Vote Summary

V1: Vote Overview

This section sets out the Vote Mission, Strategic Objectives, and provides a description of the vote's services (i) Snapshot of Medium Term Budget Allocations

Table V1 below summarises the Medium Term Budget allocations for the Vote:

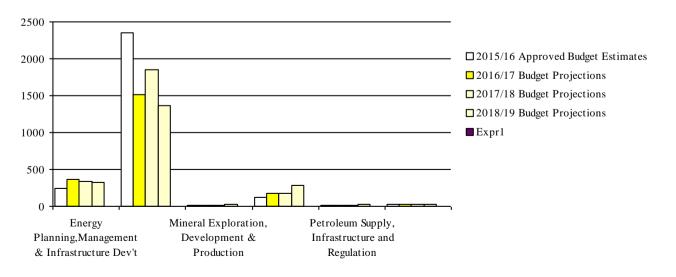
Table V1.1: Overview of Vote Expenditures (UShs Billion)

		2014/15	2015	/16	MTEF	Budget Proje	ections
(i) Excluding	Arrears, Taxes	2014/15 Outturn	Approved Budget	Spent by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
	Wage	2.577	4.063	0.862	4.063	4.266	4.479
Recurrent	Non Wage	3.720	5.348	0.642	4.885	5.813	6.859
D 1	GoU	189.764	307.877	182.869	307.807	369.452	424.870
Developme	Ext.Fin	0.000	2,449.826	0.000	1,780.941	2,026.994	1,626.176
	GoU Total	174.588	317.288	184.373	316.754	379.531	436.209
Total GoU+Donor (MTEF)		174.588	2,767.115	184.373	2,097.695	2,406.525	2,062.384
(ii) Arrears	Arrears	0.000	0.219	0.046	0.000	N/A	N/A
and Taxes	Taxes**	21.472	0.000	0.000	0.070	N/A	N/A
	Total Budget	196.060	2,767.334	184.419	2,097.765	N/A	N/A
(iii) Non Tax	Revenue	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Grand Total	196.060	2,767.334	184.419	2,097.765	N/A	N/A
Excluding	Taxes, Arrears	174.588	2,767.115	184.373	2,097.695	2,406.525	2,062.384

^{*} Donor expenditure data unavailable

The chart below shows total funding allocations to the Vote by Vote Function over the medium term:

Chart V1.1: Medium Term Budget Projections by Vote Function (UShs Bn, Excluding Taxes, Arrears



^{**} Non VAT taxes on capital expenditure

Vote Summary

(ii) Vote Mission Statement

The Vote's Mission Statement is:

MANDATE

The Mandate of the Ministry is to "Establish, Promote the Development, Strategically Manage and Safeguard the Rational and Sustainable Exploitation and Utilisation of Energy and Mineral Resources for Social and Economic Development".

VISION

"A Model of Execellence in Sustainable Management and Utilisation of Energy and Mineral Resources".

MISSION

"To ensure reliable, adequate and sustainable exploitation, management and utilisation of energy and mineral resources".

ROLES AND FUNCTIONS

- (i) Provide policy guidance in the development and exploitation of the Energy, Mineral, Oil and Gas resources.
- (ii) Create an enabling environment in order to attract investment in the development, provision and utilisation of energy and mineral resources.
- (iii) Acquire process and interpret technical data in order to establish the energy and mineral resource potential of the country.
- (iv) Inspect, regulate, monitor and evaluate activities of private companies in energy and mineral sectors so that the resources are developed, exploited and used on a rational and sustainable basis.

(iii) Vote Outputs which Contribute to Priority Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the vote functions and outputs delivered by the vote which the sector considers as contributing most to priority sector outcomes.

Table V1.2: Sector Outcomes, Vote Functions and Key Outputs

Sector Outcome 1:	Sector Outcome 2:	Sector Outcome 3:
Increased access to affordable and efficient sources of energy	Sustainable management of mineral resources for development	Sustainable management of the country's Oil and Gas resources
Vote Function: 03 01 Energy Planning	,Management & Infrastructure Dev't	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
Outputs Provided 030102 Energy Efficiency Promotion 030103 Renewable Energy Promotion 030104 Increased Rural Electrification Outputs Funded 030152 Thermal and Small Hydro Power	None	None
Generation (UETCL) Vote Function: 03 02 Large Hydro pool Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	wer infrastructure Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:

Vote Summary		
Sector Outcome 1:	Sector Outcome 2:	Sector Outcome 3:
Increased access to affordable and efficient sources of energy	Sustainable management of mineral resources for development	Sustainable management of the country's Oil and Gas resources
Outputs Funded	None	None
030251 Increased power generation - Largescale Hydro-electric		
Capital Purchases		
030280 Large Hydro Power Infrastructur	re	
Vote Function: 03 03 Petroleum Ex	ploration, Development & Production	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
None	None	Outputs Provided
		030303 Capacity Building for the oil & gas sector
		030304 Monitoring Upstream petroleum activities
		030305 Develop and implement a communication strategy for oil & gas in the country
		Capital Purchases
		030380 Oil Refinery Construction
Vote Function: 03 04 Petroleum Sup	oply, Infrastructure and Regulation	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
None	None	Outputs Provided
		030402 Management and Monitoring of petroleum supply Industry
		030405 Development of Petroleum Refinery and Processing
		030406 Kenya - Uganda - Rwanda Oil pipelines
Vote Function: 03 05 Mineral Explo	oration, Development & Production	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
None	Outputs Provided	None
	030502 Institutional capacity for the mineral sector	
	030503 Mineral Exploration, development, production and value-addition promoted	

V2: Past Vote Performance and Medium Term Plans

This section describes past and future vote performance, in terms of key vote outputs and plans to address sector policy implementation issues.

030505 Licencing and inspection

(i) Past and Future Planned Vote Outputs

2014/15 Performance

ENERGY PLANNING MANAGEMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Government is committed to improving electricity generation and supply to support industrialization as well as ensuring universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services. Already Government has

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made commitments at regional and international level to improve electricity generation and sharing among partner states through the Eastern Africa Power Pool (EAPP) in a bid to rationalize the generation and use of modern energy sources.

PROGRESS IN INCREASING POWER GENERATION INFRASTRUCTURE

(i) Legal framework

Biofuels Bill: The draft Biofuels Bill to regulate the production blending and utilization of biofuels was developed and reviewed by key stakeholders. The Bill has now been submitted to Cabinet for approval.

National Biomass Energy Strategy (NBEST): Government has developed the NBEST whose vision is "To secure a stable supply of biomass energy for long-term social and economic development of Uganda including poverty reduction". NBEST aims at balancing the supply and demand of biomass energy by suggesting interventions that will ensure biomass utilization without negative social, economic and environmental consequences. Therefore, it provides a comprehensive analysis of the current supply and demand for biomass energy resources and makes forecasts of up to 2040. The Strategy is anchored on six (6) pillars namely: Specially targeted awareness creation; Creation of a Biomass Resource Information System; Enhanced institutional capacity to implement NBEST; Biomass demand interventions; Biomass supply interventions; and Cross cutting issues (Innovative financing). The Strategy was launched officially to the public in November, 2014 during the Biomass Dialogue event held in 2014.

- (ii) Large Hydro Power Generation Projects
- (a) Development of Karuma Hydropower Project (600MW): Construction of the dam is on-going and progress achieved was as follows:

Construction of the Main Access Tunnel, Tail race Tunnel, the Adits and the Escape Ventilation Tunnel. The Intake ground surface clearing and leveling, together with the diversion channel and open excavations in soil and rock, support on the slope and the construction of sub-cofferdam has been completed. Excavation on the right bank of the river for the diversion channel also started. Construction works of a temporary camp and workers' camp is complete. The project completion time is estimated to be the end of 2018.

(b) Isimba Hydropower Project (183 MW): Progress on the development of this dam is as follows:

Works commenced and the construction of the cofferdam and one dyke upstream of the river has been closed. The Contract for the Implementation and completion time of the dam was estimated to be completed at the end of 2017. The Resettlement Action Plan for both the dam area and the transmission line is ongoing with progress at 72%.

- The initial development phase which included construction of camps, access roads, provision of electricity to the construction area, and the engineering designs was at the final stage of completion.
- (c) Ayago Hydropower Project (840MW): Progress has been achieved as follows:

The Government signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with M/s China Gezhouba Group Company for the construction of the plant and the Transmission Line under an Engineering Procurement Construction Arrangement. M/s China Gezhouba Group completed and submitted the feasibility study that

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was reviewed by the key stakeholders. Procurement of the supervising Consultant to assist in the review of the feasibility study report and in the supervision of the construction of the plant was completed where M/s WAPCOS Ltd in Association with M/s Acquagreen Engineering Management Pvt Ltd was procured. Construction was expected to commence in 2016 and will be completed in 2022.

- (ii) Medium size hydropower projects (128MW) and Minihydros (64MW):
- (a) Achwa hydropower projects (83MW): This project to be developed by a consortium of PAC SPA and Berkerly Energy Fund
- The feasibility for the associated transmission line, financed by Government of Uganda was completed in June 2015.
- The firm licensed to develop the site is finalizing negotiations of the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with Uganda Electricity Transmission Company Limited (UETCL) and is also negotiating an implementation agreement with the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development.
- (b) Muzizi hydropower projects (44.7MW): The 44.7MW Muzizi hydropower project is at an advanced stage of packaging. The procurement process for the Implementation Contractor is at Bid Evaluation stage.
- (c) Small Hydropower Projects (64 MW): Feasibility studies have been completed for small hydropower sites totaling over 64 MW and their construction will commence in the FY2015/16. These include: Nyamwamba (9.2 MW), Rwimi (5.54 MW), Siti 1 (6.1 MW), Nengo Bridge (6.7 MW), Waki (4.8 MW), Muvumbe (6.5 MW), Lubilia (5.4 MW), Nyagak III (4.4MW), and Siti II (15MW).
- (iii) Cogeneration:
- (a) Kakira Sugar Works (50MW): Kakira Sugar Works was up graded and was generating 50 MW selling 22 MW to the national grid.
- (b) Kinyara Sugar factory (5MW): Plans are under way to upgrade the cogeneration from Kinyara Sugar factory to 35 MW selling 25 MW to the national grid.
- (c) Sugar and Allied Industries Ltd (6.9 MW): Sugar and Allied Industries Ltd in Kaliro is generating 6.9 MW.
- (d) Mayuge Sugar plans to provide 6.3 MW to the national grid.
- (iv) Nuclear Power Development

The strategy to develop the nuclear power roadmap has been prepared. The strategy identifies major nuclear power infrastructure and proposes pre-feasibility studies to be undertaken to provide recommendations on how the infrastructure issues will be addressed in the short, medium and long term. The set of these recommendations will therefore constitute the Nuclear Power Roadmap for Uganda. The strategy has been approved by Cabinet.

Studies so far undertaken include: Survey of potential sites for nuclear power development, study on integrating nuclear power into the generation capacity plan 2015 - 2040 and review of policy, legal and institutional framework for nuclear power development. Results of the survey of potential areas indicate the Kyoga Basin as the most suitable area for nuclear power installations while the study on integrating nuclear power into the generation capacity plan 2015 - 2040 recommended that nuclear power should be included in the future energy mix with the earliest year of commissioning being 2026 and latest 2034.

Radiation Monitoring of Workers (Dosimetry)

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Government operates and maintains a dosimetry service by ensuring that personal dosimeters are worn by occupationally exposed workers, maintained and provided a reporting service of exposure measurements and provided early or efficacious warning to persons who had been or most likely were subject to over-exposure to ionizing radiations.

Emergence Preparedness & Response:

A committee on Emergence Preparedness & Response (EPR) was constituted by the Minister and became functional. It is in the process of developing a National Emergence Preparedness and Response Plan. The EPR committee is coordinated by the Atomic Energy Council.

Registration of Sources (Phase 2) in 2014

A total of 16 radiation generators & a total of 47 radioactive sources were registered in the databases that include RAIS & RASOD in the year 2014.

PROGRESS IN INCREASING POWER TRANSMISSION INFRASTRUCTURE

Construction was ongoing for the following Transmission Lines:-

• Bujagali-Tororo-Lessos (220kV), 127km; Mbarara – Mirama Hill - Birembo (220 kV), 66km; Mbarara – Nkenda (132kV), 160km; Tororo – Opuyo –Lira (132kV), 260km; Kawanda – Masaka (220kV) 142km; Nkenda – Fort Portal – Hoima (220kV) 234km; Isimba Interconnection Project (132kV), 40km; Karuma – Kawanda,; Karuma Lira (400kV, 220kV and 132kV line); 378km; Mutundwe – Entebbe (132kV) 35km and Opuyo-Moroto (132kV) 160km. These projects will expand the transmission infrastructure by about 2,002km.

The following substations are being to be upgraded:

• Lugogo, Mutundwe, Queensway and Bujagali switchyard. Four (4) new substations to boost power supply to the proposed industrial areaes are being to be constructed and these are: Namanve South, Luzira, Mukono and Iganga Industrial Parks substations.

Transmission Lines being prepared for implementation:

• Hoima-Kinyara-Kafu (220kV), Nkenda – Mpondwe – Beni (220kV), Ayago Interconnection project, Opuyo-Moroto (132kV); Mirama – Kabale (132kV); Bulambuli (Atari) - Mbale Industrial Parks (132kV); Lira – Gulu – Agago (132kV).

ENERGY MANAGEMENT PROGRAMMES

Energy Efficiency Standards and Labels program

- The Ugandan energy label has been finalized and has been gazetted by UNBS.
- Commenced the implementation of the Energy Efficiency Standards and Labels program to promote the use of efficient electrical appliances.
- By end of June 2015, this intervention realised savings of about 1.0 MVA making the cumulative audited and verified total of approximately 7.03 MVA from 21 industries.

RENEWABLE ENERGY PROMOTION

- The development of the National Biomass Energy Strategy (NBEST) was finalised during 2014.
- The Ministry has now embarked on the process of developing Biogas standards to regulate the subsector.

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(i) Biogas Technology

- Under the Uganda Domestic Biogas Program (UDBP), by end of June 2015, a total of 10,000 household biogas systems (domestic units) and 20 bio latrines had been installed.
- A second phase of the project is underway which will be implemented over a 4-year period. The second phase has set a target of 13,600 biogas units.

(ii) Construction of Biolatrine systems in schools

The Ministry completed the construction of ten (10) bio latrine systems in ten schools to demonstrate the management of human wastes by generating bio gas from the systems to partly substitute the fire wood for cooking especially of light meals, lighting as well as provide a clean renewable gas for use in laboratories during experiments. The ten (10) beneficiary schools are: Asinge Senior Secondary School in Tororo district; Hamdan Girls' Senior Secondary School in Mbale district; St. Paul's Senior Secondary School in Mbale district; Teso College Aloet – Eastern Campus in Soroti district; Kitagobwa Senior Secondary School in Butambala district; Riness Senior School in Wakiso district; St. Thereza Girls' Primary School in Wakiso district; Mbarara High School in Mbarara district; and Ntare School in Mbarara district.

(iii) Promotion of Gasification

- The Ministry carried out repairs on the 82.5 kVA gasfier at Nyabyeya forest college test runs were run on the gasfier, where there was leakage of carbon monoxide gas.
- A mini power evacuation line has been set from the gasfier house to the generator house. The college is now utilizing the power from the bio mass.
- Ministry signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Pamoja Clean Tech AB operating a 40kW gasifier system in Tiribogo village, Muduuma Sub County, Mpigi district which supplies more than 50 households with electricity for six (6) hours daily using maize cobs. Under this cooperation, 3 gasification technicians have been trained in operation and maintenance of biomass gasification systems.

(iv) Wind Energy Resources

- Seven (7) pilot small wind turbines for electricity generation in areas around Lake Victoria and Karamoja region have been installed to test their performance. The wind turbine systems were installed at the following sites and are in good operating conditions: Aisha Junior school Mityana district; Luffudu Landing Site Namayingo District; Opilitok Primary school Kaberamaido District; Lopeei Primary school Napak District; Losakuca Primary school Kotido district; Kolasarich Primary school Kotido District; and Kyankore landing site, at the shores of lake kyogga
- Two (2) wind measuring equipment were installed at Napak and Kotido District headquarters to assess the wind potential of the region and currently is being collected that will be used to generate a wind map.

(v) Improved Cook stoves

- a) 17,733 cook stoves constructed for households in Northern Uganda, 100 institutional cook stoves constructed in Educational institutions and other Social Institutions and 36 in SMEs.
- b) First draft for Improved Cook stoves standards developed in collaboration with UNBS and ISO
- c) Capacity building done for artisans in improved cook stoves construction and quality management

PETROLEUM EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION

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UPSTREAM PETROLEUM

Government continued to promote the establishment of the country's petroleum resource base so as to achieve sustainable exploitation. These efforts include: putting in place the necessary legal and policy framework, building the national expertise in the field of petroleum exploration, development and production; attraction of oil companies to invest in exploration and production as well as commercialization plans of the oil and gas resources. The key highlights of the achievements include:

(i) Legal and Institutional Framework

Drafting and consultations on the attendant regulations for the upstream law had been completed and were awaiting Minister's approval. The Model Petroleum Sharing Agreement (MPSA) which was revised to suit the ongoing 1st Petroleum Licensing Round plus future licensing, is in place.

The Ministry finalized the National Content Policy and Plan for the oil and gas sector. The process of putting in place new institutions namely the National Oil Company (NOC) and Petroleum Authority of Uganda (PAU) progressed with the National Oil Company being incorporated on June 12, 2015 under the Companies Act 2012 under the name Uganda National Oil Company Limited. The Board of the National Oil Company was nominated and approved by Parliament while that of the Petroleum Authority was still being considered. Filling of the approved structures under the Directorate of Petroleum and departments therein is being undertaken under Ministry restructuring.

(ii) Licensing and Investment Promotion

There were still three (3) international oil companies operating as Joint Venture (JV) and holding there (3) exploration licenses and one (1) production license within the Albertine Graben. These companies are: - Tullow Uganda Operations (PTY) Ltd., Total E&P Uganda Ltd. and CNOOC Uganda Ltd. who hold a 33.33% joint venture in Discovery Areas or oil fields of Exploration Area (EA) 1 and 1A (Paraa – Wanseko –Pakwach Basin), EA 2 (Northern Lake Albert Basin), and Kingfisher Discovery Area.

In preparation for the first opening bidding licensing round scheduled for 2016, Government in February 2015 announced six (6) new blocks for licensing in the Albertine Graben through competitive bidding during the 1st Licensing round. Evaluation of 17 applicants for prequalification of companies for the first Licensing round was undertaken and 16 applicants were qualified and were notified for proceeding to the bidding stage. Government on 1st October, 2015 issued bidding documents to the 16 Qualified Applicants. The target is to issue new exploration licenses early 2016.

(iii) Status of Exploration and Development

In Exploration Area 1 & 1A - under Total E&P Uganda B.V. (Total),

- Nile crossing geophysical survey was completed;
- Field Development Plans for three fields, Gunya, Mpyo and Jobi-East were reviewed;
- Two well sites, Jobi-East 4 and Rii-2 were restored;
- Compensation payments for affected crops during 3-D seismic survey made.

In Exploration Area 2 - Under Tullow Uganda Operations Pty Ltd. (Tullow):

- The revised Field Development Plans (FDP) for Kasamene-Wahrindi (KW), Kigogole-Nsoga-Ngara-

Vote Summary

Ngege (KNNN) were reviewed;

- Survey and valuation exercise was done for land utilized for access roads and drilling of wells. In Kingfisher Discovery Area (KFDA) under CNOOC Uganda Ltd. (CNOOC),
- CNOOC continued to carry out civil works in the Kingfisher development. These include drilling of Kingfisher-4 well, plus putting up the materials yard and base camp.
- Construction of the access road over the escarpment to Buhuka, by the Ministry of Works together with CNOOC is ongoing. General progress of this construction is estimated to be 98%.

(iv) Review of Applications for Production Licenses

For the outstanding issues in the Applications for Production Licenses, it was agreed with oil companies that addenda to Field Development Plans (FDPs) and Petroleum Reservoir Reports (PRRs) would be submitted to Government. By the reporting time, the addenda with respect to Kasamene-Wahrindi (KW) and Kigogole-Nsoga-Ngege-Ngara (KNNN) fields in EA2 operated by Tullow had been submitted to government, reviewed and the corresponding conditions to Production Licenses were prepared as highlighted below:-

- Addendum to the Field Development Plan (FDP) and Petroleum Reservoir Report (PRR) for Mputa, Nzizi and Waraga fields in EA2 operated by Tullow were submitted and were being reviewed.
- Addenda for Ngiri and Jobi-Rii fields in EA1 operated by TOTAL were yet to be submitted.
- Applications for Production Licences together with accompanying Field Development Plans (FDPs) and Petroleum Reservoir Report (PRRs) for Gunya, Mpyo and Jobi East fields in EA1 operated by TOTAL were submitted and reviewed. Discussions with the oil companies regarding these applications were ongoing with a view of getting some clarifications.
- Appraisal of Lyec discovery in EA1A operated by TOTAL was still ongoing. Production licences for the fields whose appraisal has been completed are expected to be granted during the last quarter of 2015 and their development is expected to commence during the 1st half of 2016.

MIDSTREAM PETROLEUM

COMMERCIALIZATION STRATEGIES

A harmonised and sustainable commercialization plan for Uganda's oil and gas resources was agreed between Government and Industry during 2014 and is contained in a Memorandum of Understanding between the same.

(i) The Refinery Project

- The lead investor has been selected; A consortium led by RT Global Resources and negotiations with the same are in the final stages. Project agreements are expected to be executed by September 2015.
- The structuring of the refinery Project is being supported by an international Transaction Advisor, Taylor Dejong of Washington, USA on the side of Government.
- Acquisition of the 29sqkm of land to host the refinery, export pipeline starting point, and industrial park, the airport and other attendant infrastructure is 90% complete.

(ii) The Export Pipeline Project

A technical and economic feasibility study of the project sponsored by the three EAC Partnered States (Uganda, Kenya and Rwanda) has just been completed by M/s Toyota Tsusho. The study considered the optimal routing among others. The main routes studied included the Southern Route through Kenya to Mombasa (Hoima to Mombasa) and the Northern Route (Hoima, Lokichar to Lamu) and recommended the

Vote Summary

Northern Route. This recommendation has been endorsed the Heads and States for Kenya and Uganda with a conditions precedent. Detailed discussions are planned to achieve harmony among all stakeholders.

