Vote Summary

V1: Vote Overview

This section sets out the Vote Mission, Strategic Objectives, and provides a description of the vote's services (i) Snapshot of Medium Term Budget Allocations

Table V1 below summarises the Medium Term Budget allocations for the Vote:

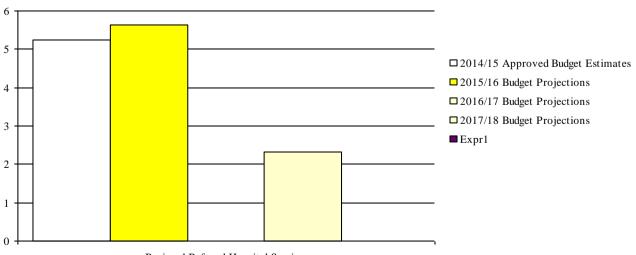
Table V1.1: Overview of Vote Expenditures (UShs Billion)

		2012/14	2014	/15 Spent by	MTEF I	Budget Proje	ctions
(i) Excluding	Arrears, Taxes	2013/14 Outturn	Approved Budget	End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
	Wage	1.605	3.420	0.562	3.420	3.420	1.173
Recurrent	Non Wage	2.282	0.816	0.125	0.816	0.640	0.640
Davidomma	GoU	3.289	1.020	0.243	1.394	0.500	0.500
Developmen	Ext.Fin	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	GoU Total	7.116	5.256	0.929	5.630	4.560	2.313
Fotal GoU+D	Oonor (MTEF)	7.116	5.256	0.929	5.630	4.560	2.313
(ii) Arrears	Arrears	0.000	0.069	0.013	0.000	N/A	N/A
and Taxes	Taxes**	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Total Budget	7.176	5.325	0.943	5.630	N/A	N/A
(iii) Non Tax Revenue		0.000	0.171	0.000	0.171	0.278	0.281
	Grand Total	7.176	5.495	0.943	5.801	N/A	N/A
Excluding	Taxes, Arrears	7.116	5.427	0.929	5.801	4.838	2.594

^{*} Donor expenditure data unavailable

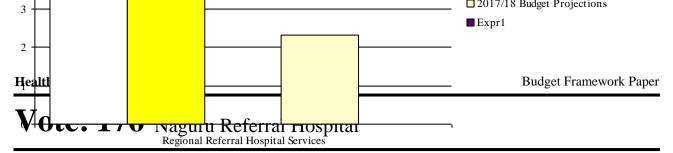
The chart below shows total funding allocations to the Vote by Vote Function over the medium term:

Chart V1.1: Medium Term Budget Projections by Vote Function (UShs Bn, Excluding Taxes, Arrears



Regional Referral Hospital Services

^{**} Non VAT taxes on capital expenditure



Vote Summary

(ii) Vote Mission Statement

The Vote's Mission Statement is:

To provide general and specialised patient care services, train health professionals and conduct research.

(iii) Vote Outputs which Contribute to Priority Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the vote functions and outputs delivered by the vote which the sector considers as contributing most to priority sector outcomes.

Table V1.2: Sector Outcomes, Vote Functions and Key Outputs

Sector Outcome 1:	Sector Outcome 2:	Sector Outcome 3:
Increased deliveries in health facilities	Children under one year old protected against life threatening diseases	Health facilities receive adequate stocks of essential medicines and health supplies (EMHS)
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional Referr	al Hospital Services	
Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2:	Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3:
Outputs Provided	Outputs Provided	None
085601 Inpatient services	085606 Prevention and rehabilitation	
085602 Outpatient services	services	
085606 Prevention and rehabilitation services		
Capital Purchases		
085681 Staff houses construction and rehabilitation		
085682 Maternity ward construction and rehabilitation		

V2: Past Vote Performance and Medium Term Plans

This section describes past and future vote performance, in terms of key vote outputs and plans to address sector policy implementation issues.

(i) Past and Future Planned Vote Outputs

2013/14 Performance

The vote achieved the following strategic outputs during FY 2013/14 1. Procured land for construction of staff accommodation. 2. Procured a contractor to construct the hostel and a supervising engineer to oversee the overall construction project. Additionally started on the construction of drug stores, completed burglar proofing in critical areas, extended generator power to entire hospital, extended perimeter wall, installation of intercoms, installed water harvesting equipment, installed CCTV, Electronic display screens, procured 2 double cabins for administrative purpose as well as paid for the hospital shuttle among others

Preliminary 2014/15 Performance

By end of September 2014/15, Outpatients and inpatients continued to be managed, clients continued to be screened by the diagnosis departments, machines continued to be supplied and clients continued to be rehabilitated.

