## **Structure of Performance Contract**

PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

Pursuant to the Public Financial Management Act of 2015, Part VII – Accounting and Audit, Section 45 (3), the A shall enter into an annual budget performance contract with the Permanent Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury.

The performance contract consists of two parts – Part A and Part B. Part A outlines the core performance requirement which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed, in two areas:

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote I understand that Central Government Accounting Officers will communicate their 5 priorities of the vote within the start of the Financial Year and the priorities for local governments will be established centrally.

Part B sets out the key results that a Vote plans to achieve in 2017/18. These take the form of summaries of Minister Statement (MPS) for central government AOs and budget narrative summaries for Local government AOs.

I hereby undertake, as the Accounting Officer, to achieve the performance requirements set out in Part A of this per and to deliver on the outputs and activities specified in the work plan of the Vote for FY 2017/18 subject to the avoid budgeted resources set out in Part B.

I, as the Accounting Officer, shall be responsible and personally accountable to Parliament for the activities of this also be personally accountable for a function or responsibility that is delegated, inclusive of all work performed or that I have authority and control over.

I understand that my performance will be assessed to ascertain whether I have met the requirements specified under

I also undertake to prepare and submit quarterly financial and physical performance progress reports to the Ministry Planning and Economic Development on the outputs set out in the workplans, and to provide quarterly workplan requests by the specified deadlines (PFM Act of 2015, Section 16(1) and 21(3)). I understand that the Ministry of Planning and Economic Development will not disburse funds unless it has received complete submissions of the a reports.

I commit to adhering to the responsibilities laid out in the letter appointing me as an Accounting Officer from the F Secretary/Secretary to the Treasury for FY2017/18.

Name and Signature:

Name and Signature:

Name and Signature:

Name and Signature:

Permanent Secretary to Mubende Municipal Council

Signed on Date:

Signed on Date:

#### PART A: PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF ACCOUNTING OFFICERS

Part A outlines the core performance requirements against which my performance as an Accounting Officer will be assessed

- 1. Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability, which are common for all Votes; and
- 2. Achieving Results in five Priority Programmes and Projects identified for the specific Vote

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #1: Budgeting, Financial Management and Accountability

Preamble: All Accounting Officers are expected to perform their job responsibilities in accordance with the Public Finance (PFM) Act 2015 and the Public Procurement and Disposal Act (PPDA) 2003 along with the Constitution and other laws t Republic of Uganda.

Accounting officers will be required to perform and their performance will be assessed annually in the following areas:

- 1.1 Adherence to Budget Requirements: Adherence to key budget requirements specified by MoFPED in the various Ci budget preparation. For local governments, this also includes adherence to budget requirements agreed between local governments responsible for sector conditional and unconditional grants and the Discretionary Development Equalisation Grants
- 1.2 Complete and timely submission of budget documents: Sector Budget Framework Paper, Ministerial Policy Statemen detailed budget estimates, annual cashflow plan, annual recruitment plan, annual procurement plans, accounting warrants are procurement plans that are submitted on time in accordance with the designated due date
- 1.3 Open and Transparent Procurement: Annual procurement plans and required information on tender prepared and pos procurement portal.
- 1.4 Prompt Processing of Payments: Monthly salaries, wages, invoices, certificates and pensions on time in accordance value date.

Public Accounts Committee.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA #2: Achieving Results in Priority Projects and Programs

Preamble: Accounting Officers are held accountable and are expected to oversee the implementation and delivery of physic projects and programs regardless of their stage and/or status. An Accounting Officer's performance in the planning and imfive priority Programmes and projects will be assessed

Central Government Accounting Officers must identify and specify five priority programmes (recurrent) or major infrastru (capital development) for their individual Votes and list them at the beginning of this Performance Contract. The top 5 properts or programs, should be the ones that contribute significantly to the achievement of sectoral or national goals. They on the basis of their size and/or policy priority.

It is critically important for AOs to track the performance of these Projects/programmes and ensure they are managed effect

For each priority Programme or Project, Accounting Officers will be assessed on performance in the following areas:

- 2.1 Alignment of plans with Policy: The alignment of priority Programmes and Projects workplans with vote, sectoral as strategies (NDP).
- 2.2 Achievement of planned results: The extent to which annual key performance indicators and targets are achieved for k programs
- 2.3 Timely and Predictable Implementation: The consistency of actual expenditures with budgeted cash flow and procure degree to which results are achieved within budget and without cost overruns
- 2.4 Procurement and Project Management: Adherence to all aspects of the PPDA Act and Regulations for procurements Programme/Project expenditure.
- 2.5 Monitoring & Follow Up: The adequacy and timeliness of information on priority Programmes and Projects in vote q and evaluation reports; follow up on performance issues identified relating to the Programme/Project identified via monitor audit and feedback processes.

#### **NOTE:**

Accounting Officers' performance will be assessed annually. MoFPED will distribute compliance and assessment tools to Officers within three months of the start of the financial year. These tools will set out how Accounting Officers can compliance and how they will be assessed.

National priorities for Local Governments will be identified centrally in consultation with the Local Government Association Prime Minister, National Planning Authority and Ministry of Local Government.

#### PART B: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE AND WORKPLANS

## **Executive Summary**

#### Revenue Performance and Plans

	2016	20	
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approved
1. Locally Raised Revenues	737,173	444,205	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	825,264	676,474	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	3,764,370	2,946,473	4
2c. Other Government Transfers		2,321	
Total Revenues	5,326,807	4,069,474	

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

Mubende Municipal Council has a total budget of Ugx 6,730,242,000/= out of which 824,677,000/= is locarevenue and 5,581,831,000/= are Central Government transfers

Mubende Municipal Council expects to generate locally raised revenue amounting to 824,677,000/= represe 12.48% of the total draft budget estimates. Compared to the budget of 2016 / 2017 of 737,173,000/=, there an increase in the local revenue of 2017 / 2018 by 11.87%.