DOWNSTREAM

- Petroleum Products Transportation and Storage: A feasibility study for the distribution and storage facilities of the refined petroleum products for the 205km long multi-products pipeline to evacuate refined petroleum products from the refinery in Hoima to Kampala has been completed. The pipeline is to be developed as part of the refinery project including terminal facilities at Kampala/Buloba.
- Government is in the process of conducting the detailed routing survey and Environmental Baseline Survey as well as the Resettlement Action Plan that will define the routing line for the utility infrastructure corridor.
- Strategic Fuel Reserves: Government through the Public Private Partnership (PPP) arrangement with M/s Hared Petroleum Ltd refurbished the 30 million litre Jinja strategic fuel storage facility and restocking is on-going.
- The Engineering Design studies for the development of the Nakasongola strategic fuel reserves were completed in May 2015.
- Government has procured a consultant to implement the Resettlement Action Plan and to compensate land owners for the Uganda portion of the way leaves for the refined petroleum products pipeline from Eldoret (Kenya) to Buloba- Kampala (Uganda).
- The feasibility study and the preparations of tender documents for the Kampala-Kigali Pipeline have also been completed.
- The tender for the Engineering Procurement and Construction contractor for Eldoret-Kampala segment was advertised on 9th September 2014 and prequalification of the firms was completed now awaiting financial closure so that the tender documents are provided to the shortlisted firms.

MINERAL EXPLORATION DEVELOPMENT AND VALUE ADDITION

MINERAL POLICY AND MINING LEGISLATION

Review of Mineral Policy and Mining Legislation: The formulation of the revised Mineral Policy 2015 is being done in consultation with all stakeholders among them environmental and civil society organizations, commercial companies, and national and subnational government bodies to ensure a shared vision of how our mineral resources should be exploited for the benefit of all.

Licensing: A total of 818 licenses and certificates are currently operational. Out of these, were: 179 Prospecting Licenses (PLs), 125 Exploration License (Els), 14 Location Licenses (LLs), 7 Mining Leases (MLs) and 70 Mineral Dealers Licenses (MDLs). Of the 818 licenses, 433 licenses were granted during the FY 2013/14. However, only 684 Licenses were compliant. 40 Els, 4 LLs and 3 MLs were renewed. 1 ML was cancelled. 154 prospecting licenses, 168 Els, 1 RL and 12 LLs expired.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS

Geological studies undertaken involved geological mapping, geochemical surveys, geophysical surveys and earthquake monitoring, laboratory services, geodata management and dissemination, information management and mineral sector promotion.

(i) Geological Mapping

Geological mapping and mineral assessment of map sheets 17/1(Rom), 17/2 (Sidok), 17/3 (Longori) and

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17/4 (Kacheri) was carried out. In sheet 17/4 (Kacheri): tourmaline, gold, wolfram, tin, columbite-tantalite, beryl, zinc, cobalt, nickel and chromium were identified; and in sheet 17/1 (Rom): graphite, zinc and nickel anomalies were zoned out. From the heavy mineral concentrates studies, all the sheets have potential of hosting heavy minerals such as magnetite, ilmenite and rutile that are associated to shearing and hydrothermal alteration.

Sheets 25/1(Alerek), 25/2 (Kailong), 25/3 (Waiwer) and 25/4 (Nyakwae) were found to have mineral potential for gold mineralisation associated with shearing. On the other hand sheet 26/1(Panyangara) and sheet 26/2 (Moruarian) were found to have potential for Rare Earth Elements (REEs) and apatite in weathered carbonatite of Toror hills which also contains ferruginised limestone. Ironstones occur as disseminated and irregular bodies particularly around Theno hill. The sheets also host black sands containing magnetite, ilmenite and rutile. In addition, sheet 26/2 (Moruarian) was also found to host marble, occurring as extensive layers within the metamorphic rocks of the Karasuk Group.

(ii) Ground Geophysical Surveys

The following ground geophysical surveys were undertaken:

- (a) Magnetic survey was carried out in Exploration License No. EL 1448, held by M/s Stout Min Metals Uganda Limited while exploring for chromite in Moroto District.
- (b) Resistivity/IP survey was carried out along sections of Aswa Shear Zone in Kitgum District for gold and base metals in exploration area held by SIPA Exploration Ltd.
- (c) Magnetic survey was carried out in Exploration License No. EL 1274, held by Rockinol (U) Ltd in Hoima District and magnetic bodies that could be hosting base metals were identified.
- (d) Gravity and magnetic survey were carried out in Kibiro and Panyimur geothermal prospects.

(iii) Earthquake monitoring and Infrastructure

Earthquake monitoring stations of Uganda National Seismological Network were maintained. Data collection from the network is transmitted by Virtual Private Network (VPN) and the system backup of the data is automatically transmitted from Entebbe, Kilembe and Hoima stations and archived. The data is used in the design of infrastructure against earthquake shocks and mapping high risk areas in Uganda.

Procurement for design and construction of an earthquake research facility in Entebbe is ongoing.

(iv) Geodata, Information Management and Mineral sector promotion

A total of 29 technical reports were received, processed and uploaded on Unpublished Document Information System (UDIS). A total of fifty five publications were updated in the LIBERO database.

Seventy four (74) applications for various mineral rights were scanned and uploaded into the Mining Cadastre System (MCRS) for further review for compliance with the mining law before the grant of the applied for mineral right.

(v) Update and maintenance of the geoscience databases

Updated and maintained geo-information systems and portals hosted at the following sites http://www.uganda-mining.go.ug;http://www.uganda-mining.go.ug;81/UgandaGMIS/and http://www.flexicadastre.com/uganda. The sites facilitate provision of available geo-information on geology, minerals and mining in Uganda for mineral investment promotion.

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Modern documentation center systems were also maintained.

(vi) Geo-information Dissemination and Mineral Sector Investment promotion

Mineral sector investment promotion was done through the online systems as well as by participating in mining investment promotional conventions abroad that included: The Mining Indaba 2015 Convention in Cape Town, South Africa and the Prospectors and Developers Association of Canada (PDAC) in Toronto Canada in 2015.

Geological and mineral potential information were provided to China Harbour, a Chinese consultant for the Development of the Standard Gauge Railway (SGR) and Nippon Koli Co. Ltd, a JICA study team for development of a master plan on logistics in the Northern Corridor.

Dissemination of airborne geophysical data and provision of technical advice on its utilization to investors and other parties was also undertaken.

(vii) Mineral Laboratory Services

A total of four hundred and sixteen (416) samples of soil, rock, drill core, mineral ores and concentrates were analyzed for various elements.

The following were procured and installed:

- (a) Five (5) fume-hoods and four (4) scrubbers, one (1) PG Bench-top UV Visible Spectrophotometer, one (1) ultra-pure water purification unit, one (1) weighing scale, two (2) analytical balances; one (1) bench-top drying oven, one (1) multi pour system- cupellation pressing machine and its accessories; one (1) high temperature muffle furnace, one (1) automatic digital titrator and accessories, and three (3) uninterrupted power supply units for AAS, XRF and Fluxer in the Assay and Environmental laboratories;
- (b) Two (2) crushing machines, one (1) KC-MD3 Flsmidth Knelson Centrifugal concentrator, one (1) slurry pump, one (1) vacuum pump, one (1) viscometer, three (3) MultiRAE multi gas (HCN, NH3, CO2, H2S, N2O) monitors, two (2) riffle splitters, , one (1) pulp density balance in the Mineral Dressing Laboratory; and
- (c) Gold cyanidation test reagents, flotation reagents (collectors, activators/deactivators, modifiers, frothers, and modifiers), X-ray fluorescence (XRF) spectroscopy standards (Cu ore, Cu concentrate, Titanium ore, chromite concentrate, chromium ore, manganese ore, silicon ore, clays, tungsten ore, lead ore, lead concentrate, zinc ore, nickel ore, tantalum ore, and niobium ore), and Atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS) standards (Au, Ag, Pt, Cu, Co, Pb).

MINES DEVELOPMENT

The Mines Department undertakes license administration, monitoring and inspection together with compilation of geo-scientific environmental data of mines and mineral production.

(i) License Administration

Two hundred and fourteen (214) mineral right applications other than prospecting license applications were reviewed and all accompanying documents for the grant of exploration and mining licenses. Consequently

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as at 30/06/2015 the statistics of the mineral rights and other licenses were as follows: Prospecting License (178), Exploration License (501), Retention License (3), Location License (41), and Mining Lease (38), and Mineral Dealers (52), totaling to 813.

Non-Tax-Revenue (NTR) assessed in FY2014/15 was UGX 5,630,914,179. The NTR generated in FY2013/14 was UGX 6,053,522,861. The decline in FY 2014/2015 is attributed to the temporary ban on mineral exports that was in place.

(ii) Inspections and Monitoring

Inspections were carried out to monitor exploration projects and mining operations for tin, iron ore, columbite-tantalite, gold, wolfram, copper, cobalt, limestone, phosphates and dimension stones in the districts of Kisoro, Kabale, Ntungamo, Kanungu, Isingiro, Kawenge, Mubende, Ibanda, Bugiri, Bushenyi, Buhweju, Busia, Abim, Amudat, Busia, Kaabong, Manafwa, Moroto, Nakapiripirit, Napak, and Tororo.

Furthermore, extension services were rendered to mining and quarrying operations (Sikander Meghani, Jan Mangal (U) Ltd and Dao Africa Ltd in Moroto, and artisanal operations in Rupa Sub-county in Moroto District and Panyangara and Rengen sub-counties in Kotido District) for purposes of establishing pilot custom milling centres for ASMs and a mineral beneficiation centre in Karamoja Region.

Sensitization of 100 artisanal miners on occupational health and safety, and best practices in mining and processing of gold was also undertaken.

Twenty three (23) special inspections were carried out to monitor operator performance and enforce applicable regulations; assess the impact of illegal mining and trade in minerals especially in gold rush areas such as Namayingo, Mubende and Amudat. In addition to the above, licensing, regulating and monitoring of Artisanal and Small Scale (ASM) was undertaken to enable mining activities promote the inclusion of ASM in rural development and job creation policies. The inspections created Healthy and Safe working environment and awareness of women of the government policy and human rights among miners and communities. The mineral statistics were validated as reported through surface rights verification for mining lease.

(iii) Mines Geoscience Data Management

- •□ Maintained the Mining Cadastre and Registry System (MCRS) in Flexi Cadastre for the Uganda mineral rights management.
- •□ The staff participated in a User Training by Spatial Dimension.
- •□ Commenced re-organizing the Mining Record Center.
- •□ Updated the Mining Cadastre database.

(iv) Mineral Development Projects

The Government of Uganda undertakes geological mapping, mineral exploration and mineral resources assessments. Information generated from these activities is packaged and availed to private investors who carry out detailed exploration and mining activities. Some of the key projects resulting from such activities include: Kilembe copper-cobalt mine, Sukulu phosphates project, and Namekhara vermiculite mine.

(a) Kilembe Copper Mines:

the concession was granted to Tibet Hima Mining Company Limited to redevelop the old Kilembe copper

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mines and carryout exploration on other licenses. The developer is on the ground and work is in progress.

(b) Sukulu Phosphates Project:

The Government of Uganda granted an exploration license to M/s Guangzhou Dong Song Energy Group Limited to explore for polymetallic phosphate ore. The company carried out re-assessment of the sukulu phosphate resource that included detailed geological and geochemical sampling. A total of 72 trenches were dug followed by core drilling of 206 drill holes, totaling 6,067.9 metres. Three Thousand (3,000) samples collected from trenches together with those from the drill holes were analyzed in China. The analytical results defined reserves of 2.16 million tons associated with iron ore, phosphates, Rare Earth Elements and Niobium. After these exploration studies, the company was granted a Mining Lease in October 2014 after carrying a full and bankable feasibility study. The feasibility indicated phosphorous grade of 34.73%. The Sukulu Phosphate Comprehensive Industrial Development Project is planned to commence production in December, 2016 with plans to produce 300,000 t/year of superphosphate, 300,000 t/year of iron steel products, 400,000 t/year of sulphuric acid and generation of power of 12 MW.

(c) Namekhara vermiculite mine:

The mine is located at Namekhara in Manafwa District and is leased to M/s Gulf Resources Limited to mine and process vermiculite. Currently 55 million tons have been established.

(v) Institutional Capacity Building

Capacity building was done through staff training in geosciences resulting in bachelor's degrees, diplomas and certificates together with equipping the mineral laboratories. This has greatly contributed to geological, geophysical and geochemical surveys; mineral beneficiation and processing; laboratory analysis and mineral investment promotion. In addition capacity building has also improved acquisition of geo-scientific data, administration of mining legislation, inspection of mines and regulation of mining activities, monitoring of earthquakes and geo-hazards, geo-data management and dissemination to the data users, and geothermal resources exploration.

One thousand (1000) artisanal and small scale miners (ASM) were trained; these included 600 men and 400 women, registering improvement in women participation. The training resulted into improved livelihood, health and safety and mining best practices of ASM.

GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES

Geothermal resources development is still at prefeasibility stage of exploration. Capacity building has been done through training and acquisition of surface and subsurface exploration equipment, such as Magnetotellurics (MT) and Transient Electromagnetic (TEM).

(i) Geothermal Exploration

Preliminary surveys were undertaken at Suam (Bukwa-Kween), Kanangarok (Kaabong), Palabek (Lamwo), Elegu-Nimule (Amuru), Rubaare (Ntungamo), Amuru (Nwoya, Amuru), Amuru (Adjumani), Fort Portal and Ndale Volcanics (Kabalore), Nyakalenjijo-Bugoye, Kasese, Dwenkorebe (Kamwengye) Kaiso-Tonya (Hoima) and Butiaba-Buliisa (Buliisa).

Detailed surveys were undertaken at Kibiro, Panyimur, Buranga and Katwe. Most of the prospects are fault bound geothermal systems.

Panyimur and Kibiro: Geological structures were delineated through ground magnetic and gravity geophysical surveys which might geologically control the geothermal system.

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Katwe-Kikorongo: A structure map including a linear rift bound fault of Katwe-Kikorongo was produced based on a digital elevation model (DEM).

(ii) Exploration Equipment

Six (6) Magnetotellurics (MT) and one (1) Transient Electromagnetic (TEM) equipment for subsurface studies were procured from Phoenix Company in Canada. One (1) Gravity meter a Global Satellite Navigation System, a Portable XRF and Gas meters were also procured to aid surface studies in Geothermal exploration.

UGANDA GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PROJECT (GRDP)

The achievements of the GRDP are as follows:

(a) Policy formulation

The following has been undertaken to develop a geothermal policy:

- •□ Stakeholders analysis and identification was undertaken.
- A work plan for the formulation of the geothermal policy was prepared with the assistance of Climate Technology Center and Network (CTCN).
- The staff participated in a workshop on the formulation of an 'East African Geothermal Drilling Code of Conduct' in conjunction with Germany Geological Survey (BGR) and African Union Commission (AUC) in Entebbe
- Information and public awareness field trips were undertaken.

(b) Institutional framework

Geothermal Resources Department (GRD) was established under the Directorate of Geological Survey and Mines and its offices were renovated.

(c) Human capital development

Several trainings were undertaken to put in place a skilled geothermal workforce in the following areas:

- Geothermal exploration and development in Naivasha, Kenya (2);
- Enhancement of planning for geothermal development in Japan (2);
- Difference disciplines of geothermal exploration in Nakuru, Kenya (6);
- Africa Rift Geothermal Conference in Arusha (10);
- World Geothermal Congress in Melbourne, Australia (4);
- Project planning and management at Uganda Management Institute (UMI)
- Occupational health and safety at Management Training and Advisory Centre (MTAC) (9);
- Field mapping techniques at Kibiro, Katwe and Buranga (12);
- On-job training on use of newly acquired equipment (MT, TEM, Gravity meter, Digital Mapping System, Niton XRF Analyzer, and Global Satellite Navigation System;
- Briefing on GEF/UNEP's support to the Kibiro Geothermal project at UNEP in Nairobi, Kenya (3);
- East African Geothermal Partnership Training Modules/ presentations were received from USAID; and
- A skills gap analysis was undertaken in conjunction with ARGeo-UNEP as part of institutional strengthening.

(d) International collaboration

• Ministry staff visited KenGen and GDC facilities in Kenya to learn from their experience in geothermal

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development.

- Geothermal Development Company (GDC) of Kenya undertook a reconnaissance survey at Kibiro, Katwe and Buranga under the auspices of a MoU between GoU and Government of Kenya (GoK).
- ICEIDA seconded staff of ISOR to assist the Ministry to review data on Buranga, identify data gaps and recommend further work.
- Ministry staff attended the 6th Northern Corridor Infrastructure Regional Integration Summit in Kigali, Rwanda.

(d) Geothermal database management

In collaboration with UNEP-ARGeo on the Geothermal Inventory Database, DGSM developed, maintained and updated a geothermal database to house all geoscience data relevant to geothermal exploration. This information can be accessed at http://argeo.geothermal.is

(e) Health and safety

The following activities were undertaken in relation to health and safety of geothermal resources:

- Analytical data for the hot springs was given to Bunkangama Cultural Center (Kasese) on request.
- A first aid manual 2013 and a report on occupation healthy and safety on hot water burns, toxic gaseous emissions, acidic waters, hazards, risks, outcomes and risk assessment were acquired.
- Health and safety equipment were procured for field team members.
- The environmental baseline surveys were undertaken at Kibiro, Katwe, Buranga and Panyimur prospects as an on-going process.

(f) Promotion of geothermal energy

- Two (2) brochures were produced namely; Uganda geothermal energy and Environmental benefits of geothermal resources.
- Three hundred (300) geothermal energy promotional DVDs were produced to raise public awareness of geothermal resources, power generation and direct uses.
- Two (2) articles on geothermal exploration and development were run in the New Vision publication and one in The Monitor publication.
- Photo and video galleries for geothermal resources were opened up and made public.
- Two hundred (200) MEMD staff undertook information and awareness field trips to the geothermal fields.

Preliminary 2015/16 Performance

ENERGY PLANNING MANAGEMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Government is taking forward the process of developing the power infrastructure in Uganda on various fronts. Construction of power generation projects, namely Karuma, Isimba, and other small power generation projects is progressing well. Implementation of electricity grid extension programmes is ongoing and the rural electrification programme is nearly covering all the districts in the country. In addition, Government has made commitments at regional and international level to improve electricity generation and sharing among partner states through the Eastern Africa Power Pool (EAPP) in a bid to rationalize the generation and use of modern energy sources. The process of commercialization of oil and gas resources is being taken forward; and the development of mineral resource potential is progressing well.

PROGRESS IN INCREASING POWER GENERATION INFRASTRUCTURE

(i) Large Hydro Power Generation Projects

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Development of Karuma Hydropower Project (600MW): Construction of the dam is on-going and progress has been achieved as follows:

- By end of reporting period, all major components were in line with the schedule. The Adit works to various caverns and TRTs were complete except for Adit 2.
- Excavation works for the underground tunnels i.e., Main Access Tunnel, Escape and Ventilation Tunnel, and Adit 8, 9, 10 is 100% complete while the outfall is 72% complete.
- The Intake ground surface clearing and levelling, together with the diversion channel and open excavations in soil and rock, support on the slope and the construction of sub-cofferdam has been completed.
- Other construction facilities completed include: Site Clinic; Site Quality Control Laboratory; Repair Plant; Mechanical and Electrical Warehouse and Material warehouse.
- Two aggregate processing plants on the left and right bank of the river have been set producing 70 Tons Per Hour (TPH) and 30 TPH respectively. A temporary batching plant of 60m3/h and permanent batching plant of 90m3/h are under operation on the left bank and right banks of the river respectively. A batching plant of 240m3/h is under erection near the intake.
- The diversion channel was completed and the river closed. A bridge was created over the diversion channel to enable vehicles to cross and allow transportation of machinery and materials.

During the quarter, the supervising consultant together with government continued with Site inspection and progress review meetings, Health Safety and Environmental review meetings, RAP and Progress review meetings and one security meeting were held.

The project completion time is estimated to be the end of 2018.

Isimba Hydropower Project (183 MW): progress has been achieved as follows:

- The initial development phase which included construction of camps, access roads, provision of electricity to the construction area, and the engineering designs is complete.
- Works have commenced on the construction of the cofferdam and one dyke upstream of the river has been closed.
- Concrete pouring ceremony presided over by H.E. the President of the Republic of Uganda was held in July 2015.
- Implementation of the Resettlement Action Plan: So far 83% of the PAPs affected by the Power Plant and 40% affected by the transmission line have been paid.
- Construction of the site clinic is on-going and in advanced stages.

Construction of the Power house at Isimba HPP dam progressed with the Reinforcement placements and concrete works are commenced at the powerhouse, gravity Dam 1 and 2 ant at the spillways – upper and lower (ie. Location of the first stage structures). Power house: Units 1&4 concrete up to elevation 1015m and the water collection sump up to elevation 1011.42m. Volume of concrete used so far: 13,000m3 out of 357,048 m3. Spillway: Spillway 1& Spillway 2 are at Partial concrete up to elevations 1026m and 1029m respectively.

NEMA monitoring committee visited to check the compliance and come up with a checklist as guidance for HSE issues on 14th-16th September, 2015, World bank representatives visited the site in regards to the addendum of the Kalagala offset on 21st September 2015 and the Board of Directors of UEGCL visited the site to check on the progress of the project on 25th September, 2015

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Auxiliary works that included the camp3 main construction works were completed, the camp is to house 700 persons and already some workers have started residing there.

Permanent storage facilities: works at this storage facility were advanced. A 20Tonne crane was erected.

The project completion time is estimated to be at the end of 2017.

Ayago Hydropower Project (840MW): Progress has been achieved as follows:

- The feasibility study for this power plant was completed
- Government signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with M/s China Gezhouba Group for the construction of the plant and the Transmission Line under an Engineering Procurement, Construction arrangement.
- A supervising Consultant to assist in the review of the feasibility study report and in the supervision of the construction of the plant has been procured.

Financial closure has not been attained. The focus of government was to conclude financial closure of Karuma and Isimba hydropower projects from the same financier (China EXIM bank). However, construction is expected to commence in 2016 and will be completed in 2022.

(ii) Medium size hydropower projects and Minihydros

Muzizi Hydro Power Project (44.7MW): Government has concluded negotiations with KfW for a loan to develop this project. The Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) implementation commenced. The implementing Consultant is Ms. ILF Consulting Engineers - Austria GmbH. The contract was signed in Aug 2015. The procurement process for the Implementation Contractor is at Bid Evaluation stage.

Kikagati (16MW): Bilateral Agreement between Tanzania and GOU has finally been signed in July 2015 after 2years of delay. Construction expected early 2016 and expected commercial operation date is during the second Quarter of Financial year 2017/2018.

Nyagak III Hydro Power Project (4.4MW):

Generation Lincense by ERA was approved and granted to GENMAX (UEGCL, Hydromaxx and Dott Services) as developers of the project for 23 years. The RAP implementation process for 310 Project Affected Persons is ongoing. Owner's Engineer /supervising consultant was procured and the evaluation process completed. Ground-breaking for construction is planned for the third quarter of Financial Year 2015/16. Hydromaxx was procured as the private partner to develop the project.

Siti 1 (6.1MW): Construction of this project has started. The Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) was signed in January 2015. Expected commercial operation date is second quarter of Financial year 2016/2017.

Waki (4.8MW): All agreements for the project have been signed and the developer started early construction activities in May 2015. The developer is in the process of clearing final Condition Precedent.

Rwimi (5.4MW): Most of the agreements with the lender have been signed. Ground breaking expected this Financial Year 2015/16. Expected commercial operation date is during the Financial Year 2017/18.