With regard to capital investment, drug stores and staff hostel continued to be constructed.

Table V2.1: Past and 2015/16 Key Vote Outputs*

	<u> </u>		
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budget and Planned outputs	2014/15 Spending and Outputs Achieved by End Sept	2015/16 Proposed Budget and Planned Outputs
Vote: 176 Naguru Referra	al Hospital		
Vote Function: 0856 Region	onal Referral Hospital Service	s	

Vote Summary

		20	14/15		2015/16	
Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Bud Planned outpu	lget and	014/15 Spending and (Achieved by En		Proposed Budget a Planned Outputs	nd
Output: 085601	Inpatient service	es				
Description of Outputs:	13,248 in patie 7,976 deliverio 4,880 Surgical (includes emerg &C/sections 1,048 Internal 2,064 Paediatr	es l operations gencies med	3,852 in patients 1,890 deliveries 1,077 Surgical (includes emerge &C/sections 258 Internal me 627 Paediatrics	es operations encies ed	16,733 in patients 8,358 deliveries 4,796 Surgical ope (includes emergenc &C/sections 1,137 Internal med 2,714 Paediatrics	
Performance Indicators:						
No. of in patients admitted Bed occupancy rate (inpatients)	29,216 100		3,413 267		16,733 100	
Average rate of stay for inpatients (no. days)	4 days		16		4 days	
Output Cos	t: UShs Bn:	0.253	UShs Bn:	0.044	UShs Bn:	0.195
Output: 085602	Outpatient servi	ices				
Description of Outputs:	46,800 MCH contacts which include - ANC (29,848)) - Family planning(3,348) - PMTCT(12,436) - 12,856 surgical outpatient contacts - 129,360 general outpatients - 119,680 Specialised out patient clinics which include - medical opd (31,076) - pead specialised (22,988) - Surgical specialised (12856) - Dental specialised (4,460) - HIV Clinic (17,004) - Gastro entorology (1,608) - Urology (764) - ENT (1,072) - Hypetension (1,576)		25,797 general of Specialised out which include -3,828 surgical of contacts - medical opd (1' - pead specialise - Dental specialise - HIV Clinic (5,7 - Gastro entorology (158) - ENT (469) - Hypetension (9 - Acupuncture (6	t patient clinics outpatient (7,894) ed (10,066) sed (2,099) 773) ogy (388)	116,124 general ou 181,404 Specialise clinics which include -16,598 surgical or contacts - 74,684 medical op - 42,563 pead special - 24,792 HIV Contacts - 708 Urology contacts - 708 Urology contacts - 4,150 Hypetension - 2,887 Acupunctur -2,588 eye contacts	d out patient de utpatient od alised dised acts rology acts tts on contacts e contacts
Performance Indicators: No. of specialised outpatient attended to	s 119,680		42,367		181,404	
No. of general outpatients attended to	448,840		25,797		116,124	
Output Cos	t: UShs Bn:	0.084	UShs Bn:	0.010	UShs Bn:	0.061
Output: 085603	Medicines and h	ealth supplies	procured and disp	ensed		
Description of Outputs:	medicines and supplies procured from NMS		ed 2 cycles of essen and supplies wer NMS at a total co 366,034,792 rep percentage of 44 allocated budget	re delivered by cost of presented by a 4% of total	medicines and supp from NMS	lies procured
Performance Indicators:						
Value of medicines	0.700000000		366,034,792		0.800000000	
received/dispensed (Ush bn) Output Cos		0.003	UShs Bn:	0.000	UShs Bn:	0.020