Mubende Municipal Council plans to receiv

### **Expenditure Performance and Plans**

	2016/1	2016/17		
	Approved Budget	Actual	Approved Budget	
UShs 000's		Expenditure by		
Csns 000 s		end of March		
1a Administration	495,638	329,353	817,613	
2 Finance	285,695	189,451	336,937	
3 Statutory Bodies	221,997	130,237	300,253	
4 Production and Marketing	68,066	11,246	56,685	
5 Health	298,764	205,435	294,224	
6 Education	3,278,862	2,183,707	4,044,340	
7a Roads and Engineering	451,792	282,008	309,890	
7b Water	20,890	0	7,698	
8 Natural Resources	57,791	17,594	169,411	
9 Community Based Services	60,226	14,828	292,750	

## **Executive Summary**

Planned Expenditures for 2017/18

In the Financial Year 2017 / 2018, Council intends to spend a total of Ugshs 6,730,242,000/= reflecting an from the current budget of 5,326,807,000/= which represents a percentage increase of 24%. There is an increase funds allocated to the Finance department to cater for hire of a gazzetted Taxi Park so as to stream line the regenerated from the Park. There is also an increase in the funds allocated to the Statutory Bodies Department to allocation of funds for c

## A. Revenue Performance and Plans

## Conditional, Discretionary Transfers and other Revenues to the Local Government

	2010	5/17	20
UShs 000's	Approved Budget	Receipts by End March	Approve
1. Locally Raised Revenues	737,173	444,205	
Miscellaneous		5,080	
Advertisements/Billboards	10,999	8,018	
Agency Fees	2,400	1,744	
Animal & Crop Husbandry related levies	36,000	26,869	
Business licences	83,121	65,574	
Educational/Instruction related levies	8,540	6,948	
Ground rent	35,891	17,574	
Inspection Fees	3,960	1,252	
Land Fees	49,086	31,888	
Local Government Hotel Tax	10,702	5,158	
Market/Gate Charges	40,854	29,272	
Other Fees and Charges	2,124	1,915	
Park Fees	310,212	164,689	
Property related Duties/Fees	24,300	9,257	
Refuse collection charges/Public convinience	1,440	415	
Registration (e.g. Births, Deaths, Marriages, etc.) Fees	2,000	1,368	
Registration of Businesses	1,615	1,320	
Rent & Rates from other Gov't Units	66,264	34,614	
Local Service Tax	47,665	31,249	
2a. Discretionary Government Transfers	825,264	676,474	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	386,577	289,933	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	208,582	156,436	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant	230,105	230,105	
2b. Conditional Government Transfers	3,764,370	2,946,473	
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	2,892,872	2,249,258	
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	645,584	471,301	
Transitional Development Grant	150,000	150,000	
Gratuity for Local Governments	,	0	

## A. Revenue Performance and Plans

UWEP		2,321	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	5,326,807	4,069,474	

#### Planned Revenues for 2017/18

#### (i) Locally Raised Revenues

Mubende Municipal Council expects to generate locally raised revenue amounting to 824,677,000/= representing the total budget estimates. The local revenue sources include Property Tax, Park fees, market fees, animal and crop r husbandry related levies, Local Hotel Tax and Local Service Tax among others.

#### (ii) Central Government Transfers

Mubende Municipal Council plans to receive Central Government Transfers amounting to 5,781,831,000/=. There increase from the budget 2016 / 2017 in the Central Government Transfers. The Central Government Transfers included Discretionary Government Transfers of 1,041,787,000/=, Conditional Government Transfers of 4,486,510,000/= and Government Transfers of shs. 253,534,000/=. In the other Government Transfers we have the Youth Livelihood Pro (YLP) funds, Conditional transfers to p

#### (iii) Donor Funding

The municipality does not expect to receive funds from donors.

## Summary: Department Performance and Plans by Workplan

## Workplan 1a: Administration

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	312,133	318,049	792,856
Gratuity for Local Governments		0	117,695
Locally Raised Revenues	22,367	44,424	166,904
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	161,859	47,152	173,471
Pension for Local Governments		0	22,972
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	34,454	50,136	38,918
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	93,453	176,338	272,896
Development Revenues	183,505	177,099	24,757
Locally Raised Revenues	9,000	0	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	10,700	13,294	8,739
Transitional Development Grant	150,000	150,000	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Gran	13,804	13,804	16,018
Total Revenues	495,638	495,148	817,613
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	312,133	316,058	792,856
Wage	167,673	176,338	272,896
Non Wage	144,460	139,721	519,960
Development Expenditure	183,505	13,294	24,757
Domestic Development	183,505	13,294	24,757
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	495,638	329,353	817,613

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Administration department received Shs. 495,148,000/= out of Shs 495,638,000/= budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 100% budget performance best performing revenue source was local revenue at 199%, unban unconditional grant wage at 189% and unbunconditional grant non-wage at 146%. Low performance was observed for muilti sectrol transfers to lower legovernments at 29% for recurrent expenditures.

