23	<mark>31</mark>

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

Cumulatively, the sector received 89% of the annual budget. The over performance in receipts was as a result central Government deliberate move to release Development grants by close of Quarter 3. Overall expenditure at 56% against annual planned budget. Low expenditure was due the fact that payment for the drilling wor not done in the quarter and lack of the substantive District Water Officer which resulted into less expenditure wage.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the FY 2017/2018, the resource envelope is anticipated to increase by 39.4%. The increase in funding is a increase in the capital development grant and an allocation of the District Discretionary Development Equali Grant to the sector. The Expenditure will be as follows; 6.5% on salaries, 10.2% on software activities, 75% hardware/capital development activities, 0.6% on GPS, 3 % On Supervision and Monitoring of the sector and 4.7% will be spent on office consumables.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

		2016/17		
$F_{i}$	unction, Indicator  Approved Budgard Planned	get		Approved
	outputs		Eliu Marcii	outputs

Function: 0981 Rural Water Supply and Sanitation

## Workplan 7b: Water

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No. of water user committees formed.	21	21	35
No. of Water User Committee members trained	147	88	420
No. of advocacy activities (drama shows, radio spots, public campaigns) on promoting water, sanitation and good hygiene practices	621	350	515
No. of public latrines in RGCs and public places	1	1	1
No. of springs protected	11	11	13
No. of deep boreholes drilled (hand pump, motorised)	4	0	7
No. of deep boreholes rehabilitated	5	5	15
No. of supervision visits during and after construction	21	21	35
No. of water points tested for quality	4	4	35
No. of District Water Supply and Sanitation Coordination Meetings	5	4	5
No. of Mandatory Public notices displayed with financial information (release and expenditure)	4	3	4
No. of sources tested for water quality	4	4	35
No. of water points rehabilitated	5	5	15
% of rural water point sources functional (Shallow Wells )	88	88	88
No. of water pump mechanics, scheme attendants and caretakers trained	0	0	5
No. of water and Sanitation promotional events undertaken	621	350	519
Function Cost (UShs '000)  Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	340,146 340,146	190,448 190,448	<i>474</i> , 474,

### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Overall the following outputs were registered; contruction of one public latrine, 200 advocacy meetings, h improvement campaigns in Ntooma and Kitamba parishes and marking of the sanitation week.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

### Workplan 7b: Water

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Declining budget allocation

The budget allocation to the sector continues to reduce, though in the Year 2017/2018 the allocation has incompared to that for the FY 2016/2017, it still remains below average due to the increased costs of investments.

### 2. Ageing infrastructure

Wage Non Wage

Most of the water facilities have served beyond their servicibilty period and this leads to the frequent breakdowhich calls for more funds for rehabilitation which we cant get.

### 3. Failure by some communities to collect water user fees

Some communities have desisted from paying for user fees which makes the maintenace of the sources difficult hence frequent breakdowns.

### Workplan 8: Natural Resources

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	256,541	126,142	265,460
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	29,932	22,449	28,807
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	157,818	84,921	137,620
Locally Raised Revenues	34,352	11,567	34,352
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	28,459	2,720	18,690
Other Transfers from Central Government		0	40,000
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	5,981	4,486	5,992
Development Revenues	76,891	64,385	58,320
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	28,960	28,960	10,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	47,931	35,425	48,320
otal Revenues	333,432	190,527	323,780
: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	256,541	125,561	265,460

157,818

98,724

84,517

41,043

137,620

127,840

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

spent 57%, of which 49% was recurrent and 84% development.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