Nengo Bridge (6.7MW): Financial closure expected before the end of 2015. Delays resulted from a lengthy clearance process of a GET-FiT condition precedent concerning the environmental flow of the project. Now that it has been cleared, expected start of construction is before end of 2015. Expected date of operation is

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during the Financial Year 2017/18. Final discussions with the EPC contractor are currently underway.

Muvumbe (6.5MW): The contractor Vildunka has mobilised equipment to site. Ground breaking was on 21st September 2015.

Siti I (6.1 MW): Siti I is the most advanced project in the GET FiT portfolio. By June 2015 excavation activities for integral scheme components such as the water channel had commenced. Expected Commercial Operation Date is Q2 2017.

Siti II (15 MW): All required legal documentation for the project has been executed. The project is nevertheless still on hold due to its dependence on progress of the 132kV line between Bulambuli and Mbale, which is constructed by UETCL. A feasibility study for the line, funded by KfW, is expected to commence in October. It is expected that by end of this year a verifiable date for the completion of this line will be available. Expected Commercial Operation Date during the Financial Year 2018/19.

Nyamwamba (9.2MW): The developer has signed all the necessary agreements and the lender has approved the credit facility for the project and ground breaking is expected in this year 2015.

Achwa hydropower projects (83MW): This project to be developed by a consortium of PAC SPA and Berkerly Energy Fund. The feasibility for the associated transmission line, financed by Government of Uganda was completed in June 2015. The firm licensed to develop the site is finalizing negotiations of the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with Uganda Electricity Transmission Company Limited (UETCL) and is also negotiating an implementation agreement with the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development.

(iii) Nuclear Power Development

- Nuclear Energy Roadmap Development; Pre-feasibility studies for launching the first nuclear power plant completed. Other activities included the Detailed site survey conducted.
- Study on local industries involvement in nuclear power infrastructure development initiated.
- Assessment of human resource needs and capabilities of public universities and other tertiary institutions to conduct nuclear training conducted.
- Fellowship to Vienna on energy planning conducted.
- Group fellowship to USA on Nuclear Power Program conducted.
- Review of existing policy, legal and institutional framework related to nuclear energy development completed.

PROGRESS IN INCREASING POWER TRANSMISSION INFRASTRUCTURE

Construction is ongoing for the following Transmission Lines:-

Bujagali-Tororo-Lessos (220kV), 127km; Mbarara – Mirama Hill - Birembo (220 kV), 66km; Mbarara – Nkenda (132kV), 160km; Tororo – Opuyo –Lira (132kV), 260km; Kawanda – Masaka (220kV) 142km; Nkenda – Fort Portal – Hoima (220kV) 234km; Isimba Interconnection Project (132kV), 40km; Karuma – Kawanda,; Karuma Lira (400kV, 220kV and 132kV line); 378km; Mutundwe – Entebbe (132kV) 35km and Opuyo-Moroto (132kV) 160km. These projects will expand the transmission infrastructure by about 2,002km.

The following substations are being to be upgraded:

Lugogo, Mutundwe, Queensway and Bujagali switchyard. Four (4) new substations to boost power supply to the proposed industrial areaes are being to be constructed and these are: Namanve South, Luzira,

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Mukono and Iganga Industrial Parks substations.

Transmission Lines being prepared for implementation:

Hoima-Kinyara-Kafu (220kV), Nkenda – Mpondwe – Beni (220kV), Ayago Interconnection project, Opuyo-Moroto (132kV); Mirama – Kabale (132kV); Bulambuli (Atari) - Mbale Industrial Parks (132kV); Lira – Gulu – Agago (132kV).

Bujagali Interconnection Project: The project consist of Upgrade of Bujagali Switchyard to 220kV; Construction works are 75% complete

Karuma Interconnection Project: Commercial contract with Supervision Consultant (Intec Gopa) was signed; the Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) implementation is in progress; Detailed survey and engineering for the transmission lines and substations is complete.

Mputa Interconnection Project: The EPC contracts became effective on 24th August 2015; Design and survey is ongoing for Lot1- transmission line; Contractor's mobilization and Substation design are on-going for Lot 2 contractor; RAP Implementation is 85% complete; The current disbursement level stands at 8% for AFD and 19% for NORAD.

Mbarara-Nkenda/ Tororo-Lira Transmission Lines: Lot 1 (Tororo – Lira Transmission line) is 70% complete; Lot 2 (Mbarara – Nkenda Transmission line & Associated substations) is 76%; RAP Implementation is 77% complete for Mbarara-Nkenda Line and 835 complete for Tororo – Lira; The current disbursement level stands at 65% for ADF loan. The detail is as follows: -

Lot 1:

The construction of 260 km double circuit 132 kV Tororo- Lira transmission line:

- Total Route approved is 262.988km(100%) out of 262.988 km
- Detailed survey completed is 262.983 km(99%) out of 262.988km
- Total DCPT completed -592out of 716 locations (82.7%)
- Total Tower foundation completed −527 out of 716(73.5%)
- Total Tower Erection completed 473out of 716 (66%)
- Stringing of Conductor 27.009 km from AP 21/0 to AP 27/0
- Stringing of OPGW- 26.308 Km from AP 20/9 to AP 25/9.
- Finalization of Temporary pole diversion profile for Kumi and Lira.

Opuyo substation

- All outdoor equipment civil foundation works completed
- Cable trench works under progress
- Drainage works under progress
- Road works under progress
- Guard house works under progress
- Erection of all pipe structures completed
- Fencing works under progress
- Erection of 16 towers out of 17 and 9 beams out of 10 completed
- Gas filling and pre-commissioning tests of circuit breakers completed
- tanδ and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed
- Erection of all outdoor switchgears.
- Interconnection of outdoor switch gears under progress

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Tororo Substation

- All civil works except gravel spreading completed
- Erection of two towers and one beam completed
- Casting of cable trench covers completed
- Erection of outdoor switchgear and control/protection panels completed
- Gas filling and pre-commissioning tests of circuit breakers completed
- tanδ and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed

Lira

- All civil works except gravel spreading completed
- Casting of cable trench covers completed
- · Erection of all four towers and two beams completed
- Extension of existing internal road completed
- Erection of outdoor switchgear and control/protection panels completed
- Gas filling and precommissioning tests of circuit breakers completed
- tanδ and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed

Lot 2:

The construction of 160 km 132 kV double circuit Mbarara- Nkenda transmission line and associated substations including reactive power compensation.

- Detailed Survey completed.
- stringing works ongoing
- Erection of towers ongoing
- Total DCPT completed 453out of 453 locations (100%)
- Total Tower foundation Completed -214 out of 317 tower locations
- Total Tower Erection Completed 194 out of 317 towers
- Monopole foundation completed 131 out of 136 locations
- Monopoles erected 131 out of 136 locations

Mbarara substation

- · All civil works except gravel spreading completed
- · Testing of outdoor switchgear completed

Nkenda substation

- All civil works except gravel spreading completed
- All tower and beam erections completed
- All outdoor switchgear erection and final alignment completed. New base insulators for surge arrestors received and replaced in place of the faulty ones
- · Testing of all outdoor switchgear completed
- Testing of reactor completed
- Internal road work completed
- Site leveling and compaction work almost completed. Grouting of foundations completed
- · Pre-commissioning tests of control and protection panels completed
- Pre-commissioning tests of RTU extension completed

NELSAP: The current disbursement level stands at 38% for ADF and 49% for JICA; Bujagali-Tororo-Lessos line (Lot A), is 62% complete; Mbarara-Mirama line (Lot B); is 60% complete; Construction works

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Bujagali, Tororo, Mbarara and Mirama substations are 45% complete; Construction of resettlement houses for contractors is ongoing; RAP Implementation progress for Bujagali-Tororo is 85% while Mbarara-Mirama is 91%.

Hoima – Kafu: Feasibility study 100% completed; ESIA & RAP Studies completed; Final Tender documents submitted to UETCL; Procurement of Supervision Consultant for the Hoima-Kinyara portion Commenced.

Opuyo- Moroto Interconnection Project: Contract signed with supervision consultant on 2nd August, 2015; Contract awarded to GhodsNiroo Engineering Company Ltd. The Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) Implementation is 41% complete.

Electrification of Industrial Parks Project: RAP Implementation for Namanve, Mukono, Iganga and Luzira Industrial Parks on-going; 40% Completed; Namanve, Mukono, Iganga and Luzira: Sourcing for financing for construction. On-going; Mukono, Iganga and Luzira: ESIA & RAP Studies on-going; 80% completed; Namanve, Mukono, Iganga and Luzira: supervision of works consultant kicked-off and Inception report completed

Kampala-Entebbe Expansion Project: ESIA/RAP/RAP Implementation services: The Final ESIA report was submitted to NEMA on October 6, 2015 and approval was granted on February 15, 2015; Entebbe substation land was secured; Design, tender document preparation, project management and supervision of works services: Preparation of tender documents ongoing.

Electricity Sector Development Project: Construction of Kawanda-Masaka 220kV transmission line and associated substations: Lot 1. 220 kV DC Kawanda Masaka Transmission Line is 53% complete; Lot 2: Kawanda Substation Works is 41% complete; Lot 3: Masaka and Mbarara Substation Works is 23% complete; RAP Implementation is 64% complete; The current disbursement level stands at 18%

Of the total 2479 Project Affected Persons, 1595 have been compensated.1944 PAPs have been disclosed too, 1842 agreements, 102 disputes and 535 outstanding disclosures.

The Evaluation of eligible bidders to undertake Supply, erection and complete installation, testing and commissioning of the proposed street and market lighting System was undertaken in the month of August 2015 and the combined Evaluation report was submitted to the World Bank for no-objection in the month of September 2015.

Twelve (12) ministry staff has so far completed training in the different fields. A new training plan for additional staff was approved by the World Bank on January 30th 2015 and so far 3 officers have undertaken training in the different fields.

The identification of potential; beneficiaries finalised in the districts of Wakiso, Lwengo, Butambala, Mpigi, Kalungu and Masaka.

In category 1: under grid intensification an exercise that requires less than 2 poles a total of 11,489 customers were identified with a total of UGX5,505,586,800=.

In category 2: Grid extension to potentially feasible areas a total of 2,793 potential customers were identified at accosts of UGX10.2 billion Uganda shillings.

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The ministry is in the process of finalising the framework contract between the Government of Uganda and UMEME limited. Meetings to negotiate the terms of the contract have been going on. The framework Contract was approved by contracts Committee and World Bank and was submitted to Solicitor General for clearance in September 2015.

Electrification of Industrial Parks Project: Feasibility Study, ESIA and RAP study was concluded and RAP Implementation ongoing. Procurement of Supervision consultant concluded. Contract awarded to NEK Consults Ltd. Signed commercial contract for EPC Construction with CAMCE. Design for EPC Construction works ongoing.

Kampala-Entebbe Expansion Project: Supervision Consultancy works (design) ongoing. Contract awarded to Intec Gopa. Procurement of EPC Contractors, and RAP Implementation are ongoing.

ENERGY MANAGEMENT PROGRAMMES

(a) Energy Efficiency

Energy Efficiency Standards and Labels program

- The Ugandan energy label has been finalized and has been gazetted by UNBS. Commenced the implementation of the Energy Efficiency Standards and Labels program to promote the use of efficient electrical appliances. By end of July 2015, this intervention realised savings of about 1.0 MVA making the cumulative audited and verified total of approximately 7.03 MVA from 21 industries.
- The Draft Energy Efficiency and Conservation Bill reviewed and re-submitted to cabinet
- Two (2) industries, Lugazi Kinyoro Millers and Kyebando Combined Millers installed energy efficiency saving of about 105 and 181KVAs respectively
- · Training of UNBS technicians and MEMD Energy Officers was carried out.
- Concluded the Energy Week 2015 held from 14th 19th September 2015. The activities included the Energy Exhibition at UMA conference hall parking lot, Lugogo, the Energy Management Symposium at Imperial Royale Hotel on 17th September 2015 and the Biomass Energy Dialogue on 18th September 2015. Report has been compiled and is in place.
- Technical Support for the conducting of Energy Audits was provided to large energy users; Energy Audits conducted for NSSF, Luuka Plastics, and Steel Rolling Mills and reports in place. Savings of 0.996 MW (approximately 1 MW) power capacity was estimated to be saved by implementing the identified Energy Efficiency measures.
- Awareness materials (Brochures and pull-up banners) regarding energy saving tips for homes, efficient use of biomass energy resources and energy auditing designed produced and disseminated.
- Specifications for the lighting demo drafted, procurement of the suppliers commenced, demo designed, and delivered.

RENEWABLE ENERGY PROMOTION

Awareness creation

• The National Biomass Dialogue was held in Fairway Hotel, as part of the main activities of the Energy

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Week, 2015.

- Awareness material, and pullouts on Modern and efficient biomass Energy technologies were published.
- 37 exhibitors from the private sectors exhibited renewable energy technologies during the Energy Week exhibition

The Ministry has now embarked on the process of developing Biogas standards to regulate the subsector.

- (i) Biogas Technology
- Under the Uganda Domestic Biogas Program (UDBP), phase II of the project is underway which will be implemented over a 4-year period. The second phase has set a target of 13,600 biogas units.
- The Ministry embarked on the process of developing Biogas standards to regulate the subsector, the final draft of the biogas standards for approval by the Council is out
- (ii) Construction of Biolatrine systems in schools
- Daunching of the Biolatrines; the Ministry launched the bio latrines to demonstrate the management of human waste by generating biogas from the systems to partly substitute the fire wood for cooking. The launch was held in St. Tereza Primary Schoiol in Entebbe in September, 2015. The ten (10) beneficiary schools are: Asinge Senior Secondary School in Tororo district; Hamdan Girls' Senior Secondary School in Mbale district; St. Paul's Senior Secondary School in Mbale district; Teso College Aloet Eastern Campus in Soroti district; Kitagobwa Senior Secondary School in Butambala district; Rines Senior School in Wakiso district; St. Thereza Girls' Primary School in Wakiso district; Mbarara High School in Mbarara district; and Ntare School in Mbarara district.

(iii) Promotion of Gasification

Through the World Bank ACCES program, the Ministry, the Ministry will emonstrate thermal gasifier stoves in institutions. Already a team has conducted a scopin exercise to identify education institutions to demonstrate the gasification technology for cooking.

(iv) Wind Energy Resources

- •□ Seven (7) pilot small wind turbines for electricity generation in areas around Lake Victoria and Karamoja region have been installed to test their performance. The wind turbine systems were installed at the following sites and are in good operating conditions: Aisha Junior school Mityana district; Luffudu Landing Site Namayingo District; Opilitok Primary school Kaberamaido District; Lopeei Primary school Napak District; Losakuca Primary school Kotido district; Kolasarich Primary school Kotido District; and Kyankore landing site, at the shores of lake Kyogga
- Two (2) wind measuring equipment were installed at Napak and Kotido District headquarters to assess the wind potential of the region and currently is being collected that will be used to generate a wind map.
- •□ The data collected now shows that are sufficient wind speeds in Karamoja region for electricity generation using
- □ Procurement of 5 hybrid solar/wind systems for electricity generation initiated. Technical specification for the procurement developed.
- (v) Improved Cook stoves
- 17,733 cook stoves constructed for households in Northern Uganda, 100 institutional cook stoves

Vote Summary

constructed in Educational institutions and other Social Institutions and 36 in SMEs.

- Review of the National standard on the cookstove, US761:2007 Energy efficiency stoves Household biomass stoves Performance requirements and test methods, was initiated in collaboration with UNBS, Uganda National Alliance on Clean Cooking
- Development of the Committee Draft of ISO TC/ 285: Clean Cookstoves and Clean Cooking Situations with Experts from the Ministry and the International Standards Organization, ISO.
- Capacity building done for forty (40) artisans in advanced construction of improved institutional cook stoves construction and quality assurance in Masaka S.S and Uganda Cooperative College, Tororo.

(vi) Biofuels development

- Draft Bill approved by Cabinet; now awaiting discussion Parliament to pass the Biofuels and Blending Act.
- Assessment of Biofuels feedstock conducted in Kayunga and Masindi and mobilization of farmers to grow biofuels crops conducted.
- Monitoring of Biodiesel processing conducted at Nexus Biofuel Factory in Kayunga district.
- (vii) Addressing barriers to Sustainable charcoal Production
- 500,000 seedlings were distributed to over 300 farmers in the districts of Kiboga, Kiryandongo, Mubende and Nakaseke districts to plant trees for sustainable charcoal production.
- Over 16 Community Based Organization in the Districts of Kiboga, Kiryandongo, Mubende and Nakaseke were trained in Conservational Agriculture, in partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries at Bukalasa Agricultural training school in Nakaseke district.
- A stakeholders' engagement conducted for all the players in the charcoal production value chain, in order to demonstrate good charcoal production, transportation and marketing practices as well as well as to map all stakeholders in the charcoal value chain.
- (viii) Mainstreaming energy implementation into District Local Government Plans and Budgets
- The 17 districts of West Nile and Lango Districts signed a Local Subsidy contract for the implementation of monitoring of energy activities, data collection in energy activities, as well as awareness creation, such as radio talk shows in issues such as use of improved cook stoves, efficient lighting and solar PV technology.
- The 17 districts integrated energy activities in their DDPs and Annual Work plans and receive a quarterly budget of 5 Million Shillings to implement Energy related activities like data collection and awareness creation in their districts.
- (ix) Award of the East African Centre for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency (EACREE) Centre of Excellence

The Ministry won the bid for the establishment of the College of Engineering, Art, Design and Technology as the EACREE Centre of Excellence for demonstration of the best practices in Renewable Energy and Energy efficiency research. Design and implementation in September, 2015. The Centre of excellence is to become fully operational by the month of December, 2015.

PETROLEUM EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION

UPSTREAM PETROLEUM

Vote Summary

(i)Legal and Regulatory Framework

For the period July 2015 to date, the following are key achievements have so far been made:

- Drafting and consultations on the attendant regulations for the upstream and midstream laws were completed.
- The National Content Policy and Strategy for the oil and gas sector finalized and is in place.
- Drafting of the Model Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) was concluded and the MPSA is in place.
- Procurement of a consultant to design a database to be used in implementation of the Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) strategy for the National Oil and Gas Policy (NOGP) is still ongoing; at contract approval stage.

(ii)Promotion of Country's Petroleum Potential

The ultimate goal of promotion of country's petroleum resources is to attract investment in the oil and gas sector. Progress for the period under review is as follows: -

- Government progressed with the 1st Licensing round by issuing of bidding documents to the 16 Qualified Applicants. The target is to issue new exploration licenses early 2016.
- Commenced procurement of a contractor to undertake the environmental and social impact assessment for the speculative surveys.
- Basin analysis on Lake Edward sub-Basin was undertaken.

(iii)Development of National Expertise in Oil and Gas

- Four staff (4) continued to undertake undergraduate training in the country.
- Nine (9) staff commenced Master's degree programs in petroleum related studies, tenable at Universities abroad
- Supported six (6) officers from other MDAs to undertake Postgraduate training in various petroleum related fields.
- (iv) Monitoring licensee field operations, costs and review of applications for production licenses
- Reviewed addenda to three (3) Field Development Plans (Kaiso-Tonya, KNNN & KW).
- Monitored the Rapid Asset Survey study for the KFDA and FEED (Front End Engineering and Design) pipeline route from Buhuka (KFDA) to the refinery at Kabaale.
- Monitored Ngara waste removal operations in EA1.
- Monitored construction of the access road over the escarpment to Buhuka, by the Ministry of Works together with CNOOC is ongoing. Progress of this construction is estimated to be 98%.

(vi) Regional Initiatives

The Department and the Ministry participated in one Sectoral Council of Ministers on Energy Summit in Arusha, Tanzania.

(vii) Establishment of new Institutions i.e. PAU, NATOIL and Petroleum Directorate.

The Boards of the National Oil Company that of the Petroleum Authority were inaugurated and have commenced their operations. A bidding round for issuance of new Exploration Licenses is making good

Vote Summary

progress and will be concluded in May 2016.

(viii)Government buildings

Phase-2 construction was completed and consultancy services to re-design and supervise the Phase-3 construction including access road were procured. Procurement of Phase-3 contractor is ongoing. Maintenance of existing buildings and related infrastructure undertaken.

MIDSTREAM PETROLEUM

(i) Regulations for the Midstream

The Draft Regulations for the Midstream were availed to Stakeholders for consultations. Comments on the Regulations were received from the key stakeholders and addressed by the working group on regulations comprising of representatives from the Department and the First Parliamentary Council (FPC), Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs. The process of developing standards for Midstream petroleum operations has progressed and to date a number of standards have been developed.

The Technical Working Group on Refining and Transportation developed 7 draft standards. To date about 40 draft Uganda standards have been developed.

(ii) Capacity Building for the oil & gas sector:

Four (4) officers commence training at Master's level; 2 short term trainings attended; Continue engagement with educational institutions on curricula development incorporating Midstream aspects.

(iii) Crude Oil Export Pipeline Development

Detailed Comparative Analysis Report presentation by the Lead Consultant Undertaking the Feasibility Study and Preliminary Engineering Design for the Proposed Hoima - Lokichar - Lamu Crude Oil Pipeline in Nairobi, Kenya.

Workshop to discuss Crude Oil Export Pipeline Development at Entebbe, Uganda. Multi-Sectoral Committee for Oil and Gas (OGMSC) meeting at Jinja Resort. Uganda International Oil and Gas Conference at Serena Hotel, Kampala.

(iv) Development of Oil Refinery

Negotiation of the Project Agreements for the Refinery Project between GOU and the RT Global Resources Consortium is in the final stages. Three additional meetings were held during the period under review. The outstanding issues in the Agreements were presented to Cabinet for guidance on 4th September 2015.

(v) Implementation of RAP for Refinery Land

A total number of 2460 out of 2615 Property Owners who opted for cash compensation, which is about 94.1%, have been compensated. Cash compensation is expected to be concluded by end of 2015. It should be noted that the earlier report indicated 95% cash compensation ascompleted, however later in August, BoU communicated that payments to 43 PAPs had bounced.

• The implementation of the physical development plan for the 533 acres of resettlement land in

Vote Summary

Kyakaboga through demarcation and survey is being concluded.

- Contractors to construct resettlement houses, schools and rehabilitate health centres were procured and the respective sites were handed over to them. They are expected to start mobilisation and consequently commence construction work.
- A consultant was procured to supervise the construction of resettlement houses and social infrastructure and is now concluding the review of designs to enable the contractors to commence work. The Ministry in conjunction with Ministry of Works and Transport and Civil Aviation Authority are taking forward the development of a master plan and detailed engineering design for phase 1 (excluding a control Tower and Terminal Building) for an Airport at Kabaale, Hoima. The Terms of Reference for consultancy services for the assignment were developed in consultation with International Civil Aviation Organisation.
- Initial Master Plan review meeting held was on 11th June 2015 at CAA offices in Entebbe. The Final Master Plan review meeting was held on 17/07/2015 at CAA offices from which comments on the report were generated for incorporation.
- The Master Plan has been completed and submitted with the received comments incorporated. But a Master Plan is a living document and can be updated if conditions change. This could be the case after initial review meeting of the detailed design report

Strengthening the Development and Production Phases of Oil and Gas Sector

Promotion of the country's petroleum potential and licensing: Following announcement by Government of 6 new blocks for licensing in the Albertine Graben through competitive bidding during the 1st Licensing round, evaluation of 17 applicants for prequalification of the Licensing round emerged with 16 applicants, who qualified and were notified for proceeding to the bidding stage.