Expenditure was Shs. 329,353,000/= representing an absorption rate of 66% and a burn rate of 67% of the received by the department. Expenditure was mainly done on payment of staff salaries, ficilitation of the pro-

## Workplan 1a: Administration

Pension and Gratuity for retired officers and the departmental operations are to be financed by 29%. Expendit be made in capacity building, Monitoring and supervision of Government programs and General administrat services

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1381 District and Urban Administration			•
%age of LG establish posts filled	13	0	40
%age of staff appraised	52	0	99
%age of staff whose salaries are paid by 28th of every month	99	99	99
%age of pensioners paid by 28th of every month	99	0	99
No. (and type) of capacity building sessions undertaken	3	0	1
Availability and implementation of LG capacity building policy and plan	Yes	NO	Yes
No. of monitoring visits conducted	4	3	4
No. of monitoring reports generated	4	3	4
No. of computers, printers and sets of office furniture purchased	3	0	0
No. of administrative buildings constructed	0	1	0
Function Cost (UShs '000)	495,638	329,353	817,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	495,638	329,353	817,

### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Staff salaries paid for nine months, Monitoring and support supervision visits conducted to three divisions, management meetings conducted, Disturbance allowances for Town Clerk paid among other activities for da running of the institution. The department was only able to realize those outputs due to available funds from revenue and unconditional non-wage

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, Administration Department intends to make relevant consultations to min authorities, improved sanitation in the town through routine supervision of the health and sanitation department.

## Workplan 1a: Administration

#### 1. Office space

The department lacks adequate office space for all the department staff and the other departments at large

### 2. Inadquate funding

The department is responsible for monitoring of all the council departments, involves numerous movements consultation to the relevant ministries and authorities and thus requires adequate funding which has not been

### 3. Staffing

As one of the newly created municipalities, the department requires a number of staffs that are not recruited substantively by the District Service Commission

## Workplan 2: Finance

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	274,127	186,135	318,634
Locally Raised Revenues	21,235	30,108	57,668
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	195,316	100,053	134,380
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	26,009	24,205	65,798
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	31,567	31,770	60,788
Development Revenues	11,569	6,917	18,302
Locally Raised Revenues	3,000	0	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	8,569	6,917	18,302
Total Revenues	285,695	193,052	336,937
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	274,127	184,057	318,634
Wage	65,984	31,770	60,788
Non Wage	208,142	152,288	257,846
Development Expenditure	11,569	5,394	18,302
Domestic Development	11,569	5,394	18,302
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	285,695	189,451	336,937

2016/17 D

## Workplan 2: Finance

reports.

The department has a total unspent balance of 3,600,000/= out of which, 2,078,000/= are recurrent and 1,523 are development funds.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the Financial Year 2017 / 2018, the Department estimates a total of UGX 336,937,000 for all Financial Management and accountability services both at Centre and Divisions. This is to cater for Revenue mobilization and accountability, Remittances to URA, and general operation of the department. Out of the total allocation 45% is for Divisions, 18% is wage, and the departmental operations are to be financed by 37%. Expenditure will be geared towards revenue mobilization, strengthen financial management accountability a reporting

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 1481 Financial Management and Accountability	ty(LG)			
Date for submitting the Annual Performance Report	30/7/2016	31/01/2017	30/7/201	
Value of LG service tax collection	47665000	29525341	50315000	
Value of Hotel Tax Collected	10701600	5158200	2158800	
Value of Other Local Revenue Collections	678806543	401734236	7527737	
Date of Approval of the Annual Workplan to the Council	31/5/2016	30/03/2017	31/5/201	
Date for presenting draft Budget and Annual workplan to the Council	31/5/2016	30/03/2017	31/5/201	
Date for submitting annual LG final accounts to Auditor	30/9/2017	31/08/2017	30/9/201	
General				
Function Cost (UShs '000)	285,695	189,451	336,	
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	285,695	189,451	336,	

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Revenue mobilization visits conducted, revenue assessment done, staff salaries paid, half Year Accounts preprint financial statements prepared and submitted to relevant authorities, mobilization of revenue collection done, to divisions done, budgets and work plans prepared and submitted to relevant authorities. The department versalize those outputs due to regular allocation of funds.

## Workplan 2: Finance

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. Lack of transport

The department lacks a vehicle to provide quick transport to revenue centres.

#### 2. Lack of enough Staff

The department lacks enough field staff to mobilise and collect local revenue.

#### 3. Lack of enough funds

Development Expenditure

Donor Development

**Total Expenditure** 

Domestic Development

The funds allocated to the department are inadequate

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	221,997	131,776	300,253
Locally Raised Revenues	45,267	22,863	59,880
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	142,674	67,402	82,772
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	15,336	16,557	127,972
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	18,720	24,953	29,628
Total Revenues	221,997	131,776	300,253
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	221,997	130,237	300,253
Wage	29,952	24,953	29,952
Non Wage	192,045	105,284	270,301

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Council and Statutory Boards received Shs. 131,776,000/= out of S 997,000/= budgeted for recurrent revenue representing a 59% budget performance. The best performing revenue representing a 59% budget performance.

0

0

221,997

0

0

130,237

0

0

300,253

## Workplan 3: Statutory Bodies

In the Financial Year 2017 / 2018, the Department estimates a total of UGX 300,253,000 for all council ser at Centre and Divisions. This is to cater for Council sitting, sectoral committees, and emoluments of Politic leaders, salaries and allowance for elected political leaders and general operation of the department. Out of the allocation 28% is for Divisions, 10% is wage, Ex-gratia and councilor's allowance constitute 39% and the departmental operations are to be financed by 23%. Expenditure will be made to strengthen good governance political oversight, Monitoring and supervision of government programs, and coordination services

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	16/17	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget Expenditure and and Planned Performance by outputs End March		Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 1382 Local Statutory Bodies			
No of minutes of Council meetings with relevant resolutions		3	6
Function Cost (UShs '000)	221,997	130,237	300,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	221,997	130,237	300,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Staff salaries paid for nine months, four Council Sessions held and a number of resolutions made, nine Execumeetings held, Five Standing Committee meetings held. The department was able to realize those outputs of availability of locally raised revenue and urban unconditional non-wage on timely.