Vote Summary

Vote, Vote Function Key Output	Approved Budge Planned outputs		1/15 Spending and Achieved by En		2015/16 Proposed Budget a Planned Outputs	and
Output: 085604	Diagnostic services	s				
Description of Outputs:	252 CT Scans 9,140 ultra sound general scans & s scans) 3,088 x-ray exam Medical, Ips) 33,984 Laborato CH, SOPDs, MO Paediatrics, ENT clients)	epecialised sinations (S, ry tests (for PDs,	44 CT Scans 2,491ultra soun general scans & scans) 1213 x-ray exar Medical, Ips) 36,525 Laborate CH, SOPDs, M Paediatrics, EN	e specialised minations (S, ory tests (for OPDs,	201 CT Scans 10,878 ultra sound general scans & spe scans) - 5,161 x-ray exam Medical, Ips) - 149,498 Laborate CH, SOPDs, MOPI Paediatrics, ENT, E clients)	inations (S, ory tests (for Os,
Performance Indicators:						
Patient xrays (imaging)	3,088		1,213		17,358	
No. of labs/tests	33,984		36,525		44,100	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.061	UShs Bn:	0.005	UShs Bn:	0.059
Output: 085606	Prevention and rel	habilitation se	rvices			
Description of Outputs:	16,760 client con (Includes Physiot Occupational ther rehabilitation, app and Ops)	herapy , rapy, social	MCH contacts of ANC 8,717 Family planning PMTCT 3,066 client contacts/s (Includes Physion Occupational threhabilitation, a and Ops)	ag 1,247 3,931 sessions otherapy ,	- 39,548 MCH continclude •ANC (42,200)) •Eamily planning (1 •PMTCT(13,508) 17,400 client contact (Includes Physiothe Occupational, thera rehabilitation, appliand Ops) - 10,752 orthopeadi	cts/sessions erapy, py, social ances to Ips,
Performance Indicators:						
No. of people receiving family planning services			1,247			
No. of people immunised	24,044		9,900		31,658	
No. of antenatal cases	29,848		8,717		82,688	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.024	UShs Bn:	0.001	UShs Bn:	0.019
Output: 085681	Staff houses consti	ruction and reb	abilitation			
Description of Outputs:	staff hostel constr commenced		staff hostel cons	struction	construction of the staff hostels	first block of
Performance Indicators:						
No. of staff houses constructed/rehabilitated	12		0		50	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.902	UShs Bn:	0.216	UShs Bn:	0.632
Output: 085685	Purchase of Medic	cal Equipment				
Description of Outputs:	n/a	- -	N/A		Purchase of assorted equipment	d medical
Performance Indicators:						
Value of medical equipment procured (Ush Bn)			O		103,000,000	
Output Cost	t: UShs Bn:	0.000	UShs Bn:	0.000	UShs Bn:	0.103
Vote Function Cost	UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:		UShs Bn:	5.801
Cost of Vote Services:	UShs Bn:	5.427	UShs Bn:	0.929	UShs Bn:	5.801

Vote Summary

* Excluding Taxes and Arrears

2015/16 Planned Outputs

The Hospital will continue to pay wages, offer outpatient, management and support, prevention and rehabilitation and diagnostic, audit services.

With regard capital development, the vote will complete first block of staff house, commence construction of retention wall, remodel records offices, migrate from postpaid to pre-paid electricity and water meters, procure assorted specialized equipment form various departments.

Table V2.2: Past and Medum Term Key Vote Output Indicators*

		2014/	15	MTEF Projections			
Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs:	2013/14 Outturn	Approved Plan	Outturn by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Vote: 176 Naguru Referral Hospital			•				
Vote Function:0856 Regional Referral	Hospital Ser	vices					
Average rate of stay for inpatients (no. days)		4 days	16 <mark>-</mark>	4 days	4_		
Bed occupancy rate (inpatients)		100	267	100	100		
No. of in patients admitted		29,216	3,413	16,733	16,733		
No. of general outpatients attended to		448,840	25,797	116,124	116,124		
No. of specialised outpatients		119,680	42,367	181,404	181,404		
attended to							
Value of medicines received/dispensed (Ush bn)		0.700000000	366,034,792	0.800000000	0.7		
No. of labs/tests		33,984	36,525	44,100	48,510		
Patient xrays (imaging)		3,088	1,213	17,358	17,358		
No. of antenatal cases		29,848	8,717	82,688	82,688		
No. of people immunised		24,044	9,900	31,658	31,658		
No. of people receiving family planning services			1,247				
No. of hospitals benefiting from the rennovation of existing facilities.		0	0				
No. reconstructed/rehabilitated general wards		0	0				
No. of staff houses constructed/rehabilitated		12	0	50	50	50	
No. of maternity wards constructed		0	0				
No. of maternity wards rehabilitated		0	0				
No. of OPD wards constructed		0	0				
No. of OPD wards rehabilitated		0	0				
No. of other wards constructed			0				
No. of other wards rehabilitated			0				
No. of theatres constructed		0	0				
No. of theatres rehabilitated		0	0				
Value of medical equipment procured (Ush Bn)			0	103,000,000			
Vote Function Cost (UShs bn)	7.176	5.427	0.929	5.801		2.594	
Cost of Vote Services (UShs Bn)	7.176	5.427	0.929	5.801		2.594	