The bidding documents comprised of the Request for Proposal, Model Production Sharing Agreement 2015 (MPSA), Model Confidentiality Agreement for sale of data, Petroleum (Exploration, Development and Production) (Data Sale) Regulations 2014 and Petroleum (Exploration, Development and Production) (Data Sale) (Amendment), Regulations 2015.

The target is to issue new exploration licenses early 2016.

Commenced procurement of a contractor to undertake the environmental and social impact assessment for the speculative surveys.

Basin analysis on Lake Edward sub-Basin continued and was completed.

Two staff members attended the American Association of Petroleum Geologists' (AAPG) Conference in Melbourne, Australia, where the country's petroleum potential was promoted.

Downstream Petroleum Infrastructure

- · HSE training manuals development completed
- Procurement of staff protective gears was completed
- Building of JST perimeter wall is on-going (60% complete)
- Quantity of fuel in reserves monitored and inspected
- 73 Million has been collected as hospitality fee during the quarter from Hared as NTR to consolidated fund
- Automated distillation Apparatus (laboratory) procurement for Malaba and Busia border entry points

Vote Summary

has been completed

• Payment for Bulooba land commenced

MINERAL EXPLORATION DEVELOPMENT AND VALUE ADDITION

In midterm performance, more minerals targets of Graphite, Chromite, Base Metals and Gold have been discovered in Karamoja region on top of the sixteen (16) previously confirmed. For each one developed in to production, one mineral target can contribute significantly in solving unemployment. If developed, one mine can create at least 100,000 to 150,000 jobs in a mining Community.

In overall, Mining engages a significant part of the population, over. 26% of the population during 2011 to 2015 was employed in mining related business.

The output targets for 2015/16 are focused on the implementation of the development plan (a) Geothermal Project and (b) Mineral Wealth and Mining Infrastructure Development Project.

(i) NEW POLICIES AND LEGISLATION

(a) Mineral Policy and Mining Legislation

The review of the Mineral Policy, 2001 is being done in consultation with stakeholders among them include: environmental and civil society organizations, commercial companies, and national and subnational government bodies to ensure a shared vision of how the national mineral resources should be exploited for the benefit of all citizens. A draft Green Paper on Mineral and Mining Policy has been accomplished and preparation of Principles to be embodied in the Mining Act, 2003 has commenced. It is planned that both documents in the revised form will be ready by early 2016 for a Cabinet Paper to be prepared and presented to Cabinet.

(b) Geothermal Policy and Legislation

Climate Technology Center and Network (CTCN) endorsed a technical assistance action plan with the Government of Uganda to provide expert services for developing the geothermal policy and legislation. This activity is ongoing.

© Mineral Certification

Inspection manuals are under development and have so far been tested on a tin mining site in Isingiro District. Implementation of the regional certification mechanism is on track and will be in place and fully operational by 2016/17.

(ii) GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS

Government has commenced uranium exploration in Ndale, Fort Portal and Rusekere volcanic fields (Fort Portal west uranium anomaly) and rare earth elements (REE) exploration at Makutu-Buwaya radiometric anomaly in Eastern Uganda.

(a) New Mineral Discoveries

Thirty percent (30%) of the current mineral map of Karamoja has been updated from the ground geological

Vote Summary

and geochemical surveys. New mineral targets have been discovered from geological mapping and geochemical surveys done; they include tourmaline, gold, wolfram, tin, columbite-tantalite, beryl, zinc, cobalt, nickel and chromium and potential of black sands that host heavy metals such as magnetite, ilmenite and rutile. More minerals could be discovered after airborne surveys.

(b) Follow ups in Mineral Exploration

Follow up on mineral targets for mining and industrial development is being tracked for both public and private partnership. These mineral targets include those of iron ore; nickel and platinum group metals (PGMs); and nickel, copper, and lead.

Iron ore discoveries

Follow-up of airborne geophysical surveys with ground geological and geochemical mapping resulted into new discoveries of iron ore resources in Buhara, Muyebe and Nyamiringa in Kabale District; Nyamiyaga and Kazogo in Kisoro District; and Kinamiro in Butogota, Kanungu District. Over 200 million tons of indicated resources of iron ore exist in the South Western Region.

Nickel (Ni) and Platinum Group Elements (PGE) exploration in Kiryandongo District

Interpretation of airborne geophysical survey data undertaken in Katulikire in Kiryandongo District by Pearl Mining (U) Limited resulted in definition of geophysical anomalies. The defined anomaly was followed by ground magnetic and transient electromagnetic (TEM) surveys which revealed massive magnetic conductors which could probably host nickel, gold and other base metals.

Nickel-Copper-Lead (Ni-Cu-Pb) exploration in Kitgum District

Interpretation of airborne geophysical survey data undertaken over areas in Kitgum, Lamwo and Pader districts by M/s Sipa (U) Limited resulted in definition of geophysical anomalies. The defined anomalies were followed by geological, geochemical and ground geophysical surveys that revealed massive magnetic conductors, which could probably host nickel and other base metals. The massive magnetic conductors have been drilled, preliminary results indicate nickel bearing sulphides and further drilling is ongoing.

(c) Geo-information and data management

Geo-information and data management

Updated geo-data base, ICT system and management of geological, mineral information and documentation. Geoscience information/data plays a vital role in all aspects of planning and management, including environmental management, natural resources exploration and exploitation and research.

Continued the acquisition, processing and dissemination of information online and in other digital information systems to improve access by potential investors and promote the mineral sector. Continued the reconciliation of paper records with digital database.

- (iii) MINES DEVELOPMENT
- (a) Kilembe Mines Limited (KML)

Vote Summary

Kilembe Mines concession was acquired by Tibet Hima Mining Company Limited (THMCOL) in 2014 to produce copper sheets of 99.9% Cu from the current 4.52 million tons of copper ore reserves. The company also acquired a number of exploration licenses to explore for copper in areas surrounding the mining lease to increase the tonnage of the copper reserves. The operations of the company are supervised and monitored by Kilembe Mines Limited (KML) on behalf of Government.

Government continued to monitor the progress of the implementation of the concession agreement between THMCOL, Government of Uganda and Kilembe Mines Ltd and also enforce compliance to the mining and applicable legislations.

Licensing

A total of 796 licenses and certificates were operational as at 30th September 2015. Out of these, there were 184 Prospecting Licenses (PL), 464 Exploration Licenses (EL), 3 Retention Licenses (RL), 46 Location Licenses (LL), 38 Mining Leases (ML), and 61 Mineral Dealers' Licenses (MDL).

Non-Tax Revenue

The sector assessed and generated Non-Tax Revenue (NTR) to the tune of UGX 567 million as of 30th September, 2015.

(iv) GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT

Detailed geophysical exploration in Buranga in Bundibugyo District is ongoing. Detailed geophysical, geological and geochemical exploration in Kibiro in Hoima District is underway.

(v) EARTHQUAKE MONITORING AND GEO-HAZARDS

Continued to monitor earthquakes and other geotectonic activities using seismological stations installed at Kilembe, Hoima and Kyahi. Extension of network coverage to other stations and restoration of earthquake research facility are under procurement.

The VSAT and GCI were upgraded so as to improve seismic data transmission from Kyahi earthquake monitoring station near Mbarara to Entebbe National Data Centre and then to Vienna International Data Centre.

A study of other geo-hazards such as landslides and lightening risk in the country so as to generate risk maps for prone zones has been undertaken. A project proposal has been developed to address the impacts and the mitigations of the geo-hazards.

SUPPORT SERVICES

Progress of implementation of the activities of this Financial Year 2015/16 is as follows: -

- The development of the Data collection guidelines was completed development during the first half of this Financial Year 2015/16.
- Commenced on the ToR for the development of a comprehensive databank (Database Management System DBMS) for EMD Sector. Data structures have been developed Energy and Mineral Statistical Metadata sheet and Sector Data base updated

Vote Summary

Continued with the Management of Amber house since its fully under MEMD

• Selection of Consultant to carry out designs and BOQs for Remodeling of Amber House and development of the adjacent plot on going.

Remedial renovation works on leaking roofs and sanitary systems in amber house done

- Resource Centre refurbished and equipped
- Internet services (WiFi) procured and maintained
- Computer peripherals/ hardware and sofwares/ licencing procured
- Commenced the procurements to strengthen the capacity of DGSM to establish modern laboratory
- Procurement of office furniture and fittings for the FA under the services of cleaning the exterior of Amber House
- Final Draft Feasibility Studies report for Rwimi/Nyamba Hydro Power Plant in place

Table V2.1: Past and 2016/17 Key Vote Outputs*

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budg Planned output	get and	2015/16 Spending and (Achieved by Er		2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Outputs	
Vote: 017 Ministry of Ener						
Vote Function: 0301 Energ		•	<u> </u>			
•	Energy Efficiency		1			
Description of Outputs:	Disseminate imphousehold stove		Disseminated 14 household stove institutional stov	s and 43	Energy Efficiency measures implemented	
Performance Indicators:						
Percentage oAudited firms implementing Energy efficiency measures	100		100			
Number of sites demonstrating use of improved energy technologies	10		10		50	
Number of prepaid meters installed	175,000		155000		200,000	
Percentage f Audited firms implementing Energy efficiency measures					100	
Output Cos	t: UShs Bn:	1.254	UShs Bn:	0.227	UShs Bn:	6.146
Output: 030103	Renewable Energ	y Promotic	n			
Description of Outputs:	Nyagak III HPP acquisition to be		Land acquiusition.	on on going	Complete RAP for Nyag	gak III
Performance Indicators:						
Stage of development of Waki HPP					Fiancial closure	
Stage of development of Siti 2 HPP					Contractor on site, civil	works
Stage of development of Siti 1 HPP					Contractor on site, civil	works
Stage of development of Rwimi HPP					Financial closure	
Stage of development of Nyamwamba HPP					Contractor on site, civil	works
Stage of development of Nyagak III HPP					Contractor on site, civil	works

CUShs Bn: ncreased Rural El Connect district h the national grid		UShs Bn: Five (05) district were connected grid and these districts.	_	UShs Bn: Connect district he	5.089
Connect district he the national grid		were connected grid and these d	_	Connect district he	
the national grid	eadquarters to	were connected grid and these d	_	Connect district he	
0		Bullisa, Adjuma Amuru and Otu	listricts are: ani, Moyo,	the national grid	adquarters to
0					
8		5			
20,000		3180		20,000	
3,500		1938		3,500	
3,000		1633		3,000	
				5	
	31.942 0.872	UShs Bn: UShs Bn:	0.196 0.196	UShs Bn: UShs Bn:	7.008 0.872
Thermal and Small	Hydro Power	r Generation (U	ETCL)		
		discussions with	h investors in the		for thermal
UShs Bn:	72.287	UShs Bn:	18.072	UShs Bn:	72.287
UShs Bn:					365.429 103.959
	tructure	C Shis Bh		O Dita Dit	100.202
ncreased power ge	eneration - La	rgescale Hydro-	electric		
		Isimba Hydropo	ower Plants	Isimba, Nyagak III	, and Muzizi
				main EM/HM equi-Dam still pool & g 100% -Installation of Gat 90% -Excavation of #1- Pressure shaft – 10 -Power Intake structure and g -Manufacture and g -Manufacture and g -Phase II river diversionare – 100% -Phase I Embankm filling – 50% -Installation of met	ipmet guide wall – tes #5-#13 – #6 HRT and 100%; trash 100%; HM – shipping of attersion and ment dam
	3,500 3,000 3,000 **UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn Hydro power infras ncreased power ge Construction of K Isimba Hydropow	20,000 3,500 3,000 2 UShs Bn: 31.942 2 UShs Bn: 0.872 Thermal and Small Hydro Power To continue with the discussions with investors 2 UShs Bn: 72.287 UShs Bn: 241.786 UShs Bn: 103.959 Hydro power infrastructure Increased power generation - Lat. Construction of Karuma and Isimba Hydropower Plants progresses.	20,000 1938 3,500 1938 3,000 1633 **UShs Bn: 31.942 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 0.872 UShs Bn: **Thermal and Small Hydro Power Generation (U.To continue with the discussions with investors discussions with HFO thermal power UShs Bn: 72.287 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 105.959 USh	3,500 1938 3,000 1633 *UShs Bn: 31.942 UShs Bn: 0.196 UShs Bn: 0.872 UShs Bn: 0.196 Thermal and Small Hydro Power Generation (UETCL) To continue with the discussions with investors in the HFO thermal power *UShs Bn: 72.287 UShs Bn: 18.072 *UShs Bn: 241.780 UShs Bn: 23.860 *UShs Bn 103.959 UShs Bn 23.860 *Ushs Bn 2	20,000 3,500 1938 3,500 3,000 1633 3,000 5 UShs Bn: 31.942 UShs Bn: 0.196 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 0.196 UShs Bn: 18.072 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 18.072 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 18.072 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 23.860 UShs Bn: UShs Bn: 103.959 UShs Bn: 23.860 UShs Bn:

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Bu Planned outp		5/16 Spending and Achieved by F		2016/1 Proposed Budge Planned Output	et and
Status of Ayago power project					•Dam concrete w •Phase II Emban works – 10% Financial Closur	kment dam
Output Cost.	: UShs Bn:	93.305	UShs Bn:	135.035	UShs Bn:	31.644
Output: 030280	Large Hydro P	ower Infrastructu	re			
Description of Outputs:		the Construction dropower Plant	Progressed wit Construction of Hydropower P	of Karuma	Progress with the of Karuma Hydr	
Performance Indicators: Percentage of land freed up for Karuma Transmission Line	25		10		100	
Percentage of land freed up for Isimba Transmission Line	25		10		100	
Output Cost		1,610.551	UShs Bn:	3.905	UShs Bn:	876.799
Output Cost Excl. Ext Fin		5.421	UShs Bn:	3.905	UShs Bn:	52.979
Vote Function Cost	UShs Bn:	2,357.440	UShs Bn: UShs Bn		UShs Bn: UShs Bn	1,507.711
VF Cost Excl. Ext Fin. Vote Function: 0303 Petrole	UShs Bn um Exploratio			144.333	USns Bn	107.580
		ing for the oil & g				
Description of Outputs:	Petroleum Ge Engineering a Design. Also complete their PAU, NATO Directorate in Increase natio	nd Refinery 8 staff fully r courses IL and Petroleum	Six (6) membe training in Pet Geoscience, En Refinery Desig	roleum ngineering and	Train six (6) mer Petroleum Geosc Engineering and Design. Also 6 s complete their co	cience, Refinery taff fully
Performance Indicators:						
Number of staff enrolled for professional training in Oil and gas discipline	6		6		6	
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, Petroleum Directorate					100%	
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, Petroleum Authority					100%	
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, National Oil Company					100%	
Output Cost	: UShs Bn:	4.930	UShs Bn:	0.994	UShs Bn:	9.800
Output: 030304	Monitoring Up	stream petroleum	activities			
Description of Outputs:	(FDPs) appro-		One Field Dev (FDPs) approv	elopment Plans red	Four Field Deve (FDPs) approved corresponding P Licenses (PLs) is	d and roduction
			Vote Overvi			

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget Planned outputs	2015 and	5/16 Spending and C Achieved by En		2016/17 Proposed Budget at Planned Outputs	nd
	database fully popul continue monitoring Development activi Kingfisher Develop (KFDA), including development seismi	g ities in oment Area 3D			database fully popul	ated;
Performance Indicators: Number of line Km of seismic data acquired.	400		0		400	
Number f field development plans approved for issuance of Production License	3		1		4	
Level of compliance by exploration companies with petroleum operations guidelines	100		100		100	
Output Cost: Output Cost Excl. Ext Fin.		56.685 2.740	UShs Bn: UShs Bn:	0.314 0.314	UShs Bn: UShs Bn:	0.500 0.500
Output: 030305	Develop and implem	ent a commu	nication strategy	for oil & gas in	the country	
Description of Outputs:	Public awareness in gas sector undertake		Public awarenes gas sector under		Public awareness in gas sector undertake	
	□Involvement of the other stakeholders it gas activities achieve	in the oil and	□Involvement o other stakeholde gas activities ach	rs in the oil and	□Involvement of the other stakeholders in gas activities achieve	the oil and
	Departmental websi	ite	Departmental we maintained.	ebsite	Departmental websit maintained.	te
Performance Indicators:						
Number of Radio talk shows held	12		3		12	
Number of newspaper advertorials made and published	5		3		5	
Output Cost:	UShs Bn:	0.100	UShs Bn:	0.020	UShs Bn:	0.550
Output: 030380	Dil Refinery Constru	uction				
Description of Outputs:	Finalise resettlemer Project affected per opted for resettleme	nt of the rsons who ent	Commenced comhouses for 93PA resettlement of the affected persons	PS to finalise he Project	FEED for refinery dundertaken EIA for refinery dev	
	Plan for developme supporting infrastru including pipelines.	icture	resettlement Negotiations for	the Formation	undertaken PAPS houses and ot	har
	refinery industrial p		of the Special Pu	rpose Vehicle re-FID activities	resettlement infrastr	
	Formation of the Sp Purpose Vehicle ar Pre-FID activities for development	nd undertake	ongoing commenced markairport at Kabaa	ster plan for the		
	Develop master pla Airport at Kabaale	n for the	initiated master j Kabaale Indutria	•		

Vote, Vote Function Key Output Develop a ma Kabaale Indu Performance Indicators: Stage of Land Acquisition Stage of identifying Lead	outs				
Kabaale Indu Performance Indicators: Stage of Land Acquisition	ster plan for	Spending and O Achieved by En		2016/17 Proposed Budget Planned Outputs	and
Stage of Land Acquisition					
-					
Stage of identifying Lead				100% PAP comper	nsation
Investor				Lead investor enga	
Output Cost: UShs Bn:	27.880	UShs Bn:	3.760	UShs Bn:	134.340
Vote Function Cost UShs Bn:		B UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	174.353
VF Cost Excl. Ext Fin. UShs Bn		UShs Bn	7.392	UShs Bn	55.013
Vote Function: 0304 Petroleum Supply, Inj					
_	nd Monitoring of		-		
	onitored for Petroleum 003. Petroleum orced; Compliance ons for new	Petroleum suppl operations monic compliance to Po Supply Act, 200 standards enforce	tored for etroleum 3. Petroleum	Petroleum supply in operations monitor compliance to Petr Supply Act, 2003. standards enforced with applications flicenses evaluated	red for coleum Petroleum ; Compliance
Performance Indicators:					
% of the facilities confirming 75 to the Petroleum facilities standards		97		100	
Output Cost: UShs Bn:	0.231	UShs Bn:	0.044	UShs Bn:	0.236
Output: 030406 Kenya - Ugand	a - Rwanda Oil p	ipelines			
Description of Outputs: Continue to S wayleaves acc compensation	quisition and of Project	Re-evaluation of Kenya Uganda . Supervise wayle	Continued to	Petroleum strategio maintained (Kenya	
Affected Pers	ons	Affected Persons	on of Project	Kwanda pipennes)	
Affected Pers Output Cost: UShs Bn:	0.045		on of Project	UShs Bn:	0.045
	0.045	Affected Persons	on of Project s 0.009		
Output Cost: UShs Bn:	0.045	Affected Persons UShs Bn: UShs Bn:	on of Project s 0.009	UShs Bn:	0.045
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration,	0.045	Affected Persons UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction	on of Project s 0.009	UShs Bn:	0.045
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration, Output: 030502 Institutional c: Description of Outputs: Number of St term). Number (long term). Nequipment in research pape	0.045 13.857 Development & Prapacity for the minaff trained (short or of Staff trained Tumber of lab stalled. Number of rs, maps onferences, and	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction neral sector 20 Staff trained of Staff trained Some Lab equip	on of Project s 0.009 1.441 (short term) and (long term).	UShs Bn:	0.045 13.857 ained (short Staff trained er of lab ed. Number of aps ences, and
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration, Output: 030502 Institutional can be description of Outputs: Description of Outputs: Number of St term). Number (long term). Number (long term). Nequipment in research pape workshops, co	0.045 13.857 Development & Prapacity for the minaff trained (short or of Staff trained Tumber of lab stalled. Number of rs, maps onferences, and	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction neral sector 20 Staff trained of Staff trained Some Lab equip	on of Project s 0.009 1.441 (short term) and (long term).	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: Number of Staff tr. term). N	0.045 13.857 ained (short Staff trained er of lab ed. Number of aps ences, and
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration, Output: 030502 Institutional can be served by the served by th	0.045 13.857 Development & Prapacity for the minaff trained (short or of Staff trained Tumber of lab stalled. Number of rs, maps onferences, and	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction neral sector 20 Staff trained of Staff trained Some Lab equip	on of Project s 0.009 1.441 (short term) and (long term).	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: Number of Staff tr. term). N	0.045 13.857 ained (short Staff trained er of lab ed. Number of aps ences, and
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration, Output: 030502 Institutional composition of Outputs: Description of Outputs: Number of St term). Number (long term). Number (long term). Number of sterm of terms of term	0.045 13.857 Development & Prapacity for the minaff trained (short or of Staff trained Tumber of lab stalled. Number of rs, maps onferences, and	Affected Persons UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction neral sector 20 Staff trained of Staff trained Some Lab equip	on of Project s 0.009 1.441 (short term) and (long term).	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: Number of Staff tr. term). N	0.045 13.857 ained (short Staff trained er of lab ed. Number of aps ences, and
Output Cost: UShs Bn: Vote Function Cost UShs Bn: Vote Function: 0305 Mineral Exploration, Output: 030502 Institutional carry: Description of Outputs: Number of Staterm). Number (long term). Number (long term). Number of paper workshops, carry minerals disconserved for training in Mineral sub-sector Number of Mineral analysis techniques developed to ISO	0.045 13.857 Development & Prapacity for the minaff trained (short or of Staff trained Tumber of lab stalled. Number of rs, maps onferences, and	Affected Persons UShs Bn: UShs Bn: roduction neral sector 20 Staff trained 04 Staff trained Some Lab equip	on of Project s 0.009 1.441 (short term) and (long term).	UShs Bn: UShs Bn: Number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem, number of Staff treem, number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem. Number of Staff treem.	0.045 13.857 ained (short Staff trained er of lab ed. Number of aps ences, and

•					A04-514=	
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget Planned outputs	2015 and	/16 Spending and Outp Achieved by End Se		2016/17 Proposed Budget Planned Outputs	and
stations installed against NDP target of 40 stations					Draft submitted to	
Draft mineral laboratory services policy developed	rial p	0.460	Mal B	0.070	approval	
Output Cost:		0.469	UShs Bn:	0.070	UShs Bn:	0.725
			nt, production and va			
Description of Outputs:	Number of new mir investiment projects Number of mineral mapped. topograph sheets	s initiated. targets	02 mineral targets m topographocal map s produced in Ndale K	heets	Number of new mi investiment project Number of mineral mapped. topograp sheets	ts initiated. I targets
Performance Indicators:						
Total Value of Mineral Production (UGX)- Bn	400		26		400	
Total Value of Mineral Exports as per permits issued (UGX)- Bn	200		8		210	
Number of potential Uranium resources targets discovered	2		2		2	
Number of mineralized areas discovered	3		2		3	
Output Cost:	UShs Bn:	2.564	UShs Bn:	0.365	UShs Bn:	1.373
Output: 030505	icencing and inspec	ction				
Description of Outputs:	mineral rights granted.	Site	91mineral rights and granted. 12 inspections done.	licences Site	mineral rights granted. inspections	Site
Performance Indicators: Number of flagships projects monitered	2		2			
Number of mining site inspectiog conducted	24		12			
Number of Mineral rights (licences) operational	600		798		650	
Number of flagships projects monitored					2	
Amount of NTR collected (USHs bn)	9		0.5		10	
Number of mining site inspecons conducted					24	
% of mining companies complying with mining regulations	100		100		100	
Output Cost:	UShs Bn:	0.958	UShs Bn:	0.180	UShs Bn:	0.545
Vote Function Cost	UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	1.953	UShs Bn:	13.684
Vote Function: 0349 Policy,	Planning and Supp	ort Services				
Vote Function Cost	UShs Bn:	23.415	UShs Bn:	5.392	UShs Bn:	22.732
Cost of Vote Services:	UShs Bn:	2,767.115			UShs Bn:	2,097.765
Vote Cost Excl. Ext Fin.	UShs Bn	317.507	UShs Bn	184.373	UShs Bn	316.824

Vote Summary

* Excluding Taxes and Arrears

2016/17 Planned Outputs

ENERGY PLANNING, MANAGEMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

A) ELECTRICITY GENERATION

LARGE HYDRO POWER PROJECTS

- i. Monitor performance of all generation plants.
- ii. Carry out sensitization and outreach programmes.