## Planned Outputs for 2017/18

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, the statutory bodies department expects to hold 12 executive committee sit committee sittings, 6 general council meetings and six business committee meetings so as to deliberate on pertaining development of Mubende municipal council.

## (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector an

There are no off-budget activities or programs that will be undertaken by NGOs, Donor funding or by the Government

## (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

## 1. Lack of enough office space

The municipality lacks office space for the deputy Mayor so as to effectively carry out the desired roles.

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	58,066	39,800	51,094
Locally Raised Revenues	6,721	5,000	9,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	9,771	4,638	2,784
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	11,405	8,554	14,310
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	25,000	18,750	25,000
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	5,168	2,858	
Development Revenues	10,000	10,000	5,591
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Gran	10,000	10,000	5,591
otal Revenues	68,066	49,800	56,685
: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	58,066	11,246	51,094
Wage	25,000	0	25,000
Non Wage	33,066	11,246	26,094
Development Expenditure	10,000	0	5,591
Domestic Development	10,000	0	5,591
Donor Development	0	0	0
otal Expenditure	68,066	11,246	56,685

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Production and Marketing department received Shs. 49,800,000/= 68,066,000/= budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 73% budget performance. performing revenue source was Discretionary Development Equalization Grant at 100%, followed by sector of grant at 75% and unconditional non-wage and wage at 75%. The department received all the funds expected DDEG for construction of a slaughter slab.

Expenditure was only Shs. 11,246,000/= out of Shs 68,066,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate and also burn rate of 22.5% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done disease control activities. The department had a balance of Shs 38,554,000/= and these were funds meant for salaries for production ye recruited and funds for construction that were affected by delays to award contract for slaughter slab construction

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the Financial Year 2017 / 2018, the Department estimates a total of UGX 56,685,000 for Production and

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

	20	16/17	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 0182 District Production Services				
No. of Plant marketing facilities constructed	1	0	0	
No. of livestock vaccinated	25800	24363	26000	
No. of livestock by type undertaken in the slaughter slabs	46400	36000	50000	
No. of fish ponds construsted and maintained	1	4	3	
No. offish ponds stocked	1	3	3	
Quantity of fish harvested	10000	2450	10000	
Number of anti vermin operations executed quarterly	4	3	4	
No. of parishes receiving anti-vermin services		5	12	
No. oftsetse traps deployed and maintained	4	3	100	
No ofslaughter slabs constructed	01	0		
Function Cost (UShs '000)	59,883	9,686	52,	

Function: 0183 District Commercial Services

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

	2	016/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
No ofawareness radio shows participated in	2	5	4
No. oftrade sensitisation meetings organised at the district/Municipal Council	4	8	4
No ofbusinesses inspected for compliance to the law	1500	355	1500
No ofbusinesses issued with trade licenses	1500	725	1500
No ofawareneness radio shows participated in	3	3	3
No ofbusinesses assited in business registration process	0	630	250
No. of enterprises linked to UNBS for product quality and standards	0	0	45
No. of producers or producer groups linked to market internationally through UEPB	5	1	8
No. of market information reports desserminated	4	1	4
No ofcooperative groups supervised	10	10	15
No. of cooperative groups mobilised for registration	10	7	15
No. of cooperatives assisted in registration	10	5	15
No. of opportunites identified for industrial development	3	1	5
No. of producer groups identified for collective value addition support	5	3	10
No. of value addition facilities in the district	25	14	25
A report on the nature of value addition support existing and needed	YES	YES	YES
No. of Tourism Action Plans and regulations developed	1	1	1
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	8,183 68,066	<i>1,560</i> 11,246	<i>3</i> , <b>56</b> ,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Low phsical performance was delayed procurement process and release of operational funds.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

## Workplan 4: Production and Marketing

infrastructures (fish ponds, valley tanks, valley dams; Establishment of value chain addition infrastructures; Promotion of irrigation technologies; establishment of animal and crop pests and diseases diagnostic centres epidemiology services.

#### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

1. High incidences of animal and crop pests and diseases.

These have affected both production and productivity, hence low incomes and food insecurity. Worse still, s transmisseable to humans, hence of public health importance.

### 2. Poor climatic conditions for agriculture

Long dry spells coupled with flood during rainy seasons, hence greatly affecting agricultural production, propour road infrastructure networks hence poor marketing of agricultural products; High incidences of pests and

### 3. Poor agricultural products value chain addition infrastructures

Poor livestock and crop markets; poor maintanace of animal slaughter slabs, milk cooler plants and fish stall sufficient crop and livestock product processing plants; under-budgeting for department.

## Workplan 5: Health

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2016/17		2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	286,264	221,272	285,818
Locally Raised Revenues	30,107	24,302	24,201
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	59,815	51,349	75,611
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	29,801	22,351	29,801
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	156,205	117,154	156,205
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	10,336	6,116	
Development Revenues	12,500	10,000	8,406
Locally Raised Revenues	2,500	0	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		0	8,406
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grar	10,000	10,000	
Total Revenues	298,764	231,272	294,224

#### B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:

## Workplan 5: Health

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Health department received Shs. 231,272,000/= out of Shs.298, 764 budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 77% budget performance. The best performence was local revenue at 81%, followed by sector conditional grant non wage and wage at 75%. Trevenue performing source was unconditional non wage at 59%.