Medium Term Plans

Completion of retaining wall valued at 1.1bn, commencement of perimeter wall valued at 400m, and creation of additional floor to create space for the increasing number of patients and additional office space

Vote Summary

and intensive care unit

(ii) Efficiency of Vote Budget Allocations

The plans to improve the efficiency and value for money over the medium term shall include, strengthening the risk management system of the institution and strengthening financial controls and to follow the PPDA guidelines during the procurement process.

The justification for the allocations to service delivery and key sector outputs is to ensure delivery of quality Health services. Additionally key capital allocations are to ensure availability of accommodation for critical staff.

Finally, allocation of funds for construction of the retention wall is to prevent collapse of land which may result into destruction of the access roads and soil erosion to the surrounding constructed structures.

Table V2.3: Allocations to Key Sector and Service Delivery Outputs over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocation (Shs Bn)			(ii) % Vote				
Billion Uganda Shillings	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Key Sector	1.3	0.9	0.8	2.0	23.3%	15.6%	16.2%	77.1%
Service Delivery	1.3	1.1	0.8	2.1	24.5%	18.8%	16.8%	81.0%

The costing assumptions include 1. Projected outputs do not surpass allocated resources 2, stability in the economy hence no inflation which may cause price fluctuation in delivery of services.;3. Stability in unit cost of utilities

Justification for cuts in inpatient services is attributed to reduction in cost of providing special meals to all inpatients. Consideration for feeding in patients will only concentrate of feeding needy/ disadvantaged patients.

Justification for increase in diagnostic costs is due to increasing maintenance costs for the equipment and license fees towards Atomic energy Agency.

Table V2.4: Key Unit Costs of Services Provided and Services Funded (Shs '000)

Unit Cost Description	Actual 2013/14	Planned 2014/15	Actual by Sept	I	Proposed 2015/16	Costing Assumptions and Reasons for any Changes and Variations from Plan
Vote Function:0856 Regional Cost per outpatient (budget for outpatient / number of out patients seen)	ıl Referral Hosp	oital Services 1		0	1	stable prices of inputs
Cost per inpatient (budget for inpatient / number of inpatients seen)		19		11	12	stable prices of inputs
cost per diagnostic contact		1		0	0	stable prices in inputs

(iii) Vote Investment Plans

The first hostel shall house only eight families yet there are additional critical staff to be considered for accommodation hence the need for an extra hostel block.

The retaining wall is critical in preventing storm water from washing away the newly constructed hostel in addition to protecting the surrounding access road from collapsing during the rainy season.

Vote Summary

Table V2.5: Allocations to Capital Investment over the Medium Term

	(i) Allocation (Shs Bn)				(ii) % Vote			
Billion Uganda Shillings	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Consumption Expendture(Outputs Provided)	4.4	4.4	4.5		81.2%	76.0%	93.2%	
Investment (Capital Purchases)	1.0	1.4	0.3	2.6	18.8%	24.0%	6.8%	100.0%
Grand Total	5.4	5.8	4.8	2.6	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

-Completion of the retaining wall valued at 1.1bn, commencement of perimeter wall valued at 400m, and creation of additional floor to create space for the increasing number of patients and additional office space and intensive care

Unit

Table V2.6: Major Capital Investments

Project, Programme Vote Function Output UShs Thousand		2014/15		2015/16	
		Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location)	Actual Expenditure and Outputs by September (Quantity and Location)	Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location	
Projec	t 1004 Naguru Rehabili	tation Referal Hospital			
085681	Staff houses construction and rehabilitation	12 unit storied 2 bedroomed staff hostel construction completed	construction works are on-going	block 1 staff hostel completed consultancy fees paid	
	Total	902,232	215,757	631,518	
	GoU Development	902,232	215,757	631,518	
External Financing		0	0		

