Vote Summary

V1: Vote Overview

This section sets out the Vote Mission, Strategic Objectives, and provides a description of the vote's services (i) Snapshot of Medium Term Budget Allocations

Table V1 below summarises the Medium Term Budget allocations for the Vote:

Table V1.1: Overview of Vote Expenditures (UShs Billion)

		0012/14	2014 Approved	/15	MTEF B	udget Proje	ctions
(i) Excluding	Arrears, Taxes	2013/14 Outturn	Approved Budget	Spent by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
	Wage	2.949	3.279	0.706	3.279	3.279	2.089
Recurrent	Non Wage	1.078	1.147	0.284	1.147	0.981	0.981
	GoU	0.750	1.000	0.097	0.810	1.000	1.000
Developmer	Ext.Fin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	GoU Total	4.777	5.426	1.087	5.236	5.260	4.070
Total GoU+D	onor (MTEF)	4.777	5.426	1.087	5.236	5.260	4.070
(ii) Arrears	Arrears	0.000	0.138	0.028	0.000	N/A	N/A
and Taxes	Taxes**	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Total Budget	4.777	5.664	1.116	5.236	N/A	N/A
(iii) Non Tax	Revenue	0.000	0.560	0.315	0.725	0.650	0.000
	Grand Total	4.777	6.224	1.430	5.961	N/A	N/A
Excluding	Taxes, Arrears	4.777	5.986	1.402	5.961	5.910	4.070

* Donor expenditure data unavailable

** Non VAT taxes on capital expenditure

The chart below shows total funding allocations to the Vote by Vote Function over the medium term: Chart V1.1: Medium Term Budget Projections by Vote Function (UShs Bn, Excluding Taxes, Arrears





Vote Summary

(ii) Vote Mission Statement

The Vote's Mission Statement is:

To provide comprehensive, super specialised health services, conduct tertiary health training, research and contributing to the health policy.

(iii) Vote Outputs which Contribute to Priority Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the vote functions and outputs delivered by the vote which the sector considers as contributing most to priority sector outcomes.

Sector Outcome 1:	Sector Outcome 2:	Sector Outcome 3:
Increased deliveries in health facilities	Children under one year old protected against life threatening diseases	Health facilities receive adequate stocks of essential medicines and health supplies (EMHS)
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional Refer	ral Hospital Services	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
Outputs Provided	Outputs Provided	None
085601 Inpatient services	085606 Prevention and rehabilitation	
085602 Outpatient services	services	
085606 Prevention and rehabilitation services		
Capital Purchases		
085680 Hospital		
Construction/rehabilitation		
085681 Staff houses construction and rehabilitation		

V2: Past Vote Performance and Medium Term Plans

This section describes past and future vote performance, in terms of key vote outputs and plans to address sector policy implementation issues.

(i) Past and Future Planned Vote Outputs

2013/14 Performance

The new block constructed with support of ADB was put under utilization amidst challenges of resources and an assortment of medical equipment purchased, information, communication equipment and soft wares were also purchased and a walk way linking the old hospital o the new block constructed.

Preliminary 2014/15 Performance

6,478 admissions	
77 % Occupancy rate	
4 days average length of stay	10,069 general out patients
27,440 special clinics outpatients	767 X-ray examinations
801 Ultra sound examinations	
23,240 lab examinations	71 CT Scans
115 ECGs'	
10 ECHOs,	7,350 immunizations done
3,159 antenatal attendances handled	
426 family planning contacts made	
3.428 PMTCT & VCT Contacts	Construction of the 16 units staff quarters and refurbishment a

3,428 PMTCT & VCT Contacts Construction of the 16 units staff quarters and refurbishment and remodelling of a basement into an office block for administration has commenced with completion of the procurement process and handover of sites doen already