Expenditure was Shs. 205,435,000/= out of Shs 298,764,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate of also burn rate of 88.8% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done payment of salaries for staff, reference of the sanitation of the town, travel in land and remittance of PHC non-wage to health units.

The department had a balance of Shs 25,836,000/= out of which 10,000,000/= are UDDEG funds for construent health II and recurrent expenditures.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the FY 2017 / 2018, Health and sanitation department has been allocated a total of UG 294,224,000/= Owhich, 53% is wage for all health workers, 29% is for Divisions, and only 12% for departmental operations.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2017/	
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0881 Primary Healthcare			
Number of trained health workers in health centers	19	19	17
No oftrained health related training sessions held.	3	1	3
Number of outpatients that visited the Govt. health facilities.	120000	64451	120000
% age of approved posts filled with qualified health workers	40	33	40
% age of Villages with functional (existing, trained, and reporting quarterly) VHTs.	60	60	95
No of children immunized with Pentavalent vaccine	1000	855	1000
No of villages which have been declared Open Deafecation Free(ODF)		0	10
No ofhealthcentres constructed	1	0	0

## Workplan 5: Health

and local revenue to the sector.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The department intends to carry on routine Garbage collection, Burial of unclaimed bodies, Immunization o at all the health centers II, Inspection of schools in all divisions, inspection of markets, inspection of public sensitization of food handlers on good food handling practices, Medical examination of food handlers, Home improvement campaigns, Treatment of patients at all the health centers II, Conducting Family Health Days, supervision and promotion of general Sanitation in the town.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at There are no off budget activities planned for.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Indequate funding to the department

Funding of the department activities are low leaving many un funded proities

2. Under staffing of the department

The staffing levels in the department are low

3. Lack of transport to carry out field activities.

Most of the activities field based and there is lack of transport to

## Workplan 6: Education

## (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	3,188,448	2,379,568	3,892,164
Locally Raised Revenues	21,962	12,620	11,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	5,039	1,950	6,556
Other Transfers from Central Government		0	8,000
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	422,008	247,086	1,011,829
Sector Conditional Grant (Wage)	2,711,667	2,113,354	2,817,806
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	5,168	4,558	

Workplan 6: Education			
<b>Total Revenues</b>	3,278,862	2,469,282	4,044,340
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures	s:		
Recurrent Expenditure	3,188,448	2,180,107	3,892,164
Wage	2,734,271	1,812,836	2,854,778
Non Wage	454,177	367,270	1,037,386
Development Expenditure	90,414	3,600	152,176
Domestic Development	90,414	3,600	152,176
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	3,278,862	2,183,707	4,044,340

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July 2016 – March 2017, Education and Sports department received Shs. 2,469,282,000/= out 3,278,862,000/= of the total budget both for development and recurrent expenditures. This is a 75% budget performance. The best performing revenue source development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant and UDDEG at 100% and urban unconcernation of the total budget both for development grant grant

Expenditure was 2,183,707,000/= out of the total budget of 3,278,862,000/= representing an absorption rate and a burn rate of 88%. Expenditures were mainly made for payment of staff salaries, monitoring of governm schools and inspection

The unspent balance were 285,576,000/= out of which 86,114,000/= was development expenditures and 199 recurrent expenditures.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Department expects to receive a total of 4,044,340,000/= Ugx of which 3,892,164,000/= is recurrent ex and 152,176,000 are Development expenditures. Out of the recurrent expenditures, UGX 11,000,000/= are learnised revenues, 6,556,000 are Multi - Sector transfers to lower Local Government, Ugshs 1,011,829,000/= Conditional Grant Non-Wage, 2,817,806,000/= are Sector Conditional Grant Wage and 36,972,000 are Ur Unconditional Grant Wage. Out of the Development expenditures, 103,676,000 are Development Grant for I Sector and 48,500,000,000 are Multi Sector transfers to lower Local Governments. (Divisions)

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

İ	2016/17			2017
	Function, Indicator	Approved Budget	Expenditure and	Approved
		and Planned	Performance by	and Plan
		outputs	End March	outputs

Function: 0781 Pre-Primary and Primary Education

## Workplan 6: Education

	20	16/17	2017
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approve and Plan outputs
No. ofteachers paid salaries	278	278	278
No. of qualified primary teachers	278	278	278
No. ofpupils enrolled in UPE	10208	10208	10472
No. ofstudent drop-outs	52	52	48
No. of Students passing in grade one	0	284	300
No. ofpupils sitting PLE	1635	1654	1670
No. of classrooms constructed in UPE	2	2	2
No. of classrooms rehabilitated in UPE	2	2	2
Function Cost (UShs '000)	1,799,551	1,355,359	1,992
Function: 0782 Secondary Education			
No. ofstudents enrolled in USE	5349	5349	4950
No. ofteaching and non teaching staffpaid	91	91	91
No. ofstudents passing O level	1168	1168	1168
No. ofstudents sitting O level	1168	1168	1168
Function Cost (UShs '000) Function: 0783 Skills Development	828,784	566,544	1,381
No. Oftertiary education Instructors paid salaries	57	57	60
No. ofstudents in tertiary education	485	485	707
Function Cost (UShs '000)	557,519	244,869	583
Function: 0784 Education & Sports Management and Ins	pection		
No. of primary schools inspected in quarter	64	192	64
No. of secondary schools inspected in quarter	10	30	12
No. oftertiary institutions inspected in quarter	2	2	2
No. of inspection reports provided to Council	4	3	4
Function Cost (UShs '000) Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	93,008 3,278,862	16,935 2,183,707	4,044

## Workplan 6: Education

The department has not got any off budget activities that will be undertaken by NGOs, Donors and the central government.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Office space

The department lack enough office space for the education department staff.