(iv) Vote Actions to improve Priority Sector Outomes

- 1.Develop Human resource for health that is Equipping staff with various skills through training and benchmarking.
- 2. Equipment Maintenance plan i.e preventive and corrective maintenance on timely and regular basis 3. Lobby for additional funding

Table V2.7: Priority Vote Actions to Improve Sector Performance

2014/15 Planned Actions: 2014/15 Actions l	by Sept: 2015/16 Planned Actions:	MT Strategy:
Sector Outcome 1: Increased deliveries in health	facilities	
Vote Function: 08 56 Regional Referral Hospital So	ervices	
VF Performance Issue: space for clinical service	S	
	implementation as per the developed a 30 year master plan and a five year strategic and investment plan.	implementation as per the developed a 30 year master plan and a five year strategic and investment plan.
VF Performance Issue: staff accomodation		
COMMENCEMENT OF Works on-going CONSTRUCTION WORKS FOR STAFF HOSTEL	completion of construction of the first block to house 8 staff and their families	additional works to ensure completion of project with available funds
VF Performance Issue: staffing levels in critical	areas	
Continue lobbying for recruitment of critical staff recruitment of staff		Continue lobbying for recruitment of critical staff and lobby for increament of the wage bill

V3 Proposed Budget Allocations for 2015/16 and the Medium Term

Vote Summary

This section sets out the proposed vote budget allocations for 2015/16 and the medium term, including major areas of expenditures and any notable changes in allocations.

Table V3.1: Past Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Vote Function*

		20:	14/15	MTEF Budget Projections			
	2013/14 Outturn	Appr. Budget	Spent by End Sept	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Vote: 176 Naguru Referral Hospital							
0856 Regional Referral Hospital Services	7.176	5.427	0.929	5.801	4.838	2.594	
Total for Vote:	7.176	5.427	0.929	5.801	4.838	2.594	

(i) The Total Budget over the Medium Term

The total resource allocation is 3,4bn for wage , .816bnfor NWR, 1.02bn for capital. The expenditure in the medium term for the inpatient services has reduced due to reduction in funds to cater for only the disadvantaged patients and the original funds reallocated for interns accommodation. Expenditure on diagnostic services will increase due to increase in new equiments that will require high maintainance costs

(ii) The major expenditure allocations in the Vote for 2015/16

Major expenditure allocations include Wage bill, utilities, fuel and lubricants, travel inland and goods and services. This is as result of recruitment of more staff, acquisition of a multipurpose pick up, footage and mileage allowances to staff, increased patient load leading to increase in waste generated, cleaning services, increasing utility billsand infrastructural expansion, equiping and maintainace.

(iii) The major planned changes in resource allocations within the Vote for 2015/16

Reasons for changes in resource allocations within the sector is attributed to 1. reduction of funds from special meals (in patients) to cater for interns accommodation allowances 2. introduction of mileage allowance to cater for the newly recruited specialist within a radius of 8km from the place of work

Table V3.2: Key Changes in Vote Resource Allocation

Changes in Budget Allocation 2015/16	Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs				
Vote Function:0801 Regiona					
Output: 0856 01 Inpatient services					
<i>UShs Bn:</i> -0.058	UShs Bn: -0.07	9 UShs Bn: -0.253	Re allocation of funds to interns		
significant reductions in the	significant reductions in the	significant reductions in the	settlement will result into availability of		
output is due to reduction in	output is due to reduction in	output is due to reduction in	medical interns hence improve on		
funding for special meals i.e	funding for special meals i.e	funding for special meals i.e	coverage in all clinical areas. This will		
Number of in patients fed	Number of in patients fed	Number of in patients fed	subsequently lead to improved quality of		
will only be reduced to the	will only be reduced to the	will only be reduced to the	care hence reduced morbidity and		
identified needy patient and	identified needy patient and	identified needy patient and	mortality resulting into productive society		
funds were reallocated to	funds were reallocated to	funds were reallocated to			
cater for interns housing	cater for interns housing	cater for interns housing			
aallowances	aallowances	aallowances			
Output: 0856 04 Diagno	ostic services				
UShs Bn: -0.049	UShs Bn: -0.04	9 UShs Bn: -0.061	Increased imaging and screening is key		
Anticipated increase in the	Anticipated increase in the	Anticipated increase in the	in patient management and contributes		
activity especially	activity especially	activity especially	to treatment outcomes.Improved		
utilisation of CT scan and	utilisation of CT scan and	utilisation of CT scan and	treatment outcomes results into a healthy		
lobbying for laboratory	stable supply of laboratory	stable supply of laboratory	and productive population		
reagents	reagents	reagents			
Output: 0856 78 Purcha	ase of Office and Residential F	urniture and Fittings			
_			Security of records is essential for future		
-Remodelling of registry	-Remodelling of registry	-Remodelling of registry	research while patients privacy is a		
will improve on the	will improve on the	will improve on the	constitutional right		
P			0		
		D ** 0 .			