Karuma HPP (600MW)

- i. Continue monitoring the implementation of the Karuma HPP and target to achieve 70 % of the total progress of the Project.
- ii. Complete Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) implementation for the HPP.
- iii. Implement 60% of the Community Development Action Plan (CDAP) activities.

Isimba HPP (183.2MW)

- i. Continue monitoring the implementation of the Karuma HPP and target to achieve 75 % of the total progress of the Project.
- ii. Complete RAP implementation for the Hydropower Plant and the transmission line.
- iii. Implement 50 % of CDAP activities.

Ayago HPP (840 MW)

- i. Achieve the Financial Closure.
- ii. Award EPC Contract.
- iii. Commence pre-construction activities.

SMALL HYDRO POWER PROJECTS

Muzizi HPP (44.7 MW)

- i. Complete 100 % RAP implementation;
- ii. Award EPC Contract;
- iii. Commence pre-construction activities.

Nyagak III HPP (5.5 MW)

Complete 50 % implementation of the project.

GET-FIT PROJECTS

Complete 30 % implementation of 7 small HPP (6.1 MW Siti 1, 4.8 MW Waki, 5.4 MW Rwimbi, 6.5 MW Muvumbe, 9.2 MW Nyamwamba, 16 MW Kikagati and 6.7 MW Nengo Bridge).

ESIA CERTIFICATES OF APPROVAL FOR ALL HPPS

Monitor compliance to conditions in various certificates and permits.

West Nile Grid Extension

Supervising and monitoring activities during defects liability period.

Vote Summary

B) TRANSMISSION INFRASTRUCTURE

- i.□ Complete construction of the following projects: Kawanda Masaka 220kV line (EPC-100%, RAP-100%), Nkenda Fort Portal Hoima 220kV line (EPC-100%, RAP-100%) and Improvement of Queensway substation (EPC-100%);
- ii. Continue construction of the following projects:- Namanve South, Luzira, Mukono and Iganga industrial park substations (EPC-60%, RAP 100%), Opuyo Moroto 132kV line (EPC 40%, RAP 100%), Mutundwe- Entebbe 132kV line (EPC 60%, RAP 100%), Mirama-Kabale 132kV line (EPC 20%, RAP-50%), Isimba Interconnection (EPC-70%, RAP-90%), Karuma Interconnection project (EPC 70%, RAP 80%), Hoima-Kinyara 220kV (EPC 20%, RAP- 70%), Masaka-Mbarara 220kV line (EPC 10%, RAP- 30%), Lira Gulu Agago 132kV Line (EPC- 10%, RAP 30%), New Nkenda 132/33kV substation (EPC 20%) and Opuyo substation upgrade (EPC 50%);
- iii. Sign contracts with EPC contractors for the following projects:- Lira-Gulu-Nebbi-Arua 132kV line and Project enhancement of Greater Kampala Transmission system.
- iv.□ Conclusion of feasibility study, ESIA and RAP of the following projects:- Kabulasoke Kiboga Hoima 132kV Line and Bulambuli (Atari)-Mbale Industrial parks 132kV line
- v. Commencement of feasibility study, ESIA&RAP study of the following projects:- Masaka-Mwanza 220kV Line, detailed RAP study, Nkenda Mpondwe Beni 220kV line, detailed RAP study, Nalubaale Lugazi 132kV, Karuma- Nimule-Juba 400kV, Kawanda-Bombo 132kV

C) RURAL ELECTRIFICATION

- i. Germany (kfW)Grid Densification: 8,500 connections done nationally;
- ii. BADEA/OFID-2Construction of 33kv distribution lines (MV 790km, LV 620 km) kayunga and kamuli;
- iii. OFID-1 PROJECTSConstruction of 33kv distribution lines (MV367km, LV 359km) Buikwe and Oyam: 100% completion of works;
- iv. IDB I (Karamoja Region) Grid rural electrification project: Kaabong and Kotido district headquarters connected to the grid (MV 710km, LV 140km). 100% completion;
- v. IDB II(RE Projects in mirama-Kabale&Teso-Karamoja sub-region (MV 1400km, LV 108km): 50% completion of works;
- vi. IDB III Funded Projects RE Projects in Northern, Central, Eastern, Western (MV 1767km, LV 1750km): 100% completion of the project;
- vii. AfDB (African Development Bank) Uganda Rural electricity access (MV 1305km, LV1112km): 100% completion of the project;
- viii. French Development Agency projectsGrid extensions in North West;Rwenzori, Western, Mid western, South and South Western Service territories (MV 1379km, LV 1485km): 50% completion of the project;
- ix. World Bank ERT III (MV 1272km, LV 1220km):50% completion of the project;
- x. Abudhabi Electricity power networks in Kalungu (MV 400km, LV 160km): 50% completion of the project;
- xi. Access: 110,616 connections made (40,000 connections will be OBA).

D) ELECTRICITY ACCESS – UEDCL

- i. Conduct Network Audit to determine funding gap requirement;
- ii. ☐ Service Territories Reduce losses in each service territory to 16%;
- iii. Connect 10,000 customers in the service territories;
- iv. Acquire a call center;
- v. Procure 50 acres of land for pole plant expansion;
- vi. Produce 30,000 poles;
- vii. Continue Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) of Umeme Concession;

Vote Summary

viii. Rehabilitation of the Maziba progressed to 50%.

E) SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FOR ALL INITIATIVE (SE4ALL)

- i. Continue with SE4ALL Secretariat institutionalization, define the implementation and operational program, and secure funding for personnel, equipment and execution of activities;
- ii. Implementation of the communication, awareness, sensitization strategy;
- iii. Development of the SE4All Monitoring and Information Data Base;
- iv. Continue with project development and collaboration with the SE4All Thematic Hubs in Africa and Denmark:
- v. □ Kick start the Energy Efficiency programme for sub Saharan cities under SE4All.

F) ELECTRICITY DISPUTES RESOULTION

- i. Receiving and processing new complaints;
- ii. Finalizing hearing of existing complaints;
- iii. Public awareness campaigns (2 per district);
- iv. Complaints gathering from the districts;
- v. Rolling out the sittings of the EDT to 60 districts;
- vi. Training and capacity building for the 6 members of Staff;
- vii. 4 Study visits to similar organizations abroad;
- viii. Hold 2 Stakeholder dialogues;
- ix. Hold 3 Regional workshops;
- x. Reorganize to effectively deliver quality service. Retooling;

G) UGANDA ENERGY CREDIT CAPITALIZATION COMPANY

- i. Working Capital Facility for Solar Vendors put in place for Solar Companies selling systems on pay plan and those selling on cash basis;
- ii. Roll out of connection loan facility of at least USD 200,000 to cover entire Country;
- iii. Commence construction phase of the 10 sites under the ORIO Mini-hydro Power Project;
- iv. Bio-Mass Financing Facility put in place and capitalized with USD 100,000;
- v. 3 Independent Power Producers (IPPs) to receive Early Stage Transaction Advisory Services;
- vi. Two (2) IPPs to be connected to Programs of Activities (PoAs);
- vii. Four (4) SACCOs (1 from each of the four geographical regions of Uganda) to receive Solar Facilities to on-lend to Members to enable Solar Systems acquisitions.

H) ENERGY MANAGEMENT

- i. Energy Efficiency and Conservation draft Bill in place;
- ii. Comprehensive energy audits continued in at least 5 high energy consuming facilities;
- iii. Minimum Energy Performance Standards and Labels programme for the 5 selected appliances;
- iv. Energy Management Standard ISO 50001 introduced in 10 high energy consuming facilities;
- v. Continue the promotion of Fuel Efficiency in Transport and develop and fuel; efficiency policy and strategy;
- vi. Energy Management Training of at least 30 Energy Managers and Auditors done;
- vii. Four (4) regional exhibitions on energy efficient technologies conducted;
- viii. At least 4 lighting technologies (i.e. CFLs, LEDs, Fluorescents, HPSV) on the market tested for standards:
- ix. Communication Strategy regarding Awareness creation on Energy Efficiency developed;
- x. Energy Week 2016 to be conducted;

I) PROMOTION OF SMALL SCALE RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

Vote Summary

- i. Collect and analyze data from the two installed wind measuring equipment in Kotido and Napak;
- ii. Install five new wind measuring equipment in the Northern Region;
- iii. Identify sites for pico/micro hydro and collect resource data in Mt. Elgon and Rwenzori Areas;
- iv. Identify and study areas suitable for off-grid solutions like Islands and remote/isolated areas;
- v. Develop Legislation that allows purchase of small renewables by distribution companies;
- vi. Study the impact of small scale renewable energy generations on the grid;
- vii. Set up a testing facility for solar technologies products and a framework for enforcement of standards;
- viii. Enhance the existing financing mechanism for renewable energy to support the private sector with working capital and end-user loans;
- ix. Support the private sector players in renewable energy to adhere to professional code to ensure delivery of quality services;
- x. Rehabilitate 10 non-functional wind mills for water pumping in Karamoja;
- xi. Set up 10 hybrid wind / solar systems, 1 large solar PV irrigation system, 2 institutional solar water heating system and 2 demonstration systems for solar drying technology for agricultural produce;
- xii. Review and gazette 19 solar water heating standards and develop their technical regulations with UNBS.

J) BIOMASS RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Biogas Technology Promotion and Dissemination

- i. Biogas Standards developed;
- ii. 20 Household biogas systems constructed for demonstration and train 40 house hold biogas technicians;
- iii. 10 Bio-latrines constructed in social institutions for energy generation and 20 Bio latrine technicians trained;
- iv. Design a Biogas unit for Electricity production;
- v. Support the completion of Biogas to Electricity plant at Kayei Apac.

Energy Saving Institutional Stoves

- i. Fifteen (15) energy saving demonstration institutional stoves constructed;
- ii. Twenty (20) technicians trained in institutional stove (Construction, operation and maintenance).

Energy Saving Household Stoves

- i. 160 artisans trained in construction and maintenance of house hold cook stoves;
- ii. Develop a strategy for scaling up access to house hold stoves for solid fuels.

Gasification technology

- i. Scale up the operations of Nyabyeya Gasification unit (extension of the power line to staff quarters and the saw mill);
- ii. Demonstrate 100 Household Gasification stoves;
- iii. Demonstrate 20 gasification units for cooking in social institutions;
- iv. Demonstrate 4 gasification units for electricity generation;
- v. Develop an implementation strategy and plan for gasification technology.

Briquetting technology

- i. Twenty (20) Small scale briquetting units disseminated and 100 artisans trained on small scale briquetting production;
- ii. Four (4) technicians trained in large scale briquetting production;

Biofuels Production and Promotion

Vote Summary

- i. Biofuels regulations in place;
- ii. Standards for Biodiesel Blends formulated;
- iii. Demonstrate the use of bio-fuels in agro-processing for value addition;
- iv. Inventory of farmers and crops for bio-fuels.

Interlocking Soil Stabilization Technology

Promote Interlocking Soil Stabilization Technology to reduce the use of firewood for brick burning.

Improved Charcoal production

- i. National Charcoal Survey carried out;
- ii. Four (4) million trees planted for Sustainable charcoal production in the 4 pilot districts of Nakaseke, Mubende, Kiboga and Kiryandongo;
- iii. 100 Cassamance kilns disseminated;
- iv. Fourty (40) Sam-1 retorts disseminated;
- v. 360 Charcoal producers trained in using improved kilns and retorts;
- vi. Thirty six (36) charcoal producer associations formed and registered.

Institutional Co-ordination

- i. Support to Centre of Excellence for East African Centre for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency (EACREEE) hosted by CEDAT Makerere University;
- ii. Concept paper for the proposed Biomass Energy Resources Authority formulated;
- iii. Technical backstopping to UNACC;
- iv. International Biomass Energy Conference held;
- v. National Biomass Energy Strategy publicized;
- vi. Renewable Energy Policy reviewed;
- vii. Line of credit financing dedicated for Biomass energy enterprises and technologies.

L) NUCLEAR ENERGY

- i. Finalize the development of a nuclear energy policy for Uganda;
- ii. Develop a radioactive waste management strategy for Uganda;
- iii. Conduct scientific visits, fellowships and training courses with support from International Atomic Energy Agency;
- iv. Recruit and train three (3) staff under Nuclear Energy Unit;
- v. Prepare briefs on IAEA-TCP for top management of the implementing agencies;
- vi. Encourage all implementing agencies to integrate IAEA TC activities into their annual budget;
- vii. Continue coordinating and monitoring Technical Cooperation Projects in agriculture, water and health sectors;
- viii. Establish a Nuclear Information Centre;
- ix. Conduct regular awareness campaigns in training institutions, at district level and actively participate in annual Energy Week;
- x. Conduct detailed nuclear power plant site surveys to identify suitable sites.

M) ATOMIC ENERGY REGULATION

- i. Lobby for more funds from Government and development partners;
- ii. Seek fellowships and training courses with support from IAEA;
- iii. Procurement of more monitoring and inspection equipment;
- iv. Procurement of 2 field vehicles;
- v. Enhance collaboration with different stakeholders for example URA- Customs and Police by signing MOU;

Vote Summary

- vi. Conduct more sensitization workshops;
- vii. Develop more regulations, guides and procedures;
- viii. Finalize enforcement policy;
- ix. Registration of radiation sources;
- x. Continue Authorization and inspections of facilities using ionizing radiation.

PETROLEUM EXPLORATION DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION

A) UPSTREAM

- i. Continue supporting operations of the new Institutions (PAU and UNOC);
- ii. ☐ Continue promotion of the country's petroleum potential;
- iii. Continue the acquisition of geological, geophysical and geochemical data in the country;
- iv. Undertake and implement SEA in petroleum operational areas;
- v. Complete reviewing applications for production licenses and Field development Plans and Petroleum Reservoir Reports for technical guidance with regard to award of the attendant Production Licenses;
- vi. Continue the development of guidelines, codes and standards;
- vii. Continue Phase-3 construction of the National Petroleum Data Repository, Laboratories and Offices at PEPD, Entebbe;
- viii. Continue the implementation of the oil and gas communication strategy;
- ix. Continue oil and gas National content development and capacity building;
- x. Continue participation in regional initiatives.

B) MIDSTREAM

- i. Conclude the construction houses and other resettlement infrastructure for Project Affected Persons;
- ii. Undertake FEED and ESIA for the refinery development by the Refinery Company;
- iii. Commence EPC for Refinery development and crude oil pipelines;
- iv. Conclude the formulation of regulations for Midstream operations;
- v. Continue the development of Standards, Codes and Guidelines for midstream facilities and operations;
- vi. Continue capacity building (training of staff) and Institutional Framework development;
- vii. Formulate a Plan and strategy for Petrochemical and other energy based industries development;
- viii. Support the development of the crude export pipeline from Kabaale to the East African coast;
- ix. Support upstream oil companies in acquiring land for the development of crude oil feeder pipelines;
- x. Undertake Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) study and implementation for the infrastructure corridor development from the refinery (Kabaale) to Buloba terminal.

C) DOWNSTREAM

- i. Complete implementation of RAP for Malaba-Kampala Petroleum products Pipeline;
- ii. Commence construction works of Eldoret-Kampala Petroleum products pipeline;
- iii. Complete route survey and undertake ESIA for Kampala-Kigali Petroleum products Pipeline;
- iv. Undertake RAP study and implementation for Kampala-Kigali Petroleum products Pipeline;
- v. Restock Jinja storage tanks with 12 million litres as part of government portion;
- vi. Complete Phase-1 construction of Nakasongola Strategic Fuel Reserves;
- vii. Promote Liquefied Petroleum Gas Usage;
- viii. Commence implementation of the Master Plan for Buloba Multi-user products terminal;
- ix. Continue with institutional capacity building.

MINERAL DEVELOPMENT, PRODUCTION AND VALUE ADDITION

i. Complete review of the Mineral Policy and Mining legislation (Mining Act and Mining Regulations);

Vote Summary

- ii. Carry out airborne geophysical surveys of Karamoja to Completion of 20% aeromagnetic data coverage and follow up Airborne geophical surveys;
- iii. Establish Mineral Certification Infrastructure at Entebbe;
- iv. Appraise the mineral targets of Iron Ore, Rare Earth and Uranium.
- v. Design the Earthquake research and monitoring facilities;
- vi. Construct at least one (1) mineral beneficiation centre;
- vii. Equip and build capacity of mineral laboratories for value addition;
- viii. Mainstream and formalise Artisanal and Small Scale Miners and control illegal mining activities;
- ix. Inspect and monitor exploration and mining activities and enforce compliance (environment protection, occupation health and safety standards, elimination of child labour among others);
- x. Finalise code of ethics for Ugandan Earth Scientists in FY 2016/17;
- xi. Equipment and installation of geo-data backup and offsite recovery infrastructure in FY 2015/16 and 2016/17:
- xii. Publish new geological data (on geology and minerals) obtained during the SMMRP project in FY2016/17;
- xiii. Undertake a feasibility study for iron ore reduction using hydrocarbons and coal in order to setup an integrated iron and steel mill;
- xiv. The Ministry and the Uganda Police Force curb illegal mining activities
- xv. Collaborate with local governments and other stakeholders in inspections;
- xvi. Fast-track establishing weigh bridges in mining areas;
- xvii. Expedite the formulation of geothermal policy and law for efficient geothermal exploration and development;
- xviii. Continue promoting investment in the mineral sector;
- xix. Continue building institutional and human resource capacity;
- xx. Geothermal exploration: Complete surface studies in Kibiro, Katwe, Buranga and Panyimur geothermal prospects;
- xxi. Feasibility studies and appraisal: Drill at least one (1) deep exploration well at Kibiro and Buranga and undertake well flow testing;
- xxii. Capacity building: Carry out training and human resources development including in-house training of staff in Uganda geothermal fields, UNU-GTP Reykjavik, Iceland, hands-on training programs at AGCE, Geothermal Development Company of Kenya (GDC), Kyushu Japan;
- xxiii. Undertake geothermal energy promotion and sensitization to ensure community understanding and support of the economic, environment and social benefits of geothermal energy.

SUKULU PHOSPHATES PROJECT

Follow up on:

i.Import of required equipment for mining and processing;

ii.Recruitment of local and expatriate staff;

iii.Development of the mine infrastructure and construct the processing plants;

iv.Plan for the provision of power 200MW and required infrastructure (transmission line and substation) by December 2016;

v.Commencement of production of both iron and phosphates;

vi.Continued exploration on EL1178 and ML 1393.

SECTOR GOVERNANCE

- i. Conclude and approve the Records Retention Schedules and the Records Management Policy.
- ii. Conclude the procurement of the consultancy services for redevelopment of Amber House building and the development of the adjacent plot.
- iii. Embark on the construction for the Petroleum Coordination and Seismology Offices in Hoima District

Vote Summary

and the Mineral Coordination Office in Moroto District.

- iv. Enhance the integration of gender, health, safety, climate change and environment management issues across the subsectors in the Ministry.
- v. Streamline acquisition of land for infrastructure development in the Energy and Mineral Development Sector.
- vi. Sensitize the public on the roles and functions of the Atomic Energy Council and the Electricity Disputes Tribunal.
- vii. Continue implementing the communication strategy of the Ministry.
- viii. Continue the implementation of the Sector Strategic Investment Plan.
- ix. Improve the monitoring and evaluation framework for the Sector.
- x. Improve the technical planning framework for the sector.
- xi. Continue the implementation of the new Ministry Structure by filling at least 80% of the vacant positions.
- xii. Support the operationalization of the new institutions in the Energy and Mineral Development Sector.
- xiii. Continue building the capacity of staff in accordance with the Training Policy and Plan.
- xiv. Continue the implementation of the Energy and Mineral Sector Strategic Plan for Statistics (EMSSPS) and develop the Energy and Minerals Database Management System.
- xv. Conduct the Joint Sector review for the FY 2015/16.
- xvi. Devise a comprehensive solution to procurement delays for effective implementation of programs.

