Vote Summary

V1: Vote Overview

This section sets out the Vote Mission, Strategic Objectives, and provides a description of the vote's services (i) Snapshot of Medium Term Budget Allocations

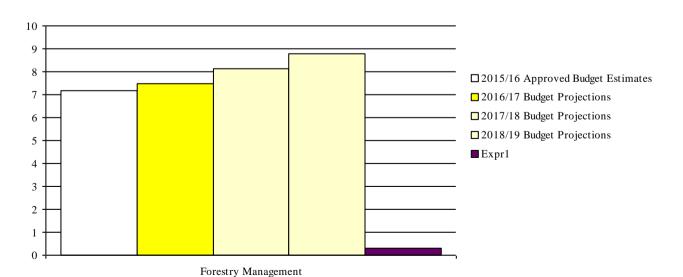
Table V1 below summarises the Medium Term Budget allocations for the Vote:

Table V1.1: Overview of Vote Expenditures (UShs Billion)

| | | 2014/15 | 2015 | /16 | MTEF E | Budget Proje | ctions |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| (i) Excluding | Arrears, Taxes | 2014/15 Outturn | Approved Budget | Spent by End Sept | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
| | Wage | 0.000 | 5.400 | 1.350 | 5.400 | 5.670 | 5.954 |
| Recurrent | Non Wage | 9.837 | 0.133 | 0.033 | 0.133 | 0.159 | 0.187 |
| Danilanna | GoU | 1.569 | 1.925 | 0.284 | 1.925 | 2.310 | 2.657 |
| Developme | nt Ext.Fin | 0.009 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| | GoU Total | 11.286 | 7.459 | 1.763 | 7.459 | 8.139 | 8.798 |
| Total GoU+D | Oonor (MTEF) | 11.296 | 7.459 | 1.667 | 7.459 | 8.139 | 8.798 |
| (ii) Arrears | Arrears | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | N/A | N/A |
| and Taxes | Taxes** | 0.120 | 0.290 | 0.048 | 0.000 | N/A | N/A |
| | Total Budget | 11.416 | 7.749 | 1.715 | 7.459 | N/A | N/A |
| (iii) Non Tax | Revenue | 0.000 | 15.641 | 3.664 | 18.821 | 20.500 | 22.177 |
| | Grand Total | 11.416 | 23.390 | 5.379 | 26.279 | N/A | N/A |
| Excluding | Taxes, Arrears | 11.296 | 23.099 | 5.331 | 26.279 | 28.639 | 30.975 |

^{*} Donor expenditure data unavailable

The chart below shows total funding allocations to the Vote by Vote Function over the medium term: Chart V1.1: Medium Term Budget Projections by Vote Function (UShs Bn, Excluding Taxes, Arrears



^{**} Non VAT taxes on capital expenditure

Vote Summary

(ii) Vote Mission Statement

The Vote's Mission Statement is:

To manage 506 Central Forest Reserves covering over 1.266 million hectares sustainably, and supply high quality forestry related products and services to Government, local communities and the private Sector

(iii) Vote Outputs which Contribute to Priority Sector Outcomes

The table below sets out the vote functions and outputs delivered by the vote which the sector considers as contributing most to priority sector outcomes.

Table V1.2: Sector Outcomes, Vote Functions and Key Outputs

| Sector Outcome 1: | Sector Outcome 2: | Sector Outcome 3: |
|---|--|---|
| Increased access to quality safe water and sanitation facilities for rural, urban and water for production uses | Improved Water Resources Assessment, Monitoring, Planning, Regulation and Quality Management | Improved Weather, Climate and Climate Change Management, Protection and Restoration of Environment and Natural Resources |
| Vote Function: 09 52 Forestry Manag | ement | |
| Outputs Contributing to Outcome 1: | Outputs Contributing to Outcome 2: | Outputs Contributing to Outcome 3: |
| None | None | Outputs Provided |
| | | 095201 Mangement of Central Forest Reserves |
| | | 095202 Establishment of new tree plantations |
| | | 095203 Plantation Management |
| | | 095205 Supply of seeds and seedlings |

V2: Past Vote Performance and Medium Term Plans

This section describes past and future vote performance, in terms of key vote outputs and plans to address sector policy implementation issues.

(i) Past and Future Planned Vote Outputs

2014/15 Performance

The FY 2014/15 performance was measured on achievements against the planned targets for the period July 2014-June 2015, under four strategic objectives namely: Improving management of Central Forest Reserves (CFRs); Expanding partnership arrangements, Supplying high quality products and services and Attaining organizational sustainability.

Improved management of CFRs

Plantation establishment: 748 hectares of new plantations were established in Mafuga (223), Mbarara (251), and South Busoga (45), Lendu (200), Mwenge (21) and NTSC (7.9);

Boundary opening and marking with pillars; 359.9 Kms of boundary length was re-opened during the period with 6 Kms opened in Kulobia CFR, 70 Kms in Luwunga CFR, Ibambaro(10Km), Kitechura(12Km), Matiri(28.1Km), Namwasa(79.8Km), Kanaga(13.2Km), Kikonda(98Km), Alungamosimosi(29.6Km) and soroti(13.2Km). This over performance (199%) was as a result of the supplementary fund carried forward from FY 2013/14.

Tending; Slash weeding of 5579.3ha was undertaken in plantations of Mafuga (1,599), Mbarara (135), Mwenge (355), South Busoga (142), Lendu (845), North Rwenzori (163), NTSC (365) and Natural forests of Muzizi Range (268.8 ha) Kyoga (43ha), Nyakunyu CFR (6.5 ha), West Nile (10ha) and NTSC (13)];

Vote Summary

1,260.14ha were maintained by thinning in Mwenge (761.14), South Busoga (113), Lendu (35), Muzizi (311), West Nile (10) and 30 in Lakeshore in Kifu CFR; 1,901ha maintained by pruning in Mafuga (815ha), Kasana-Kasambya (102), Lukuga (93ha) and Nakwaya CFR (98). Pruning in CFRs was facilitated by work contracted under GOU supplementary and 70 km of forest roads maintained in Mwenge (30), South Busoga (25) and Lendu (15) to facilitate easy management of the Plantations. Additionally, 150.8km of fire breaks were also maintained in Mwenge (33), South Busoga (45) and North Rwenzori (56), NTSC (16.8ha).