Vote Summary

Table V2.1: Past and 2015/16 Key Vote Outputs*

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget Planned outputs	2014 t and	1/15 Spending and O Achieved by End		2015/16 Proposed Budget Planned Outputs	and
Vote: 173 Mbarara Referra				*	*	
Vote Function: 0856 Region	ıal Referral Hospita	l Services				
Output:085601	Inpatient services					
Description of Outputs:	30,000 admisiions occupancy, 5 length of stay		6,478 admissions Occupancy Rate, Average Length of This includes: 1,535 normal deli Caesareans, 1,352 Operations, 1,768 Operations, 26 Se Renal Dialysis	4 Days of Stay. iveries, 858 2 Major 3 Minor	30,000 admissions Occupancy rate, 5 length of stay	
Performance Indicators:						
No. of in patients admitted	30,000		6,478		<mark>30,000 </mark>	
Bed occupancy rate (inpatients)	70		77		75	
Average rate of stay for inpatients (no. days)	5		4		5	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	1.042	UShs Bn:	0.118	UShs Bn:	1.206
Output:085602	Outpatient services					
Description of Outputs:	40000 general outp 120000 special cli attendance		10,069 General o 27,440 Special C attendances		40,000 Outpatients special clinics atter	
Performance Indicators:						
No. of specialised outpatient attended to	s 120,000		27,440		133,000	
No. of general outpatients attended to	40,000		10,069		40,000	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.181	UShs Bn:	0.044	UShs Bn:	0.181
Output:085604	Diagnostic services					
Description of Outputs:	6000 x-ray examin ultra sound scans, 67000 lab examina blood transfusions 800 ECHOs,.	1100 Scans, ations, 7,000	767 X-ray exami Ultra Sound Scan 71 CT Scan Exan 23,240 laboratory Also handled; 115 ECG Examin 10 ECHO Examin	n examinations, ninations, y examinations nations	6,000 X-rays exam 6,000 Ultra sound 600 CT Scans, 130 examinations, 1,00 ECHOs'	examinations,),000 lab
Performance Indicators:						
Patient xrays (imaging)	14,900		1,693		<mark>14,400</mark>	
No. of labs/tests	67,000		23,240		<mark>130,000</mark>	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.102	UShs Bn:	0.023	UShs Bn:	0.102
Output:085606	Prevention and reh	abilitation se	rvices			
Description of Outputs:	3000 Family Planr 11000 antenatal ca PMTCT/VCT Con immunizations	ises, 22000	426 Family Plann 3,159 Antenatal A 3,248 PMTCT/V	Attendances,		
Performance Indicators:						
<i>Performance Indicators:</i> No. of people receiving family planning services	3,000		426			

Section B - Vote Overview

Vote Summary

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budg Planned outputs	et and	4/15 Spending and Achieved by E		2015/16 Proposed Budget a Planned Outputs	nd
No. of antenatal cases	33,000		6,407			
Output Cos	st: UShs Bn:	0.061	UShs Bn:	0.015	UShs Bn:	0.061
Output:085680	Hospital Construc	ction/rehabilita	ation			
Description of Outputs:	Hospital adminis refurbished	tration block	U	ayout completed, rocess at award of		
Performance Indicators:						
No. reconstructed/rehabilitated general wards	0		0			
No. of hospitals benefiting from the rennovation of existing facilities.	1		1			
Output Cos	st: UShs Bn:	0.130	UShs Bn:	0.000	UShs Bn:	0.000
Output:085681	Staff houses const	ruction and re	habilitation			
Description of Outputs:	Construction of 16 unit staff qua		Drawing/design completed, Pro completed	-	Continue construction units staff quarters	on of the 16
Performance Indicators:						
No. of staff houses constructed/rehabilitated	24		0		16	
Output Cos	st: UShs Bn:	0.840	UShs Bn:	0.097	UShs Bn:	0.810
Vote Function Cost	UShs Bn:	6.22	4 UShs Bn:	1.087	UShs Bn:	5.961
Cost of Vote Services:	UShs Bn:	5.98	6 UShs Bn:	1.087	UShs Bn:	5.961

* Excluding Taxes and Arrears

2015/16 Planned Outputs

The Hospital will continue to put up new structures to improve working conditions for health workers and create a condusive environment for clients. This will improve the staff morale and improve on their performance. Particulary we are to embark on construction of a flat of sixteen units for staff quarters and refurbish existing structure to accommodate offices.