#### 2. Lack of transport facilities

The department lacks the necessary transport facility for monitoring and inspection of all the government schinstitutions.

#### 3. Inadqaute funding.

Recurrent Expenditure

The department is inadequately facilitated to enable carry out its roles diligently

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

## (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	244,208	239,937	248,968
Locally Raised Revenues	12,084	16,223	21,125
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs		3,100	37,207
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	174,388	187,325	161,592
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	22,534	13,267	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	35,201	20,023	29,044
Development Revenues	207,584	108,330	60,922
Locally Raised Revenues	16,484	11,897	
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	144,523	65,252	60,922
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Gran	24,043	29,578	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	22,534	1,603	
Total Revenues	451,792	348,268	309,890

244,208

188,312

248,968

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

budgeted for recurrent revenue representing a 77% budget performance. The best performing revenue source version at 134%, UDDEG at 123% and sector conditional non-wage at 107%. The low performing revenue sector urban unconditional non-wage grant at 59% and urban conditional grant wage at 57%.

Expenditure was only Shs. 282,008,000/= out of Shs 451,792,000/= budgeted representing a budget perform 62% an absorption rate of 80.9%. Expenditure was mainly done on payment of salaries, routine manual main of roads, periodic maintenance of roads, mechanical maintenance of roads, monitoring and supervision of roads in the Divisions.

The department had a balance of Shs 66,259,000/= out of which 51,626,000/= are funds roads and 14,633,0 funds for the office complex block.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, the total roads and engineering department budget is UGX 309,890,000/= which 248,968,000/= are recurrent expenditures and 60,922,000/= are development expenditures. Out of the expenditures, 21,125,000/= are locally raised revenues, 37,207,000/= are multi – sector transfers to Lower I Governments, 161,592,000/= are sector conditional grant for roads maintenance and 29,044,000/= are uncorgrant wage. The development funds are 60,922,000/= which are multi – sector transfers to the divisions

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

	20	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 0481 District, Urban and Community Access	Roads			
Length in KmofUrban paved roads periodically maintained	0	0	1.25	
Length in KmofUrban unpaved roads routinely maintained	0	0	43.85	
Length in KmofUrban unpaved roads periodically maintained	0	0	6	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	0	0	211,	
Function: 0483 Municipal Services				
No ofstreetlights installed	5	0	0	
Function Cost (UShs '000)	451,792	282,008	98,	

451,792

282,008

309,

Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):

## Workplan 7a: Roads and Engineering

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, the roads and engineering department expects to rehabilitate roads and lane roads and lanes, carry out routine manual and mechanical maintenance of roads, repair council vehicles and roads.

## (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector an

There are no off- budget activities, programs that are to be implemented by NGOs, donors and the Central Government

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

#### 1. Adquate office space

The municipality lacks the adequate office space in general that leads to sharing the small offices with a num

#### 2. Inadquate funding

This is both by the central government and from locally raised revenues. The number of kilometers to be we increased after a number of parishes were annexed to the municipality but the central government transfers has since been increased.

### 3. Countunioes break down of the Grader and lack of other roads equipment

The grader allocated to the municipality continuously breaks down. There is also lack of other road machine the water boozer, wheel loader and others

## Workplan 7b: Water

Recurrent Expenditure

### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	10,890	1,792	7,698
Locally Raised Revenues	5,721	500	7,698
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	5,168	1,292	
Development Revenues	10,000	5,000	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Gran	10,000	5,000	
Total Revenues	20,890	6,792	7,698

10,890

0

7,698

## Workplan 7b: Water

for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 33% budget performance. The best performing rev Discretionary Development Grant at 50%, followed by unconditional non-wage grant at 25%. The low perfo source of revenue was locally raised revenue at 9%.

There was no expenditure by the sector in the quarter under review.

The department had a balance of Shs 6,792,000/= and these were funds meant for construction and supervisi water sources.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The sector has been allocated a total budget of 7,698,000/= which is all locally raised revenue. All the funds cater for recurrent expenditures.

#### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

		201	2017/		
Function, Indicator		Approved Budget and Planned outputs		Approved and Plant outputs	
Function: 0981 Rural W	Water Supply and Sanitation				
No. of water points rehab	bilitated	3	0	5	
	Function Cost (UShs '000)	20,890	0	7,	
1	Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	20,890	0	7	

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

There was no performance in the sector in the three Quarters under review due delays to award construction of sources.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The sector intends to sensitize the community and to rehabilitate five water sources

## (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector and

There are no off-budget activities that will be undertaken by NGOs, Donors and the Central Government.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

## 1. Inadquate funding

The department is inadequately funded

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

#### (i) Overview of Workplan Revenue and Expenditures

UShs Thousand		2016/17	2017/18
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	24,291	17,565	54,916
Locally Raised Revenues	6,721	2,653	16,000
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	1,203	1,404	10,652
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	66	50	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,168	2,858	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	14,132	10,599	28,265
Development Revenues	33,500	32,100	114,495
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	1,500	500	
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grar	29,000	31,600	114,495
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	3,000	0	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	57,791	49,664	169,411
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	24,291	17,094	54,916
Wage	14,132	10,599	28,265
Non Wage	10,159	6,495	26,652
Development Expenditure	33,500	500	114,495
Domestic Development	33,500	500	114,495
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	57,791	17,594	169,411

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Natural Resources department received Shs. 49,664,000/= out of Sh 57,791,000/= budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing 86% budget performance. T performing revenue source was unconditional non-wage at 132%, Urban Discretionary Development Equalization of the sector conditional non-wage and wage at 75%. Low performance was observed on locally rai revenue at 39%.