Table V2.2: Past and Medum Term Key Vote Output Indicators*

	2015/16 MTEF					
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2014/15 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Vote: 017 Ministry of Energy and Mi						
Vote Function:0301 Energy Planning,	Management o	& Infrastructi	ıre Dev't			
Percentage f Audited firms implementing Energy efficiency measures				100	100	100
Percentage oAudited firms implementing Energy efficiency measures		100	100			
Number of prepaid meters installed		175,000	155000	200,000	200,000	300000
Number of sites demonstrating use of improved energy technologies		10	10	50	50	30
Stage of development of Nyagak III				Contractor on	EPC	EPC
HPP				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Contractor on	
				works	site, civil	site, civil
S				C	works EPC	works EPC
Stage of development of Nyamwamba HPP				Contractor on site, civil		Contractor on
Nyamwamba 111 1				works	site, civil	site
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	works	5110
Stage of development of Rwimi HPP				Financial	EPC	EPC
				closure	Contractor on	Contractor on
					site, civil	site, civil
					works	works
Stage of development of Siti 1 HPP				Contractor on	EPC	EPC
				site, civil	Contractor on	
				works	site, civil works	site, civil works
Stage of development of Siti 2 HPP				Contractor on	EPC	EPC
stage of development of Sitt 2 HPP				site, civil		Contractor on
				works	site, civil	site, civil

Vote Summary 2015/16 **MTEF Projections** Vote Function Key Output Approved Outturn by 2014/15 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 Indicators and Costs: Plan **End Sept** Outturn works works Stage of development of Waki HPP **EPC EPC** Fiancial closure Contractor on Contractor on site, civil site, civil works works Number of District Headquarters electrified Number of District Headquaters 8 electrified Number of line KM of LV (11KV) 3,000 3000 3000 3,000 constructed Number of line KM of MV (33KV) 3,500 3,500 3500 3500 constructed 40000 Number of Solar systems installed 3180 30000 20,000 20,000 Vote Function Cost (UShs bn) N/A 241.780 23.860 365.429 339.693 320.558 103.959 VF Cost Excl. Ext Fin. 81.500 23.860 103.959 N/A N/A Vote Function:0302 Large Hydro power infrastructure Status of Ayago power project Financial **EPC** Works in Closure Contractor progress Status of Isimba power project •Manufacture Works in Complete and shipping progress construction of HM/EM equipment Phase II river diversion and closure -100% •Phase I **Embankment** dam filling -50% •Installation of metal structures -90% •Dam concrete works - 30%•Phase II Embankment dam works -10% Status of Karuma power project -Fabrication Works in Complete and shipping progress construction of main EM/HM equipmet -Dam still pool & guide wall – 100% -Installation of Gates #5 #13 - 90%

-Excavation of #1-#6 HRT

W. F. d. W. O.		2015		MTEF I	Projections	
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2014/15 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
				and Pressure shaft – 100% -Power Intake structure & trash rack installation - 100%; HM –		
				50%		
Percentage of land freed up for Isimba Transmission Line		25	10	100		
Percentage of land freed up for Karuma Transmission Line		25	10	100		
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	N/A	2,357.440	144.335	1,507.711	1,846.210	1,370.801
VF Cost Excl. Ext Fin.	37.403	108.58	144.335	107.580	N/A	N/A
Vote Function:0303 Petroleum Explo	ration, Developn	nent & Prodi	uction			
Number of staff enrolled for professional training in Oil and gas discipline		6	6	6	8	8
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, National Oil Company				100%		
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, Petroleum Authority				100%		
Stage of formation new petroleum institution, Petroleum Directorate				100%		
Number f field development plans approved for issuance of Production License		3	1	4		
Level of compliance by exploration companies with petroleum operations guidelines		100	100	100	100	100
Number of line Km of seismic data acquired.		400	0	400	400	400
Number of newspaper advertorials made and published		5	3	5	5	5
Number of Radio talk shows held		12	. 3	12	12	12
Stage of identifying Lead Investor				Lead investor engaged		
Stage of Land Acquisition				100% PAP compensation		
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	N/A	118.158	7.392	174.353	170.483	290.392
VF Cost Excl. Ext Fin.	44.926	55.013	7.392	55.013	N/A	N/A
Vote Function:0304 Petroleum Suppl	y, Infrastructure	and Regular	tion			
% of the facilities confirming to the Petroleum facilities standards		75	97	100	100	100
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	4.798	13.857	1.441	13.857	13.857	24.511
Vote Function:0305 Mineral Explora	tion, Developme	nt & Product	tion			
% of earthquake monitoring stations installed against NDP target of 40 stations		35	5	35	40	40
Draft mineral laboratory services policy developed				Draft submitted to Cabinet for	Draft Approved by Parliament	Policy in place, under implementatio

Vote Summary

		2015/	16	MTEF P	Projections	
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2014/15 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
			raid Sept	approval		n
Number of Mineral Artisans and small scale miners (ASM) trained in Mining Districts		300	120	300	200	200
Number of Mineral analysis techniques developed to ISO standards		2	1	2	2	2
Number of staff enrolled for training in Mineral sub-sector		4	4	4	4	6
Number of mineralized areas discovered		3	2	3	3	2
Number of potential Uranium resources targets discovered		2	2	2	2	2
Total Value of Mineral Exports as per permits issued (UGX)- Bn		200	8	210	300	400
Total Value of Mineral Production (UGX)- Bn		400	26 <mark>-</mark>	400	500	550
Number of mining site inspecons conducted				24	24	24
Number of mining site inspectiog conducted		24	12			
% of mining companies complying with mining regulations		100	100	100	100	100
Amount of NTR collected (USHs bn)		9	0.5	10	12	14
Number of flagships projects monitered		2	2			
Number of flagships projects monitored				2	2	2
Number of Mineral rights (licences) operational		600	798 <mark>-</mark>	650		
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	7.045	12.684	1.953	13.684	12.884	32.743
Vote Function:0349 Policy, Planning of	and Support Se	rvices				
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	20.389	23.196	5.392	22.732	23.399	23.379
Cost of Vote Services (UShs Bn)	N/A	2,767.115		2,097.765	2,406.525	2,062.384
Vote Cost Excl. Ext Fin	196.060	317.288	184.373	316.824	N/A	N/A

Medium Term Plans

ENERGY PLANNING, MANAGEMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT:

- (i) Construction of Karuma Hydropower Project (600 MW) continued.
- (ii) Construction of Isimba hydro power project (188MW) completed.
- (iii) Commence the construction of Ayago (600MW) Hydropower Project.

PETROLEUM EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION

The sector will continue to implement the oil and gas policy over the medium term, through undertaking the following:-

(i) Promote the Country's petroleum potential and undertake a licensing round for the unlicensed

Vote Summary

acreage in the country;

- (ii) Develop and commission a 60,000bopd refinery in the country;
- (iii) Develop transport and storage infrastructure for petroleum and petroleum products in the country;
- (iv) Facilitate the development of infrastructure for the export of crude oil;
- (v) Coordinate the implementation of the oil and gas regulations in the sector;
- (vi) Build capacity of the Oil and Gas sector in the country;
- (vii) Monitor and regulate the upstream petroleum activities;
- (viii) Continue the implementation a communication strategy for the Oil and Gas sector in the country;
- (ix) Participate in Regional initiatives related to the oil and gas sector.

PETROLEUM SUPPLY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND REGULATION

- (i) Development and stocking fuel strategic reserves.
- (ii) Management and Monitoring of petroleum supply and marketing industry
- (iii) Maintenance of National Petroleum Information System
- (iv) Operational Standards and laboratory testing of petroleum products
- (v) Development of an Emergency Petroleum Supply Plan
- (vi) Develop the Kenya Uganda; Kampala Kigali oil products pipeline

MINERAL EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION:

- (i) Provide basic geo-scientific information for the development of the mineral sector.
- (ii) Promote optimal use of minerals and mineral trade for social improvement of the people.
- (iii) Provide technical services in the field of geosciences.
- (iv) Ensure best mining practices and accountability.
- (v) Promote mineral value addition and trade to increase revenues.
- (vi) Promote the gazetting of geosites and geoparks.
- (vii) Put in place an earthquake adminstration policy, expand the network of operation centres, design an earthquake disaster management plan, and equiping the research laboratories
- (viii) Institutional Capacity for the Mineral sector.

POLICY, PLANNING AND SUPPORT SERVICES:

- (i) Planning, Budgeting and Monitoring undertaken
- (ii) Financial Management and Procurement undertaken
- (iii) Procurement and maintenance of Assets and Stores
- (iv) Management of Human Resources
- (v) Development of Office infrastructure and Regional liason offices

(ii) Efficiency of Vote Budget Allocations

To ensure efficiency of Vote Budget allocations, and ensure that value for money is realised, budget allocation has focused on areas that contribute to sector priorities. Specifically, outputs geared towards capital purchases for power generation and transmission, electricity access, mineral value addition and security of supply of petroleum products have been targeted. These outputs are considered to have high results impacts.

Table V2.3: Allocations to Key Sector and Service Delivery Outputs over the Medium Term

(i) Allocation (Shs Bn) (ii) % Vote Budget
Billion Uganda Shillings 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19

Vote Summary

	(i) Allocation (Shs Bn)			(ii) % Vote Budget				
Billion Uganda Shillings	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Key Sector	1,905.4	1,147.1	2,109.3	1,771.0	68.9%	54.7%	87.6%	85.9%
Service Delivery	267.0	135.9	131.2	140.0	9.6%	6.5%	5.4%	6.8%

Cost assumptions have been benchmarked on prevailing market rates and industry best practices.

Table V2.4: Key Unit Costs of Services Provided and Services Funded (Shs '000)

Unit Cost Description	Actual 2014/15	Planned 2015/16	Actual by Sept	Proposed 2016/17	Costing Assumptions and Reasons for any Changes and Variations from Plan
Vote Function:0301 Energy Cost per Mega Watt hour (MWh) of thermal generated electricity	Planning,Man	agement & Inf. 813,817	rastructure	Dev't	The cost represents the energy price per MW generated.
Cost per kilo Watt hour (kWh) sold by the system operator UETCL to the energy distributors		348			The cost represents the peak hour cost of electricity transmitted by UETCL
1		385			Approved retail tariffs by the Electricity Regulatory Authority
Vote Function:0302 Large E Cost per Mega Watt of electricity produced per hour by a large hydro power station	Iydro power in	frastructure 38,746			Approved energy tariff for the power generated at the Nalubaale - Kiira operated by a concessionaire
Vote Function:0303 Petrolet Number of line km of seismic data acquired in the Albertine Graben.	um Exploration	a, Developmen	t & Product	ion	Costs incurred vary from licenced companies and the areas of operation. GoU only facilitates staff to carry out monitoring.
Drilling of one well					Costs incurred vary from licenced companies and the areas of operation. GoU only facilitates staff to carry out monitoring.
Vote Function:0304 Petrolet Cost of monitoring a petroleum facility	um Supply, Infr	astructure and	d Regulation	ı	
Vote Function:0305 Mineral Mineral analysis per sample in international laboratory for 51 elements	Exploration, 1	Development &	& Production	n	Mineral analysis per sample in international laboratory for fifity (51) elements. This is only the laboratory expense excluding freigh or transportation and data interpretation
Cost per line kilometre of aeroborne geophysical data		39,000			Resources Project 2004 - 2011 of USD 5.005 million for 632,681 line kilometres covered; averaged USD 7.911 per line kilometre. Global Inflation and change in technology

(iii) Vote Investment Plans

Vote Summary

Table V2.5: Allocations to Capital Investment over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocation (Shs Bn)			(ii) % Vote Budget				
Billion Uganda Shillings	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Consumption Expendture(Outputs Provided)	138.9	60.4	73.3	81.1	5.0%	2.9%	3.0%	3.9%
Grants and Subsidies (Outputs Funded)	183.2	110.6	85.7	75.7	6.6%	5.3%	3.6%	3.7%
Investment (Capital Purchases)	2,445.0	1,926.7	2,247.5	1,905.5	88.4%	91.8%	93.4%	92.4%
Grand Total	2,767.1	2,097.8	2,406.5	2,062.4	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

As a medium term strategy, during the FY 2016/17, the Sector will continue to focus major capital purchases towards investments in the construction of Large Hydropower generation infrastructure (Karuma, Isimba Hydro Power Projects); construction of transmission lines and acquisition of the associated Way leaves through the implementation of the Resettlement Action Plans (RAP) and capacity payments towards thermal power generation.

In the Oil and Gas sub-sector, focus will be towards the implementation of the refinery development activities including the development of the oil pipelines and aerodrome, and the implementation of the oil and gas policy. Downstream petroleum activities will largely focus on the development of the Buloba terminal infrastructure; Kampala - Kigali oil products pipeline.

In the Mineral sub-sector, government will focus on the follow-up of the mineral targets identified in the airborne surveys of the country; ground geophysical mapping of Karamoja and the geothermal exploration. In addition, the development of earthquake research facility will commence and also continue acquiring requisite laboratory infrastructure.

To support the general administrative function, the sector has also committed resources towards the renovation Amber house and the development of the adjacent plot.

Table V2.6: Major Capital Investments

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
Project 1223 Institutional Sup	port to Ministry of Energy and Min	eral Development	
034972 Government Buildings and Administrative Infrastructure	Designs and BOQs for Remodelling of Amber House and development of the adjacent plot in place. Procurement of a contractor for the Remodelling of Amber House and development of the adjacent initiated.	Consultant to carry out designs and BOQs for Remodelling of Amber House and development of the adjacent plot on going.	Remodelling of Amber House and development of the adjacent plot in place. Administrative Infrastructure Oil and Gas Police; Oil and Gas Police Uniports office in Albertine
Total	2,375,965	382,536	6,000,000
GoU Development	2,375,965	382,536	6,000,000
External Financing	0	0	0
034976 Purchase of Office and ICT Equipment, including Software	- A disaster recovery solution for the Ministry developed	Resource Centre refurbished and equipped	- A disaster recovery solution for the Ministry implemented
	Commence procurement of collaboration softwares under structured cabling Phase III	- Internet services (WiFi) procured and maintained	 Procurement of collaboration softwares under structured cabling Phase III
	- Resource Centre equipped	- Computer peripherals/ hardware and sofwares/ licencing procured	- Resource Centre equipped

Vote Summary Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location
	- Internet services (WiFi) procured and maintained		- Internet services (WiFi) procured and maintained
	- Computer peripherals/ hardware and sofwares/ licencing procured		- Computer peripherals/ hardware and sofwares/ licencing procured
	- ICT user trainings and sensitization held		- ICT user trainings and sensitization held
	- Cloud computing and cyber security implemented		- Structured Cabling Phase III
Tota	1 810,000	6,240	1,000,00
GoU Developmen	t 810,000	6,240	1,000,00
External Financing	<i>'</i>	0	, ,
034977 Purchase of Specialised Machinery & Equipment	Strengthen the capacity of DGSM to establish modern laboratory Purchase of vehicles for political leadership	Commenced the procurements to strengthen the capacity of DGSM to establish modern laboratory	Strengthen the capacity of DGSM to establish modern laboratory
Tota	1,000,000	19,400	1,000,00
GoU Developmen	,,	19,400	1,000,00
External Financing		0	1,000,00
Project 1199 Uganda Geothe	rmal Resources Development		
030572 Government Buildings and Administrative Infrastructure	Initiate Procurement Process for Design of Geothermal Resources Department	commenced the procurement process for the design of the Geothermal Dept	Temporary Geothermal Resources Department offices a the Directorate of Geological Survey and Mines renovated Access road to Directorate of
			geological Survey and Mines rennovated.
			Access road to drilling sites for geothermal development opened
Tota	1 1 1 0 0 0 0	8,021	750 00
GoU Developmen	,	8,021	750,00 <i>750,00</i>
External Financing	<i>'</i>	0,021	750,00
030575 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment			Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment for Geothermal exploration purchased
Tota	1 0	0	1,080,00
GoU Developmen	t 0	0	1,080,00
External Financing	0	0	
030577 Purchase of Specialised Machinery &	Continue the procurement of Deep subsurface geothermal exploration equipment and	Procured MT specialized equipment for geothermal exploration (Petro-physics &	Continued the procurement of Deep subsurface geothermal exploration equipment and
Equipment	laboratory consumables	age dating)	laboratory consumables

Project	t, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Fu	nction Output	Approved Budget, Planned	Actual Expenditure and	Proposed Budget, Planned
000 1 11	UShs Thousand	Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Outputs (Quantity and Location
	Total	1,680,000	842,305	747,000
	GoU Development	1,680,000	842,305	747,000
	External Financing	0	0	(
Project	t 1353 Mineral Wealth	and Mining Infrastructure Developr	nent	
	Government Buildings and Administrative Infrastructure	Earthquake research and monitoring facilities designed Four (4) mineral beneficiation centres constructed Karmoja, Fort-portal Ntungamo and Tororo	Commenced the procurement for a consultant to design Earthquake Research Facility in Entebbe	Earthquake research and monitoring facilities designed Design and construct (4)mineral beneficiation centres constructed Karmoja, Fort-portal Ntungamo and Tororo constructed Modification of design and refurbishment of laboratories at DGSM to accommodate newly acquired equipment and or incorporation of environment protection and safety measures undertaken
	Total	3,380,000	13,410	3,079,000
	GoU Development	3,380,000	13,410	3,079,00
	External Financing	0	0	3,079,00
	Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment	Field motor vehicles procured	No funds released	Three (3) field motor vehicles procured
	Total	700,000	0	600,00
	GoU Development	700,000	0	600,00
	External Financing	0	0	
Project	t 1258 Downstream Petr	roleum Infrastructure		
30471	Acquisition of Land by Government	Eldoret-Kampala petroleum products pipelines constructed	-Resetlement Action Plan(RAP) on going and draft update reports submitted	Development of 120,000 CM refined products storage terminal at Buloba Promoted.
		Kampal-Kigali products Pipeline constructed		Use of Barges transport on lake Victoria promoted
				Capacity to promote and regulate downstream petroleum industry developed
				Development of Kenya-Uganda Rwanda refined petroleum products pipelines promoted.
	Total	5,700,000	485,708	5,190,00
	GoU Development	5,700,000	485,708	5,190,00
	External Financing	0	0	2,170,00
	Purchase of Specialised Machinery & Equipment	Downstream petroleum policy put in Place Technical regulations(standards	-HSE training manuals development completed -Procurement of staff protective gears was completed	Downstream Petroleum policy put in place. Use of Liquified petroleum gas

	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
	and codes of practice) reviewed and implemented.	-Building of JST perimeter wall is on going (60% complete)	promoted.
			LPG supply regulations made
Total	1,400,000	50,263	930,000
GoU Development	1,400,000	50,263	930,000
External Financing	0	0	0
030479 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	Nakasongola strategic reserves facility completed and operational Jinja storage tanks restocked and operations monitored Plans for Buloba Multi User Product terminal produced	-Quantity of fuel in reserves monitoredand inspected -73 Millions has been collected as hospitality fee during the quarter from Hared as NTR to consolidated fund -Automated distillation Apparatus (laboratory) procurement for Malaba and Busia border entry points has been completed -Payment for Bulooba land commenced	Jinja Storage Tanks Strategic Reserves Restocked. Equipment acquired for quality monitoring of products at strategic reserves
Total	4 700 000		£ 210 000
Total <i>GoU Development</i>	, ,	682,650 682,650	6,310,000 6,310,000
External Financing	4,700,000	082,030	0,310,000
Administrative			
Infrastructure			
	0	0	7,865,000
Infrastructure		0 0	7,865,000 <i>7,865,000</i>
Infrastructure Total	0		7,865,000
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport	0	0	7,865,000
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 330375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other	0 0	0	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 30375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment	0 0	0 0	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total	0 0	0 0	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,000
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 30375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total GoU Development External Financing	0 0	0 0 0 The Lead Investor Consortium and GOU constitutes a Special Purpose Vehicle (the Refinery	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,000 1,828,000 0 FEED for refinery development undertaken
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total GoU Development External Financing	0 0 0 Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for the refinery development	0 0 0 The Lead Investor Consortium and GOU constitutes a Special Purpose Vehicle (the Refinery Company) to take forward engineering and financing aspects of the Project.During	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,000 1,828,000 0 FEED for refinery development undertaken EIA for refinery development undertaken
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total GoU Development External Financing	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,000 1,828,000 0 FEED for refinery development undertaken EIA for refinery development
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total GoU Development External Financing	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0 0 0 The Lead Investor Consortium and GOU constitutes a Special Purpose Vehicle (the Refinery Company) to take forward engineering and financing aspects of the Project.During the quarter, preparation of	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,000 1,828,000 0 FEED for refinery development undertaken EIA for refinery development undertaken PAPS houses and other resettlement infrastructure
Infrastructure Total GoU Development External Financing 030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment Total GoU Development External Financing	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O The Lead Investor Consortium and GOU constitutes a Special Purpose Vehicle (the Refinery Company) to take forward engineering and financing aspects of the Project. During the quarter, preparation of documents continued. Negotiation of the Project Agreements for the Refinery Project between GOU and the RT Global Resources	7,865,000 A well coordinated and monitored midstream oil and gas infrastructure 1,828,00 1,828,00 FEED for refinery development undertaken EIA for refinery development undertaken PAPS houses and other resettlement infrastructure constructed •Airport in Hoima developed Develop a Master plan for the

Project, Programme			2015/16 2016/17			
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location			
	Kabaale Industrial Park, Refinery Complex Area A strategy and plan for petrochemicals and other energy based industries formulated	The implementation of the physical development plan for the 533 acres of resettlement land in Kyakaboga through demarcation and survey is being concluded. Payment of cash compensation continued and by the end of the reporting period 94% of the PAPs who opted for cash compensation had been paid. Contractors to construct resettlement houses, schools and rehabilitate health centres were procured and the respective sites were handed over to them to commence construction work. A consultant was procured to supervise the construction of resettlement houses and social infrastructure and is now concluding the review of designs to enable the contractors to commence work. The Master Plan has been completed and submitted with the received comments incorporated. But a Master Plan is a living document and can be updated if conditions change. This could be the case after initial review meeting of the detailed design report. 65% of the detailed design has been completed. Procurement of a consultant to develop a Master Plan for the Industrial Park is underway and the interested bidders submitted the Expressions of Interest. These were evaluated and the eight (8) successful firms were invited to submit their proposals on 25th September 2015 which will be evaluated before a consultant is selected. A consultant has started work of writing the National Strategy and plan into a acceptable legal or policy document	A strategy and plan for petrochemicals and other energy based industries formulated Refinery land boundly marked • Monitoring and evaluation of the RAP activities for refinery land			

Vote Summary			
Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location
Total	27,880,220	3,760,216	134,340,000
GoU Development	27,880,220	3,760,216	15,000,000
External Financing	0	0	119,340,000
Project 1352 Midstream Petro	oleum Infrastructure Development P	Project	
30371 Acquisition of Land by Government	A framework for Infrastructure corridors integrating pipelines with other infrastructure, starting with Hoima-Kampala infrastructure corridor put in place Rights of ways for the pipelines and storage facilities acquired Implementation Plan for the National Strategy and Plan for Petroleum Transportation and Storage facilities developed Undertake and Environmental baseline study and detailed route survey for the Multiproducts pipeline from the refinery to Buloba terminal. Undertake the RAP study and its implementation for the Multiproducts pipeline from the refinery to the Buloba Terminal Develop and execute an intergovernmental agreement for the crude export pipeline	The Conceptual Design Report was presented to Government and its stakeholders on 15th September 2015. The Ministry signed a contract with Dr. Eng. Bernard Buhwezi of Makerere University on 18th September 2015 to review the Uganda National Strategy and Plan for Transportation and Storage undertaken by WorleyParsons to the required format by government. The study is expected to take one month. The Ministry engaged the Consultant Strategic Friends International (SFI) to undertake Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) Study and its Implementation. The study is expected to commence in October 2015 once the route has been defined and approved by the Ministry. The study and RAP implementation is expected to take 24 months.	A framework for Infrastructure corridors integrating pipelines with other infrastructure, starting with Hoima-Kampala infrastructure corridor put in place Rights of ways for the pipelines and storage facilities acquired Implementation Plan for the National Strategy and Plan for Petroleum Transportation and Storage facilities developed Undertake and Environmental baseline study and detailed route survey for the Multiproducts pipeline from the refinery to Buloba terminal. Undertake the RAP study and its implementation for the Multiproducts pipeline from the refinery to the Buloba Terminal Develop and execute an intergovernmental agreement for the crude export pipeline
Total	2,225,000	612,453	2,105,000
GoU Development	2,225,000	612,453	2,105,000
External Financing	0	0	0
Project 1355 Strengthening th	e Development and Production Pha	ses of Oil and Gas Sector	
30372 Government Buildings and Administrative Infrastructure	Construction of Phase-3 of the new Data Centre at Entebbe commenced; Maintenance of existing buildings and related infrastructure undertaken.	Phase-2 construction completed. Paid the final certificate to the Phase-2 contractor (Pearl engineering Company Limited). Procured consultancy services to re-design and supervise the	Contribution to 80% Phase-3 construction of Data Centre, Labs and Office Building at Entebbe. Maintenance of existing buildings and related
		Phase-3 construction including access road. Maintenance of existing buildings and related infrastructure undertaken. Procurement for furniture and fixtures commenced.	infrastructure undertaken.