Expand partnership arrangements

Through Collaborative Forest Management, NFA continued to demonstrate to forest dependent communities the relevance of forests to their livelihood. Meetings were held with forest adjacent communities to discuss issues relating to encroachment, fire awareness and CFM related activities. 23 CFM agreements were signed.

Preliminary 2015/16 Performance

During the quarter July-September, NFA registered the following major Achievements.

4 KMs of boundary length were opened in Taala CFR as a solution to a boundary conflict between NFA and the neighbor.

156 hectares of harvested area in mbarara (Bugamba & carbon blocks) was replanted and Nile Bank, Olwal and CFRs in Lake shore

75 hectares of plantations were established in Lendu plantations while 537.5 hectares were weeded by slash in the plantations of Mwenge (85), South Busoga (100) and Lendu (100) and in the natural forests of Kyoga (65); Muzizi (104) and Lakeshore (82.5 ha).

75 hectares were maintained by pruning in Mbarara and 322 hectares thinned in Mwenge (86), Mbarara (100), South Busoga (100) and Lendu (36)

150 Km of fire breaks were opened and maintained in the plantations of Mafuga (40), Mwenge (34), South Busoga (15) and North Rwenzori (25), and Natural forests [Southwest (11) and Achwa (25)], for protection of young plantations from fires

6,593,799 tree and fruit seedlings were raised at the National Tree Seed Centre and the regional nurseries. Out of this, 2,505,860 were produced for sale, 414,659 for own planting, and 3,673,280 for Community Tree Planting.

Table V2.1: Past and 2016/17 Key Vote Outputs*

| 2015/16 2016/17 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Vote, Vote Function | Approved Budget and | Spending and Outputs | Proposed Budget and | | | |
| Key Output | Planned outputs | Achieved by End Sept | Planned Outputs | | | |
| Vote: 157 National Fores | try Authority | | | | | |
| Vote Function: 0952 Fore | estry Management | | | | | |
| Output: 095201 | Mangement of Central Forest R | eserves | | | | |
| Description of Outputs: | 397 hectares of forest restored | A total of 4 kms of boundary | 400 hectares of forest restored | | | |
| | through | length was opened in Taala | through | | | |
| | encroachment/enrichment | CFR as a solution to a boundary | encroachment/enrichment | | | |
| | planting in Kyoga, Achwa, | conflict between NFA and the | planting in Kyoga, Achwa, | | | |
| | Muzizi, Budongo and Lake | neighbor, | Muzizi, Budongo and Lake | | | |
| | Shore Ranges: 277 km of | | Shore Ranges: 250 km of | | | |
| | boundaries resurveyed and | Replanted harvested area of 100 | boundaries resurveyed and | | | |

Vote Summary

| vote Summary | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Vote, Vote Function Key Output | Approved Budget Planned outputs | 2015 and | 5/16 Spending and Outp Achieved by End Se | | 2016/17 Proposed Budget and Planned Outputs | |
| | opened in Kyoga r River Range, Acw Budongo Systems Nile Range, South and Katugo Planta | a Range, Range, West west Range | ha in mbarara Buga carbon blocks and 56 in Nile bank, Olwal G lake shore. | ó ha planted | opened in Kyoga range, I River Range, Acwa Rang Budongo Systems Range Nile Range, South west I and Katugo Plantations | ge, e, West |
| Performance Indicators: | | | | | | |
| Distance (Km) of forest boundary resurveyed and marked | 277 | | 4 | | 250 | |
| Area (Ha) of degraded forests replanted | 397 | | 156 | | 400 | |
| Output Co | st: UShs Bn: | 10.251 | UShs Bn: | 1.383 | UShs Bn: | 15.386 |
| Output: 095202 | Establishment of ne | w tree planta | tions | | | |
| Description of Outputs: Performance Indicators: | 855 hectares of ne established in Maf Mbarara (200ha), North Rwenzori (1 (100), South Buso (35), Muzizi (50), and bamboo establ selected degraded Kyoga & L. Shore 6,008 ha of plantal maintained by both spot weeding in be Plantations and Na | tuga (200ha), Lendu (75), 00), Mwenge ga (20), Opit NTSC (50) Lishment in CFRs in Ranges (25) Litions a slashing and oth | plantations of Mwen South Busoga (100) (100) and in the natu of Kyoga (65); Muzi and Lakeshore (82.5 | plantations were ne ge (85), and Lendu ral forests zi (104) | 1,290 hectares of new plantations established in Mafuga (200ha), Mbaran (200ha), Lendu (75), Nor Rwenzori (200), Mwenge South Busoga (20), Opit Muzizi (50), NTSC (50) bamboo establishment in selected degraded CFRs Kyoga & L. Shore Range 6,008 ha of plantations maintained by both slash spot weeding in both Plantations and Natural F | a rth e (200), (35), and in es (25) ing and |
| Area (ha) of plantations weeded | 6008 | | 537.5 | | 6000 | |
| Area (ha) of Forest Plantations planted and surviving by National Forestry Authority** | 855 | | 75 | | 1290 | |
| Output Co | st: UShs Bn: | 0.959 | UShs Bn: | 0.000 | UShs Bn: | 1.193 |
| Output: 095203 | Plantation Manager | ment | | | | |
| Description of Outputs: | 4,203 hectares of pand Natural forests by pruning and thi 442.27 Km of fire opened and mainta various plantations Forests of Katugo (40), Mwenge (66, Rwenzori (42), Le South Busoga (30), Mbarara (48), Kyo Muzizi (31), Achw Nile (37), South W Budongo (22), for young plantations | s maintained nning and breaks sined in s and Natural (8), Mafuga 27), North ndu (30), o, Opit (20), oga (25), va (23), West Vest (20) and protection of | 75ha were maintaine pruning in Mbarara a thinned in Mwenge (Mbarara (100), South (100) and Lendu (36, 150 Km of fire break opened and maintain plantations of Mafug Mwenge (34), South (15) and North Rwer and Natural forests [(11) and Achwa (25) protection of young prom fires | and 322 ha (86), the Busoga (b) are seed in the car (40), Busoga (40), Southwest [a, for seed the car (25), Southwest [a, | 450 hectares of plantation Natural forests maintaine pruning and thinning and Km of fire breaks opened maintained in various plantations and Natural F of Katugo (8), Mafuga (4 Mwenge (66.27), North Rwenzori (42), Lendu (3 South Busoga (30), Opit Mbarara (48), Kyoga (25 Muzizi (31), Achwa (23) Nile (37), South West (24 Budongo (22), for protect young plantations from fire | ed by 1 4700 d and Forests 40), (20), (20), (5), (9) and etion of |
| Performance Indicators: No. of hectares of Forest | 4203 | | 75 | | 4700 | |
| | | | | | | |