A decrease of 2.89% in the resource envelope is anticipated in the FY 2017/2018. The decrease is attributed decreases in Wages as some staff members have been transferred to administration Vote. The department's p expenditure areas, will be on Staff salaries, tree planting, training of communities in forestry management, v management, Environmental inspection and compliance surveys, and settlement of Land disputes, and secutiles for government pieces of land.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0983 Natural Resources Management			
Area (Ha) oftrees established (planted and surviving)	10	10	10
Number of people (Men and Women) participating in tree planting days	300	190	300
No. of Agro forestry Demonstrations	0	0	60
No. of community members trained (Men and Women) in forestry management	0	0	60
No. of monitoring and compliance surveys/inspections undertaken	16	6	30
No. of Water Shed Management Committees formulated	4	3	0
No. of community women and men trained in ENR monitoring	0	0	100
No. of monitoring and compliance surveys undertaken	4	3	4
No. of new land disputes settled within FY	20	22	20
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	333,432 333,432	189,945 189,945	323, 323,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Major out puts delivered in the quarter were; intiated process to secure 12 land titles for government lands, or Shs. 2,931,660 as land revenues, received 24 applications for land registration, Approved 15 deed plans, Major out puts delivered in the quarter were; intiated process to secure 12 land titles for government lands, or Shs. 2,931,660 as land revenues, received 24 applications for land registration, Approved 15 deed plans, Major out puts delivered in the quarter were; intiated process to secure 12 land titles for government lands, or Shs. 2,931,660 as land revenues, received 24 applications for land registration.

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

Planed developments, land titles for government lands secured, local forest reserve maintained, trees plante communities, community forests managed, land owners supported to register land, land disputes settled and environmental compliance surveys conducted and wetland management promoted.

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector ar

Awareness creation on land administration and registration, court sessions on land disputes, community for management and governance issues, community wetland action plan development.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Limited funding

This has left most of the department's priority areas are unattended to.

### 2. Rampant land disputes

These are mainly on boundary and ownership which leads to delayed land registration or non registration a lot of time and money is wasted in trying to resolve the disputes in courts and at other levels and hence por among the community.

### 3. Over dependence on natural resources

Most of the community members in the district largely depend on natural resources like trees, wetlands, and their survival hence leading to over use, degradation and depletion of these resources and rendering it had for district to control.

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	732,415	306,449	1,441,862
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	14,461	10,846	13,918
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	110,032	57,602	105,495
Locally Raised Revenues	19,809	19,271	34,809
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	154,015	143,739	152,414
Other Transfers from Central Government	389,759	41,738	1,088,876
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	44 339	33 254	46 351

#### Workplan 9: Community Based Services 1,483,947 **Total Revenues** 831,103 358,371 B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures: Recurrent Expenditure 732,415 264,712 1,441,862 105,495 Wage 110,032 57,602 Non Wage 622,383 207,110 1,336,367 Development Expenditure 48,502 42,084 98,688 41,149 42,084 Domestic Development 72,893 Donor Development 25,795 7,353 0

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

**Total Expenditure** 

The sectors' performance in terms of receipts by the end of the third Quarter was 43% against the planned an receipts. The law performance in receipts was due to limited releases under UWEP and YLP as the process approval of proposals for funding was still ongoing and limited release on Wage as the sector still lacks the sectors' overall cumulative expenditure stood at 37.6% of which 31.85% was incurred on recurrent and 5.84 development.

831,103

313,214

1,483,947

#### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

TIn comparison to the FY 2016/2017 budget, the overall sector projected budget for the FY 2017/2018, has drastically increased by 78.85%. The sharp increase is due to increased funding under other transfers from Convernment (YLP and UWEP). The department expects to spend 97% on recurrent of which 7.11% shall be and 90%. Capital development expenditure will consume 2.83% of the sectors' annual budget.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1081 Community Mobilisation and Empowern	nent		
No. of children settled	120	77	100
No. of Active Community Development Workers	5	5	5
No. FAL Learners Trained	50	65	50
No. of children cases (Juveniles) handled and settled	60	43	60
No. of Youth councils supported	1	1	1

### Workplan 9: Community Based Services

good custody at the remand home, 11 CBOs registered.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

100 children settled in their homes, 1200 FAL Learners trained in all the Sub Counties, 120 Juvenile cases 4 youth Councils supported, International and National days observed (Women's, Labour and Independence Worker places inspected, Labour and family disputes settled, communities mobilized towards implementation Government programs and funding to Women and Youth groups monitored.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at None.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Limited transport

The department lacks a motor vehicle and motorcycles to ease movement of officers during execution of serv

2. Increasing poverty levels in the community

This has led to high rates of domestic violence, family break down and low participation of poor people in development programs

3. Low Community Support to Government programmes

Community has negative attitudes towards embrasing government programmes.