Expenditure was Shs. 17, 594,000/= out of Shs 57,791,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate of 30 also burn rate of 36.6% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done on payment of salaries for staff sensitization, MTN masts valuation, environmental screening and field compliancy monitoring visits in well the department had a balance of Shs. 32,070,000/=, out of which 470,000/= are local revenue recurrent expended at 31,600,000 are UDDEG meant for boundary opening which is ongoing.

## Workplan 8: Natural Resources

Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs
Function: 0983 Natural Resources Management			
Area (Ha) oftrees established (planted and surviving)		0	50
No. of Water Shed Management Committees formulated	3	2	3
No. of community women and men trained in ENR monitoring		0	3
No. of monitoring and compliance surveys undertaken	3	0	10
No. of new land disputes settled within FY	60	1	60
Function Cost (UShs '000)	57,791	17,594	169,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	57,791	17,594	169,

#### 2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Staff salaries have been paid, transport refund for staff was paid, Boundary opening is ongoing, Valuation of I masts was done and Compliance monitoring done. The department was only able to achieve those out puts inadequate funds to implement planned activities

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

The department expects to carry out property valuation in the whole municipality, carry out tree planting, to and conserve the environment and limit unguided developments.

## (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector an

There are no off budget activities planned for that are to be undertaken by NGOs, Donor funding and the cent government

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

## 1. Inadequate funding to the department

Activities which need large sums of money cannot be implemented like physical development plans (structu detailed), demarcation of wetlands, title processing to most municipal land to mention but a few.

## 2. Delayed release of funds allocated to the department.

The little funds allocated to the department are not released in time as budgeted and this affects the impleme the work plan

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved
	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	44,803	24,662	44,016
Locally Raised Revenues	4,481	2,980	6,946
Multi-Sectoral Transfers to LLGs	15,610	2,902	10,325
Other Transfers from Central Government		2,321	4,800
Sector Conditional Grant (Non-Wage)	7,915	5,936	12,828
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	2,168	2,858	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	14,628	7,664	9,117
Development Revenues	15,424	12,434	248,734
Other Transfers from Central Government		0	248,734
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grar	12,424	12,434	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	3,000	0	
Total Revenues	60,226	37,096	292,750
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:			
Recurrent Expenditure	44,803	9,647	44,016
Wage	14,628	5,427	9,117
Non Wage	30,174	4,220	34,899
Development Expenditure	15,424	5,181	248,734
Domestic Development	15,424	5,181	248,734
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	60,226	14,828	292,750

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, Community Based Services Department received Shs. 37, 096,000/Shs. 60,226,000/= budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 62% budget performabest performing revenue source was unconditional Grant non-wage at 132%, followed by urban discretionary development equalization grant at 100%, Sector conditional grant non-wage at 75%. The low performing revenues are urban unconditional grant wage at 52% and locally raised revenue at 67%.

Expenditure was Shs. 14, 826,000/= out of Shs 60,226,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate of 25 also burn rate of 39.9% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done payment of salaries for staff, for official duties, facilitation of women, sensitization of women councils and facilitating Youth activity The department had a balance of Shs. 22,270,000/= out of which, 15,017,000/= are recurrent and 7,252,000 development expenditures.

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The Department has a total of 202, 750,000/- Out of which 6,046,000/- is I could reject Devenue LICV

## Workplan 9: Community Based Services

	T		
Function: 1081 Community Mobilisation and Empowerm	<del>uent</del>		
No. of children settled	20	13	10
No. of Active Community Development Workers	07	1	
No. FAL Learners Trained	200	1	100
No. of children cases (Juveniles) handled and settled	36	15	10
No. of Youth councils supported	4	3	4
No. of assisted aids supplied to disabled and elderly community	10	0	
No. of women councils supported	4	1	4
Function Cost (UShs '000)	60,226	14,828	292,
Cost of Workplan (UShs '000):	60,226	14,828	292,

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Sensitization meetings for YLP and UWEP held and Youth camp facilitated. Facilitating youth activities, was activities, FAL monitoring, payment of staff salaries and allowances. The Department was able to achieve the outputs due availability of funds from unconditional grant and locally raised revenue.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Enroll Youth Livelihood Program and Uganda Women Entreprenurship Program to all Divisions of the Muc Council, Handle Social Welfare cases, Organize Youth Day and Women's Day Celebration, facilitate officer duty, Hold Youth and Women Councils.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at HIV/AIDs Sentisitization and Counselling, Mobile legal Clinic, HIV Testing.
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of Office space

The Department lacks office space to handle Social welfare cases in secrecy. The office is shared by the Libra Assistant.

2. Delayed release of funds especially from the Centre

The Department faces a challenge of delayed release of fund especially from the centre which delays services of Community.

Workplan	<i>10</i> :	Planning
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	Budget	March	Budget
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:			
Recurrent Revenues	42,130	18,921	56,882
Locally Raised Revenues	8,962	6,797	7,600
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	8,336	6,320	20,698
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	24,832	5,805	28,584
Development Revenues	16,772	18,636	24,075
Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Gran	16,772	18,636	24,075
Total Revenues	58,902	37,557	80,957
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:  Recurrent Expenditure	42,130	16,930	56,882
Wage	24,832	5,805	28,584
Non Wage	17,298	11,125	28,298
Development Expenditure	16,772	7,124	24,075
Domestic Development	16,772	7,124	24,075
Donor Development	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	58,902	24,054	80,957

2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July, 2016 – March 2017, the Municipal Planning Unit received Shs. 37,557,000/= out of Shs 58,902,000/= budgeted for both development and recurrent revenue representing a 64% budget performance. performing revenue source was Urban Discretionary Development Grant at 111%, Unconditional Non-Wage revenue at 76%. The low performance was observed on Unconditional Grant Wage at 23%.