Vote Summary

| Vote, Vote Function Key Output | Approved Budge Planned outputs | 2015 t and | /16 Spending and Achieved by I | • | 2016/2 Proposed Budg Planned Outpu | get and |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| Plantations thinned and pruned | | | | | | |
| Km of Fire breaks established and maintained | 442.27 | | 150 | | 450 | |
| Output Cost: | UShs Bn: | 2.750 | UShs Bn: | 0.000 | UShs Bn: | 1.563 |
| Output: 095205 S | upply of seeds and | d seedlings | | | | |
| Description of Outputs: | 20,418,619 tree as seedlings produce National Tree See the regional nurse | d at the d Centre and | the regional nu | e raised at the Seed Centre and urseries. Out of 6 were produced 659 for own 3,831,960 for | 24446000 tree a seedlings produ National Tree S the regional nur | ced at the eed Centre and |
| Performance Indicators: | | | | | | |
| No. of seedlings raised and sold | 20418619 | | 7138310 | | 24446000 | |
| Output Cost: | UShs Bn: | 6.514 | UShs Bn: | 0.284 | UShs Bn: | 5.862 |
| Vote Function Cost | UShs Bn: | 23.390 | UShs Bn: | 1.667 | UShs Bn: | 26.279 |
| Cost of Vote Services: | UShs Bn: | 23.099 | UShs Bn: | 1.667 | UShs Bn: | 26.279 |

^{*} Excluding Taxes and Arrears

2016/17 Planned Outputs

During 2016/17, NFA plans to implement the following outputs.

Mangement of Central Forest Reserves

1.2 million Ha of forestland in 506 Central Forest Reserves effectively and efficiently managed.

Appraising of soundness and application of accounting, financial and operational controls of NFA. (8 value for money audits conducted, 6 operational audits and 2 compliance audits)

Procurement and Disposal processes from initiation to award managed. (40 Disposals, 2 open bid notices, 60 procurements)

NFA's image built and promoted (15 print adverts, 8 TV adverts, 200 radio adverts, 6 planting campaigns) 100 Ongoing Civil suits and 10 New civil suits handled. 12 Legal trainings and association meetings attended.

Remuneration for 342 employees paid in time.

- 15 new staff for the organization recruited
- 12 monitoring visits conducted in all ranges and plantation areas.
- 8 Board meetings and 30 committee meetings
- 23 meetings with key partners convened
- 150 EPF personnel deployed to effectively patrol the entire

ISSMI covering 500ha carried out in Budongo, Bugoma, Itwara, Kalinzu and Zoka CFRs

300 km of boundaries resurveyed and opened in Kyoga range, Muzizi River Range, Acwa Range, Budongo Systems Range, West Nile Range, South west Range and Katugo Plantations

200 hectares of forest restored through encroachment/enrichment planting in Kyoga, Achwa, Muzizi, Budongo and Lake Shore Ranges.

Annual report for 2015/16 FY produced and disseminated to stakeholders.

Inventory of 1,000 ha carried out in selected plantations.

4 CFRs freed from encroachers in all ranges.

04 field visits and familiarization tours conducted by Board

Vote Summary

Establishment of new tree plantations

NTSC (40) and bamboo establishment in selected degraded CFRs in Kyoga & L. Shore Ranges (25)

- 1 Plantation profitability guideline updated and 20 copies reprinted and disseminated to stakeholders.
- 7 maps of newly planted areas done
- 2 Refresher training course in nursery management for nursery supervisors undertaken
- 7 Refresher training course in fire management for plantation staff undertaken
- 7 trainings in plantation maintenance conducted

Plantation Management

6000 hectares of all newly and old planted crop maintained by slashing

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by spot hoeing in both Plantations and Natural Forests

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by thinning

2000 hectares of plantations maintained by prunning

300 kilometers of roads maintained

500 Km of fire breaks opened and maintained in various plantations

Forestry licensing

400 M3 cubic meters of pine sawn timber produced in plantations

1,000M3 cubic meters of round wood produced Tropical High Forests

3 new potential sites for ecotourism development licensed in selected CFRS

60 Km of trails maintained in Mabira, Budongo, Kalinzu

1 picnic site in Mabira CFR repaired and renovated.

2 ecotourism facilities in Najjembe-Lakeshore Range; including Reception offices, Information centre and 3 accommodation Bandas repaired and renovated.

Supply of seeds and seedlings

12,000,000 tree seedlings raised for sale at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries

1,072,946 tree seedlings raised for own planting at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries.

10,627,300 tree seedlings raised for Community Tree Planting at National Tree Seed Center and Regional nurseries.

315 Kg of imported pine seed (pine/Brazil) procured.

858 Kg of locally available seed (Eucalyptus grandis and other species) procured

453 Kg of locally available seed (Pine caribaea and other species) procured

2,300 kg of locally available seed (Maesopsis eminii) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

5,950 kg of locally available seed (Indigenous & other Local spp) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

100 Ongoing Civil suits and 10 New civil suits handled. 12 Legal trainings and association meetings attended.

Vote Summary

Remuneration for 342 employees paid in time.

15 new staff for the organization recruited

12 monitoring visits conducted in all ranges and plantation areas.

8 Board meetings and 30 committee meetings

23 meetings with key partners convened

150 EPF personnel deployed to effectively patrol the entire

ISSMI covering 500ha carried out in Budongo, Bugoma, Itwara, Kalinzu and Zoka CFRs

300 km of boundaries resurveyed and opened in Kyoga range, Muzizi River Range, Acwa Range, Budongo

Systems Range, West Nile Range, South west Range and Katugo Plantations

200 hectares of forest restored through encroachment/enrichment planting in Kyoga, Achwa, Muzizi,

Budongo and Lake Shore Ranges.

