S1: Sector Overview

This section provides an overview of Sector Expenditures and sets out the Sector's contribution to the NDP, its policy objectives, and key performance issues.

(i) Snapshot of Sector Performance and Plans*

Table S1.1 and Chart S1.1 below summarises the Medium Term Budget allocations for the Sector: **Table S1.1: Overview of Sector Expenditures (UShs Billion, excluding taxes and arrears)**

		2015/16		MTEF Budget Projections		ctions	
		2014/15 Outturn	Approved Budget	Spent by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
	Wage	5.970	6.907	1.598	6.907	7.252	7.615
Recurrent	Non Wage	4.412	10.230	1.906	9.955	11.847	13.979
Development	GoU	2.661	2.592	0.214	2.592	3.111	3.577
	Ext. Fin.	0.000	44.251	0.000	2.616	12.603	31.693
	GoU Total	13.043	19.729	3.717	19.455	22.210	25.172
Fotal GoU+Ext Fin. (MTEF)		13.043	63.980	3.717	22.071	34.813	56.865
Non Tax Revenue		0.000	29.465	4.167	38.548	41.000	2.000
	Grand Total	13.043	93.444	7.883	60.619	75.813	58.865

* Excluding Taxes and Arrears

(ii) Sector Contributions to the National Development Plan

The sector contributes to the NDP objective of socio-economic transformation of Uganda's economy through the use of Information and Communications Technology. Strategies and Interventions include: Enhanced access to quality, affordable, and equitable ICT services country wide, Investment in infrastructure and services for improved access to quality ICT services, Building competent human resource capacity in the sector, and develop and implement a policy, legal and regulatory framework for systematic services country wide.

(iii) Medium Term Sector Policy Objectives

The sector objectives which guide medium term outputs and resource allocations are:

1. To increase geographical coverage and tele-density of telecommunications services with a high quality of service;

2. To have in place a balanced and coordinated national and regional communications infrastructure;

3. To promote equitable access to affordable and innovative communication services with specific emphasis on rural areas;

4. To establish and enforce a regulatory framework that promotes the development of the sector;

5. To provide affordable and accessible postal services countrywide;

6. To provide high quality broadcasting infrastructure countrywide;

7. To promote use of information technologies in all spheres of life to enhance efficiency and effectiveness;

8. To provide high quality market-driven and sustainable training, research and consultancy services

that support the ICT sector.

(iv) Summary of Sector Performance

The status of the sector in terms of its three priority sector outcomes is set out below:

Outcome 1: Improved service delivery through ICTs

Telephone subscriptions stands at 19.5 million by June 2014, representing a tele-density of 53.3 lines per 100 people.

Number of active internet subscriptions stands at 4.3 million by June 2014 compared to 3.4 million by December 2013.

The number of internet users stands at 8.5 million as of June 2014 compared to 6.8 million in June 2013.

Outcome 2: Improved access and utilisation of quality and affordable ICT resources and services in all spheres of life.

The number of licensed TV stations is 67 with 62 operational. There are 229 licensed FM radio stations, out of which 208 are operational. The volume of Expedited Mail Services (EMS) courier items stood at 181,000 and ordinary mail was 881,000 (June 2014). The Number of registered Mobile money subscribers was 17.64 million June 2014 up from 12.12 million in June 2013. The value of transactions increased to 18.645 trillion as at December 2013 compared to 11.6 trillion in December 2012.

Outcome 3: Improved contribution of ICT to employment, income and growth.

The sector's contribution to economic growth in terms of share of GDP stands at 2%, Employment in the ICT sector was estimated at over 1.3 million people by December, 2014. Revenue collection (VAT, PAYE and exercise duty) from telecom companies increased by 25% from Ushs.332 Bn in December 2013 to UGX. 416.7Bn in December 2014.

S2: Sector Performance and Plans to Improve Sector Outcomes

This section describes past performance and plans to improve sector outcomes. For each outcome it sets out outcome indicators, key sector outputs and actions to improve sector performance. It then sets out analysis of the efficiency of sector allocations and major capital investments.

(i) Outcome 1: Improved service delivery through ICTs

Status of Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the status of sector outcomes in terms of key sector outcome indicators.