Vote Summary

Changes in Budget Allocation 2015/16	ons and Outputs from 2014/ 2016/		Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs
improve on the security of	efficiency on the security and management of patients records,security of records,Buglar proofing will improve on the security of the property and specialized equipment,Partioning for patient privacy	efficiency on the security and management of patients records,security of records,Buglar proofing will improve on the security of the property and specialized equipment,Partioning for patient privacy	
Output: 0856 81 Staff h	ouses construction and rehabili	tation	
	UShs Bn: -0.573 Increased alloaction is as a result of inceased need for staff coverage for emergency duties thus additional funding is geared towards improving staff perfomance and efficiency	Increased alloaction is as a result of inceased need for staff coverage for emergency duties thus additional funding is geared towards improving staff perfomance and efficiency	Availability of staff accomodation is contributes to improved duty coverage, and improved emergency care all of which contribute to improved patient management, treatment outcomes and subsequentl lead to a health and productive population
Output: 0856 85 Purcha	se of Medical Equipment		
UShs Bn: 0.103 The recruitment of spacialists in dental and eye departments led to an increase in demand for specialised medical equipment that were not available in the faility	Demand for specialised	Demand for specialised medical equiment will fall due adequecy and proper	The availability of the spacialised medical equipment contributes to improved patient management and care and further contributes to a healthy and productive population
Output: 0856 99 Arrear	rs		
_	<i>UShs Bn:</i> -0.069 N/A	O UShs Bn: -0.069 N/A	N/A

V4: Vote Challenges for 2015/16 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the major challenges the vote faces in 2015/16 and the medium term which the vote has been unable to address in its spending plans.

Inadequate funding continues to impact on various vote outputs. Feeding of all inpatients remains a big challenge as compared to previous period, The institution has instead concentrated on feeding only the neady patients. Additionally, evacuation of body parts remains un funded due to insufficient funds, forintance the estimated cost of evecuating

Table V4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests

Additional Requirements for Funding and Outputs in 2015/16:	Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding	
Vote Function:0801 Regional Referral Hospital Services		
Output: 0856 01 Inpatient services		
UShs Bn: 0.000	Feeding of patients (Nutrition) contributes to better treatment	
Instead of serving Special meals for 100 in patients, only the identified needy patients are served the cost of which would	outcomes which furhet contributes to a health and productive population	
be 356milion for 100 patients at a cost of 10,000 per meal		
per day		
Output: 0856 05 Hospital Management and support service	es	
UShs Bn: 0.000	Increasde productivity of health workers will partly lead to	
The need to motivate staff for improved productivity	improved health outcomes for the population and subsequently better well being	

Vote Summary

This section discusses how the vote's plans will address and respond to the cross-cutting policy, issues of gender and equity; HIV/AIDS; and the Environment, and other budgetary issues such as Arrears and NTR..

(i) Cross-cutting Policy Issues

(i) Gender and Equity

Objective: 3.strenghthen partnership with institutions that have services for the disadvantaged

Issue of Concern: Resource allocation to the entity for different programmess is inadequate to meeet all needs of the disadvantaged groups

Proposed Intervensions

lobby for funding and support from partners such as government MDAS, NGOS, Donors, dialogue with stake holders undertaking similar activities for disadvantaged groups in order to improve service delivery

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.005

Performance Indicators Institutions partnered with, proposals developed and funded

Objective: 2.Improve access to services for the disadvantaged groups

Issue of Concern: congestion and long waiting time for the disadvantaged

Proposed Intervensions

- Reorganisation of the patient flow system, Creation of special clinics to meet their needs, Triaging team to identify them and give the disadvantaged groups preferential support to the necessary clinics, train health personnel in customer care