Annual report for 2015/16 FY produced and disseminated to stakeholders.

Inventory of 1,000 ha carried out in selected plantations.

4 CFRs freed from encroachers in all ranges.

04 field visits and familiarization tours conducted by Board

Establishment of new tree plantations

NTSC (40) and bamboo establishment in selected degraded CFRs in Kyoga & L. Shore Ranges (25)

1 Plantation profitability guideline updated and 20 copies reprinted and disseminated to stakeholders.

7 maps of newly planted areas done

2 Refresher training course in nursery management for nursery supervisors undertaken

7 Refresher training course in fire management for plantation staff undertaken

7 trainings in plantation maintenance conducted

Plantation Management

6000 hectares of all newly and old planted crop maintained by slashing

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by spot hoeing in both Plantations and Natural Forests

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by thinning

2000 hectares of plantations maintained by prunning

300 kilometers of roads maintained

500 Km of fire breaks opened and maintained in various plantations

Forestry licensing

400 M3 cubic meters of pine sawn timber produced in plantations

1,000M3 cubic meters of round wood produced Tropical High Forests

3 new potential sites for ecotourism development licensed in selected CFRS

60 Km of trails maintained in Mabira, Budongo, Kalinzu

1 picnic site in Mabira CFR repaired and renovated.

2 ecotourism facilities in Najjembe-Lakeshore Range; including Reception offices, Information centre and

3 accommodation Bandas repaired and renovated.

Supply of seeds and seedlings

12,000,000 tree seedlings raised for sale at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries

Vote Summary

1,072,946 tree seedlings raised for own planting at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries.

10,627,300 tree seedlings raised for Community Tree Planting at National Tree Seed Center and Regional nurseries.

315 Kg of imported pine seed (pine/Brazil) procured.

858 Kg of locally available seed (Eucalyptus grandis and other species) procured

453 Kg of locally available seed (Pine caribaea and other species) procured

2,300 kg of locally available seed (Maesopsis eminii) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

5,950 kg of locally available seed (Indigenous & other Local spp) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

Table V2.2: Past and Medum Term Key Vote Output Indicators*

| W 5 4 7 0 | | 2015/ | 16 | MTEF I | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Vote Function Key Output Indicators and Costs: | 2014/15 Outturn | Approved Plan | Outturn by End Sept | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
| Vote: 157 National Forestry Author | ity | | • | | | |
| Vote Function:0952 Forestry Manage | ment | | | | | |
| Area (Ha) of degraded forests replanted | | 397 | 156 <mark>-</mark> | 400 | 500 | |
| Distance (Km) of forest boundary resurveyed and marked | | 277 | 4 | 250 | 300 | |
| Area (ha) of Forest Plantations planted and surviving by National Forestry Authority** | | 855 | 75 <mark>-</mark> | 1290 | 1300 | |
| Area (ha) of plantations weeded | | 6008 | 537.5 | 6000 | 7000 | |
| Km of Fire breaks established and maintained | | 442.27 | 150 | 450 | 500 | |
| No. of hectares of Forest Plantations thinned and pruned | | 4203 | 75 | 4700 | 5000 | |
| No. of seedlings raised and sold | | 20418619 | 7138310 | 24446000 | 25616000 | |
| Vote Function Cost (UShs bn) | 11.406 | 23.099 | 1.667 | 26.279 | 28.639 | 30.975 |
| Cost of Vote Services (UShs Bn) | 11.406 | 23.099 | 1.667 | 26.279 | 28.639 | 30.975 |

Medium Term Plans

During the medium term, a total of 13,000 hectares of new plantations shall be maintained in all plantation areas, 4,700 hectares of new plantations shall be maintained by pruning and thinning and 6,000 hectares by weeding. In addition, 23,700,246 quality tree seedlings shall be raised from 7,500 Kg of local tree seeds and 200Kg of Pine seed from the National tree Seed Centre and the regional nurseries.

NFA will continue to effectively and efficiently manage 1.2 million ha of forestland in 506 Central Forest Reserves; a total of 300 Km of boundaries shall be resurveyed in selected CFRs; 400 hectares of forest shall be restored through encroachment planting. Inventory of 1000 ha shall also be carried out in selected plantations; in addition, 98 Km of ISSMI lines shall be maintained in harvested areas of Kitomi CFR and ISSMI covering 200ha shall be carried out in Itwara CFR and Budongo Range.

(ii) Efficiency of Vote Budget Allocations

Appraising of soundness and application of accounting, financial and operational controls of NFA. The

Vote Summary

internal audit department will conduct at least 8 value for money audits, At least 6 operational audits and a minimum of 2 compliance audits during 2016/2017 Financial Year

Table V2.3: Allocations to Key Sector and Service Delivery Outputs over the Medium Term

| | (i) Allocation (Shs Bn) | | (ii) % Vote Budget | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Billion Uganda Shillings | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
| Key Sector | 17.7 | 22.4 | 22.3 | 22.3 | 76.7% | 85.4% | 77.9% | 72.0% |
| Service Delivery | 20.5 | 24.0 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 88.6% | 91.3% | 83.4% | 77.1% |

The labor wage rates and inflation will pre-determine the costing of key service delivery outputs underlying the medium term. Activities such as seed import are determined by the current interest rates while forest tending activities such as weeding, pruning, thinning and nursery management are determined by a pre-determined wage rate basing on the levels of inflation in the country.

Table V2.4: Key Unit Costs of Services Provided and Services Funded (Shs '000)

| Unit Cost Description | Actual 2014/15 | Planned 2015/16 | Actual by Sept | Proposed 2016/17 | Costing Assumptions and Reasons for any Changes and Variations from Plan |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| W . E: 0052 E | 14 | | | | |
| Vote Function:0952 Forest. Weeding tree crops under 3 years per year (per ha) | ry Management 492,297 | 118,933 | | 118,933 | Current wage rates |
| Thinning and Pruning cost (per Ha) | 1,594,481 | 88,853 | | 88,853 | Current costs of manual labour |
| Resurvey and open Forest Boundaries | 1 | 143,000 | | 143,000 | Current cost of survey, cement, stone aggregate |
| Replanting formally encroached/ degraded natural forests | 857,955 | 300,000 | | 300,000 | Current wage rates |
| Raising tree seedlings in nursery | 86 | 41 | | 41 | Current wage rates |
| Plantation establishment per Ha | 600,000 | 673,729 | | 673,729 | Prevailing wage costs |
| Mantenance of forest roads using local labour per ha | 100,000 | 111,607 | | 21,964 | Current wage rates |
| Cost of imported Pine seed from Brazil (Generation 1) | 1,280,000 | 1,408,000 | | 1,408,000 | Current exchange rates |

(iii) Vote Investment Plans

Due to insufficient funding, focus has been put on tree seed and seedling production, forest management activities and ensuring that the integrity of boundaries of the central forest reserves is maintained.