Table S2.1: Sector Outcome Indicators			
Outcome 1: Improved service delivery through ICTs	,		
Outcome and Outcome Indicator	Baseline	2016/17 Target	Medium Term Forecast
No. of MDA providing services online	20 (2012)	<mark>40</mark>	40 (2016)
No. of LGs transforming to a higher level of e- government services	4 (2012)	10	20 (2016)
No. of e-government services provided online	5 (2010)	10	15 (2016)

Table S2.2: Performance Targets FY2016/17 Contributing to the Sector Outcome*

Outcome 1: Improved service delivery through ICTs						
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Targets	2015/16 Spending and Targets Achieved by End Sept	2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Targets			
Vote: 020 Ministry of Inf	formation & Communications	Гесh.				
Vote Function:0501 IT and	d Information Management Serv	vices				
Output:050101	Enabling Policies,Laws and	Regulations developed				
Performance Indicators:						
No. of dissemination activities carried out	5	1	5			

Outcome 1: Improved servic	e delivery through ICTs		
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Targets	2015/16 Spending and Targets Achieved by End Sept	2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Targets
Status of ICT Policy Development			7. Policy Implementation
Status of data protection and privacy policy	5	5	7
Status of the IMS policy Development			
Output Cost (UShs bn):	1.313	0.197	0.721
Output: 050102	E-government services prov	vided	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of technical activity reports produced	4	1	4
No. of monitoring activities undertaken	4	1	4
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.212	0.024	0.120
Vote Function:0502 Commun	ications and Broadcasting I	nfrastructure	
Output: 050201	Policies, Laws and regulation	ons developed	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of policies develpoed			2 policies developed
Output Cost (UShs bn):	1.083	0.090	0.773
Output: 050202	Sub-sector monitored and p	promoted	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of monitoring and evaluation activities carried conducted	4	1	4
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.260	0.069	0.167

* Excludes taxes and arrears

Table S2.3: Actions and Medium Term Strategy to Improve Sector Outcome

Sector Outcome 1: Improved	service delivery through ICTs		
2015/16 Planned Actions:	2015/16 Actions by Sept:	2016/17 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:
Vote: 020 Ministry of Infor	mation & Communications Tech	l.	
Vote Function: 0501 IT and Ir	nformation Management Services		
		Promotion of e-government services	Promotion of IT services; Implement the IPV6 migration strategy; Set up a testbed for IPV6;
Vote Function: 05 02 Commun	nications and Broadcasting Infrast	ructure	
		Development of the infrastructure sharing policy aimed at reducing operational costs of telecom operators	Develop the ICT strategy and investment plan and lobby for more resources
Vote Function: 05 49 Policy, P	Planning and Support Services		
Conduct regular data collection	none	Develop the Sector Statistics Plan in partnership with UBOS	Implementation of the Statistics Plan for ICT Sector.
Implementation of the ICT Sector Strategic Investment Plan	None	Finalisation/approval of the SIP; Preparation of project proposals for possible funding and preparation of an issue paper to MFPED	Attract and lobby for Development Partners for Funding to the Proposed Programmes and Projects

(ii) Outcome 2: Improved access and utilisation of quality and affordable ICT resources and services in all spheres of life.

Status of Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the status of sector outcomes in terms of key sector outcome indicators.

Table S2.1: Sector Outcome Indicators

Outcome 2: Improved access and utilisation of quality and affordable ICT resources and services in all spheres of life.

Outcome and Outcome Indicator	Baseline	2016/17 Target	Medium Term Forecast
Proportion of households with a radio	30 (2008)	70	75 (2016)
Proportion of household with a TV	12 (2011)	15	20 (2016)
National Tele-density (percentage number of fixed lines and mobile lines)	27% (2008)	55	65 (2016)
% of population utilization postal services (no. of letter boxes)	2 (2008)	2	2 (2016)
% of households accessing internet	1 (2011)	2	4 (2016)
% of households accessing broadband internet	1 (2012)	2	5 (2016)

Table S2.2: Performance Targets FY2016/17 Contributing to the Sector Outcome*

Outcome 2: Improved access and utilisation of quality and affordable ICT resources and services in all spheres of life.

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Targets	2015/16 Spending and Targets Achieved by End Sept	2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Targets
Vote: 020 Ministry of Infor			
Vote Function:0501 IT and I	0		
Output: 050102	E-government services pr	rovided	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of techinical activity reports produced	4	1	4
No. of monitoring activities undertaken	4	1	4
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.212	0.024	0.120
Output:050105	Human Resource Base fo	r IT developed	
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.061	0.015	0.100
Vote Function:0502 Commu	nications and Broadcasting	g Infrastructure	
Output: 050201	Policies, Laws and regula	tions developed	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of policies develpoed			2 policies developed
Output Cost (UShs bn):	1.083	0.090	0.773
Output: 050202	Sub-sector monitored and	d promoted	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of monitoring and evaluation activities carried conducted	4	1	4
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.260	0.069	0.167
Output: 050203	Logistical Support to IC	T infrastructure	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of MDAs supported	5	2	5
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.353	0.018	0.120

* Excludes taxes and arrears

Table S2.3: Actions and Medium Term Strategy to Improve Sector Outcome

Sector Outcome 2: Improved access and utilisation of quality and affordable ICT resources and services in all spheres of life.