### Workplan 10: Planning

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	275,633	169,827	290,192
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	39,565	29,674	38,078
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	75,195	37,312	64,380
Locally Raised Revenues	42,839	20,745	43,839
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	118,034	82,097	143,895
Development Revenues	64,256	16,602	18,291
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	14,212	14,212	17,091

Workplan 10: Planning			
<b>Total Revenues</b>	339,889	186,430	308,482
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditur	·es:		
Recurrent Expenditure	275,633	164,441	290,192
Wage	75,195	37,312	64,380
Non Wage	200,438	127,129	225,812
Development Expenditure	64,256	11,494	18,291
Domestic Development	16,256	11,494	18,291
Donor Development	48,000	0	0
Total Expenditure	339,889	175,935	308,482

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

By the end of quarter three, receipts performance stood at 55%. The underperformance was as a result of none from Donors, limited releases under local revenue and release on wages that was done basing on staff in post of expenditure, 50% against the quarter and 52% against annual Budget was spent in quarter three. Under expenditure is mainly attributed to delay in delivery of supplies/office consumables by some private service

### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):

The proposed budget for FY 2017/2018 reflects 9.24% decrease as compared to FY 2016/2017. The decrease resource envelope is due to decreased resource allocation under wage (Staff downsized), general Budget cut as funding from NGOs. Expenditure will be incurred on; Salaries, staff allowances, Production of Mandatory do Monitoring of Government programs, backstopping of staff, Office furniture, ICT Equipment and Office constitutions.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	2016/17		2017/
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1383 Local Government Planning Services			
No of qualified staff in the Unit	7	4	4
No of Minutes of TPC meetings	12	9	12
Function Cost (UShs '000)	339,889	175,935	308,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

The major Physical performance highlights/achievements were; Prepared Quarter two report, Staff salaries pa

339,889

175,935

## Workplan 10: Planning

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at None
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Under staffing

The New staff structure only provide 4 members of staff for the Department

2. Low community participation in planning process

Communities have developed an attitude and attached meetings to monetary aspects

3. Late preparation of mandatory documents by LLGs.

Limited capacity by LLG staff members and overwhelming work.

### Workplan 11: Internal Audit

Domestic Development

Donor Development

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	72,998	44,323	66,189
District Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	14,821	11,116	15,274
District Unconditional Grant (Wage)	43,421	23,141	26,659
Locally Raised Revenues	14,756	10,066	24,256
Development Revenues	13,911	11,253	
District Discretionary Development Equalization Gra	11,253	11,253	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	2,657	0	
Total Revenues	86,909	55,577	66,189
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	72,998	41,711	66,189
Wage	43,421	22,245	26,659
Non Wage	29,577	19,466	39,530
Development Expenditure	13,911	11,250	0

13,911

11,250

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

The department's budget for FY 2017/2018 has decreased by 23.8% as compared to FY 2016/2017. The de resource envelop is due none allocation of DDEG allocation due to change in policy and downsizing of the slevel as per new staff structure. Expenditure for FY 2017/2018 will mainly be incurred on Production of quar special audit reports, VFM reviews, Monitoring of government programs, enforcement compliance to existing regulations and guidelines.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

2016/17		
Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
132	90	121
31/10/2016	28/04/17	31/10/20
86,909 86,909	52,962 52,962	66, 66,
	Approved Budget and Planned outputs  132 31/10/2016 86,909	Approved Budget and Planned outputs  Expenditure and Performance by End March  132 90 31/10/2016 28/04/17 86,909 52,962

### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

In the third quarter the following outputs were registered; 1 quarterly internal audit report produced, 5 subcounties were audited, 10 programmes were monitered and reports produced, UPE and lower health unit accountabilities verified and reasonable compliance to the prevailing regulations, procedures and other intern were enforced and noticed.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

- 11 District Sector accounts audited, projects accounts audited per quarter & 4 statutory Quarterly Audit reports produced, 5LLG audited twice in a year & two LLG Audit Reports Produced,7 secondary schools audited to year & audit reports produced, Primary Schools and Health Units accountabilities verified, Payroll audited a Investigations Conducted and reports produced as occasions demand.
- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector are Expected trainings from USAID GAPP to enhance Auditing skills.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Underfunding

The Indicative Planning Figure (IPF) for the Audit unit has been further reduced from 84,251,000= to 55,67

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

With the emmergency of the TSA, A lot of challenges have been encountered in auditing through the system formal training given to internal audit staff. Therefore there is need for training of all audit staff on issues con TSA.