Expenditure was Shs. 24,054,000/= out of Shs 58,902,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate of 41 also burn rate of 64% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done on payment of salaries for staff, preparation and submission of Quarter two report, preparation and submission of the Budget Frame work pay the FY 2017 / 2018.

The department had a balance of Shs 13,503,000/= on account out of which, shs. 11,512.000/= are funds we Urban Discretionary Development Grant meant for Monitoring, Investments Service Costs and Retooling. 1,991,000/= are funds for recurrent expenditures for the planning unit.

#### Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, the planning unit expects to receive and spend a total of UGX 80,957,000 which 35% is for wage, 30% is for institutional retooling, and the remaining 35% for recurrent expenditure. will spend in conducting TPCs, Budget conference, Multi-sectoral monitoring, routine reporting and budget preparations.

## Workplan 10: Planning

	2	2016/17		
Function, Indicator	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	Expenditure and Performance by End March	Approved and Plant outputs	
No ofqualified staffin the Unit	2	1	2	
No of Minutes of TPC meetings	12	10	12	
Function Cost (US) Cost of Workplan		24,054 24,054	80, 80,	

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Ten Technical Planning Committee meetings held

Quarter one and two OBT report prepared and submitted to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economi Development

Guidance on planning issues made to the divisions and departments

The budget framework papers prepared and submitted to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development

Bottom up participatory planning processes facilitated in the Division and the Municipal Budget Conference 5 Year Development Plan prepared, edited and submitted to the National Planning Authority for further scru The department was able to achieve those out puts due to availability of unconditional non-wage funds.

### Planned Outputs for 2017/18

In the financial year 2017 / 2018, the planning unit expects prepare accountability reports of OBT, prepare B performance contract form B, Final contracts form B, the unit intends to collect data to guide in decision maguide divisions in the planning processes, mentor divisions, coordinate and appraise development programs others

### (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector an

There are no off-budget activities that will be under taken by NGOs, Donors and the Central government.

### (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services

### 1. lack of staff

The planning unit has got two staffs on the structure but actually has one staff who is burdened by all the tas

## 2. Limited office space

The planning unit shares office with the revenue officer and becomes inconveniencing to concentrate with the

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

UShs Thousand	2	2016/17	2017/18	
	Approved	Outturn by end	Approved	
	Budget	March	Budget	
A: Breakdown of Workplan Revenues:				
Recurrent Revenues	25,183	19,667	17,284	
Locally Raised Revenues	6,721	2,475	2,000	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Non-Wage)	6,891	4,411	4,000	
Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage)	11,570	12,781	11,284	
Development Revenues	3,000	0	2,200	
Locally Raised Revenues	3,000	0	2,200	
Total Revenues	28,183	19,667	19,484	
B: Breakdown of Workplan Expenditures:				
Recurrent Expenditure	25,183	13,739	17,284	
Wage	11,570	8,625	11,284	
Non Wage	13,612	5,113	6,000	
Development Expenditure	3,000	0	2,200	
Domestic Development	3,000	0	2,200	
Donor Development	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	28,183	13,739	19,484	

#### 2016/17 Revenue and Expenditure Performance up to March

In the period July 2016 – March 2017, Internal Audit received Shs. 19,667,000/= out of Shs. 28,183,000/= for both development and recurrent revenue representing 70% budget performance. The best performing rever was unconditional wage at 110% a while low performance was observed on local revenue at only 37%.

Expenditure was Shs. 13,739, 000/= out of Shs 28,183,000/= budgeted representing an absorption rate of 49 also burn rate of 70% of the revenue received. Expenditure was mainly done field visits to UPE schools, her payment of staff salaries and preparation of statutory quarterly Audit report.

The department had a balance of Shs 5,928, 000/= and these funds were for planned field audit visits that we carried out in the third quarter

Department Revenue and Expenditure Allocations Plans for 2017/18

The unit expects to receive shs 19,484,000 which constitutes 11,284,000 wage at a percentage of 58%, shs un conditional non wage and shs 2,200,000 is locally raised revenue.

### (ii) Summary of Past and Planned Workplan Outputs

## Workplan 11: Internal Audit

2016/17 Physical Performance up to March

Statutory quarterly Audit report for the second quarter was submitted, visits carried out Inspection visits USE schools and health units. Inspection of DDEG activities and visits to 3 divisions were out.

Planned Outputs for 2017/18

Internal audit unit will compile and submit 4 quarterly audit repots and workplans, inspect health centres, resegments, DDEG activities, local revenue activities, road fund activities, water source, stores, procurements, resource, divisions, UPE & USE schools. The unit will also witness hand overs & take overs of transferred workshops and seminars will be attended. Salaries of two staffs will also be paid. Small office equipment, ca stationery, office carpet & camera procured. Staff welfare catered for, audit office improved, maintainance of m and furniture.

- (iii) Details of Off-Budget Activities carried out by NGOs, Central Government, the Private Sector at N/A
- (iv) The three biggest challenges faced by the department in improving local government services
- 1. Lack of office space

internal audit unit's office is very small only suitable for one person. There is no space for even a client's chabecomes an uncondusive environment.

## 2. Lack of transport facilities

Most of the Internal audit unit's work is field based but there's neither a motorcycle nor a motor vehicle mak work very hard.

## 3. Inadequate & untimely funding

Most internal audit activities are funded by local revenue which local revenue is iadequate. Some procurement even be effected say of furniture and other equipment like camera.