2015/16 Planned Actions:	2015/16 Actions by Sept:	2016/17 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:				
Vote: 020 Ministry of Information & Communications Tech.							
Vote Function: 05 49 Policy, I	Vote Function: 05 49 Policy, Planning and Support Services						
Negotiate for waiver of taxes on ICT related products		Motivation of staff through opportutities for capacity building	Improving conditions of service				

(iii) Outcome 3: Improved contribution of ICT to employment, income and growth.

Status of Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the status of sector outcomes in terms of key sector outcome indicators.

Table S2.1: Sector Outcome Indicators

Outcome 3: Improved contribution of ICT to employment, income and growth.						
Outcome and Outcome Indicator	Baseline	2016/17 Target	Medium Term Forecast			
Value of Investment in ICTs in US Dollars (FDI and Domestic)	3 (2008)		0			
Number of people employed in ICTs	1,500,000 (2011)	<mark>2,000,000</mark>	3,000,000 (2016)			
% contribution of ICTs to GDP.	4 per year (2008)	2.0	2.5 (2016)			

Table S2.2: Performance Targets FY2016/17 Contributing to the Sector Outcome*

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Targets	2015/16 Spending and Targets Achieved by End Sept	2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Targets
Vote: 020 Ministry of Infor			
Vote Function:0501 IT and I			
Output: 050102	E-government services pr	ovided	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of techinical activity reports produced	4	1	4
No. of monitoring activities undertaken	4	1	4
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.212	0.024	0.120
Output: 050103	BPO industry promoted		
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.015	0.004	<mark>0.060</mark>
Output: 050104	Hardware and software d	levelopment industry promoted	
Performance Indicators:			
No. of software and hardware promotion initiatives undertaken		1	2
No. of MDAs & LGs supported		6	12
Status of implementation of the institutionalization of ICT function in Government			The Strategy was developed and submitted to Ministry of Public service for implementation
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.047	0.008	0.050
Vote Function:0502 Commu	nications and Broadcasting	Infrastructure	
Output: 050201	Policies, Laws and regula	tions developed	

No. of policies develpoed

Outcome 3: Improved contribution of ICT to employment, income and growth.						
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Targets	2015/16 Spending and Targets Achieved by End Sept	2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Targets			
Output Cost (UShs bn):	1.083	0.090	0.773			
Output: 050202	Sub-sector monitored and p	romoted				
Performance Indicators:						
No. of monitoring and evaluation activities carried conducted	4	1	4			
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.260	0.069	0.167			
Output: 050203	Logistical Support to ICT infrastructure					
Performance Indicators:						
No. of MDAs supported	5	2	5			
Output Cost (UShs bn):	0.353	0.018	0.120			

* Excludes taxes and arrears

Table S2.3: Actions and Medium Term Strategy to Improve Sector Outcome

Sector Outcome 3: Improved contribution of ICT to employment, income and growth.					
2015/16 Planned Actions:	2015/16 Actions by Sept:	2016/17 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:		
Vote: 020 Ministry of Inform	mation & Communications Tech	l.			
Vote Function: 0501 IT and In	formation Management Services				
	Not applicable				
	Not applicable	An organisation established and operationalised to manage the country code Top Level Domain as it transits from a private individual operator to NICug.	Set up the Units; Build Capacity for ICT personnel across government; Provide technical support supervision.		
Vote Function: 05 02 Commun	ications and Broadcasting Infrasti	ructure			
	Not applicable	Developing a National Broadband Strategy;	Scale up strategies in conjuction with line ministries to create synergy for increased investment in ICT Infrastructure		

(ii) Efficiency of Sector Budget Allocations

Emphasis will be put on Performance based management to ensure maxim performance and value for money: Integration of government IT systems and consolidation of licenses to benefit from economies of scale.

(iii) Sector Investment Plans

The major capital investment in the sector is implementation of Phase III of the National Broadband Infrastructure project estimated to cost Shs 2Bn and its part of the approved EXIM Bank loan of USD 106M obtained from China.

Table S2.4: Allocations to Class of Output over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocat	ion (Shs B	n)	(ii) % Sector Budget				
Billion Uganda Shillings	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Consumption Expendture(Outputs Provided)	47.0	<mark>59.8</mark>	74.7	57.0	50.3%	<mark>98.6%</mark>	98.5%	96.8%
Grants and Subsidies (Outputs Funded)	0.0	0.0			0.0%	0.0%		
Investment (Capital Purchases)	46.4	0.8	1.2	1.9	49.7%	1.4%	1.5%	<u>3.2%</u>
Grand Total	93.4	60.6	75.8	<u>58.9</u>	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	<u>100.0%</u>

S3 Proposed Budget Allocations for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the proposed sector budget allocations for 2016/17 and the medium term, including major areas of expenditures and any notable changes in allocations.