Table V2.5: Allocations to Capital Investment over the Medium Term

| • | (i) Allocat | ion (Shs B | (n) | | (ii) % Vote | e Budget | | |
|--|-------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Billion Uganda Shillings | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
| Consumption Expendture(Outputs Provided) | 21.2 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 24.2 | 91.6% | 92.6% | 84.6% | 78.2% |
| Investment (Capital Purchases) | 1.9 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 8.4% | 7.4% | 15.4% | 21.8% |
| Grand Total | 23.1 | 26.3 | 28.6 | 31.0 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Plantation Management

6000 hectares of all newly and old planted crop maintained by slashing

Vote Summary

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by spot hoeing in both Plantations and Natural Forests

2500 hectares of plantations maintained by thinning

2000 hectares of plantations maintained by prunning

300 kilometers of roads maintained

500 Km of fire breaks opened and maintained in various plantations

Supply of seeds and seedlings

12,000,000 tree seedlings raised for sale at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries 1,072,946 tree seedlings raised for own planting at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries. 10,627,300 tree seedlings raised for Community Tree Planting at National Tree Seed Center and regional nurseries.

315 Kg of imported pine seed (pine/Brazil) procured.

858 Kg of locally available seed (Eucalyptus grandis and other species) procured

453 Kg of locally available seed (Pine caribaea and other species) procured

2,300 kg of locally available seed (Maesopsis eminii) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

5,950 kg of locally available seed (Indigenous & other Local spp) procured for internal transfer under CTTP, NFA own planting and sale

Table V2.6: Major Capital Investments

| Project | t, Programme | 2015/16 | | 2016/17 |
|---------|--|---|--|--|
| Vote Fu | unction Output UShs Thousand | Approved Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location) | Proposed Budget, Planned Outputs (Quantity and Location) | |
| Project | t 0161 Support to Natio | onal Forestry Authority | | |
| | Purchase of Motor Vehicles and Other Transport | 60 Motorcycles procured for various Ranges and Plantations | The procurement process has been initiated | 50 Motorcycles procured for various Ranges and Plantations |
| | Equipment | 5 Vehicles procured for various Ranges and Plantations | | 5 Vehicles procured for various Ranges and Plantations |
| | | 5 Fleet Management and Monitoring systems acquired and installed to improve upon effective reporting and monitoring of vehicle movement. | | |
| | Total | 1,228,000 | 47,881 | 937,542 |
| | GoU Development | 290,458 | 47,881 | 0 |
| | External Financing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | NTR | 937,542 | 0 | 937,542 |
| | Purchase of Office and ICT Equipment, | 2 Network printers procured | 2 Network printers procured | 1 CCTV Security system procured |
| | including Software | 1 CCTV Security system procured | Email and internet service at HQs was done with support from FAO | 8 Routers/Network Switches procured |
| | | 8 Routers/Network Switches procured | | Anti-virus and Anti-spam soft- wares acquired |
| | | Anti-virus and Anti-spam soft- wares acquired | | 6 Data Base Management System soft-wares procured |
| | | 6 Data Base Management System soft-wares procured | | Email and internet service at HQs & Range offices Improve |
| | | Email and internet service at | | and maintained. |

Vote Summary

| Project, Programme | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|
| Vote Function Output | Approved Budget, Planned | Actual Expenditure and | Proposed Budget, Planned |
| UShs Thousand | Outputs (Quantity and Location) | Outputs by September (Quantity and Location) | Outputs (Quantity and Location) |
| | HQs & Range offices Improve and maintained. | | |
| Total | 742,778 | 0 | 742,778 |
| GoU Development | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| External Financing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NTR | 742,778 | 0 | 742,778 |

(iv) Vote Actions to improve Priority Sector Outomes

In order to address vote function performance issues, National Forestry Authority will continue developing proposals to mitigate risks or take advantage of opportunities available through contracts; practice good silivi-culture/ maintain the existing crop by tending and demarcation of all CFRs boundaries for improved/sustainable management and acquire modern transport equipments to improve mobility in patrolling CFRs. Additionally, modern approaches towards sustainable management of CFRs through research shall be enhanced.

Multi-stakeholder policy engagement strategies, networks and linkages with key actors in the forestry sector shall be developed; Local Leaders, Members of Parliament, Judiciary, etc shall be sensitized on need to remove encroachers from CFRs. This will enhance political support to actualize evictions from CFRs and promote restoration of degraded CFRs.

NFA will continue to increase of land under forest cover by NFA own planting and private sector planting under license on CFRs and demonstrate to forest dependent communities the relevance of forests to their livelihoods through Collaborative Forest Management and holding community sensitization meetings in different CFRs across the country. In addition, the Environmental Protection Force shall be strengthened to ensure the integrity of CFRs is intact