Table V2.2: Past and Medum Term Key Vote Output Indicators*

	2014	/15	MTEF	MTEF Projections		
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2013/14 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Vote: 173 Mbarara Referral Hospital			-			
Vote Function:0856 Regional Referral	Hospital Serv	vices				
Average rate of stay for inpatients (no. days)		5	4	5	5	5
Bed occupancy rate (inpatients)		70	77	75	70	70
No. of in patients admitted		30,000	6,478	30,000	30,000	30,000
No. of general outpatients attended to		40,000	10,069	40,000	40,000	40,000
No. of specialised outpatients attended to		120,000	27,440	133,000	133,000	133,000
Value of medicines received/dispensed (Ush bn)		1.420	282307576			
No. of labs/tests		67,000	23,240	130,000	130,000	130,000
Patient xrays (imaging)		14,900	1,693	14,400	14,400	14,400
No. of antenatal cases		33,000	6,407		34689	34689

Vote Summary

		2014/	15	MTEF F	Projections	
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2013/14 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
No. of people immunised		30,000	7,350		30000	30000
No. of people receiving family planning services		3,000	426		3000	3000
No. of hospitals benefiting from the rennovation of existing facilities.		1	1			
No. reconstructed/rehabilitated general wards		0	0			
No. of staff houses constructed/rehabilitated		24	0	16	16	
No. of maternity wards constructed		0	0			
No. of maternity wards rehabilitated		0	0			
No. of OPD wards constructed		0	0			
No. of OPD wards rehabilitated		0	0			
No. of other wards constructed		0	0			
No. of other wards rehabilitated		0	0			
No. of theatres constructed		0	0			
No. of theatres rehabilitated		0	0			
Value of medical equipment procured (Ush Bn)		0	0			
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	4.777	5.986	1.087	5.961	5.910	4.070
Cost of Vote Services (UShs Bn)	4.777	5.986	1.087	5.961	5.910	4.070

Medium Term Plans

•Construct two blocks of flats comprising 16 units of staff houses

- •Fencing the hospital
- •Acquisition of more land for the hospital development and expansion
- •Orthopedic workshop, Oxygen plant and mantainance workshop
- •Alternative sources power supply
- •Specialist outreach services
- •Conducting and Strengthening research
- •Overhaul of water, sewerage and electric system to improve efficiency
- •Water harvesting project
- •Attract, retain, motivate critical Staff
- •Management of health and general information System
- •Training Staff in Customer care
- •Isolation unit/disaster preparedness and T.B unit

(ii) Efficiency of Vote Budget Allocations

Putting the entity on IFMS will improve efficiency and help in execution of the budget as per the work plans. Most of the resources are allocated to care of the inpatients,out patients and human resource function which are critical for service delivery. The entity plans to fill the human resource gaps within the available resources by declaring the vacant posts for filling.

Table V2.3: Allocations to Key Sector and Service Delivery Outputs over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocat	ion (Shs B	n)		(ii) % Vote	e Budget		
Billion Uganda Shillings	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Key Sector	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.3	37.6%	37.9%	42.5%	<u>31.7%</u>
Service Delivery	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.4	39.3%	<mark>39.6%</mark>	44.7%	<u>34.3%</u>

The entity being being a teaching regional referral hospital puts the bulk of its money in management of

Vote Summary

patients which includes investigations, operations and treatment. The bulk of of the entitys' budget exceeding 50% goes on payment of utilities i.e water and electricity that are paid going by the existing rates and metre readings by the service providers while the rest of the costing is guided by the market trends.