Table S3.1: Past Expenditure and Medium Term Projections by Vote Function

	2014/15	2015/16		Medium Term Projections			
	2014/15 Outturn	Appr. Budget	Spent by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	
Vote: 020 Ministry of Information & Communications Tech.	1			I			
0501 IT and Information Management Services	0.421	1.648	0.247	1.052	1.644	1.852	
0502 Communications and Broadcasting Infrastructure	0.419	1.696	0.178	1.059	1.652	1.859	
0549 Policy, Planning and Support Services	2.575	8.720	1.046	8.039	8.281	9.426	
Total for Vote:	3.415	12.064	1.471	10.150	11.577	13.137	
Vote: 126 National Information Technology Authority							
0551 Development of Secure National Information Technology (IT) Inf	1.694	67.670	3.900	36.007	42.449	34.141	
0552 Establishment of enabling Environment for development and regu	0.341	1.160	0.079	1.365	3.190	0.000	
0553 Strengthening and aligning NITA-U to deliver its mandate	7.594	12.551	2.433	13.096	18.598	11.587	
Total for Vote:	9.629	81.381	6.412	50.469	64.237	45.728	
Total for Sector:	13.043	93.444	7.883	60.619	75.813	58.865	

* Excluding Taxes and Arrears and including NTR

(i) The major expenditure allocations in the sector

Under NITA-U, the biggest allocation for GoU funding for FY 2016/17 is on two vote functions; namely (1) Vote function 0553 Strengthening and aligning NITA-U to deliver its mandate of UGX 9.47 BN mainly catering for staff salaries and emoluments. And, vote function 0551 Development of secure National Information.

Technology (IT) Infrastructure and e-Government services. The biggest project is National Backborne Infrastructure (NBI) project will total annual allocation of UGX 1.62 BN excluding external financing. This amount largely caters for implementation of Phase III, upgrading the capacity of the NBI and re-designing of the NBI. If we consider the budget in totality (GoU and NTR) the major expenditure allocations for Vote 126 are; Bulk procurement of Internet for government and lastmile connectivity to MDAs and LGs.

The Ministry of Information and Communication Technology has three vote functions, six programs and one project. In the FY 2016/17, the budget allocation at vote function and program level is as follows:

Vote Function 0549: Policy, Planning and Support Services was allocated Shs 5.421Bn of which Shs 5.291Bn was allocated to Program 01: Headquarters and Shs 0.130Bn to Program 06: Internal Audit.

Vote Function 0501: Information Technology and Information Management Services was allocated Shs 1.052Bn of which Shs 0.536Bn was allocated to Program 02: Information Technology and Shs 0.516Bn to Program 03: Information Management Services.

Vote Function 0502: Communication and Broadcasting Infrastructure was allocated Shs 1.052Bn of which Shs 0. 536Bn was allocated to Program 04: Broadcasting Infrastructure Department and Shs 0.536Bn to Program 05: Telecommunication and Posts.

On the other hand a total budget of Shs 2.621Bn was allocated to Project 0990: Strengthening Ministry of ICT.

Table S3.2: Major Changes in Sector Resource Allocation

^{*} Excluding Taxes and Arrears

S4: Unfunded Outputs for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the highest priotrity outputs in 2016/17 and the medium term which the sector has been unable to fund in its spending plans.

Table S4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests

Additional Requirements for Funding and Outputs in 2016/17	Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding				
Vote Function:0501 IT and Information Management					
Output: 0501 01 Enabling Policies, Laws and Regulations developed					
Funding Requirement (UShs Bn): 5.760 A Policy on use of e-mail, internet and social media by Government developed,	To strengthen theICT policy, legal and regulatory framework and promote access to and utilisation of ICT services.				
Uganda's Top level domain handed over from an Individual operator to a multi stakeholder entity (ccTLD relegation)					
National Broadband Policy finalised,					
Strategy for increasing access of ICT devices to Special Interest Groups developed,					
Open Source policy and strategy developed,					
National ICT Infrastructure Structural Plan developed,					
ICT solutions supported in other sectors,					
e-learning pilot sites renovated and handled over to respective schools and institutions,					
Strategy for promoting the development and use of local content developed,					
Digital Content Production Management Center operationalized					
e-waste Management Policy implementation guidelines disseminated					