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
Total	-,,	850,000	3,000,000
GoU Development		850,000	3,000,000
External Financing	0	0	0
030375 Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport Equipment			Procure One 62-seater staff bus.
Total	0	0	850,000
GoU Development	0	0	850,000
External Financing	0	0	0
030376 Purchase of Office and ICT Equipment, including Software			ICT Equipment and maintenance licenses for specialized software packages procured.
Total	0	0	1,000,000
GoU $Development$	0	0	1,000,000
External Financing	0	0	0
030377 Purchase of Specialised Machinery & Equipment	Three (3) GPS sets, one (1) Gravity meter and laboratory equipment procured.	Procurement of one (1) Gravity meter and laboratory equipment commenced.	Procure assorted Laboratory equipment and chemicals;
	-4	Paid for servicing of LECO Laboratory equipment.	Maintenance of assorted Laboratory equipment undertaken;
			Two (2) Differential GPS Sets procured.
Total	600,000	0	540,000
GoU Development	600,000	0	540,000
External Financing	0	0	0
Project 1143 Isimba HPP			
030279 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	Capital assets	Auxilliary works that included the camp3 main construction works were completed, the	- Supervision of works for Isimba HPP (MEMD)
		camp is to house 700 persons and already some workers have started residing there.	Healthy Safety and Environment Activities
		Permanent storage facilities: works at this storage facility were advanced. A 20Tonne	- Implementation of Community Development Action Plan
		crane was erected.	- Environment and Social Management Plan (ESMP) supervised and Monitored
			- Monitoring and supervision of PAPs livelihoods within the affected and host communities
			- Commissioning of
			resettlement houses
			- Community Sensitisation

Vote Summary Project, Programme 2015/16 2016/17 **Vote Function Output** Approved Budget, Planned Actual Expenditure and Proposed Budget, Planned **Outputs (Quantity and Location) Outputs by September Outputs (Quantity and Location)** UShs Thousand (Quantity and Location) Development of a Strategic Environment Assessment for the cascade development of hydropower plants along the river Nile. 574,140,000 **Total** 635,751,991 3.294.567 GoU Development 6,061,991 3,294,567 11,710,000 External Financing 629,690,000 562.430.000 0 Project 1183 Karuma Hydoelectricity Power Project During the quarter, the 030280 Large Hydro Power -Supervision of works for Infrastructure - Supervision of works for supervising consultatnt together Karuma HPP (MEMD) Karuma HPP MEMD continued with Site inspection and progress review Health Safety and Environment meetings, Healthy Safety and Activities Environmental review meetings, RAP and Progress Implementation of Community review meetings and one Development Action Plan security meeting were held. Environment and Social Management Plan (ESMP) supervised and Monitored Monitoring and supervision of PAPs livelihoods within the affected and host communities - Commissioning of relocated institutions (churches mosque and Karuma Primary school). -Commissioning of resettlement houses Community Sensitisation HIV/AIDS Awareness Activities Development of a Strategic Environment Assessment for the cascade development of hydropower plants along the river Nile. Total 1,610,551,419 3,905,322 876,799,459 GoU Development 5,421,419 3,905,322 52,978,720 External Financing 1,605,130,000 823,820,739 Project 1256 Ayago Interconnection Project 030271 Acquisition of Land Land Financial closure hasn't been RAP for Agago Transmission by Government attained due to the fact that gov't was soliciting funds for Northern Corridor coordination both SGR project and Ayago HPP from the same financier (China EXIM bank). Development of a Strategic

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location
			Environment Assessment for the cascade development of hydropower plants along the river Nile.
			a.Finalisation of the ESIA for Ayago HPP. b.ESIA for Ayago transmission line.
			c.Biodiversity offset study. d.Biodiversity monitoring. e.Procurement of Land for the Camp and auxiliary facilities. f.Carrying out the SEA for
			Ayago. g.Stakeholder consultations
Total	100,000	1,286	2,726,985
GoU Development	100,000	1,286	2,726,983
External Financing	0	0	(
Project 1350 Muzizi Hydro Po		1.D	0 0 1.6
30279 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	EIA Certificate for Muzizi HPP	1.Procurement of an Implementation Engineer was	-Supervision of works for Muzizi HPP (MEMD)
	Supervision of works	completed and a contract signed on August 14, 2015 with ILF Consulting Engineers Austria GmbH. A site visit to kick start	-Health Safety and Environmen Activities
		the consultancy services was held from 11th to 13th August 2015 followed by a kick-off	-Implementation of Community Development Action Plan
		meeting on 14th August 2015. 2.A Negotiation meeting with AFD on their draft loan	 Environment and Social Management Plan (ESMP) supervised and Monitored
		agreement took place on 08th September 2015. In the meeting Government of Uganda was	- Monitoring and supervision of PAPs livelihoods within the
		represented by officials from MoFPED, MoJCA, and UEGCL. Discussions on the	affected and host communities -Community Sensitisation
		unresolved issues from the negotiation meeting are still ongoing with AFD. 3.Negotiations of the KfW loan	-HIV/AIDS Awareness Activities
		agreement were finalized and a final version of the agreement received from KfW on September 25, 2015.	Supervision of works for Maziba SHPP (Implementation consultant)
		4.A Channelling Agreement between MEMD and UEGCL for the 4 million Euros KfW grant to the project was executed on September 22, 2015.	Supervision and monitoring construction of Maziba (MEMD)
		5.Procurement of a RAP Implementation Consultant is in advanced stages with the best evaluated bidder identified as	

Project Programme	2015/17		2016/17
Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location
Total	15,110,000	183,004	16,225,000
GoU Development	1,070,000	183,004	2,345,000
External Financing	14,040,000	0	13,880,000
Project 1351 Nyagak III Hydr	ro Power Project		
30271 Acquisition of Land by Government	RAP for Nyagak III	Generation Lincense by ERA was approved and granted to GENMAX (UEGCL, Hydromaxx and Dott Services) as developers of the project for 23 years The RAP implementation process for 310PAPs is ongoing	-Supervision and Monitoring of West Nile Grid Extension Project under KFW during defects liability period. - RAP Implementation for West Nile Grid Extension wayleaves
Total	630,575	141,879	5,000,000
GoU $Development$	630,575	141,879	5,000,000
External Financing	0	0	0
30279 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets Total GoU Development External Financing	Supervision of Works for Nyagak III 279,425 279,425 0	Owner's Engineer /supervising consultant was procured and the evaluation process completed 62,871 62,871 0	-Supervision of works for Nyagak III HPP (MEMD) -Health Safety and Environment Activities -Implementation of Community Development Action Plan - Environment and Social Management Plan (ESMP) supervised and Monitored - Monitoring and supervision of PAPs livelihoods within the affected and host communities -Community Sensitisation -HIV/AIDS Awareness Activities 1,074,802
Project 1023 Promotion of Re	newable Energy & Energy Efficienc	V	
30177 Purchase of	-Five (5) hybrid small wind	-Procurement initiated for one	- Purchase of Energy Audit
Specialised Machinery & Equipment	energy/ solar photovoltaic systems procured, installed and commissioned. -Two (2) solar water heating systems for; Refurbishment in Mbale and another procured for lira hospital. -Fifteen (15) Institutional	solar heating system for Mbale Regional Referral hospital. Technical specification for the procurement developed. -Installation of two wind measuring equipment completed and commissioning done	equipment - Purchase of Power Factor correction equipment - Purchase of Energy Monitoring Set for Amber House - Procurement of Lot 3 (Electrical Measurements and
	T10 (15) T (1 1 1		(E1 13.6

Projec	t, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Fu	UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		energy saving stoves procured and installed. - Two wind measuring equipment procured	-Procurement of 5 hybrid solar/wind systems for electricity generation initiated. Technical specification for the procurement developed.	Humidity & Temperature treatment) of the missing Testing equipment for lighting appliances - Two (2) Wind Energy
			-Selection of beneficiary institutions for institutional stoves done. Procurement deferred due to lack of funding -Selection of artisans in institutional stove construction done	Demonstration units Installed in Karamoja and Kigezi regions - Five Hybrid Solar Water Heating Units Installed in Institutions
			-Procurement of 4 small scale briquetting units concluded and are still in transit	
	Total	10,350,000	are still in transit 187,990	9,060,000
	GoU Development	2,000,000	187,990 187,990	1,000,000
	External Financing	8,350,000	0	8,060,000
Project	t 1024 Bujagali Interco	nnection Project		
	Acquisition of Land by Government	Supervision of transmission line works	•EPC (Engineering Procurement and Construction) contract awarded to NCC Ltd. •Construction works ongoing	-Completion of Upgrade of Bujagali Switchyard to 220kV Supervision of transmission line
			Supervision Consultancy works ongoing. Contract awarded to AECOM	works
	Total	7,460,000	500,000	1,130,000
	GoU Development	500,000	500,000	500,000
	External Financing	6,960,000	0	630,000
Projec	t 1026 Mputa Interconr	ection Project		
	Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	- Construction of Nkenda- Hoima 220kV transmission line and associated substations.	•EPC (Engineering Procurement and Construction) contract awarded to KEC International Ltd for transmission line	Construction of Nkenda-Hoima 220kV transmission line and associated substations.
		- RAP Implementation	component and Shandong Taikai Ltd for substations	- RAP Implementation
			component. Physical works yet to begin	

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		•RAP Implementation ongoing	
Total	6,854,000	112,500	91,450,000
GoU Development	1,500,000	112,500	1,500,000
External Financing	5,354,000	0	89,950,000
Project 1137 Mbarara-Nkend	a/Tororo-LiraTransmission Lines		
030179 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	-Construction of Mbarara-Nkenda (Lot 2)&Tororo-Lira (Lot 1) transmission lines and associated substations -RAP implementation	Lot 1: The construction of 260 km double circuit 132 kV Tororo-Lira transmission line: •Total Route approved is 262.988km (100%) out of 262.988 km •Detailed survey completed is 262.983 km(99%) out of 262.988km •Total DCPT completed -592out of 716 locations (82.7%) •Total Tower foundation completed - 527 out of 716(73.5%) •Total Tower Erection completed - 473out of 716 (66%) •Stringing of Conductor - 27.009 km from AP 21/0 to AP 27/0 •Stringing of OPGW- 26.308 Km from AP 20/9 to AP 25/9. •Finalization of Temporary pole diversion profile for Kumi and Lira. Opuyo substation •All outdoor equipment civil foundation works completed •Cable trench works under progress •Drainage works under progress •Broad works under progress •Guard house works under progress •Erection of all pipe structures completed •Fencing works under progress •Erection of 16 towers out of 17 and 9 beams out of 10 completed •Gas filling and precommissioning tests of circuit breakers completed •Gas filling and precommissioning tests of circuit breakers completed •Tan and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed •Erection of all outdoor switchgears. •Interconnection of outdoor switch gears under progress	-Completion of construction of Mbarara- Nkenda & Tororo-Lira transmission lines and associated substations and project closure - Defects liability period -Completion of RAP implementation
		Tororo Substation •All civil works except gravel	

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		spreading completed •Erection of two towers and one beam completed •Casting of cable trench covers completed •Erection of outdoor switchgear and control/protection panels completed •Gas filling and precommissioning tests of circuit breakers completed •Tanô and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed Lira •All civil works except gravel spreading completed •Casting of cable trench covers completed •Erection of all four towers and two beams completed •Extension of existing internal road completed •Erection of outdoor switchgear and control/protection panels completed •Gas filling and precommissioning tests of	
		precommissioning tests of circuit breakers completed •tānδ and capacitance tests of CTs and CVTs completed Lot 2: The construction of 160 km 132	
		kV double circuit Mbarara- Nkenda transmission line and associated substations including reactive power compensation.	
		Detailed Survey completed.Stringing works ongoingErection of towers ongoing	
		•Total DCPTcompleted - 453out of 453 locations (100%) •Total Tower foundation Completed - 214 out of 317 tower locations •Total Tower Erection	
		Completed – 194 out of 317 towers •Monopole foundation completed – 131 out of 136 locations	
		Monopoles erected – 131 out of 136 locations Mbarara substation All civil works except gravel	
		spreading completed •Testing of outdoor switchgear completed Nkenda substation •All civil works except gravel	

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		•All tower and beam erections completed •All outdoor switchgear erection and final alignment completed. New base insulators for surge arrestors received and replaced in place of the faulty ones •Testing of all outdoor switchgear completed •Testing of reactor completed •Tisting of reactor completed •Site leveling and compaction work almost completed. Grouting of foundations completed •Pre-commissioning tests of control and protection panels completed •Pre-commissioning tests of RTU extension completed	
Total	11,618,621	325,940	3,828,621
GoU Development		325,940	1,448,621
External Financing		0	2,380,000
Project 1140 NELSAP			
030179 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	- Construction works of Bujagali-Tororo-Lessos and Mbarara-Mirama- transmission lines Lot A: Uganda-Kenya; Lot B: Uganda-Rwanda and Lot C: Substations -RAP implementation	Lot A: Uganda- Kenya Overhead 220kV transmission line: Route alignment and survey, 100% (128km of 128km) Tower design and tests 100% (5 of 5no tower types) Foundation design 100% Foundation works 77% (308 of estimated 402no) Tower Erection 68% (275 of estimated 402no) Supply of tower stubs and parts 90% Supply of line materials (conductor, OPGW, insulators, hardware fittings, etc.) 20% Lot B: Uganda- Rwanda Overhead 220kV transmission line: Route alignment and survey, 100% (66 of 66km) Tower design and tests 100% (5 of 5no tower types) Foundation design 100% For 79% (166 of estimated 211no; Tower Erection 39% (83 of estimated 211no)	Construction works of Bujagali-Tororo-Lessos and Mbarara-Mirama-transmission lines Lot A: Uganda-Kenya; Lot B: Uganda-Rwanda and Lot C: Substations -Completion of RAP implementation
		□ Supply of tower stubs and parts 64% □ Supply of line materials	

Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		(conductor, OPGW, insulators, hardware fittings, etc.) 0%	
		Lot C: Uganda- Kenya-Rwanda	
		Substations: 1.New Mbarara Substation: □Topographic survey and	
		geotechnical investigations 100%;	
		□Site clearance and levelling 100%; complete; □Design 95%;	
		☐ Manufacture of equipment and materials 90%;	
		☐ Supply of equipment and materials 47%; ☐ Equipment foundations	
ı		99.6%; □Equipment erection 4%;	
		☐ Control building 50%; ☐ General civil works 71%;	
		2.Bujagali Switchyard ☐Topographic survey and	
l		geotechnical investigations 100%; □Site clearance and levelling	
		100%; complete; □Design 95%;	
		 ☐ Manufacture of equipment and materials 90%; ☐ Supply of equipment and 	
		materials 65%; □Equipment foundations 100%; □Equipment erection 35%;	
		3.Tororo Substation ☐ Topographic survey and	
		geotechnical investigations 100%;	
		☐ Site clearance and levelling 100%; complete; ☐ Design 95%;	
		☐ Manufacture of equipment and materials 90%;	
		☐Supply of equipment and materials 63%; ☐Equipment foundations 91%;	
		☐ Equipment erection 47%; ☐ Control building 25%; ☐ General civil works 12%;	
		4.Mirama Substation ☐ Topographic survey and	
		geotechnical investigations 100%; □Site clearance and levelling	
		89%; complete; □Design 95%;	
		☐ Manufacture of equipment and materials 75%;	

			•••
Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)
		□Supply of equipment and materials 62%; □Equipment foundations 0%; □Equipment erection 0%; □Control building 0%; □General civil works 0%;	
Tot	zal 22,654,685	292,157	21,557,253
GoU $Developme$	nt 2,337,253	292,157	2,337,253
External Financia	ng 20,317,432	0	19,220,000
Project 1144 Hoima - Kafu	interconnection		
030171 Acquisition of Land by Government	-Supervision of Hoima-Kafu transmission lines works.	•Procurement of supervision Consultant and RAP Implementation Consultant ongoing	-Solicitation for financing for EPC Works -RAP Implementation -Procurement of EPC Contractor
Tot	al 1,000,000	225,000	15,470,000
${\it GoU Developme}$	nt 1,000,000	225,000	4,000,000
External Financia	ng 0	0	11,470,000
Project 1212 Electricity Sec	tor Development Project		
030171 Acquisition of Land by Government	-Compensation for land for the Kawanda-Masaka transmission line (RAP implementation) -Supervision of the RAP monitoring process of UETCL.	Of the total 2479 Project Affected Persons, 1595 have been compensated.1944 Paps have been disclosed too, 1842 agreements, 102 disputes and 535 outstanding disclosures.	Payments undertaken, disputes resolved.
Tot	al 200,000	45,000	1,037,000
GoU Developme	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45,000	1,037,000
External Financii	ng 0	0	0
030176 Purchase of Office and ICT Equipment, including Software	-Buying of 2 specialized printers for use with IFMIS Procuring licenses required for	Commenced the Purchase of desktop computers and laptops for field work.	Computers, IT equipment and accessories delivered
	the Power Sector Information centers		
Tot		22,500	624,000
GoU Developme	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22,500	100,000
External Financii	ng 0	0	524,000
030179 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	-Construction of new Kawanda- Masaka transmission line and related upgrades to substations. Establishment of Power Sector Information Center in place and staff recruited to run.	The terms of reference for the additional Consultancy Services for Providing implementation support services (needs, identification, designs and supervision) for connection of customers in the Peri-Urban	-Construction of new Kawanda- Masaka transmission line and related upgrades to substations.
	- Feasiblity study for feasibility study Lira –Gulu- Nebbi –Arua transmission line.	areas along Masaka- Transmission Line were approved by the World Bank on 7th September 2015 and request	

Vote Summary Project, Programme	2015/16		2016/17
Vote Function Output UShs Thousand	Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location
	-	to procure services was submitted to MEMD Contracts Committee for approval.	
Total	1,037,000	233,325	19,200,000
GoU Development	1,037,000	233,325	200,000
External Financing	0	0	19,000,000
Project 1221 Opuyo Moroto I Op	nterconnection Project		
030179 Acquisition of Other Capital Assets	Procurement of Supervision Consultant	•RAP Implementation ongoing •Supervision Consultancy works ongoing. Contract awarded to	-Completion of RAP Implementation
	Procurement of EPC Contractor	Ghods Niroo Engineering Company Ltd.	-Procurement of EPC Contractor
			-Commencement of Construction of Opuyo- Moroto transmission Line and associated substations
Total	3,690,000	225,000	1,000,000
GoU Development	1,000,000	225,000	1,000,000
External Financing	2,690,000	0	(
Project 1222 Electrification of	Industrial Parks Project		
030171 Acquisition of Land by Government	-Construction of Namanve South, Luzira, Mukono and Iganga Industrial Park Substations and Associated	•Feasibility Study, ESIA and RAP study concluded •RAP Implementation ongoing •Procurement of Supervision	Construction of Namanve South, Luzira, Mukono and Iganga Industrial Park Substations and Associated

works ongoing				
Total	1,040,000	171,000	72,340,000	
GoU Development	1,040,000	171,000	1,040,000	
External Financing	0	0	71,300,000	
Project 1259 Kampala-Entebb 030171 Acquisition of Land by Government	e Expansion Project -Construction Works	Supervision Consultancy works (design) ongoing.	-Construction Works	
by Government	-RAP Implementation	Contract awarded to Intec Gopa •Procurement of EPC Contractors ongoing. •RAP Implementation ongoing.	-RAP Implementation	
Total	53,493,000	1,578,450	32,473,000	
GoU Development	10,523,000	1,578,450	7,523,000	

consultant concluded. Contract

awarded to NEK Consults Ltd
•Signed commercial contract for

EPC Construction with CAMCE

•Design for EPC Construction

transmission lines

-RAP Implementation

24,950,000

(iv) Vote Actions to improve Priority Sector Outomes

External Financing

transmission lines

-RAP Implementation

42,970,000

Vote Summary

To ensure efficiency of Vote Budget allocations, and ensure that value for money is realised, budget allocation has focused on areas that contribute to sector priorities. Specifically, outputs geared towards capital purchases for power generation and transmission, electricity access, mineral value addition and security of supply of petroleum products have been targeted. These outputs are considered to have high results impacts.