Table V2.4: Key Unit Costs of Services Provided and Services Funded (Shs '000)

Unit Cost Description	Actual 2013/14	Planned 2014/15	Actual by Sept	Proposed 2015/16	Costing Assumptions and Reasons for any Changes and Variations from Plan
Vote Function:0856 Regiona	al Referral Hos	nital Services			
Water - bills per month	7 Tejerrar 7	7		7	Water consumption from NWSC will continue to decline as we utilise the water harvest
Travel Inland	120	120		120	On average pay 525 nights allowances.
Maintenance Machinery, Equipment & Furniture per month	1,322	981		981	On average service and repeir 80 big equipments during the year as period of waranty runs out and equipment become older
Maintenance – Vehicles: maintenance of one vehicle per month	3,214	4,714		4,714	The seven vehicles take an average of 2,500,000 shs.every month on servicing & repairs
Fuel, Lubricants and Oils - purchased per month	3	0		0	Inflation led pricing and power blacouts tat will lead to higher consumption of fuel
Electricity bills per month	1	1		1	Consumption expected to rise and reach 280,000 units of power per month

(iii) Vote Investment Plans

Funding requirements for capital development are too big compared to the current level of investment requirements due to dilapidated infraastructure, lack of staff accomodation, increased hospital services resulting in congestion. The stagnant low level of funding too far below the requirements will take ages to make any meaningful impact. Funding is directed mainly towards requirements that improve patient care and staff welfare like staff houses. The entity needs to invest in mantainance of the gains made by putting up a mantainance work shop and construct an oxygen plant for management of critically ill patients

Table V2.5: Allocations to Capital Investment over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocat	tion (Shs B	n)		(ii) % Vote	e Budget		
Billion Uganda Shillings	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Consumption Expendture(Outputs Provided)	5.0	5.2	4.0	4.0	83.3%	<mark>86.4%</mark>	84.1%	100.0%
Investment (Capital Purchases)	1.0	0.8	0.8		16.7%	13.6%	15.9%	
Grand Total	6.0	6.0	4.7	4.0	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	<u>100.0%</u>

The entity will continue the construction of a 16 units flat for staff quarters, construction of an oxygen plant and a mantainance workshop.

Table V2.6: Major Capital Investments

Projec	ct, Programme	2014/15	2015/16	
Vote Fu	unction Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)		
Projec	et 1004 Mbarara Rehab	ilitation Referral Hospital		
085681	Staff houses construction and	8 units flat for staff quarters	Drawing of designs & BOQs completed	Construction of sixteen units staff quarters
	rehabilitation	Start construction of a 16 units	-	-

Health

Vote: 173 Mbarara Referral Hospital

Vote Summary

Project, Programme	2014/15	2015/16	
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
	flat for staff quarters	Procurement process completed	
Total	840,000	97,371	810,000
GoU Development	840,000	97,371	810,000
External Financing	0	0	0

(iv) Vote Actions to improve Priority Sector Outomes

The required and key policy action required is the filling of the existing human resource gaps within the establishment. The entity will continous declare posts for filling within the available wage bill resources. Availability of medicines and sundries is critical to service delivery and the entity will continue to engage NMS to deliver as per the orders and timely.

	te Actions to Improve Sect		
2014/15 Planned Actions:	2014/15 Actions by Sept:	2015/16 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:
Sector Outcome 0:			
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional	Referral Hospital Services		
VF Performance Issue: Imp	rovement of maternal child health	care	
		Fill all the existing human resource gaps in delivery of maternal child health care services. Improve supply of medicines and sonsumables for service delivery	Submit all the human resource gaps for midwives for filling and engage NMS to have improved supply of medicines and sonsumables
Sector Outcome 1: Increased	deliveries in health facilities		
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional	Referral Hospital Services		
VF Performance Issue: Und	er staffed structures		
Recruitment Plans submitted to MOH	As a result of the recruitment plans submitted some few critical cadres have been recriuted and posted. Clearance has been sought to replace attrrition cases	Recruitment of critical cadres and replacement of attrition cases	Submit staff gaps to MOH and MOPS
Sector Outcome 3: Health fac	ilities receive adequate stocks of	essential medicines and health	supplies (EMHS)
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional	Referral Hospital Services		
VF Performance Issue: Gen	eral and patient information not w	ell managed	
Trainning of all staf at data generation points in HMIS	Continuous trainning and including data capture in performance plans for individuals performing the task	Extend supervisory role and support by the medical records office to units genrating data	Centralise information database, train and monitor information management officers. Solicit for more funding

V3 Proposed Budget Allocations for 2015/16 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the proposed vote budget allocations for 2015/16 and the medium term, including major areas of expenditures and any notable changes in allocations.