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.01

Performance Indicators - Number of patients seen in the special clinics on time, number of tsaff trained in customer care

Objective: 1. To develop special services for diadvantaged such as elderly, disabled, blind, deaf, dump, and case presenting with Gender based Violence

Issue of Concern: Naguru hospital has noted an increse in number of disadvantaged yet at its inception, no provision were made to cater for unique features related to the disadvantaged groups

Proposed Intervensions

1. Creation of information to provide guidance to all disadvantaged cases. 2. display of health messages using the electronic display screens in various local languages to inform and guide the disadvantaged. 3. strenghten special clinics to handle the disadvantaged. 4. Aid mobility of the diasabled and frail elderly patients by providing wheel chairs, trolleys and guides 5. procure equipment for physical rehabilitation 6. strenghthen privacy in various departments

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.029

Performance Indicators 1. Information desk created. 2. messages developed and diplayed.

3.health workers equiped with knowledge and skills to handle the

disadvantaged 4. Mobility aides provided 5. assorted

physiotherapy equipment procured such as therapeutic ultra sound , 5 dumb balls, I couch, I tilt table, wheel chairs, 6. labour ward

Vote Summary

partitioned to strenghthen privacy

(ii) HIV/AIDS

Objective: Promote research activities

Issue of Concern: lack of information for evidence based management of HIV/AIDS CLIENTS

Proposed Intervensions

- Instution based research to be promoted, constitute institution ethical review board which currently does not exist, train board members

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.01

Performance Indicators - Ethical review board in place, approved research projects

Objective: 2. Improve partnershipwith stake holders engaged in treatment and care of HIV/AIDS Patients

Issue of Concern: Insufficient resources for comprehensive care for the HIV Patients

Proposed Intervensions

Lobby partners to collaborate in comprehensive care, write proposals for funding

Budget Allocations UGX billion 1000000

Performance Indicators MOU signed, number of staff trained in comprehensive care

Objective: 1. Improve delivery of services for HIV clients

Issue of Concern: shortage of manpower and space to provide comprehensive services to HIV clients

Proposed Intervensions

- Train more staff in comprehensive care, creation of isaolation and tratment area specifically for TB clients

Budget Allocations UGX billion 250000

Performance Indicators -isolation tent procured, number of staff trained in comprehensive care

(iii) Environment

Objective: 3. protection of environment from pollution

Issue of Concern: High level of degradation of the environment

Proposed Intervensions

Lobby licencinsing authorities to enforce regulation

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.002

Performance Indicators Number of communications to regulatory authorities

Objective: 2. Minimise hospital acquired infections

Vote Summary

Issue of Concern: Reports on hospital acquired infection especially neo nates and mothers followin C/sections

Proposed Intervensions

-Sterilisation of equipments and materials for use, segregation and evacuation of medical waste, train healthworkers in safe handling secreations, sharps and materials while handling patients, use of protective gears

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.02

Performance Indicators Reduced hospital acquired infections, frequency of waste disposal

, number of healthworkers trained in safe handling of

secreations, sharps and materials while handling patients, Number

of protective gears

Objective: I. Improve waste management at facility level

Issue of Concern: accumulated medical and non waste

Proposed Intervensions

- lobby city council authorities to evacuate unclaimed bodies, intesify use of the hospital medical waste tratment machine by lobby for key man power to operate the equipment

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.08

Performance Indicators Record of bodies evacuated, staff deployed to operate medical

waste treatment machine

(ii) Payment Arrears

The table below shows all the payment arrears outstanding for the Vote:

Payee	Payment Due Date	Amount (UShs Bn)
national water and sewarage corporation	30/06/2013	0.07
	Total:	0.065

ecscalating utility costs

(ii) Non Tax Revenue Collections

The table below shows Non-Tax Revenues that will be collected under the Vote:

Source of NTR	UShs Bn	2013/15 Actual	2014/15 Budget	2014/15 Actual by Sept	2015/16 Projected
Other Fees and Charges		0.000	0.162		0.076
Rent & rates – produced assets – from priva	vate entities	0.000	0.009		0.095
	Total:	0.000	0.171		0.171

The forecast is based on the fact that NTR service is newly instituted method of revenue generation in the hospital. The funds generated are to be spent on Allowances, staff welfare, printing and stationary; Airtime for various sections; fuels and lubricants; and maintanance