Table V2.7: Priority Vot	e Actions to Improve Sect	tor Performance	
2015/16 Planned Actions:	2015/16 Actions by Sept:	2016/17 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:
Sector Outcome 1: Increased a	ccess to affordable and efficient	t sources of energy	
Vote Function: 03 01 Energy Pl	anning,Management & Infrastruc	cture Dev't	
VF Performance Issue: - High	h cost of electricity generation		
Develop more cheaper sources of power and increase their mix in power generation	Govt has continued with efforts to attract investors to develop more cheaper sources of power and increase their mix in power generation	Continue to implement the automatic tariff adjustment mechanism	Develop more cheaper sources of power and increase their mix in power generation
VF Performance Issue: - Poo	r transmission and distribution n	etwork resulting into energy losse	?s.
Refurblishment of the transmission and distribution infrastructure (i.e line, transformer and substaion upgrade)	Refurblishment of the transmission and distribution infrastructure on going	Refurbishment of the existing network especially around Kampala and continued monitoring of measures put forward on energy loss reduction	Refurbishment of the transmission and distribution infrastructure (i.e line, transformer and substaion upgrade)
Vote Function: 03 49 Policy, Pl	anning and Support Services		
VF Performance Issue: - Acce	ess to adequate financial resourc	es Monitoring and Evaluation of	the sub-sectors
Develop capacity to monitor and evaluate the sector.	Trained 5 SPPAD staff in monitoring and evaluation skills	Develop capacity to monitor and evaluate the sector.	Develop capacity to monitor and evaluate the sector.
Sector Outcome 2: Sustainable	management of mineral resour	ces for development	
Vote Function: 03 05 Mineral E	xploration, Development & Prod	uction	
VF Performance Issue: - Con	aplicated procedures for access o	f land for the development of min	ing infrastructure
Sensitisation of local communities and land owners on the benefits of the intended projects. Attracted private investors to take over the development of Mineral resources in Sukulu (phosphates) and Kilembe (copper).	Sensitisation of local communities and land owners on the benefits of the intended projects on going	Involved the private sector developers, local leaders and land owners in a dialogue to ease access	Sensitisation of local communities and land owners on the benefits of the intended projects. Attracted private investors to take over the development of Mineral resources in Sukulu (phosphates) and Kilembe (copper).
	ited access to adequate resources	s for inspection and monitoring of	1 4 4 1
opera		y y a map a man man man man mag aj	
(a) Ten (10) development projects packaged. MoFPED to borrow for the funding gap of 115.14 bn for priority projects in the Mineral Sector. (b) To allow the use of NTR at Source to cater for Appripriation in Aid (AIA) and increase more NTR from mining.	Development projects packaged. MoFPED to borrow for the funding gap	Present a case for use of NTR generated from mining activities to step up inspection	(a) Ten (10) development projects packaged. MoFPED to borrow for the funding gap of 115.14 bn for priority projects in the Mineral Sector. (b) To allow the use of NTR at Source to cater for Appropriation in Aid (AIA) and increase more NTR from mining.
Vote Function: 03 49 Policy, Pl	anning and Support Services		

VF Performance Issue: - The need to strengthen Policy Analysis, Implementation and Coordination

Vote Summary

2015/16 Planned Actions:	2015/16 Actions by Sept:	2016/17 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:
Operationalise Program 02 Planning and Policy.	Operationalised Program 02 Planning and Policy Analysis to a department (SPPAD).	Develop capacity in Policy Analysis, Implementation and Coordination	Upgrade the Planning and Policy Unit to a department.
Sector Outcome 3: Sustainable	e management of the country's (Oil and Gas resources	
Vote Function: 03 03 Petroleun	n Exploration, Development & Pro	oduction	
VF Performance Issue: - Inst	ufficient capacity to efficiently mo	anage the country's oil and gas po	otential
Continued strengthening of the institutional capacity	Continued strengthening of the institutional capacity	Six technical Staff commenced M.Sc. Degrees in Petroleum studies. Implementantion of the National participation and local content strategy by both Government and oil companies continued.	Continued strengthening of the institutional capacity
VF Performance Issue: - The	Enactment of the Oil and Gas Re	esource Management Law.	
Continue the implementation of the oil and gas policy and legislations.	Continued the implementation of the oil and gas policy and legislations.	Emplacement of Midstream Regulations	Continue the implementation of the oil and gas policy and legislations.
Vote Function: 03 49 Policy, Pl	anning and Support Services		
VF Performance Issue: - No	budgetary provisions for the Inter	nal Audit functions	
Internal Audit Unit upgraded to a department.	Internal Audit Unit now headed by an assistant commissioner.	Source funding for the inspection and supervison	Internal Audit Unit upgraded to a department.

V3 Proposed Budget Allocations for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the proposed vote budget allocations for 2016/17 and the medium term, including major areas of expenditures and any notable changes in allocations.

Table V3.1: Past Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Vote Function*

Table 13.1. Last Outturns and Medium Term Projections by 10th Function								
		2015/16			MTEF Budget Projections			
	2014/15 Outturn	Appr. Budget	Spent by End Sept	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		
Vote: 017 Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development		•						
0301 Energy Planning, Management & Infrastructure Dev't	81.500	241.780	23.860	365.429	339.693	320.558		
0302 Large Hydro power infrastructure	37.403	2,357.440	144.335	1,507.711	1,846.210	1,370.801		
0303 Petroleum Exploration, Development & Production	44.926	118.158	7.392	174.353	170.483	290.392		
0304 Petroleum Supply, Infrastructure and Regulation	4.798	13.857	1.441	13.857	13.857	24.511		
0305 Mineral Exploration, Development & Production	7.045	12.684	1.953	13.684	12.884	32.743		
0349 Policy, Planning and Support Services	20.389	23.196	5.392	22.732	23.399	23.379		
Total for Vote:	196.060	2,767.115	184.373	2,097.765	2,406.525	2,062.384		

(i) The Total Budget over the Medium Term

For the FY2016/17, total budget allocation to Vote 017 is Ush. 3,037.678. this includes Ush.4.063 as wage, Ush. 4.885 was non-wage recurrent, Ush. 307.877 as GoU development and Ush. 2,720.678 as contribution from the development partners. The nonwage budget has reduced by about Ush. 500 million compared to the FY2015/16. This pauses a challenge to the implementation of the development budget. Also, given that much of the budget is from development partners, it implies that counterpart obligations may be difficult to meet.

Vote Summary

Over the medium term, there is a general increment of resources allocated to the sector, but the non-wage recurrent budget remains small. This is likely to compromise support service like inspections and quality assurance.

(ii) The major expenditure allocations in the Vote for 2016/17

For the FY 2016/17, the development of large Hydro Power Projects (Karuma and Isimba HPP) have the largest budgetary allocation of Ush. 107.58 bn as GoU development and Ush. 2720.85 bn as development partner contribution. This is followed by payment for thermal power generation capacity charges at Ush. 72.29 bn. The development of petroleum infrastructure is allocated Ush. 53.16bn as GoU development budget and Ush. 63.145 bn as development partner contribution., largely for the oil refinery activities, pipeline development activities and petroleum data centre. Mineral development activities have a budget allocation of Ush. 11.90 bn. Vote 017 also support the Atomic Energy Council, Uganda Energy Credit Capitalisation Company, and the Electricity Disputes Tribunal. In addition, it is also planned that the development of Amber house and adjacent plot will commence.

(iii) The major planned changes in resource allocations within the Vote for 2016/17

There are largely no major changes on resource allocation as the focus remains on the development of power gerenation and transmission infrastructure

Table V3.2: Key Changes in Vote Resource Allocation

Changes in Budget Allocation 2016/17	_	2015/1 2017/		els: 2018/19	Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs
Vote Function:0301 Energy I	•	-			
	Policy/Plans Dissemina			_	
			UShs Bn:	-1.840	1 3
3	Implementation of varie	ous	Implementation		in the following areas:
9	assignments in the		assignments in t		
following areas:	following areas:		following areas:		- Peri-Urban Electrification
- Peri-Urban Electrification	- Peri-Urban Electrifica	ition	- Peri-Urban Ele	ectrification	- Street and Market
- Street and Market Lighting	- Street and Market		- Street and Mar	rket	
at Masaka Municipality.					
- Development of a Power					
Sector Information Center					
1 00	Efficiency Promotion				
		-0.077	UShs Bn.	-1.077	The provision is for maintenace of the
-	Energy Efficiency				CFL test bench; setting up energy
	demonstration sites wil	1			efficiency demonstration sites; and
	have been setup				address the capacity issues that are still
efficiency demonstration					a challenge
sites; and address the					
capacity issues that are still					
a challenge					
•	able Energy Promotion				
	UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:		Development of new small hudropower
	New renewable project		New renewable		plants (Nyagak III; Muzizi; Nyamwamba)
1 0	outpus shall be package	ed	outpus shall be	packaged	
Output: 0301 04 Increas	sed Rural Electrification				
UShs Bn: -24.934	UShs Bn: -1	2.070	UShs Bn:	-22.070	Much of this output is beeing
Much of this output is	Much of this output is		Much of this ou	tput is	implemented under Vote 123 Rural
	beeing implemented un				Electrification
	G-	- 4 1	P. Vota Ov		

Changes in Budget Allocati 2016/17	ons and Outputs fro	m 2015/1 2017/		:)18/19	Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs
Vote 123 Rural	Vote 123 Rural		Vote 123 Rural		
Electrification	Electrification		Electrification		
	Sector Transfers for E	RT (Othe	r Components)		
UShs Bn: -10.017	UShs Bn:	1.388	UShs Bn:	-8.612	Resources are to be transferred to ERT
Resourecs are to be	Resources are to be				III implementing Institutions. Funding is
ransferred to ERT III	transferred to ERT I				$mainly\ from\ from\ development\ partners$
mplementing Institutions.	implementing Institu				$largely \ supporting \ rural \ electrification$
Funding is mainly from	Funding is mainly fr				programs
rom development partners	from development pa				
argely supporting rural	largely supporting ru				
electrification programs	electrification progra				
Output: 0301 71 Acqui	sition of Land by Gove	rnment			
JShs Bn: 59.257	UShs Bn:	-46.099	UShs Bn:	-46.099	For the projects under implementation,
For the projects under	For the projects unde	er	For the projects un	ıder	RAP implementation is at advanced
mplementation, RAP	implementation, RA		implementation, R		stages
mplementation is at	implementation is at		implementation is	at	
dvanced stages	advanced stages		advanced stages		
-	ase of Specialised Macl	ninery &	Equipment		
UShs Bn: -1.290	UShs Bn:	-8.350	UShs Bn:	-8.350	Much of the purchases has been
Much of the purchases has	Much of the purchas	es has	Much of the purch		supported by the development partners.
been supported by the	been supported by th		been supported by		For the medium term, the projection of
levelopment partners. For	development partner		development partn		this support is reducing.
he medium term, the	the medium term, the	e	the medium term,	the	
projection of this support is	projection of this sup	port is	projection of this s	support is	
educing.	reducing.		reducing.		
Output: 0301 79 Acqui	sition of Other Capital	Assets			
			UShs Bn:	158.898	Acquisition of equipment for capital
Acquisition of equipment	Acquisition of equip		Acquisition of equ		works
or capital works	for capital works		for capital works	-F	
Vote Function:0351 Large H					
	sed power generation -		ale Hydro-electric		
	UShs Bn:		UShs Bn.	-03 305	Payment for Loan insurance for Karum
Payment for Loan insurance	OSHS DH.	-93.303	Cons Dn.	-93.303	and Isimba already made; Construction
For Karuma and Isimba					in progress
already made; Construction					in progress
n progress					
	sition of Land by Gove		rici p	2 442	
	UShs Bn:	-2.442	UShs Bn:	-2.442	Finalisation of Land acquisition for
Finalisation of Land					Nyagak and Muzizi
acquisition for Nyagak and					
Muzizi					
	sition of Other Capital				
ICL - D 50 700	UShs Bn:	651.141	UShs Bn:	-651.141	Acquisition of equipment for capital
					works
Acquisition of equipment					
Acquisition of equipment					
Acquisition of equipment or capital works	Hydro Power Infrastr	ucture			
Acquisition of equipment or capital works Output: 0302 80 Large	Hydro Power Infrastr <i>UShs Bn:</i>		UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment or capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752		235.658	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment or capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752 The resources provided for	UShs Bn:	235.658	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment for capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752 The resources provided for the development of large	UShs Bn: The resources earlier provided for the	235.658	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment or capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752 The resources provided for he development of large hydropower infrastructure,	UShs Bn: The resources earlier provided for the development of large	235.658	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment for capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752 The resources provided for the development of large hydropower infrastructure, beginning with Karuma and	UShs Bn: The resources earlier provided for the development of large hydropower infrastru	235.658	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment for capital works Output: 0302 80 Large UShs Bn: -733.752 The resources provided for the development of large hydropower infrastructure, beginning with Karuma and tesimba HPPs. The funding	UShs Bn: The resources earlier provided for the development of large hydropower infrastrubeginning with Karu	235.658 c c c c c ma and	UShs Bn:	-239.750	
Acquisition of equipment for capital works Output: 0302 80 Large VShs Bn: -733,752 The resources provided for the development of large hydropower infrastructure, beginning with Karuma and	UShs Bn: The resources earlier provided for the development of large hydropower infrastrubeginning with Karu	235.658 e acture, ma and nding	UShs Bn:	-239.750	

Changes in Budget Alloca 2016/17	tions and Outputs fron	n 2015/2 2017/		8/19	Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs
credit from China EXIM Bank	been obtained through credit from China EX Bank				
Vote Function:0301 Petrol		opment	& Production		
	otion of the country's pe			g	
UShs Bn: -8.42	<mark>8</mark> UShs Bn:	-12.299	UShs Bn:	-12.299	New institutions are expected to be fully
New institutions are	New institutions are				operational
expected to be fully	expected to be fully				
operational	operational ite and formulate petrole	um nalia	ny and lagislation		
-	ite and formulate petrole <mark>O</mark> UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	-2.270	
To support achievement of	O O Sh's Dh'.	-2.270	Oshs Dn.	-2.270	
local production					
	city Building for the oil &	& gas se	ctor		
	O UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	4.870	
To support achievement of local production					
Output: 0303 04 Mon	toring Upstream petrole	um activ	rities		
		-51.185	UShs Bn:	-51.185	
Subscription will have been made					
Output: 0303 06 Parti	cipate in Regional Initiat	ives			
UShs Bn: 1.63	UShs Bn:	-0.669	UShs Bn:	-0.669	
Output: 0303 51 Tran	sfer for Petroleum Refini	ing (Mid	stream Unit)		
UShs Bn: -1.50	OUShs Bn:	-5.500	UShs Bn:	-5.500	
Output: 0303 72 Gove	rnment Buildings and Ac	lministr	ative Infrastructure		
	<mark>5</mark> UShs Bn:	5.865	UShs Bn.	5.865	
Much of the works on the					
new building for the data centre and office space will have been done					
	hase of Motor Vehicles a	nd Othe	r Transport Equipmen	nt	
	<mark>'8</mark> UShs Bn:		UShs Bn.		Vehicles for the new institutions and for
Vehicles for the new			Vehicles for the new		exploration activities
institutions and for			institutions and for		
exploration activities			exploration activities	S	
	hase of Office and ICT E				
	<mark>'9</mark> UShs Bn:	0.000	UShs Bn:	1.359	Equiment for New Institutions and to aid
Equiment for New Insitutions and to aid in			Equiment for New Institutions and to aid	d in	in exploration activities
exploration activities			exploration activities		
•	efinery Construction		r		
_		104.054	UShs Bn:	232.309	
Resources provided for will		dant			
support studies for pipeline		:			
development and development of attendant insfrastructure	refinery				
insfrastructure		1	D 1		
Vote Function:0379 Petrolo Output: 0304 79 Acqu			Kegulation		
•	isition of Other Capital A <mark>O</mark> UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	14 707	Need to restock national fuel reserves to
Need to restock national	Ensure security of sup		OSHS DIL.	14./0/	ensure security of supply of petroleum
s to restoon mational			B - Vote Overvi		J. J. J. J. F. J. J. F. J.

Vote Summary

Changes in Budget Allocat 2016/17	ions and Outputs from	n 2015/2 2017/		ls: 2018/19	Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs
fuel reserves to ensure security of supply of petroleum products Vote Function:0303 Minera	petroleum products I Exploration, Develop	ment &	Production		products
	ral Exploration, develop			e-addition pro	omoted
_	UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	_	Focus will be promotion and attracting
Focus will be promotion and attracting private investment	Focus will be promot and attracting private investment; and capad development for the laboratory infrastruct	city	Focus will be pr and attracting pr investment; and development for laboratory infras	omotion ivate capacity the	private investmentand capacity development for the laboratory infrastructure
Water Francisco (0201 Dalian				diucture	
Vote Function:0301 Policy, Output: 0349 01 Plant	ing, Budgeting and mon		S		
_	3 UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	-1.436	Development of data collection instruments AND THE Meta data sheet
collection instruments and the Meta data sheet was concluded					was concluded
Output: 0349 06 Mana	gement of Policy Issues,	Public I	Relation, ICT and	Electricity dis	sputes resolved
UShs Bn: -1.79 Records retention policy and the training policy are being finalised	4 UShs Bn:	-2.794	UShs Bn:	-2.794	Records retention policy and the training policy are being finalised
	nment Buildings and Ac	lministr	ative Infrastructu	re	
	4 UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:		Redevelopment of Amber house
Output: 0349 79 Acqu	sition of Other Capital A	Assets			
UShs Bn: -1.74 Feasibility studies for Nyamba have been completed	O UShs Bn:	-1.740	UShs Bn:	-1.740	Feasibility studies for Nyamba have been completed

V4: Vote Challenges for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the major challenges the vote faces in 2016/17 and the medium term which the vote has been unable to address in its spending plans.

Illegal mining by the Artisanal Miners. There is an increase of illegal mining being carried out by artisans illegal in areas of Mubende, Namayingo, Bugiri and the Karamoja region. This shall be addressed in the revised legislation where some areas will be gazette for these Artisanal and Small-scale mining.

Land Acquisition: To acquire land for energy infrastructure and mineral development, petroleum and mineral exploration takes a very long time and land is very costly. That delays project development and results into high investment costs.

Low access to modern energy forms especially among rural households: Expanding electricity coverage to realize the required transformation in rural areas of Uganda in reasonable time poses unique challenges. First, rural areas are characterized by low population densities due to dispersed settlements. Second, a significant number of households are poor and find it difficult to connect and pay for electricity services. Therefore, despite the heavy investment in the construction of the rural electrification infrastructure which is capital intensive, the connection rates have remained very low.

Vote Summary

Management of expectations created by the discovery of petroleum: The people of Uganda in general, and in the areas where the discoveries have been made in particular, expect quick revenues, jobs and businesses, among other things. There are also anxieties about the possible negative aspects of developing the oil resources like environment degradation and how the revenues will be managed. To mitigate this challenge, government has intensified the sharing of information on the realistic development programme of the sector.

Tax incentives for investors: The oil and gas (upstream) and refinery investors categorically want incentives to proceed. This matter remains unresolved.

New policy measure of non-export of commodities: The Mineral subsector under performance is largely due to the new policy measure of non-export of commodities and the weak regulatory structure. Government is however, in the process of reviewing the mineral sector legislation.

UNFUNDED PRIORITIES

MIRAMA-KABALE 132kV Transmission Line and Associated Substations Ush. 18bn UETCL PROJECTS TAXES Ush. 60bn Airborne Geophysical – Karamoja US\$20 Million Pipeline Project (Eldoret – Kampala) Ush.32bn

PETROLEUM EXPLRORATION AND PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT

- 1. Operationalisation of the new institutions (PAU, NOC, Directorate): 42 billions
- 2. Monitoring Upstream Petroleum activities: 4.3 billion
- 3. Equity contribution by Government of Uganda for refinery development USD \$ 500M (1.396 trillion)
- 4. Facilitate pipeline related activities (specifically studies i.e. environmental survey & detailed routing and RAP Study consultancy fees and related administrative expenses) UGX 12.1 billion
- 5. Implementation of the RAP for the Infrastructure corridor (Est. UGX 200 billion)-this is subject to the findings of the RAP study

The is need to complete the aquisiton of wayleaves for the oil products transport pipeline and storage infrastucture (Ush. 42billion)

MINERAL DEVELOPMENT

Additional resources are essential to enhanced generation of Non-tax revenue. Additional funds are for specific programmes in line with NDP that need funding: Airbone Geophysical Surveys of Karamoja (46bn), Geothermal Resources Development (5.1bn), Uranium Exploration (14.12bn), Rare Earth Elements/minerals 13.18bn), Laboratories Infrastructure Enhancement (11.3bn, Mining Law Reform (1.9), Mineral Data Backup Infrastructure (3.1bn), National Seismological Network (13.4) and Geoparks and Geosites projects (0.62 bn).

Table V4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests

Additional Requirements for Funding and Outputs in 2016/17:	Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding				
Vote Function:0372 Energy Planning, Management & Infrastro Output: 0301 72 Government Buildings and Administrative					
UShs Bn: 423.710 Resources are required to support the development of power transmission infrastructre interms of wayleaves acquisition,	There is need to fund transmission and distribution infrastructure to evacuate power from the various power plants being developed and distribute to the users				

Vote Summary

Additional Requirements for Funding and

Outputs in 2016/17:

Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding

construction of the trasnmission lines and capacity building

Vote Function:0372 Large Hydro power infrastructure

Output: 0302 72 Government Buildings and Administrative Infrastructure

UShs Bn: 1,005.000

Development of Large hydropower generation and

transmission infrastructure

There is need to provide financing to support the objective for which the Energy Investment Fund was established and payment for Agago RAP

Vote Function:0380 Petroleum Exploration, Development & Production

Output: 0303 80 Oil Refinery Construction

UShs Bn: 1.058.234

Finalisation of Refinary development studies;

inmission of iteminary development studies,

This output will suppoprt the development of the refinery and attendant infrastructure like pipelines and storage facilities.

Government Equity in the Refinery company

Contribution to Government Equity in the Refinery company

Vote Function:0304 Petroleum Supply, Infrastructure and Regulation

Output: 0304 04 Operational Standards and laboratory testing of petroleum products

UShs Bn: 37,200

The is need to complete the aquisiton of wayleaves for the oil products transport pipeline and storage infrastucture

This activity is in line Objective 7 and 8 of NDP under Oil and Gas sector. Newly recruited need specialized training in downstream related field to handle the activities of the sector effectively.

Vote Function:0305 Mineral Exploration, Development & Production

Output: 0305 05 Licencing and inspection

UShs Bn:

42,000

Resources will be required for the development of earthquake research facility, development of geothermal resources and geological data acquisition for the remaining 20% of the country (Karamoja region). In addition, resources are need to support monitoring and inspection of mineral activities

Additional resources are essential to enhanced generation of Nontax revenue. Additional funds are for specific programmes in line with NDP that need funding: Airbone Geophysical Surveys of Karamoja (46bn), Geothermal Resources Development (5.1bn), Uranium Exploration (14.12bn), Rare Earth Elements/minerals 13.18bn), Laboratories Infrastructure Enhancement (11.3bn, Mining Law Reform (1.9), Mineral Data Backup Infrastructure (3.1bn), National Seismological Network (13.4) and Geoparks and Geosites projects (0.62 bn).

Vote Function:0306 Policy, Planning and Support Services

Output: 0349 06 Management of Policy Issues, Public Relation, ICT and Electricity disputes resolved

UShs Bn:

23.000

Development of Amber house and the adjacent plot

The MEMD is required to respond to the emerging challenges of managing an oil and gas industry by instituting the appropriate institutional capacity, in the form of a new Directorate for Petroleum, Petroleum Authority, National Oil Company, human capital (retention and motivation), capital stock items, and associated superstructures. In addition, Management of Amber house that has been passed on to the MEMD

This section discusses how the vote's plans will address and respond to the cross-cutting policy, issues of gender and equity; HIV/AIDS; and the Environment, and other budgetary issues such as Arrears and NTR..

- (i) Cross-cutting Policy Issues
- (i) Gender and Equity
- (ii) HIV/AIDS
- (iii) Environment

Objective: Carrying out the SEA for Ayago

Finalisation of the ESIA for Ayago HPP ESIA for Ayago transmission line

Vote Summary

Issue of Concern:

Proposed Intervensions

Budget Allocations UGX billion

Performance Indicators

Objective: Biodiversity offset study

Biodiversity monitoring

Issue of Concern:

Proposed Intervensions

Budget Allocations UGX billion

Performance Indicators

Objective: Development of a Strategic Environment Assessment for the cascade development of hydropower plants along the river Nile.

Issue of Concern:

Proposed Intervensions

Budget Allocations UGX billion

Performance Indicators

(ii) Payment Arrears

The table below shows all the payment arrears outstanding for the Vote:

No arrear have been verified

(ii) Non Tax Revenue Collections

The table below shows Non-Tax Revenues that will be collected under the Vote:

Source of NTR	UShs Bn	2014/15 Actual	2015/16 Budget	2015/16 Actual by Sept	2016/17 Projected
Windfall Gains			0.000		0.000
	Total:		0.000		0.000