Table V3.1: Past Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Vote Function*

	2014/15		MTEF B	FEF Budget Projections		
2013/14 Outturn		Spent by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	

Vote Summary

		2014/15		MTEF Budget Projections		
	2013/14 Outturn	Appr. Budget	Spent by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Vote: 173 Mbarara Referral Hospital						
0856 Regional Referral Hospital Services	4.777	5.986	1.087	5.961	5.910	4.070
Total for Vote:	4.777	5.986	1.087	5.961	5.910	4.070

(i) The Total Budget over the Medium Term

Resource allocation over the medium term has not changed due to capped ceilings for the period. Instead we are experiencing budget cuts for capital development which affects the pace of completion of projects being implemented.

(ii) The major expenditure allocations in the Vote for 2015/16

The major expenditure allocation is on utilities due to increased patient number and machinery that are crucial for service delivery and putting an end to accumulation of domestic arreas, catering for feeding costs of interns who handle the bulk of work, cleaning services and infection control to create a safe working environment for both health workers and clients. To improve welfare and motivation of staff construction of staff accomodation is undergoing.

(iii) The major planned changes in resource allocations within the Vote for 2015/16

Our priorities have remained the same in the medium term thus no major changes in resource allocation. However the budget reduction for capital development greatly affects resource allocation.

Changes in Budget Allocations and Outputs from 2014/15 Planned Levels: Justification for proposed Changes in 2017/18 **Expenditure and Outputs** 2015/16 2016/17 Vote Function:0801 Regional Referral Hospital Services Output: 0856 01 Inpatient services UShs Bn: -0.317 UShs Bn: -0.053 UShs Bn: -0.053 No changes in allocations has been made There had been an under There had been an under estimation of inputs like estimation of inputs like stationery & fuel for stationery & fuel for inpatients inpatients 0856 02 Outpatient services Output: UShs Bn: -0.181 UShs Bn: 0.012 UShs Bn: 0.012 Output: 0856 04 Diagnostic services UShs Bn: -0.102 UShs Bn: 0.001 UShs Bn: 0.001 Output: 0856 05 Hospital Management and support services UShs Bn: -0.290 UShs Bn: -0.960 -0.960 UShs Bn: Output: 0856 80 Hospital Construction/rehabilitation -0.130 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: -0.130 UShs Bn: -0.130 The office accomodation is The office accomodation is planned to be completed in planned to be completed in one FY one FY Output: 0856 99 Arrears -0.138 UShs Bn: -0.138 UShs Bn: -0.138 UShs Bn:

Table V3.2: Key Changes in Vote Resource Allocation

V4: Vote Challenges for 2015/16 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the major challenges the vote faces in 2015/16 and the medium term which the vote has been unable to address in its spending plans.

Vote Summary

Major challenges faced by the entity include insufficient supply of oxygen and total stock outs of it oftenly leading to loss of lives by those who need it. A lot of resources have been injected in procurement of equipment but the entity lacks a mantainance workshop resulting into preventable mulfunction of equipment due to inadequate servicing and mantainance.Power cuts are often experienced with the hospital on average being with no power for half of the week through the month and the year making our operations very difficult and expensive to sustain. The entity also experineces a big challenge of regulating visitors and attendants due to the porlous nature of its boundary with the University. Its therefore imperative that resources be allocated to construct an axygen plant, a mantainance work shop and fence off the hospital.A dedicated uninterupted line should also be connected to the hospital.