Table V2.7: Priority Vote Actions to Improve Sector Performance

| 2015/16 Planned Actions: | 2015/16 Actions by Sept: | 2016/17 Planned Actions: | MT Strategy: | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sector Outcome 2: Improved | Sector Outcome 2: Improved Water Resources Assessment, Monitoring, Planning, Regulation and Quality Management | | | | | | | | | |
| Vote Function: 09 52 Forestry Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| VF Performance Issue: Incre | ase funding to the Authority to su | stainably manage the central For | est Reserves. | | | | | | | |
| Develop proposals for NFA to mitigate risks or take advantage of opportunities available through contracts, maintaining the existing crop by tending and good silivicultural practices, boundary demarcation of all CFRs for improved/sustainable management. | "Project Proposal Writing Committee" (PROWRIC) held a retreat to prepare details of the components that NFA would like to be included in the Forest Investment Plan to facilitate NFA's contribution during the first discussion by the MWE and the World Bank and other FIP partners which is likely to be in Mid - October 2015. The committee also proposed new areas for proposal development for consideration in next meeting. | Develop proposals for NFA to mitigate risks or take advantage of opportunities available through contracts, maintaining the existing crop by tending and good silivicultural practices, boundary demarcation of all CFRs for improved/sustainable management. | Develop proposals for NFA to mitigate risks or take advantage of opportunities available through contracts, maintaining the existing crop by tending and good silivicultural practices, boundary demarcation of all CFRs for improved/sustainable management. | | | | | | | |
| VF Performance Issue: Lack | of mobilisation for the removal of | f Enchroachers from Central For | est Reserves. | | | | | | | |
| NFA will continue to demonstrate to forest | 5 meetings to sensitize local leaders and encroachers | NFA will continue to demonstrate to forest | NFA will continue to demonstrate to forest | | | | | | | |

Vote Summary

dependent communities the relevance of forests to their livelihoods through Collaborative Forest Management and holding community sensitization meetings in different CFRs across the country.

2015/16 Actions by Sept:

residing in the forests of Guramwa, Kasato, Ruzaire and Rwensabya CFR in Kagadi sector to prepare them for eviction which is planned to take place next year after elections. A total of 100 encroachers left voluntarily from the forests mainly from Ruzaire CFR.

2016/17 Planned Actions:

dependent communities the relevance of forests to their livelihoods through Collaborative Forest Management and holding community sensitization meetings in different CFRs across the country.

MT Strategy:

dependent communities the relevance of forests to their livelihoods through Collaborative Forest Management and holding community sensitization meetings in different CFRs across the country.

Sector Outcome 3: Improved Weather, Climate and Climate Change Management, Protection and Restoration of Environment and Natural Resources

Vote Function: 09 52 Forestry Management

VF Performance Issue: Inadequate funds and mobilisation for new plantation etablishment.

Continued increase of land under forest cover by NFA own planting and private sector planting under license on CFRs 75 hectares of plantations were established in Lendu plantations.

Continued increase of land under forest cover by NFA own planting and private sector planting under license on CFRs. Continued increase of land under forest cover by NFA own planting and private sector planting under license on CFRs.

VF Performance Issue: Limited transport characterised by frequent breakdowns and high maintenance costs.

Acquire modern transport equipments, improve research and develop modern approaches towards sustainable management of CFRs and continue sale of mature trees in plantations & production zones of natural forests, mill thinnings from plantations.

The procurement process to acquire transport equipment was initiated and the process is on going Acquire modern transport equipments, improve research and develop modern approaches towards sustainable management of CFRs and continue sale of mature trees in plantations & production zones of natural forests, mill thinnings from plantations.

Acquire modern transport equipments, improve research and develop modern approaches towards sustainable management of CFRs and continue sale of mature trees in plantations & production zones of natural forests, mill thinnings from plantations.

VF Performance Issue: Political support to actualise evictions from CFRs

Develop multi-stakeholder policy engagement strategies, networks and linkages with key actors in the forestry sector; sensitize local leaders, MPs, judiciary, etc; on need to remove encroachers from CFRs and replant degraded CFRs.

4 stakeholder meetings were attended 2 for judicial where one was held in Hoima and another in Masaka presentations were made on environmental issues and law. 2 other meetings (Access to housing conference and Uganda Olimpic Committee Workshop to develop sports and environment tool kit) were attended.

Develop multi-stakeholder policy engagement strategies, networks and linkages with key actors in the forestry sector; sensitize local leaders, MPs, judiciary, etc; on need to remove encroachers from CFRs and replant degraded CFRs.

Develop multi-stakeholder policy engagement strategies, networks and linkages with key actors in the forestry sector; sensitize local leaders, MPs, judiciary, etc; on need to remove encroachers from CFRs and replant degraded CFRs.

VF Performance Issue: The rising rate of Illegal activities/illegal dealers

Strengthening the Environmental Protection Force to ensure the integrity of CFRs is intact and expansion of collaborative forest management arrangements to more groups.

75 Environmental Protection Force are on ground to ensure that the integrity of CFRs is intact. Strengthening the Environmental Protection Force to ensure the integrity of CFRs is intact and expansion of collaborative forest management arrangements to more groups.

Strengthening the Environmental Protection Force to ensure the integrity of CFRs is intact and expansion of collaborative forest management arrangements to more groups.

V3 Proposed Budget Allocations for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the proposed vote budget allocations for 2016/17 and the medium term, including major areas of expenditures and any notable changes in allocations.

Vote Summary

Table V3.1: Past Outturns and Medium Term Projections by Vote Function*

| Tubit (till I ubt o uttuling und 1:10010111 1 1 0 jettlong by (ott I unetlon | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| | 2015/1 | | 15/16 | MTEF I | Budget Projections | |
| | 2014/15 Outturn | Appr. Budget | Spent by End Sept | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
| Vote: 157 National Forestry Authority | | | | | | |
| 0952 Forestry Management | 11.416 | 23.099 | 1.667 | 26.279 | 28.639 | 30.975 |
| Total for Vote: | 11.416 | 23.099 | 1.667 | 26.279 | 28.639 | 30.975 |

(i) The Total Budget over the Medium Term

The total Budget allocation for the Vote over the medium term will be as follows:-For FY 2016/17 the total allocation will be UGX 26.279bn; 28.639bn for FY 2017/18 and 30.968bn for FY 2018/19.

(ii) The major expenditure allocations in the Vote for 2016/17

The major expenditure allocation for the vote during the FY 2016/17 will include management of Central Forests with a total budget of 15.252bn; supply of seeds and seedlings with a total cost of 2.281bn, Plantation Management at 1.563bn, Forestry licensing 0.335bn and establishment of new plantations 1.193bn.

(iii) The major planned changes in resource allocations within the Vote for 2016/17

Major planned changes in resource allocation include rising of more seedlings, to enhance revenue generation and establishment of new plantations.