Table V4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests
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Additional Requirements for Funding and Justification of Requirement for					
Outputs in 2015/16:	Additional Outputs and Funding				
Vote Function:0801 Regional Referral Hospital Services					
Output: 0856 01 Inpatient services					
<i>UShs Bn:</i> Improved service delivery to the increased numbers of clients and specialized services	The inpatients increase due to introduction of more new services and increase in number of specialist doctors will require more funding and therefore contribute to the reduction of mortality rates and have a healthier population.				
	New services such as Urology, Neurology and neurosurgery, Cardiology, Neonatology, Nephrology, Plastic & constructive Surgery, Oncology, Renal Medicine, operational CT Scan, Intensive Care etc				
Output: 0856 06 Prevention and rehabilitation services					
<i>UShs Bn:</i> To improve on the community health services and reduce disease burden through prevention	increase in number of preventive and rehabilitative services offered will contribute to reducing disease prevalence and mortality. There is need for more funding of the activities. Prevention activities such as outreaches and counselling are expected to increase because some of the services are not offered in the region such as Physiotherapy activities.				
Output: 0856 71 Acquisition of Land by Government					
<i>UShs Bn:</i> The hospital expansion has no more space to cater for the increasing number of patients	The hospital is growing and the services are increasing. The need for more land will enable expansion for construction of more structures for the services e.g oncology, neurology,biomedical workshop,isolation unit and incenerator among others. Acquiring land will enable hospital expansion to accommodate increasing services for a healtheir population.				
Output: 0856 72 Government Buildings and Administrative	e Infrastructure				
UShs Bn: 4.000 Expansion of the entity to cater for the increasing services and replace the dilapidated infrastructure. Need for fencing the hospital to manage the crowds,regulate visiting hours and improve on security.	The patients seen are increasing because of introduction of more new services and increase in number of specialist supervisors being a teaching hospital. Interns hostel will be able to accommodate the increase in number of interns. Interns need to be at the hospital setting inorder to offer 24hr service to patients.				
Output: 0856 77 Purchase of Specialised Machinery & Equ	ipment				
<i>UShs Bn:</i> To meet the new technological advancements and improve investigations and service delivery	the hospital acquiring more specialised equipment will enable effective delivery of the increasing specialised services				
Output: 0856 85 Purchase of Medical Equipment					
<i>UShs Bn:</i> To meet the new technological advancements and improve investigations and service delivery	The patients seen are increasing because of introduction of more new services and increase in number of specialists this means that the hospital will correpondingly require more space for wards and OPD. Acquiring more ward space will enable effective delivery of specialised services				

Vote Summary

This section discusses how the vote's plans will address and respond to the cross-cutting policy, issues of gender and equity; HIV/AIDS; and the Environment, and other budgetary issues such as Arrears and NTR..

(i) Cross-cutting Policy Issues

(i) Gender and Equity

Objective: To educate the community about the dangers of late service seeking behavior

Issue of Concern : Delayed health seeking behavior that results into complications

Proposed Intervensions

Health education at hospital, outreach services to the catchment area

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.09

Performance Indicators Reduced numbers of mothers in obstructed labor as a result of delaying, fewer mothers going to traditional birth attendants, a link between the hospital and the village health team members

Objective: To offer ambulatory services to all critically ill patients referred out of the facility

Issue of Concern : Innapropriate ambulatory services for critically ill patients

Proposed Intervensions

Provision of free ambulatory services for critially ill poor patients and on cost sahring basis for those who can afford

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.01

Performance Indicators Number of patients offered ambulatory services on referral out of the facility

Objective: To have equal access to health services despite gender, age and social economic status *Issue of Concern :* Access to maternal child health services

Proposed Intervensions

Provission of free maternal child health services, automatic waiver for services under the paying wing for all mothers and children who cant afford paying.