Table V3.2: Key Changes in Vote Resource Allocation

| Changes in Budget Allocation 2016/17 | ons and Outputs from 2015 2017 | | Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Vote Function:0901 Forestry | Management | | | |
| Output: 0952 01 Mange | ment of Central Forest Reserv | es | | |
| UShs Bn: 5.002 | UShs Bn: 5.002 | 2 UShs Bn: 5.002 | The allocation will cater for | |
| The allocation will cater for | The allocation will cater for | The allocation will cater for | encroachment planting, boundary | |
| encroachment planting, | encroachment planting, | encroachment planting, | resurvey and marking and forest | |
| boundary resurvey and | boundary resurvey and | boundary resurvey and | protection. | |
| marking and forest | marking and forest | marking and forest | | |
| protection. | protection. | protection. | | |
| Output: 0952 02 Establi | shment of new tree plantation | s | | |
| UShs Bn: 0.235 | UShs Bn: 0.23. | 5 UShs Bn: 0.235 | Emphasis will be put on maintenance of | |
| Focus will be on | Focus will be on | Focus will be on | old and new plantations aining the | |
| maintaining the existing | maintaining the existing | maintaining the existing | existing crop by weeding, this will | |
| crop by weeding, this will | crop by weeding, this will crop by weeding, this will | | enhance quality tree volumes which ca | |
| enhance quality tree | enhance quality tree | enhance quality tree | favorably compete with the prevailing | |
| volumes which can | volumes which can | volumes which can | market | |
| favorably compete with the | favorably compete with the | favorably compete with the | | |
| prevailing market | prevailing market | prevailing market | | |
| conditions and improve | conditions and improve | conditions and improve | | |
| revenue maximization | revenue maximization | revenue maximization | | |
| Output: 0952 03 Planta | tion Management | | | |
| UShs Bn: -1.187 | UShs Bn: -1.183 | 7 UShs Bn: -1.187 | The allocation will cater for plantation | |
| The allocation will cater for | The allocation will cater for | The allocation will cater for | maintanance of 4,700 hectatres | |
| plantation maintanance of | plantation maintanance of | plantation maintanance of | (prunning and thinning) and | |
| 2,321 hectatres (prunning | 2,321 hectatres (prunning | 2,321 hectatres (prunning | maintaining of 450 Km of fire breaks in | |
| and thinning) and | and thinning) and | and thinning) and | the plantation areas. | |
| maintaining of 400 Km of | maintaining of 400 Km of | maintaining of 400 Km of | | |
| fire breaks in the plantation | fire breaks in the plantation | fire breaks in the plantation | | |
| areas. | areas. | areas. | | |
| Output: 0952 04 Forest | ry licensing | | | |

Vote Summary

| Changes in Budget Allocation 2016/17 | ons and Outputs from 2015/ 2017/ | | Justification for proposed Changes in Expenditure and Outputs |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | Improved revenue collections will lead |
| 400 M3 cubic meters of | | 400 M3 cubic meters of | to increased production of forestry |
| | pine sawn timber produced | pine sawn timber produced | services and products. |
| | in plantations, 1,000M3 | in plantations, 1,000M3 | |
| cubic meters of round wood | | cubic meters of round wood | |
| | produced Tropical High | produced Tropical High | |
| Forests,3 new potential sites | | | |
| for ecotourism development | ^ | • | |
| licensed in selected CFRS | licensed in selected CFRS | licensed in selected CFRS | |
| Output: 0952 05 Supply | of seeds and seedlings | | |
| <i>UShs Bn:</i> -0.652 | UShs Bn: -0.652 | 2 UShs Bn: -0.652 | The allocation under this output will |
| The allocation under this | The allocation under this | The allocation under this | improve revenue collection inform of |
| output will deliver tree and | output will deliver tree and | output will deliver tree and | NTR and increased forest cover through |
| fruit seedlings both from the | fruit seedlings both from the | fruit seedlings both from the | establishment of new plantatations. |
| National tree Seed centre | National tree Seed centre | National tree Seed centre | |
| and the regional nurseries. | and the regional nurseries. | and the regional nurseries. | |

V4: Vote Challenges for 2016/17 and the Medium Term

This section sets out the major challenges the vote faces in 2016/17 and the medium term which the vote has been unable to address in its spending plans.

The unfunded priorities include:

NFA has a total funding gap of UGX. 7,788,299,842 as per the break down below:

Boundary Opening, with a funding gap of 1,896,600,000

Restore Forests with a funding gap of 778,260,000

CFM Partnerships with a funding gap of 189,660,000

Forest protection (Including EPF) with a funding gap of 441,522,000

Contract Salaries with funding gap of 1.203,000,000

Carbon planting, weeding, replanting with funding gap of 1,737,757,842

Preparation, production and review of 30 Forestry management plans with funding gap of 541,500,000

Table V4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests

| Table V4.1: Additional Output Funding Requests | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Additional Requirements for Funding and Outputs in 2016/17: | Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding | | | | |
| Vote Function:0901 Forestry Management | | | | | |
| Output: 0952 01 Mangement of Central Forest Reserves | | | | | |
| UShs Bn: | The 10,000Km of forest reserve boundaries need to be resurve | | | | |
| Forest boundary opening, re-surveying and marking with | and clearly marked with concrete pillars to prevent further | | | | |
| permanent pillars targeting 1,500km of boundary cut-line per | encroachment. The 150 Environmental Protection Police need | | | | |

permanent pillars targeting 1,500km of boundary cut-line per year requiring an estimated budget provision of UGX 6
Billion, Forest restoration through tree planting targeting 2000 hectares per year of heavily encroached forest reserves requires UGX 1.2 Billion annually.

and clearly marked with encroachment. The 15 be equipped to beef possible 200,000 ha of encroachment and clearly marked with encroachment. The 15 be equipped to beef possible 200,000 ha of encroachment are quipped to beef possible 200,000 ha of encroachment are

veyed be equipped to beef patrol in the forest and on the road. The over 200,000 ha of encroached area in CFRs needs to be replanted at the rate of 18,000ha annually to meet the NDP objective of increased tree cover of 20% in next five years and 30% by 2035. Once the entire permanent forest estate under CFRs is effectively protected, forest vitality and productivity for sustainable supply of forest products and services will be achieved. The forests products include timber, poles, firewood, charcoal, medicines. The services include carbon sequestration, climate amelioration, biodiversity conservation, water flow regulation, forage for bees. Some of these products are inputs into other sectors like construction, energy, health, tourism, trade, transport. The environmental services support agriculture and human well being. Forestry is one of 7 primary growth sectors placed in the York that support other sectors according to the egg analogy used in analysis in