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.06

Performance Indicators Number of mothers attending antenatal care, Number of mothers vaccinated for TT, Number of deliveries in the health facility

(ii) HIV/AIDS

Objective: To give HAART TO all that are eligible

Issue of Concern : Positive healthy living clients

Proposed Intervensions

Putting all positive mothers on full HAART, all other clients whose CD4 count requires initiation of HAART, counselling of positive clients to adhere and live positively

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.1

Performance Indicators Number of clients on full HAART, number of clients counselled, compliance levels of those clients on treatment

Health

Vote: 173 Mbarara Referral Hospital

Vote Summary

Objective: Reduce incidence of HIV infections

Issue of Concern : Increased incidence of HIV in the community

Proposed Intervensions

Safe male circumcission, provision of prophyflaxis to all infected persons, provision of post exposure prophyflaxis to the exposed, health education towards responsible behavior and personal protection, couple counselling and testing

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.1

Performance Indicators Number of incidences, number of male circumcissions, number of condoms issued, number of vulnerable people issued post exposure prophyflaxis and number of infected people on prophyflaxis, number of dicondant couples

Objective: To eliminate mother to child transmission of HIV

Issue of Concern : Babies born with HIV when mothers are not diagnosed during antenantals

Proposed Intervensions

Test every mother during antenantal, those who are found positive are put on treatment and followed up until delivery

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.3

ŀ	Performance Indicators	Number of mothers tested, number of mothers on treatment of full
		HAART number of children tested negative born of positive
		mothers

(iii) Environment

Objective: Proper waste disposal and management

Issue of Concern : Environmental polution, public safety

Proposed Intervensions

Slushing of compound, disposal of expired drugs, inceneration of dangerous wastes, disposal of waste water into National Water and Sewarage Corporation waste line, paving of walk ways

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.3

Performance Indicators Clean compound, expired drugs disposed, dangerous wastes being disposed, bills for waste water disposal, paved walk ways

Objective: To have a clean and safe working environment

Issue of Concern : Contamination resulting into cross infection

Proposed Intervensions

Proper cleaning and decontamination, segregation of wastes and proper disposal, availability of running water, functional toilet facilities, full uniform for staff and linen for theatre

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.05

Performance Indicators Level of cleanliness, availability of running water, level of segregation of wastes, availability of color coded bins, staff in full

Section B - Vote Overview

Vote Summary

uniform

Objective: To eliminate facility based infections

Issue of Concern : Facility based infections that result into sepsis

Proposed Intervensions

Infection control and elimination of sepsis through provision of infection control materials, segregation of wastes and inceneration and isolation of septic cases, autoclaving, protective gear

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.05

Performance Indicators	Number of septic cases registered, level of infections on wards,
	quantity of infection control materials procured

(ii) Payment Arrears

The table below shows all the payment arrears outstanding for the Vote:

Payee	Payment Due Date	Amount (UShs Bn)
Umeme Uganda Ltd	30/06/2014	0.25
Medicine & healthsupplies (prequalifiedpharmacies, JMS)	30/06/2010	0.41
	Total:	0.661

The over commitment in 2007/2008 was caused by failure of Ministry of Finance to release funds as per the approved budget.

There was also change in policy in 2009/2010 where all funds meant for drugs and sundries was transferred to NMS without proper communications to the concerned votes. Those two scenarios led to domestic arears.

Efforts were made to the Accountant General to have the arrears paid. However the deputy secretary to Treasury referred us to our mother ministry.

(ii) Non Tax Revenue Collections

The table below shows Non-Tax Revenues that will be collected under the Vote:

Source of NTR	UShs Bn	2013/15 Actual	2014/15 Budget	2014/15 Actual by Sept	2015/16 Projected
Other Fees and Charges		0.000	0.560		0.725
	Total:	0.000	0.560		0.725

The enity started a private patients scheme that will be making one year in March 2014. It has a private wing for admision of inpatients and all the srvices hat go with, a private patients general OPD and special clinics. This has seen a tremendous inrease in the NTR collections and is projected to continue growing. The proceeds are used to motivate health workers who deliver the service through payment of allowances amounting to over 60% while the balance is spent on supplies, maintanance civil and machinery.