Vote Summary

| Additional Requirements for Funding and Outputs in 2016/17: | Justification of Requirement for Additional Outputs and Funding |
|---|--|
| | NDP |
| Output: 0952 05 Supply of seeds and seedlings | |
| UShs Bn: Increase Involvement of the population in tree planting to increase the supply of free tree seedlings from 3 million to approximately 15 million tree seedlings annually. This requires additional funding amounting to UGX 3 Billion. | The seeds will be used in NFA and private tree nurseries for raising tree seedlings for planting at gazzetted national tree planting days (08th March, 21st March, 01st May and 12th August. They will also be used for establishment of Industrial plantations (CFRs-10,000ha annually, Private land-10,000ha annually) for future supply of timber. 18,000ha will be planted in degraded natural forests in CFRs, and 25,000ha will planted in degraded forests on private land, community planting on bare hills, individual farmlands and other degraded and vulnerable sites country wide. Employment in primary, secondary and tertiary forestry industries will be created in tree nurseries, planting, maintenance, harvesting and value addition wood industries. Further employment will be created in construction and transportation of wood products. |

This section discusses how the vote's plans will address and respond to the cross-cutting policy, issues of gender and equity; HIV/AIDS; and the Environment, and other budgetary issues such as Arrears and NTR..

(i) Cross-cutting Policy Issues

(i) Gender and Equity

Objective: Improving opportunities for men, women and other disadvantaged groups to participate in the management of CFRs.

Issue of Concern: Equitable access by ensuring that forestry decision makers consciously promote equal opportunities to all citizens without discrimination

Proposed Intervensions

In the F/Y 2016/17, at central level, gender will be mainstreamed in the forestry sub-sector through the following Activities:-

Appointment of women in key position in management committee for forests especially in collaborative forest management groups.

Increasing the number of women attaining an education in forestry at University.

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.05

Performance Indicators % of women holding key positions in the forestry sub-sector

committees.

No. of studies undertaken to assess the impact of gender strategy

on forest conservation.

(ii) HIV/AIDS

Objective: To promote the development and implementation of policies relevant to the HIV/AIDS pandemic in the forestry sub-sector

Issue of Concern: To retain the capacity and increase the productivity of the forestry sub-sector by reducing its susceptibility and vulnerability to HIV/AIDS.

Proposed Intervensions

Vote Summary

In the FY 2016/17, NFA will carry out capacity building activities/workshops for mainstreaming HIV/AIDS in the Ranges/plantations; voluntary counselling and testing services for staff on quarterly basis will be undertaken; sensitization and mobilization of male staff to take on circumcision services and also ensuring that staff have access to condoms in the washrooms.

Formulating an HIV/AIDs strategy for the forestry sub-sector.

Capacity building of staff in HIV/AIDS mainstreaming;

Monitoring the implementation of HIV/AIDS activities and reporting on HIV/AIDS activities.

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.02

Performance Indicators No. of HIV/AIDS awareness campaigns conducted under the

forestry sub-sector.

No. of HIV/AIDS counselling sessions carried out in the forestry

sub-sector.

(iii) Environment

Objective: To mainstream poverty and environment concerns into all forestry plans and activities at all levels i.e. headquarter, Range, Sector and Beat

Issue of Concern: To continue pursuing all possible ways to reduce and resolve encroachment problems to open ways for rehabilitation of encroached areas and institute a proper forest management regime geared towards sustainable forest management.

Proposed Intervensions

EIA is a legal requirement for all major land developers in the country. NFA will ensure that all major developments within forest reserves are done in line with the existing laws. Management activities for the coming financial year will focus on mainstreaming poverty; environment concerns into all forestry plans and activities at all levels i.e. headquarters, Range, Sector and Beat. Monitoring and evaluation will be done to ensure compliance to standards, guidelines, conditions of license and best practices. NFA will continue pursuing all possible ways including dialogue through collaborative Forest

Management (CFM) to reduce and resolve encroachment problems to open a way for rehabilitation of encroached areas and institute a proper forest management regime geared towards sustainable forest management.

Climate Change and CO2 Sequestration

The planned activities of plantation establishment will contribute to a reduction in emission of greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, as the establishment and maintenance of forest cover has a direct positive impact on the carbon (CO2) balance within the country. The planned measures are of global importance when the current focus on global climate change is taken into consideration. The recovery of natural resources will be improved; a reduction in use of fossil energy will be achieved due to increased use of renewable energy sources. Improvements in biological diversity are highly likely. By engaging the NFA staff in green procurement activities, the overall environmental impact on sustainable development objectives will also improve.

Contribution to sustainable development goals is an important cross-cutting target that the Forestry Management impact upon. Forestry Management takes into consideration the environmental, economic and social impacts of forest sector activities and provides an opportunity for improved

Vote Summary

performance in achieving overall development objectives, such as those laid out in the Kyoto Protocol.

Water and soil Conservation

The improved management of the central forest reserves will strengthen the tools for ecosystem protection. The conservation and production of a sustainable water supply is often a direct result of responsible forest management. The clear felling of trees for short-term economic gains often has a high cost due to ecosystem degradation. This can however be offset by sustainable forest management.

The risk of floods and/or drought has been increasing during the past 2-3 decades and has put more focus on the link between forests and water conservation. This is an important cross-cutting target that will be directly affected by the forest sector programme, as CFR often have a water catchment's function.

Budget Allocations UGX billion 0.5

Performance Indicators No. of Environment awareness campaigns conducted under NFA

by encouraging tree planting

Hectares of forest land freed from encroachers.

No. of carbon credits produced.

No. CFM groups formed

(ii) Payment Arrears

The table below shows all the payment arrears outstanding for the Vote:

(ii) Non Tax Revenue Collections

The table below shows Non-Tax Revenues that will be collected under the Vote:

| Source of NTR | UShs Bn | 2014/15 Actual | 2015/16 Budget | 2015/16 Actual by Sept | 2016/17 Projected |
|---|---------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Sale of (Produced) Government Properties/Asse | ts | | 15.641 | | 18.821 |
| | Total: | | 15.641 | | 18.821 |